

A
PICTURE OF POPULATION
OF
ANDHRA PRADESH 1961

ACCORDING TO PROVISIONAL FIGURES OF

1961 CENSUS

A. CHANDRA SEKHAR I.A.S.
SUPERINTENDENT OF CENSUS OPERATIONS

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PART I

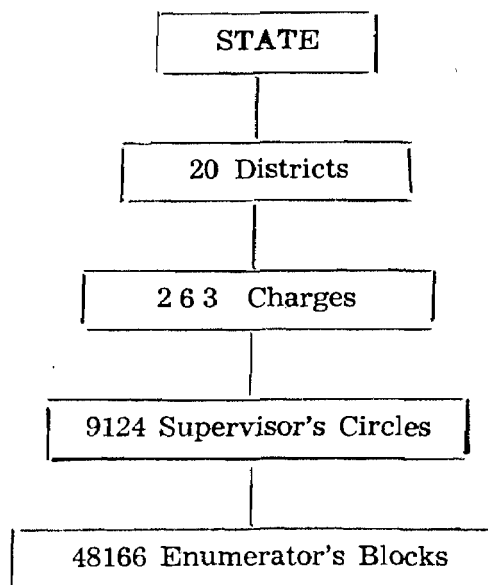
INTRODUCTION

The 1961 Census, which is the 10th of the Indian Census series, is of great significance to the country and indeed to each of the individual States. This is the first Census of the reorganised linguistic States. At the present juncture of planning, the Census count throws out a wealth of information which serves both to judge the progress so far made and to help us to plan soundly for the future.

2. The Census questionnaires for the 1961 Census, which are appended to this report as Appendix D were drafted by the Registrar-General, India, after consulting important users of Census data such as the Ministeries of the Government of India, the Planning Commission, State Governments, specialist bodies engaged in demographic and economic research, universities and chambers of commerce. Before finalising, the draft questionnaires were pre-

tested adequately in the field by the same machinery which was to take up the task of Census enumeration later.

3. I took up my assignment as the Superintendent of Census Operations of the State in March, 1959. The first task I had to tackle was to get up-to-date maps of districts and taluks prepared and the smallest administrative unit, viz., the village properly located and each town and village allotted distinct code numbers in order to ensure complete Census coverage. The next task was to see that every house and household was numbered and listed thus providing a framework to easily demarcate the jurisdictions of the Census enumerators, called the Census blocks. A pyramid of jurisdictions were built up as indicated below to organise the Census taking :



4. While the Superintendent of Census Operations generally guided the Census Operations in the State, the District Collectors

who were designated the District Census Officers were the heads of the District Census Organisation. They were assisted by their

Personal Assistants and the Revenue Divisional Officers. The district was subdivided into Census charges. Normally a taluk or a Municipal town formed a Census charge and the Tahsildar or the Municipal Commissioner was the Charge Superintendent. The Census Charges were divided into a number of enumerator's blocks in such a way that normally each enumerator had to cover a population of about 750 in rural areas and 600 in urban areas. The enumerators obviously form the backbone of the Census Organisation. At the 1961 Census the enumerators were recruited mainly from amongst the school teachers. Circle supervisors were appointed to assist the Charge Superintendent to supervise and guide the enumerators at the rate of one for every five enumerators on the average.

5. This huge Census Organisation of about 60,000 personnel had to be very intensively trained. Our ambitious Census questionnaire was a challenge to the capacity of the Census Organisation. The Census enumerator met this challenge fully and any one who had the opportunity of being associated with the Census Organisation would fully testify to the boundless enthusiasm and energy and the intelligent approach that the Census enumerator brought to bear in his work. Though it was laid down that each Census enumerator should attend half a dozen instruction classes, several enumerators in fact attended twice that number if not more which only showed their keenness for achieving perfection. The Census Organisation had before it the inspiring words of the late Shri Govind Vallabh Pant, the late Union Home Minister, who while addressing the first conference of Census Superintendents in October 1959 said :

" Everything will depend on the accuracy of your figures and also of your other conclusions that are based on those figures. So I hope you will fully appreciate the importance of the task in which you are engaged. In fact in these days you cannot take up any serious administrative, economic or social work without referring to the Census report which is an essential part of every inquiry, of every study. Even for the solution

of minor problems you have often to consult the Census reports. In future their importance will be still greater because I hope you will deal with the live man and tackle the various human problems in such a way that what you say in your reports may be of help and may prove of great assistance to those who may have to carry on these tasks of administration, planning, reconstruction of the economic order and social order.

....."
* * * * *

6. The Census enumeration was attended to largely on an honorary basis true to the great Indian Census tradition, except that the enumerators and supervisors were paid a small out-of-pocket honorarium of about Rs. 15/- per enumerator and Rs. 20/- per supervisor. Only in the Agency tracts of the State where due to the paucity of suitable personnel locally and the difficulty of communications, special paid enumerators on a monthly salary of a Lower Division Clerk had to be engaged for two months.

7. The enumeration in the State in conformity with the general All India programme was spread over 19 days from 10th Feb., to 28th February, 1961. The houseless persons were counted on the night of February 28th. Thereafter the enumerators made a revisional round for 3 days to take count of fresh births or deaths after their last visit in order to furnish the upto-date figures as at sunrise of 1st March 1961 which is the point of reference for the 1961 Census.

8. In the agency tracts due to the inaccessibility and difficulty of terrain the Census enumeration had to be advanced as follows :

Agency areas of Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam Dt.	} 1st Nov. to 31st Dec., 60.
Agency areas of Khammam, East Godavari & West Godavari Districts.	} 1st Jan. 61 to 31st Jan. 61.
Chenchu tribal area of Kur-nool District.	} 1st Feb. 61 to 28th Feb. 61.

9. The enumeration went through smoothly and with precision. It is

a matter of just pride that the Census Organisation of this State was the first to communicate its provisional totals to the Registrar-General. The provisional totals for this State were available by 7th March, 1961 within two days of the completion of revisional round which was indeed creditable and provides ample proof of the efficient way the District Census Organisation functioned and the great enthusiasm of the Census workers at all levels.

10. It is not the Census worker alone who makes the Census. Census is a great co-operative endeavour in which every citizen plays a part. In fact a population Census cannot be a success without the co-operation of the citizen. The undersigned is happy to record that the public showed immense interest which was itself a source of encouragement to the Census worker. In this regard the Census Organisation owes a great debt of gratitude to the All India Radio, the Public Press, and the Government Publicity Bureau who played a significant role in keeping up the public interest, educating the citizens and exhorting them to extend their co-operation.

11. The State Government gave their fullest support to the Census Operations and I am particularly grateful to the Chief Secretary, Shri M. P. Pai, I.C.S., who took personal interest in the Census work and issued directions to the District Collectors and Heads of Depts. to give a lead and do their very best to make Census a success which indeed they did. The General Administration Department of the State Government in which I had the privilege to serve as a Deputy Secretary a few years ago was particularly helpful to the Census organisation in several ways such as securing accommodation for locating the Census Offices, letting us have the required staff on deputation, lending furniture, typewriters, etc. I am grateful to the Deputy Secretaries, Sarvashri K. Subba Rao, I.A.S., B. R. K. Sastry, I.A.S., B. C. Khanna, I.A.S., and V. Sundaresan, I.A.S., who did so much to enable the undersigned to establish and run the Census Office in the State successfully.

12. Above all, I am deeply grateful to the Governor of Andhra Pradesh, Shri Bhimsen Sachar and the Chief Ministers of the State, Shri N. Sanjeeva Reddy and Shri D. Sanjeevaiah, who gave their personal blessings for the success of Census Operations in the State. Whenever I approached them they were so kind to spare some of their valuable time and issue inspiring messages which have indeed helped to inculcate a spirit of service in the Census personnel and win the fullest co-operation of the public.

13. Needless to say that the guidance given by the Registrar-General, Shri Ashok Mitra, I.C.S., and his personal visit to this State early in January 1961 when he went round the nooks and corners of the State, meeting the Census personnel at all levels and participating in the training classes greatly enthused us to put forth our best effort.

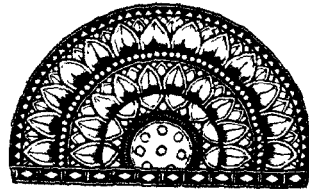
14. I wish to record my appreciation of the tireless efforts of the Officers and staff of the Census Office of the State who worked day and night to see that the Census Operations were kept to a strict time schedule and the provisional totals of population collected and transmitted to the Registrar-General, India, in the quickest time possible. All our efforts were rewarded when we realised the first place in the communication of the provisional totals of the State to the Registrar-General.

15. In the pages to follow these provisional figures are analysed. A provisional analysis was made earlier and communicated to the State Government, the District Collectors, Heads of Departments, etc., immediately after the provisional totals were ready. There have been incessant demands from different quarters for the provisional figures. Hence I have taken up the publication of this pamphlet. The analysis and the conclusions recorded herein are purely provisional. Only the crude totals have been collected by a system of relay from the lowest rung in the Census Organisation, namely, the enumerator and the provisional totals have been compiled. All the completed Census schedules have now

been collected at tabulation offices, where detailed counting and analysis of the information has been taken up. It may take well over a year before the final figures are out. In the meanwhile, I felt that it would be useful if the people had a preliminary analysis of the provisional figures for certain broad characteristics such as the rate of growth of population, sex-ratio, urban and rural break up

and literacy etc. Information pertaining to economic classification, Scheduled Castes and Tribes, age break up, migration etc., will not be available at this stage. All these will be tabulated only after the Census schedules are fully processed. The undersigned hopes that this publication will serve its present purpose till the final figures are published and regular Census reports are available.

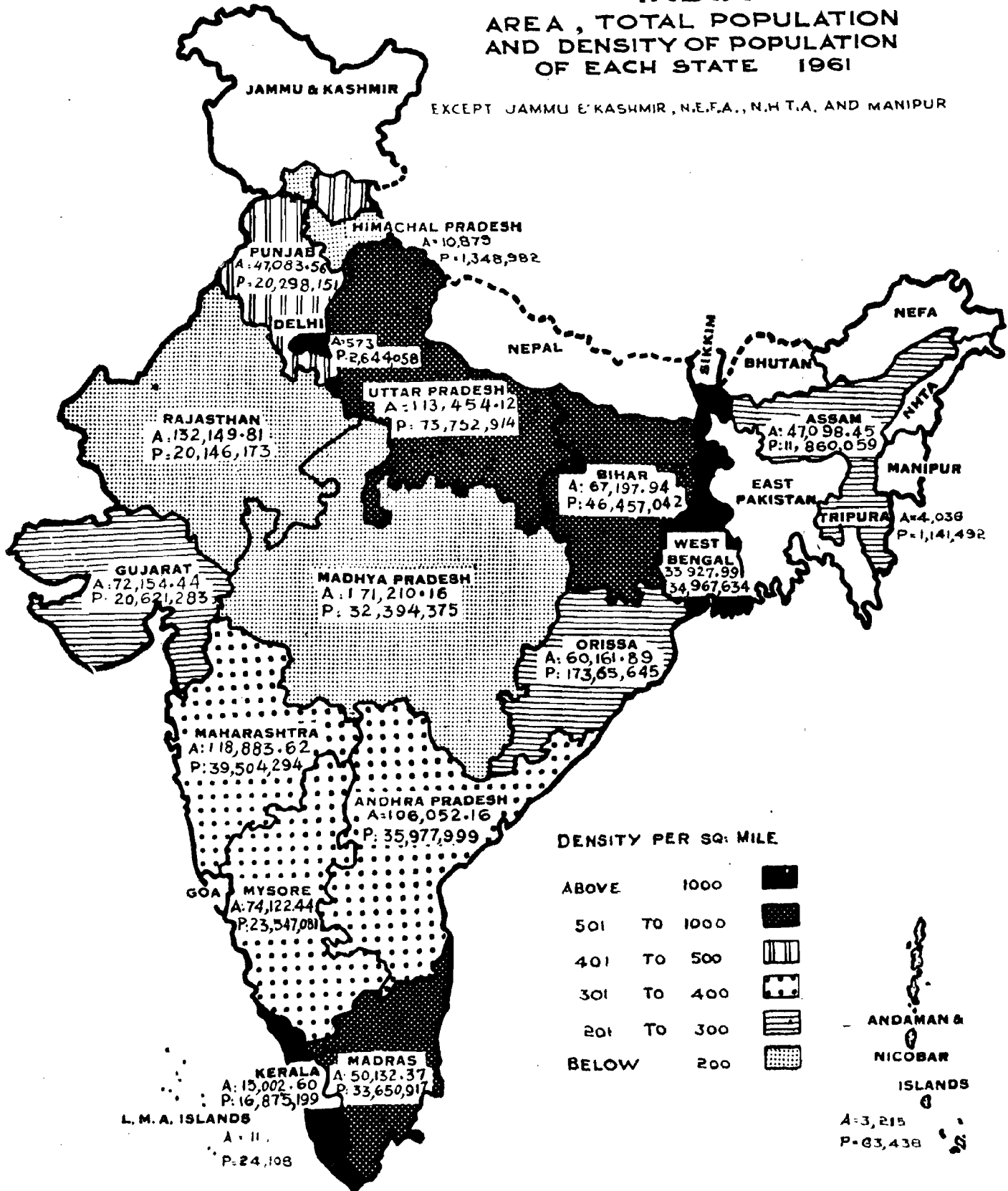
A. Chandrasekhar,
Supdt. of Census Operations.



INDIA

AREA, TOTAL POPULATION AND DENSITY OF POPULATION OF EACH STATE 1961

EXCEPT JAMMU & KASHMIR, N.E.F.A., N.H.T.A. AND MANIPUR



DENSITY PER SQ. MILE

ABOVE	1000	
501 TO	1000	
401 TO	500	
301 TO	400	
201 TO	300	
BELOW	200	

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS
A: 3,215
P: 83,438

Statement

Area, Population and Density of Population of the States.
(Provisional)

S. No.	Name of the State	Area in Sq. Miles.	Population	Density of population per square mile.	Ranking		
					Area.	Population.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
INDIA							
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1,127,345	436,424,429	384	5	4	9
2.	Assam	105,858	35,977,999	340	11	14	15
3.	Bihar	47,098	11,860,059	252	8	2	5
4.	Gujarat	67,198	46,457,042	691	7	9	13
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	72,154	20,621,283	286	—	15	—
6.	Kerala	N.A.	3,583,585	N.A.	14	13	3
7.	Madhya Pradesh	15,003	16,875,199	1,125	1	7	16
8.	Madras	171,210	32,394,375	189	10	6	6
9.	Maharashtra	50,132	33,650,917	671	3	3	10
10.	Mysore	118,884	39,504,294	332	6	8	11
11.	Orissa	74,122	23,547,081	318	9	12	12
12.	Punjab	60,162	17,565,645	292	12	10	8
13.	Rajasthan	47,084	20,298,151	431	2	11	17
14.	Uttar Pradesh	132,150	20,146,173	152	4	1	7
15.	West Bengal	113,454	73,752,914	650	13	5	4
		33,928	34,967,634	1,031			
UNION TERRITORIES							
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3,215	63,438	20	17	19	19
2.	Delhi	573	2,644,058	4,614	18	16	1
3.	Himachal Pradesh	10,879	1,348,982	124	15	17	18
4.	Laccadive, Minicoy & Amindivi Islands	11	24,108	2,192	19	20	2
5.	Tripura	4,036	1,141,492	283	16	18	14

PART II

TOTAL POPULATION, AREA & DENSITY

1. The provisional total population of Andhra Pradesh as at Sunrise of 1st March, 1961 was 35,977,999 or nearly 36 Millions. It ranks fourth among the States in India in population. It accounts for 8.24% of the total population of the country — India's provisional population (excluding Manipur, N.E.F.A., N.H.T.A. and Sikkim) being 436,424,429. In area, Andhra Pradesh is the fifth largest State in India with a total area of 105,858 sq. miles which forms 9.4% of the country's total area of 1,127,345 sq. miles. In density, Andhra Pradesh with 340 persons per square mile occupies only the 9th place (taking the Union territories also into consideration). The State's density of population is below the country's average of 384 persons per square mile. Please see the map at page 5.

2. The statement on the opposite page gives particulars of area, population, and density of the States and the ranking in respect each of these characteristics.

RATE OF INCREASE IN POPULATION:

3. Andhra Pradesh State has shown a total increase of 4,862,740 in the decade, i.e., an increase of 15.63% over the 1951 population of the State.

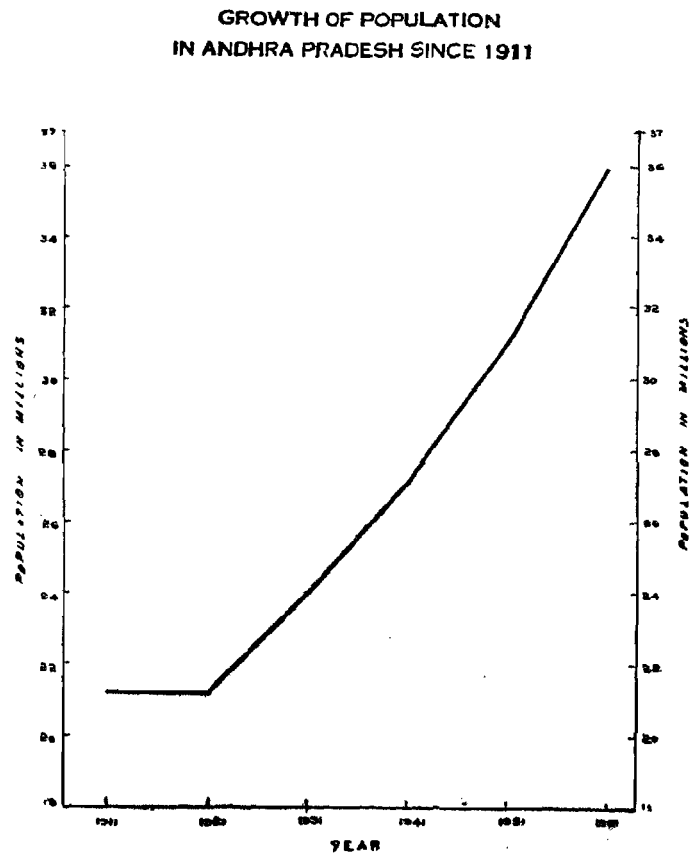
Population 1961 :	...	35,977,999
Population 1951 :	...	31,115,259
Total increase :	...	4,862,740
% of increase :	...	15.63

The percentage of increase is below the All India average of 21.49%. The statement below gives at a glance the per centage of increase of population recorded over 1951 figures in different States of the country:

S.No.	Name of the State.	Percentage of increase in population since 1951.
	INDIA	... 21.49
1.	Andhra Pradesh	... 15.63
2.	Assam	... 34.30
3.	Bihar	... 19.78
4.	Gujarat	... 26.80
5.	Jammu & Kashmir	... 9.73
6.	Kerala	... 24.55
7.	Madhya Pradesh	... 24.25
8.	Madras	... 11.73
9.	Maharashtra	... 23.44
10.	Mysore	... 21.36
11.	Orissa	... 19.94
12.	Punjab	... 25.80
13.	Rajasthan	... 26.14
14.	Uttar Pradesh	... 16.67
15.	West Bengal	... 32.94
	UNION TERRITORIES	
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	104.83
2.	Delhi	... 51.60
3.	Himachal Pradesh	... 21.59
4.	Laccadive, Minicoy & Amindivi Islands.	... 14.61
5.	Tripura	... 78.63

4. The graph below illustrates the trend of growth of population of the area comprising Andhra Pradesh State since 1911. In the last 50 years the population of the State has increased by 67.7%, whereas the total population of India registered an increase of 74.05% during the same period.

Graph showing the growth of population in Andhra Pradesh:—



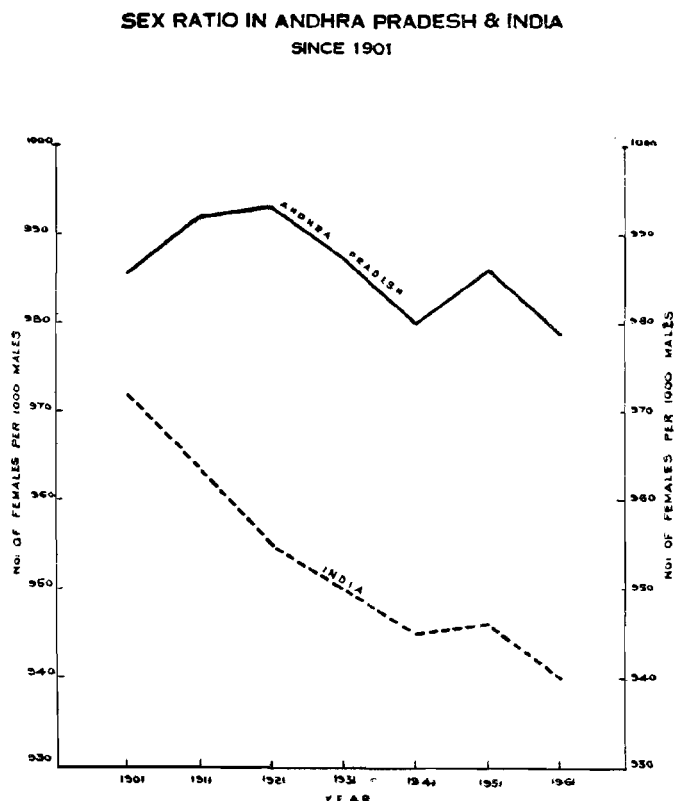
SEX RATIO :

5. The 1961 provisional population figures reveal the following sex break up of population of Andhra Pradesh.

Males :	...	18,175,349
Females :	...	17,802,650
		<hr/>
TOTAL :	...	35,977,999
		<hr/>

i.e., there are 980 females per 1,000 males. The All India average is 940 females per 1,000 males. In the States of Kerala, Orissa and Laccadive, Minicoy Islands the number of females exceeds males, the sex ratio being 1022, 1002, 1021 respectively per 1,000 males. In all other States the sex ratio is less than 1,000. There has been a general decline in the sex ratio throughout the country, the reasons for which are not easily apparent, as the prevailing settled conditions of society seem to favour an increase in the sex ratio.

6. The graph below illustrates the varying sex-ratio in Andhra Pradesh and India since 1901.



RURAL URBAN COMPOSITION OF POPULATION :

7. The Urban Rural break up of the population of the State is as follows :

Rural :	...	29,715,546
Urban :	...	6,262,453
TOTAL :	...	<u>35,977,999</u>

i.e., 82.59% of the State's population live in rural areas which conforms to India's average of 82.16%.

8. It may however be stated that the Urban figures now obtained for the 1961 Census cannot be compared as they are with the urban figures of previous Censuses, because at this Census, the urban units were determined on a stricter and more uniform application of the criteria prescribed for recognising a

place as a town. This was considered essential as there was no great uniformity before, and as in future urbanisation will form one of the very important fields of study. The criteria applied are : (1) A place statutorily notified as a Municipal town will be automatically recognised as an urban unit. For any other place to qualify for recognition as a town for the purpose of Census it must have (i) a minimum population of 5,000, (ii) a density of not less than 1,000 per square mile, and (ii) at least 1/3ths of the adult male population should be non-agriculturists. This resulted in a heavy pruning of the places which were recognised as towns at previous Censuses. Several places now failed to qualify to be recognised as urban units at the 1961 Census. The following statement gives an idea of the number of towns recognised as such at the 1961 Census in this State as compared to those at 1951 Census.

ANDHRA PRADESH

	Class I Population of 100,000 and over	Class II Population 50,000 to 99,999	Class III Population 20,000 to 49,999	
1961	11	8	49	
1951	6	10	34	
	Class IV Population 10,000 to 19,999	Class V Population 5,000 to 9,999	Class VI Upto 5,000.	Total
	73	69	—	210
	82	118	43	293

CITIES :

9. The 1961 Census has recorded 5 cities with a population exceeding one million in the country. Hyderabad, the capital of Andhra Pradesh with a population of 1,252,337 is one amongst them and is the fourth biggest city in India as the following statement would show :—

Greater Bombay	...	4,146,491
Calcutta	...	2,926,498
Madras	...	1,725,216
Hyderabad	...	1,252,337
Ahmedabad	...	1,149,852

(The Registrar General's report indicates that apparently Delhi has been broken up into separate zones and each by itself does not show a population of over 1 million. The total population of D.M.C. Urban is, however, shown as 2,051,622 and New Delhi : 2,60,272 and Delhi Cantonment : 32,157).

10. The Andhra Pradesh State has, excluding Hyderabad, 10 towns with a population of more than 100,000 which may also be termed as cities. The following are these cities :

Name of the city.	Population.	Percentage of increase 1951-61.
1. Vijayawada	233,634	44.88
2. Guntur	187,068	49.35
3. Visakhapatnam	181,683	68.16
4. Warangal	156,163	17.30
5. Rajahmundry	130,030	23.51

6. Kakinada	122,655	22.71
7. Eluru	108,367	28.84
8. Nellore	106,797	31.07
9. Bandar	101,396	30.07
10. Kurnool	100,849	67.46

The last five towns qualified to the Status of cities for the first time at the 1961 Census.

11. The majority of the urban population of the State 42.82% lives in Class I towns (population of 100,000 and above), 8.50% of the urban population lives in Class II towns, 23.07% in Class III towns and 25.61% in Classes IV to VI towns.

LITERACY :

12. The criteria laid down for a person to be considered literate is that one should be able to read any simple letter in print or manuscript and also be able to write a simple letter.

13. Andhra Pradesh has recorded a literacy rate of 208 per 1,000 at the 1961 Census as compared to 131 per 1,000 in 1951. The State occupies a considerably low rank (No. 14) amongst States in the literacy rate as the following statement would show. If at all it is a matter of any consolation, all that can be said is that it has not gone below the rank it held in 1951.

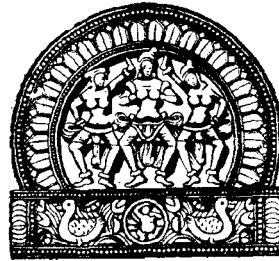
Rank 1961	State	Rate per 1000 1961.	Rate per 1000 1951.	Rank 1951.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Delhi	510	384	2
2.	Kerala	462	407	1
3.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands.	336	258	3
4.	Gujarat	303	231	5
5.	Madras	302	208	7
6.	Maharashtra	297	209	6
7.	West Bengal	291	240	4
8.	Assam	258	183	9
9.	Mysore	253	193	8
10.	Punjab	237	152	12

11. Laccadive, Minicoy & Admindivi Islands.	233	152	13
12. Tripura	222	155	11
13. Orissa	215	158	10
14. Andhra Pradesh	208	131	14
15. Bihar	182	122	15
16. Uttar Pradesh	175	108	16
17. Madhya Pradesh	169	98	17
18. Rajasthan	147	89	18
19. Himachal Pradesh	146	77	19
20. Jammu & Kashmir	107	—	—

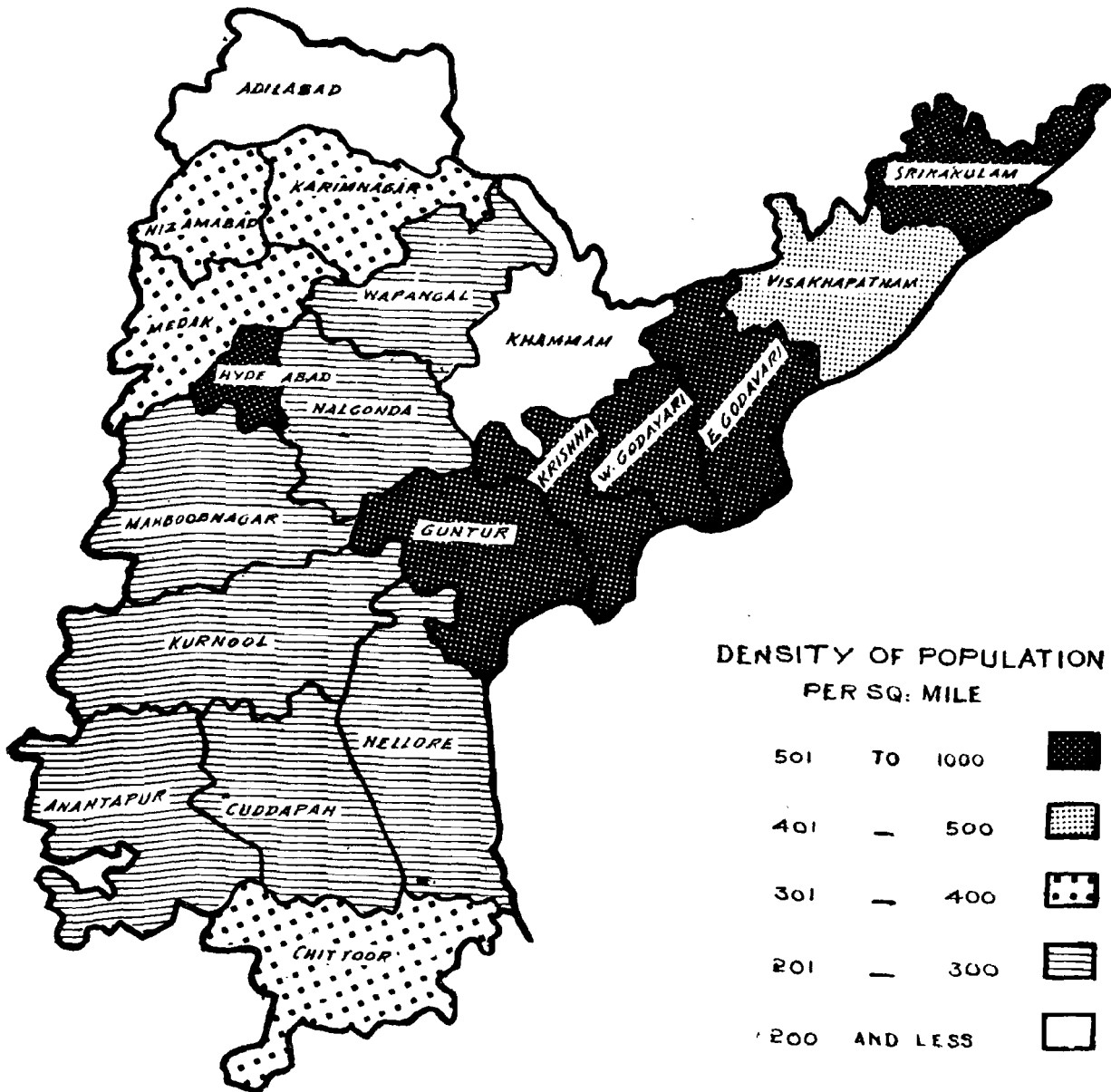
14. The following statement gives the sexwise literacy rate for the State :

	Population	Literates	No. of literates per 1,000
Males	18,175,349	5,393,357	297
Females	17,802,650	2,095,261	118
TOTAL	35,977,999	7,488,618	208

15. The progress of literacy during the decade which has shown an increase from 13.1% in 1951 to 20.8% in 1961 appears somewhat tardy.



ANDHRA PRADESH DENSITY OF POPULATION 1961



PART III

DISTRICTS

1. The map on the opposite page illustrates the districts of the State by density of population.

2. Charts I & II in Appendix A to this report would show the relative area and population figures of the different districts of the State.

3. Table I in Appendix B to this report gives fuller details of the population, sex break up, density and percentage of increase of population in the decade since 1951.

4. From the point of total population, Guntur district with a population figure of 3,009,997 leads whilst Adilabad district with a population of 1,009,301 comes last.

5. In area Kurnool district with an area of 9,275 sq. miles is the largest district and Hyderabad district with an area of 2904 sq. miles is the smallest district in the State.

DENSITY :

6. As regards density, Hyderabad district with 711 persons per square mile takes the first place. The high density of the district is obviously due to the concentration of population in the State Headquarters—Hyderabad city. West Godavari district comes second with a density of 662 per square mile. Adilabad district takes the last place again in density also. The existence of vast stretches of forests in the district obviously accounts for the low density. Table I in Appendix B may be referred to for fuller particulars of all districts.

SEX-RATIO :

7. In almost all the districts the number of males exceeds females. The sex ratio is lower than the State average of 980 in the following districts.

				Sex-Ratio.
Krishna	...	...	962	
Guntur	...	...	977	
Chittoor	...	...	957	

Cuddapah	...	...	957
Anantapur	...	...	946
Kurnool	...	...	979
Hyderabad	...	...	933
Warangal	...	...	954
Khammam	...	...	957
Nalgonda	...	...	948

8. Only in Hyderabad district the sex-ratio falls even below the All India average of 940. The low sex ratio in Hyderabad is obviously due to the fact that a considerable number of male population would have flocked to the State Capital for work, studies and business.

9. In the districts of Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, Mahbubnagar and Nizamabad the number of females exceed the number of males.

10. Chart III in Appendix A illustrates the sex ratio in the different districts of the State. Table I in Appendix B may also be referred to.

RATE OF GROWTH OF POPULATION :

11. Khammam district has recorded the highest percentage of increase since 1951, viz., 30.84%. The development of the industrial centres such as the Singareni Collieries of Kothagudem should have accounted for the large percentage of increase in this district. Further when the 1951 Census was taken, conditions were somewhat disturbed in this area and there might have been some exodus of population from this area to other areas. Their return as conditions improved should have also contributed to the largest rise recorded in the decade.

12. In the following districts the percentage of growth in the last decade was above the State average of 15.63%.

Khammam	...	...	30.84%
Nalgonda	...	...	22.35%
Nizamabad	...	...	22.30%
Adilabad	...	...	21.37%
Krishna	...	...	19.56%
Anantapur	...	...	18.92%

Kurnool	...	...	18.06%
Guntur	...	...	17.58%
West Godavari	...	...	16.53%
Warangal	...	...	16.24%

13. Mahbubnagar recorded the least growth of 9.92%. It has been explained that the low percentage of growth recorded in this area may be due to a fairly large scale exodus of the labourers from this area to neighbouring districts on account of adverse seasonal conditions this year.

14. The Table II in Appendix B shows the trend of growth of population of each district since 1901.

RURAL URBAN COMPOSITION :

15. Chart IV in Appendix A gives a comparative picture of the Rural Urban composition of the population of each district. It will be seen therefrom that Hyderabad district which contains the State capital is the most urbanised dist. with only 37.78% of its population being rural. Karimnagar district is the most rural of all the districts of the State, the percentage of population living in rural areas being 92.94. In the following districts the percentage of rural population is lower than the State average of 82.59%.

Name of the district.	Percentage of Rural Population.
Hyderabad District	... 37.78%
Krishna District	... 76.51%
Guntur District	... 79.06%
Kurnool District	... 80.82%
East Godavari District	... 81.47%
Vizakhapatnam District	... 82.43%

16. In all other districts the percentage of rural population is higher than the State

average i.e., more than 826 people per 1,000 population live in villages.

LITERACY :

17. Table III in Appendix B gives details of the literacy in each district and Chart V in Appendix A represents pictorially the relative literacy in each district. It will be seen therefrom that Hyderabad is the most literate district of the State where 34.10% of the population are literates followed by Krishna (30.96%), West Godavari (30.29%), Guntur (27.38%), East Godavari (25.80%) and then the rest. Adilabad district has the least percentage of literates (11.47%).

18. Taking the male population alone the literacy ranking conforms to the general pattern. The first five highest ranking districts are given below :—

1. Hyderabad	...	44.30%
2. Krishna	...	38.50%
3. West Godavari	...	37.54%
4. Guntur	...	37.00%
5. Cuddapah	...	33.42%

19. Taking the female population by the ranking for literacy is as follows :—

1. Hyderabad	...	23.17%
2. Krishna	...	23.13%
3. West Godavari	...	22.99%
4. East Godavari	...	18.49%
5. Guntur	...	17.52%

20. The district in which the female population is least literate is Adilabad District in which only 4.40% of the female population is literate.

21. Table IV in Appendix B gives the number of literates sex-wise for the rural and urban population of each district.

PART IV

TALUKS

1. Table V in Appendix B to this report gives details of population of each taluk districtwise and its sex-ratio and the number of literates.

POPULATION :

2. Table V in Appendix B may please be referred to. The following are the first 5 largest populated taluks of the State (excluding the Hyderabad city taluks).

Name of the taluk. ...	Population
1. Guntur	578,913
2. Warangal	539,566
3. Bapatla	487,213
4. Vijayawada	458,606
5. Kakinada	402,745

Nugur is the least populated taluk (Population : 40,979).

GROWTH OF POPULATION :

3. The following are the first 10 taluks with highest growth of population in the last decade 1951-61 :

1. Burgumpad
2. Miryalaguda
3. Utnoor
4. Yellandu
5. Mulug
7. Narsampet
7. Anantapur
8. Kothagudem
9. Nizamabad
10. Kurnool

4. The rate of growth was the least in the taluk of Kodangal, where there was actually a fall in population from 151,494 in 1951 to 144,135 in 1961.

RURAL, URBAN POPULATION :

5. The following five taluks are the most urbanised taluks :

Name of the Taluk	Percentage of Urban Population
1. Hyderabad West ...	94.06
2. Visakhapatnam ...	59.38
3. Vijayawada ...	50.94
4. Gooty ...	47.51
5. Bandar ...	43.55

6. In the following taluks, there is no place recognised as an urban unit at the present Census and hence the population considered totally rural.

Srikakulam District :

1. Pathapatnam

Visakhapatnam District :

2. Chintapalle
3. Paderu

East Godavari District :

4. Kothapeta
5. Rampachodavaram
6. Yellavaram
7. Prattipadu

West Godavari District :

8. Chintalapudi
9. Polavaram

Nellore District :

10. Rapur
11. Atmakur
12. Udayagiri
13. Podili
14. Darsi

Chittoor District :

15. Bangarupalem
16. Satyavedu

Cuddapah District :

17. Siddhout

Kurnool District :

18. Allagadda
19. Alur

Mahabubnagar District :

20. Achampet
21. Atmakur
22. Ibrahimpatnam

Hyderabad District :

23. Chevella
24. Pargi

Medak District :

25. Narsapur
26. Gajwel

Nizamabad District :

27. Yellareddy
28. Madnoor

Adilabad District :

29. Utnoor
30. Boath

Karimnagar District :

31. Huzurabad

Warangal District :

32. Mulug
33. Burgampad

Khammam District :

34. Nugur

Nalgonda District :

35. Ramannapet

SEX-RATIO :

7. In the following taluks the sex disparity is largest :—

Sex-Ratio of below 950 females per 1,000 males.

1. Visakhapatnam
2. Chintapalli
3. Vijayawada
4. Nandigama
5. Tiruvur
6. Nuzvid

7. Madanapalli
8. Vayalpad
9. Chandragiri
10. Cuddapah
11. Rayachoti
12. Pulivendla
13. Anantapur
14. Kalyandrug
15. Kadiri
16. Penukonda
17. Hindupur
18. Ibrahimpatnam
19. Hyderabad West
20. Sirpur
21. Luxettipet
22. Khanapur
23. Kothagudem
24. Madhira
25. Nalgonda
26. Suryapet
27. Miryalaguda
28. Devarakonda

Sex-Ratio of above 1050 females per 1,000 males

1. Tekkali
2. Sompeta
3. Ichapuram
4. Udayagiri
5. Kanigiri
6. Armoor
7. Metpalli

LITERACY :

8. The following 5 taluks have the highest literacy in the State :

1. Hyderabad West.
2. Vijayawada.
3. Gudivada.
4. Visakhapatnam.
5. Tanuku.

PART V

TOWNS

General: 1. In Part II of this report while referring to the Urban population of the State the principles on which urban areas were determined had been explained in some detail. Considerable difficulty was experienced in determining the status of several places as it was not always possible to clearly estimate the population of non-agricultural workers in some places. Again the municipal enactments in the Andhra districts and Telengana districts were different. The City Municipalities in Telengana area correspond to the District Municipalities in Andhra districts and they were automatically recognised as urban for the purpose of the present Census. While several places in Telengana districts with a mere population exceeding 5,000 had been constituted into Town Municipalities, there were no units so designated in the Andhra districts where there were only the District Municipalities and then the Panchayats (Major and Minor). Several of the town municipalities are no more than big villages and much smaller than some of the Panchayats in the Andhra districts. There is a State legislation on the anvil to designate the town municipalities of Telengana districts as Major Panchayats. Therefore in the interest of uniformity, in respect of the Town Municipalities and Major Panchayats of the State the criteria of minimum population of 5,000, density of 1,000 per square mile and the proportion of non-agricultural population to exceed $\frac{1}{3}$ ths have been applied and other distinct urban characteristics have been taken into consideration in determining the status of such places. In Appendix C a list of places recognised as towns for the 1961 Census have been given.

2. Table—I in Appendix C gives details of population, sex-ratio and literacy particulars of all the larger towns namely the municipalities in Andhra districts and the City Municipalities in Telengana districts.

Table—II in Appendix C gives district-wise the population of each town (big and small) according to sex and the number of literates.

HYDERABAD CITY :

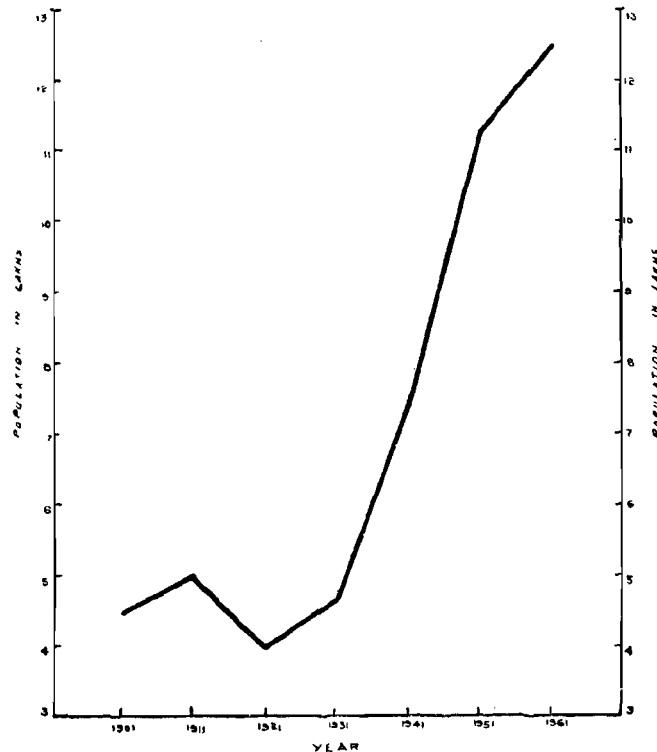
3. Hyderabad city is the only city in the State with a population exceeding one million. It is the fourth largest city in the country from the point of population. Hyderabad City has recorded a total population of 1,252,337 (Males 649,616; Females 602,721) as against 1,125,578 recorded in 1951 thus registering an over all increase of 126,759, i.e., 11.26%.

(Hyderabad City is comprised of: Hyderabad Municipal Corporation including Secunderabad, Secunderabad Cantonment, outlying urban units such as the University area, Malkajigiri, Alwal, Zamistanpur, Attapur, Fatehnagar, Bowenpalli, Lalaguda, Kandikal and Machabolaram).

4. The total increase of population of Hyderabad is perhaps not spectacular. In 1951 due to disturbed conditions in some rural areas there was considerable concentration of population in the city and most of it must have moved back to the rural areas as conditions returned to normal. With the re-organisation of States there was some exodus from the city. Though with the formation of Andhra Pradesh several families did move into the capital, apparently it made up for the gaps. There was no undisturbed general influx into the city over the decade as is found in more settled towns. There has not been much of development of industry or trade in the city as to attract any considerable population from outside.

5. The following graph indicates the decennial growth of population of the city since 1901.

DECENNIAL GROWTH OF POPULATION OF
HYDERABAD CITY SINCE 1901



CITIES WITH POPULATION OF OVER 100,000 :

6. Excluding Hyderabad city the present Census has recorded 10 towns in this State as having a population exceeding 100,000. These are :—

Name of the city.	Population.	Percentage of increase over 1951 figure.
1. Vijayawada	233,634	44.88
2. Guntur	187,068	49.35
3. Visakhapatnam	181,683	68.16
4. Warangal	156,163	17.30
5. Rajahmundry	130,030	23.51
6. Kakinada	122,655	22.71
7. Eluru	108,367	28.84
8. Nellore	106,797	31.07
9. Masulipatnam	101,396	30.07
10 Kurnool	100,849	67.46

7. The last five towns crossed the 100,000 for the first time at the present Census.

GROWTH OF POPULATION :

Towns with more than 50% growth in population in 1951-61 :

8. The following towns recorded a growth of over 50% in the decade, 1951-61, i.e., they have grown more than 1½ times their size in population in the last 10 years.

Name of the town.	Population in 1951.	Population in 1961.	Percentage of growth 1951-61.
1. Khagaznagar	14,265	30,640	114.79
2. Bellampalle	15,874	29,095	83.29
3. Visakhapatnam	108,042	181,683	68.16
4. Kurnool	60,222	100,849	67.46

5. Anantapur	52,278	31,952	64.85
6. Repalle	21,932	14,000	56.66
7. Guntakal	48,087	31,341	53.43
8. Mancherial	13,818	8,997	53.58

9. It is obvious that the industrial growth of Khagaznagar, Bcllampalle, Visakhapatnam and Mancherial contributed to the high rate of growth of population. Guntakal has grown into an important railway centre besides its development industrially. Kurnool and Anantapur towns have grown as centres of education and headquarters of regional offices of the State Government departments. Repalle has apparently shown an increase as it is located in fertile delta area and probably the boundaries of the town might have also been extended.

Towns with a decrease in population in 1951-61: The following are the languishing towns of Andhra Pradesh.

Name of the town	Population in 1961.	Population in 1951.	Variation.	Percentage of variation.
1. Bheemunipatnam (Vizag Dist.)	9,871	10,477	(-) 601	(-) 5.78
2. Narayanpet (Mahabubnagar Dist.)	20,505	20,707	(-) 202	(-) 0.98
3. Jagtial (Karimnagar Dist.)	20,942	21,046	(-) 104	(-) 0.49
4. Bhongir (Nalgonda Dist.)	17,558	17,877	(-) 319	(-) 1.78

10. In the Telengana districts it will be observed that except the industrial centres and the Administrative Headquarters such as the District Headquarters or towns which due to the location of offices and courts and the provision of increased educational facilities attracted some population from the rural areas, the normal growth recorded in other towns is nominal. Enquiries reveal that in 1951 there was greater influx of population into towns for security due to disturbed Law and Order conditions in the rural areas. As conditions returned to normal the migrants into towns moved back to villages. Hence the poor growth now recorded in a few towns in Telengana and even a decrease in some

towns as shown above. Bheemunipatnam in Visakhapatnam dt. is almost a decaying town and losing its importance with the fast development of Visakhapatnam town and the jute centre of Chittivalasa in the neighbourhood.

SEX RATIO :

11. The average sex ratio of the urban population of the State is 950 females per 1,000 males. This shows quite a stable state of society in urban areas of the State. It is observed that in the Southern States generally the sex ratio of urban population did not go down below 900 (Andhra Pradesh 950, Madras 962, Mysore 912) as a contrast to the Northern States where the sex ratio is very low (e.g. Assam 680, West Bengal 700, Maharashtra 800, Uttar Pradesh 814, Punjab 813, etc., etc.). To quote the Registrar General, India, "there is a marked difference in sex ratio between the three States of Andhra Pradesh, Madras and Mysore in the South on the one hand in none of which does the sex ratio go down below 900 and the States North of these three on the other. This doubtless indicates differences in the growth and sociological structure of urban areas of the south and the north and suggests greater stability or inertia, whichever way one chooses to call it, in many behavioural patterns of urban areas in the South."

12. In the following towns the number of females actually exceed the number of males.

Name of town.	No. of females per 1,000 males.
1. Salur (Srikakulam district)	1,037
2. Peddapuram (East Godavari Dist.)	1,037
3. Bheemunipatnam (Vizag Dist.)	1,032
4. Narayanpet (Mahabubnagar Dist.)	1,031
5. Palacole (West Godavari Dist.)	1,030
6. Mandapeta (East Godavari Dist.)	1,029
7. Narasapur (West Godavari Dist.)	1,028
8. Repalle (Guntur District)	1,018
9. Tuni (East Godavari District)	1,013
10. Draksharam (East Godavari Dist.)	1,011
11. Eluru (West Godavari District)	1,004

Almost all the above towns are situated in the midst of settled agricultural area, none of them being of any industrial importance.

13. In the following towns the number of females per thousand males falls below 900 :

Name of town.	No. of females per 1,000 males.
1. Vijayapuri (Nalgonda District)	773
2. Khagaznagar (Adilabad District)	828
3. Suryapet (Nalgonda District)	834
4. Anantapur (Anantapur District)	880
5. Bellampalle (Adilabad District)	892
6. Nalgonda (Nalgonda District)	893
7. Mancherial (Adilabad District)	898

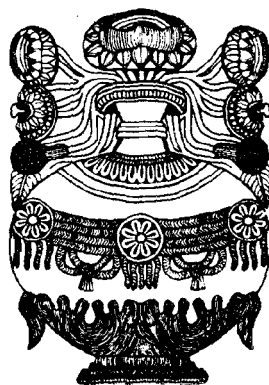
Most of the above towns are important industrial centres and centres of education

or of administrative importance. It is no wonder that the sex disparity is largest in these towns with a prepondering proportion of men.

LITERACY :

14. Table I to Appendix C may be referred to for the details of literate persons for each principal town. In the following towns more than 50% of the population is literate.

Name of town.	Percentage of literates.
1. Tirupathi (Chittoor District)	55.32
2. Anantapur (Anantapur District)	53.22
3. Narasapur (West Godavari Dist.)	51.53
4. Nellore (Nellore District)	50.71
5. Vijayawada (Krishna District)	50.53

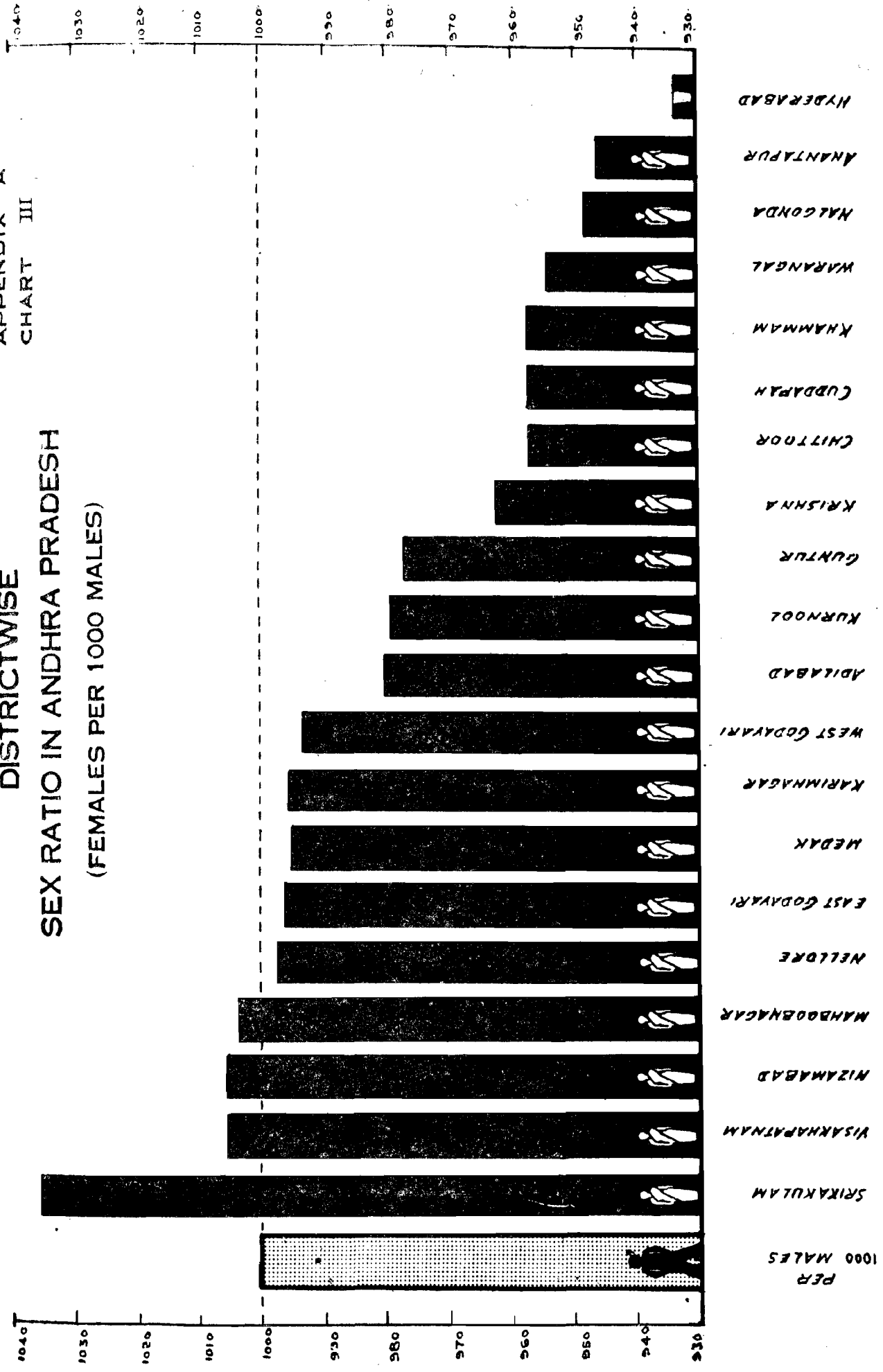


APPENDIX A

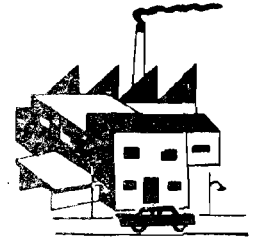
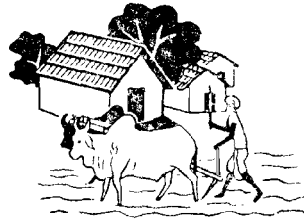
CHARTS

APPENDIX A
CHART III

DISTRICTWISE
SEX RATIO IN ANDHRA PRADESH
(FEMALES PER 1000 MALES)



DISTRICTWISE RURAL AND URBAN



RURAL

URBAN

1 SRIKAKULAM



2 VISAKHAPATNAM



3 EAST GODAVARI



4 WEST GODAVARI



5 KRISHNA



6 GUNTUR



7 NELLORE



8 CHITTOOR



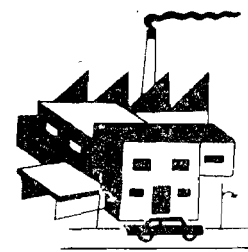
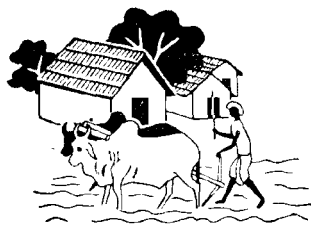
9 CUDDAPAH



10 ANANTAPUR



COMPOSITION OF POPULATION



RURAL

URBAN

11 KURNOOL



12 MAHBOOBNAGAR



13 HYDERABAD



14 MEDAK



15 NIZAMABAD



16 ADILABAD .



17 KARIMNAGAR



18 WARANGAL



19 KHAMMAM



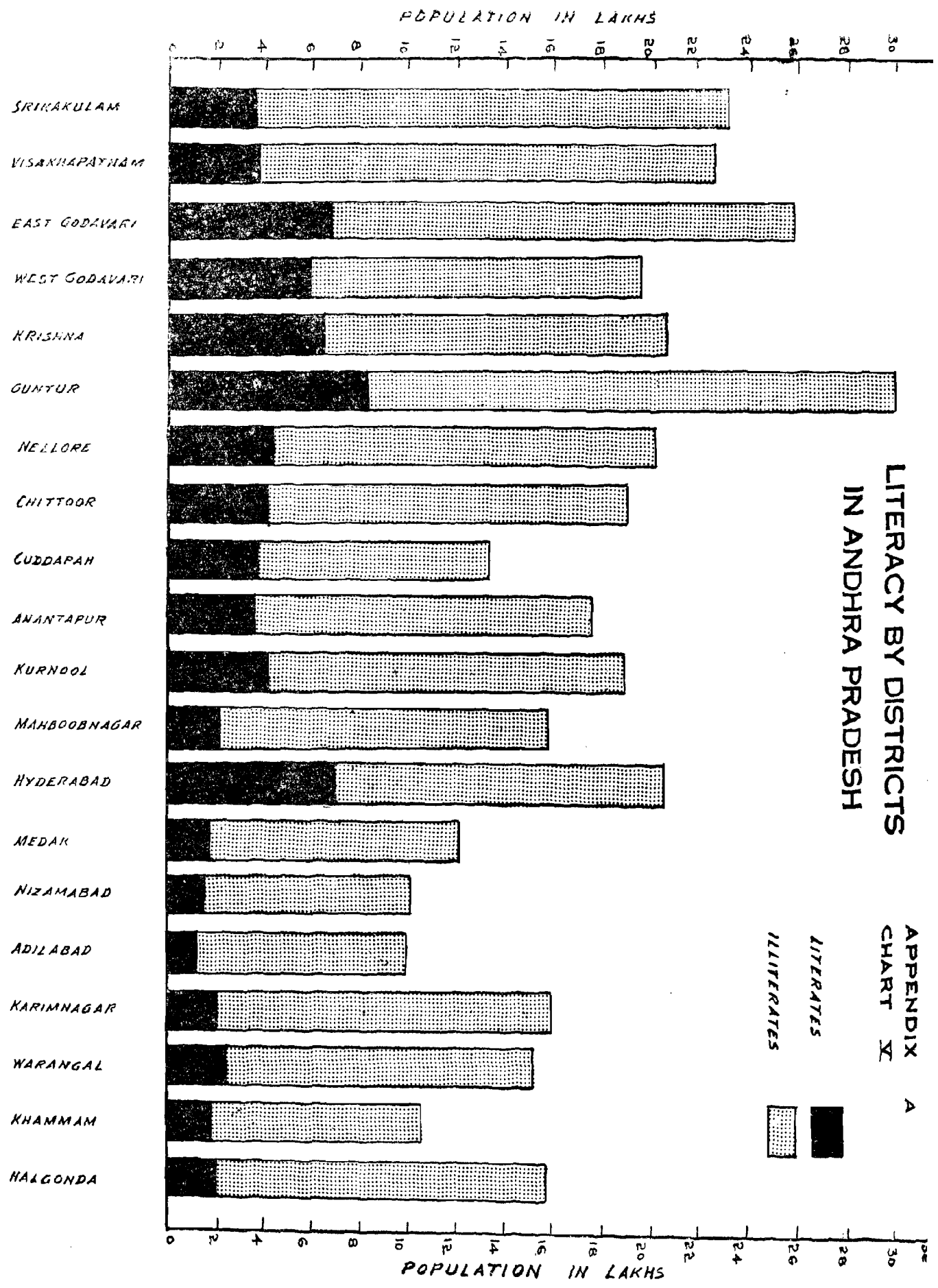
20 NALGONDA



NOTE:-
EACH FIGURE
REPRESENTS
2 LAKHS
POPULATION

LITERACY BY DISTRICTS IN ANDHRA PRADESH

APPENDIX A
CHART X



APPENDIX B

T A B L E S

PERTAINING TO DISTRICTS AND TALUKS.

APPENDIX B
TABLE — I

Statement showing the figures of population of each district as revealed at the 1961 Census.
(Provisional)

District Census Code No.	Name of the District	Population		Sex ratio of females per 1,000 males	Density of population	Percentage of increase over 1951.
		Males	Females				Total
1.	Srikakulam	1,150,872	1,191,419	2,342,291	600	10.32
2.	Visakhapatnam	1,141,752	1,147,224	2,288,976	440	10.43
3.	East Godavari	1,307,003	1,302,308	2,609,311	612	13.36
4.	West Godavari	992,889	985,545	1,978,434	662	16.53
5.	Krishna	1,058,113	1,017,990	2,076,103	613	19.56
6.	Guntur	1,522,881	1,487,116	3,009,997	519	17.58
7.	Nellore	1,018,504	1,015,459	2,033,963	256	13.34
8.	Chittoor	977,809	935,360	1,913,169	333	14.82
9.	Cuddapah	685,986	656,154	1,342,140	227	15.41
10.	Anantapur	906,655	857,568	1,764,223	239	18.92
11.	Kurnool	965,131	944,513	1,909,644	206	18.06
12.	Mahbubnagar	794,054	796,635	1,590,689	233	9.92
13.	Hyderabad	1,067,662	995,939	2,063,601	711	13.28
14.	Medak	614,779	611,686	1,226,465	322	10.52
15.	Nizamabad	509,485	512,018	1,021,503	319	22.30
16.	Adilabad	509,697	499,604	1,009,301	162	21.37
17.	Karimnagar	812,377	808,040	1,620,417	360	13.46
18.	Warangal	791,156	754,594	1,545,750	290	16.24
19.	Khammam	540,312	516,913	1,057,225	184	30.84
20.	Nalgonda	808,232	766,565	1,574,797	287	22.35

APPENDIX B

TABLE — II

Statement showing the growth of population of each District since 1901.

S. No.	Name of the District. (1)	1901 (2)	1911 (3)	1921 (4)	1931 (5)	1941 (6)	1951 (7)	1961 (Provisional) (8)
1.	Srikakulam	1,598,749	1,661,360	1,695,701	1,845,851	2,013,698	2,123,136	2,342,291
2.	Visakhapatnam	1,384,464	1,473,460	1,472,515	1,638,852	1,832,246	2,072,698	2,288,976
3.	East Godavari	1,339,029	1,511,222	1,536,868	1,756,747	1,976,743	2,301,822	2,609,311
4.	West Godavari	919,234	1,046,050	1,118,436	1,298,758	1,465,111	1,697,727	1,978,434
5.	Krishna	861,068	993,086	1,059,731	1,229,176	1,413,516	1,736,429	2,076,103
6.	Guntur	1,497,186	1,705,065	1,817,338	2,044,010	2,286,049	2,560,064	3,009,997
7.	Nellore	1,280,841	1,334,203	1,392,151	1,492,523	1,624,857	1,794,552	2,033,963
8.	Chittoor	1,124,261	1,177,489	1,209,752	1,331,517	1,497,778	1,666,266	1,913,169
9.	Cuddapah	881,039	894,807	888,791	950,542	1,057,576	1,162,888	1,342,140
10.	Anantapur	1,025,322	1,053,449	1,040,166	1,138,081	1,273,079	1,483,591	1,764,223
11.	Kurnool	1,160,681	1,259,961	1,214,022	1,361,634	1,502,418	1,617,464	1,909,644
12.	Mahbubnagar	856,680	1,010,657	987,889	1,174,054	1,308,883	1,447,132	1,590,689
13.	Hyderabad	839,017	1,055,402	936,416	989,143	1,363,175	1,821,711	2,063,601
14.	Medak	556,153	806,881	782,324	913,735	1,002,176	1,109,761	1,226,465
15.	Nizamabad	694,180	562,089	543,251	655,737	731,801	835,243	1,021,503
16.	Adilabad	455,099	579,092	604,964	697,580	756,338	831,600	1,009,301
17.	Karimnagar	761,431	1,030,422	999,212	1,132,602	1,237,084	1,428,168	1,620,417
18.	Warangal	653,721	822,290	813,104	971,672	1,125,659	1,329,836	1,545,750
19.	Khammam	380,139	469,318	472,688	574,818	675,973	808,002	1,057,225
20.	Nalgonda	776,087	930,434	851,651	1,014,781	1,145,180	1,287,169	1,574,797

APPENDIX B

TABLE — III

Statement showing extent of literacy districtwise and also providing a comparison with that of 1951.

Census Code No.	Name of the District.	Literate Population, 1961 (Provisional)			Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census.			Percentage of literates as per 1951 Census		
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1.	Srikakulam	279,149	79,040	358,189	24.26	6.63	15.29	12.0	3.3	7.6
2.	Visakhapatnam	282,304	103,398	385,702	24.73	9.01	16.85	12.4	3.1	7.7
3.	East Godavari	432,346	240,824	673,170	33.08	18.49	25.80	22.2	10.5	16.3
4.	West Godavari	372,752	226,574	599,326	37.54	22.99	30.29	24.8	13.3	19.1
5.	Krishna	407,377	235,473	642,850	38.50	23.13	30.96	24.9	13.7	19.4
6.	Guntur	563,530	260,472	824,002	37.00	17.52	27.38	21.8	9.6	15.7
7.	Nellore	299,878	119,675	419,553	29.44	11.79	20.63	19.0	7.2	13.1
8.	Chittoor	304,117	89,522	393,639	31.10	9.57	20.58	15.3	4.5	10.0
9.	Cuddapah	229,223	60,615	289,838	33.42	9.24	21.60	24.9	5.7	15.5
10.	Anantapur	281,408	72,906	354,314	31.04	8.50	20.08	18.1	5.0	11.9
11.	Kurnool	314,650	88,617	403,267	32.60	9.38	21.12	19.6	4.3	12.0
12.	Mahbubnagar	169,848	42,040	211,888	21.39	5.28	13.32	11.9	1.7	6.8
13.	Hyderabad	473,003	230,763	703,766	44.30	23.17	34.10	31.5	12.5	22.1
14.	Medak	140,806	27,696	168,502	22.90	4.53	13.74	11.8	1.2	6.5
15.	Nizamabad	115,624	28,758	144,382	22.69	5.62	14.13	12.1	1.9	7.0
16.	Adilabad	93,807	21,985	115,792	18.40	4.40	11.47	10.2	1.7	5.9
17.	Karimnagar	168,050	35,781	203,831	20.69	4.43	12.58	10.9	1.5	6.3
18.	Warangal	185,345	49,162	234,507	23.43	6.52	15.17	13.2	2.3	7.9
19.	Khammam	117,583	41,545	159,128	21.76	8.04	15.05	11.2	2.9	7.1
20.	Nalgonda	162,557	40,415	202,972	20.11	5.27	12.89	10.5	1.6	6.2

APPENDIX B

TABLE—IV

Statement showing Districtwise Rural and Urban Population
Andhra Pradesh (Provisional)

Name of the District. (1)	Population.			Literates		
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Total (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Total (7)
Srikakulam	Total : 1,150,872	1,191,419	2,342,291	279,149	79,040	358,189
	Rural : 1,048,382	1,087,491	2,135,873	231,644	57,100	288,744
	Urban: 102,490	103,928	206,418	47,505	21,940	69,445
Visakhapatnam	Total : 1,141,752	1,147,224	2,288,976	282,304	103,398	385,702
	Rural : 931,051	945,108	1,876,159	168,915	43,807	212,722
	Urban: 210,701	202,116	412,817	113,389	59,591	172,980
East Godavari	Total : 1,307,003	1,302,308	2,609,311	432,346	240,824	673,170
	Rural : 1,064,443	1,061,413	2,125,856	311,663	165,679	477,342
	Urban: 242,560	240,895	483,455	120,683	75,145	195,828
West Godavari	Total : 992,889	985,545	1,978,434	372,752	226,574	599,326
	Rural : 835,585	829,156	1,664,741	285,230	168,971	454,201
	Urban: 157,304	156,389	313,693	87,522	57,603	145,125
Krishna	Total : 1,058,113	1,017,990	2,076,103	407,377	235,473	642,850
	Rural : 807,712	780,742	1,588,454	266,590	147,242	413,832
	Urban: 250,401	237,248	487,649	140,787	88,231	229,018
Guntur	Total : 1,522,881	1,487,116	3,009,997	563,530	260,472	824,002
	Rural : 1,204,135	1,175,619	2,379,754	394,807	167,607	562,414
	Urban: 318,746	311,497	630,243	168,723	92,865	261,588

TABLE — IV — (Contd.)

Name of the District. (1)	Population.			Literates		
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Total (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Total (7)
Nellore	Total : 1,018,504	1,015,459	2,033,963	299,878	119,675	419,553
	Rural : 904,035	906,136	1,810,171	234,635	82,119	316,754
	Urban: 114,469	109,323	223,792	65,243	37,556	102,799
Chittoor	Total : 977,809	935,360	1,913,169	304,117	89,522	393,639
	Rural : 864,295	828,875	1,693,170	238,712	56,869	295,581
	Urban: 113,514	106,485	219,999	65,405	32,653	98,058
Cuddapah	Total : 685,986	656,154	1,342,140	229,223	60,615	289,838
	Rural : 595,666	570,319	1,165,985	181,578	39,184	220,762
	Urban: 90,320	85,835	176,155	47,645	21,431	69,076
Anantapur	Total : 906,655	857,568	1,764,223	281,408	72,906	354,314
	Rural : 750,530	711,987	1,462,517	197,588	36,305	233,893
	Urban: 156,125	145,581	301,706	83,820	36,601	120,421
Kurnool	Total : 965,131	944,513	1,909,644	314,650	88,617	403,267
	Rural : 778,304	765,145	1,543,449	225,302	50,050	275,352
	Urban: 186,827	179,368	366,195	89,348	38,567	127,915
Mahbubnagar	Total : 794,054	796,635	1,590,689	169,848	42,040	211,888
	Rural : 712,330	718,676	1,431,006	131,537	27,603	159,140
	Urban: 81,724	77,959	159,683	38,311	14,437	52,748
Hyderabad	Total : 1,067,662	995,939	2,063,601	473,003	230,763	703,766
	Rural : 401,734	377,880	779,614	89,507	19,636	109,143
	Urban: 665,928	618,059	1,283,987	383,496	211,127	594,623

Medak	Total :	614,779	611,686	1,226,465	140,806	27,696	168,502
	Rural :	566,198	565,379	1,131,577	116,579	19,211	135,790
	Urban:	48,581	46,307	94,888	24,227	8,485	32,712
Nizamabad	Total :	509,485	512,018	1,021,503	115,624	28,758	144,382
	Rural :	432,735	440,299	873,034	81,294	16,089	97,383
	Urban:	76,750	71,719	148,469	34,330	12,669	46,999
Adilabad	Total :	509,697	499,604	1,009,301	93,807	21,985	115,792
	Rural :	427,850	425,004	852,854	58,680	9,581	68,261
	Urban:	81,847	74,600	156,447	35,127	12,404	47,531
Karimnagar	Total :	812,377	808,040	1,620,417	168,050	35,781	203,831
	Rural :	753,421	752,544	1,505,965	138,411	24,634	163,045
	Urban:	58,956	55,496	114,452	29,639	11,147	40,786
Warangal	Total :	791,156	754,594	1,545,750	185,345	49,162	234,507
	Rural :	678,194	649,637	1,327,831	128,413	26,822	155,235
	Urban:	112,962	104,957	217,919	56,932	22,340	79,272
Khammam	Total :	540,312	516,913	1,057,225	117,583	41,545	159,128
	Rural :	473,147	455,708	928,855	84,559	27,131	111,690
	Urban:	67,165	61,205	128,370	33,024	14,414	47,438
Nalgonda	Total :	808,232	766,565	1,574,797	162,557	40,415	202,972
	Rural :	728,718	699,396	1,428,114	123,720	26,467	150,187
	Urban:	79,514	67,169	146,683	38,837	13,948	52,785

Statement showing the details of population

Srikakulam District.

Name of the Taluk.		1961 Population		
		Total	Males	Females
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)
Srikakulam	Total :	217,995	108,255	109,740
	Rural :	182,839	90,519	92,320
	Urban:	35,156	17,736	17,420
Cheepurupalli	Total :	318,946	158,921	160,025
	Rural :	309,393	154,060	155,333
	Urban:	9,553	4,861	4,692
Bobbili	Total :	286,305	141,314	144,991
	Rural :	260,723	128,626	132,097
	Urban:	25,582	12,688	12,894
Salur	Total :	164,072	81,064	83,008
	Rural :	137,969	68,251	69,718
	Urban:	26,103	12,813	13,290
Parvatipuram	Total :	218,680	109,339	109,341
	Rural :	193,260	96,535	96,725
	Urban:	25,420	12,804	12,616
Palakonda	Total :	324,723	160,960	163,763
	Rural :	292,508	144,995	147,513
	Urban:	32,215	15,965	16,250
Pathapatnam	Total :	226,667	112,193	114,474
	Rural :	226,667	112,193	114,474
	Urban:	—	—	—
Narasannapeta	Total :	166,136	81,907	84,229
	Rural :	155,070	76,311	78,759
	Urban:	11,066	5,596	5,470
Tekkali	Total :	189,906	91,943	97,963
	Rural :	178,282	86,131	92,151
	Urban:	11,624	5,812	5,812
Sompeta	Total :	141,557	65,422	76,135
	Rural :	124,832	57,290	67,542
	Urban:	16,725	8,132	8,593
Ichapuram	Total :	87,304	39,554	47,750
	Rural :	74,330	33,471	40,859
	Urban:	12,974	6,083	6,891

DIX B

— V

of each taluk districtwise.

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
41,564	30,940	10,624	192,615	13.18	19.07	101.37
26,880	21,290	5,590				
14,684	9,650	5,034				
36,521	29,771	6,750	289,379	10.22	11.45	100.69
34,089	28,022	6,067				
2,432	1,749	683				
43,048	30,693	12,355	262,753	8.97	15.04	102.60
34,604	28,090	6,514				
8,444	2,603	5,841				
21,632	16,664	4,968	156,581	4.78	13.18	102.40
14,937	11,960	2,977				
6,695	4,704	1,991				
35,078	27,180	7,898	192,254	13.75	16.04	100.00
25,289	20,397	4,892				
9,789	6,783	3,006				
49,237	38,206	11,031	298,992	8.60	15.16	101.74
39,654	31,673	7,981				
9,583	6,533	3,050				
33,041	26,027	7,104	203,542	11.36	14.58	102.03
33,041	26,027	7,104				
—	—	—				
28,773	21,981	6,792	151,634	9.56	17.32	102.83
24,733	19,217	5,516				
4,040	2,764	1,276				
30,838	24,031	6,807	166,186	23.00	16.24	106.55
26,715	21,202	5,513				
4,123	2,829	1,294				
24,778	19,655	5,123	131,444	7.69	17.50	116.38
19,140	15,700	3,440				
5,638	3,955	1,683				
13,679	10,763	2,916	78,761	10.85	15.67	120.72
9,662	8,066	1,596				
4,017	2,697	1,320				

Visakhapatnam District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Visakhapatnam	...	Total :	305,972	157,362	148,610
	...	Rural :	95,082	46,990	48,092
	...	Urban:	210,890	110,372	100,518
Anakapalli	...	Total :	244,498	119,971	124,527
	...	Rural :	198,090	97,117	100,973
	...	Urban:	46,408	22,854	23,554
Yelamanchili	...	Total :	259,883	128,098	131,785
	...	Rural :	246,328	121,430	124,898
	...	Urban:	13,555	6,668	6,887
Narsipatnam	...	Total :	241,348	120,800	120,548
	...	Rural :	218,564	109,417	109,147
	...	Urban:	22,784	11,383	11,401
Chintapalli	...	Total :	44,039	22,885	21,154
	...	Rural :	44,039	22,885	21,154
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Paderu	...	Total :	132,100	67,448	64,652
	...	Rural :	132,100	67,448	64,652
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Chodavaram	...	Total :	298,540	146,454	152,086
	...	Rural :	275,939	135,449	140,490
	...	Urban:	22,601	11,005	11,596
Srungavarapukota	...	Total :	207,445	102,229	105,216
	...	Rural :	197,640	97,561	100,079
	...	Urban:	9,805	4,668	5,137
Vizianagaram	...	Total :	311,460	154,957	156,503
	...	Rural :	234,557	116,064	118,493
	...	Urban:	76,903	38,893	38,010
Bheemunipatnam	...	Total :	243,691	121,548	122,143
	...	Rural :	233,820	116,690	117,130
	...	Urban:	9,871	4,858	5,013

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
109,067	73,202	35,865			35.65	94.44
12,818	10,092	2,726				
96,249	63,110	33,139				
41,636	31,187	10,449			17.03	103.80
24,602	19,747	4,855				
17,034	11,440	5,594				
37,848	27,804	10,044			14.56	102.88
32,923	24,611	8,312				
4,925	3,193	1,732				
26,953	21,512	5,441			11.17	99.79
21,513	17,596	3,917				
5,440	3,916	1,524				
3,902	3,254	648			8.86	92.44
3,902	3,254	648				
—	—	—				
8,767	7,271	1,496			6.64	95.85
8,767	7,271	1,496				
—	—	—				
28,043	22,512	5,531			9.39	103.85
21,072	17,811	3,261				
6,971	4,701	2,270				
31,387	24,607	6,780			15.13	102.92
29,030	23,086	5,944				
2,357	1,521	836				
67,639	47,925	19,714			21.72	101.00
30,817	24,356	6,461				
36,822	23,569	13,253				
30,460	23,030	7,430			12.50	100.49
27,278	21,091	6,187				
3,182	1,939	1,243				

East Godavari District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Kakinada	...	Total :	402,745	202,601	200,144
	...	Rural :	248,158	124,348	123,810
	...	Urban:	154,587	78,253	76,334
Amalapuram	...	Total :	356,055	178,683	177,372
	...	Rural :	322,037	161,568	160,469
	...	Urban:	34,018	17,115	16,903
Razole	...	Total :	182,288	89,154	93,134
	...	Rural :	174,726	85,431	89,295
	...	Urban:	7,562	3,723	3,839
Kothapeta	...	Total :	165,755	83,238	82,517
	...	Rural :	165,755	83,238	82,517
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Ramachandrapuram	...	Total :	378,349	188,600	189,749
	...	Rural :	310,479	154,803	155,676
	...	Urban:	67,870	33,797	34,073
Rajahmundry	...	Total :	383,502	193,426	190,076
	...	Rural :	238,792	120,626	118,166
	...	Urban:	144,710	72,800	79,910
Rampachodavaram	...	Total :	48,618	24,156	24,462
	...	Rural :	48,618	24,156	24,462
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Yellavaram	...	Total :	63,570	32,023	31,547
	...	Rural :	63,570	32,023	31,547
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Peddapuram	...	Total :	193,665	96,849	96,816
	...	Rural :	169,358	84,914	84,444
	...	Urban:	24,307	11,935	12,372
Prattipadu	...	Total :	137,234	68,695	68,539
	...	Rural :	137,234	68,695	68,539
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Tuni	...	Total :	129,980	65,560	64,420
	...	Rural :	107,497	54,392	53,105
	...	Urban:	22,483	11,168	11,315
Pithapuram	...	Total :	167,550	84,018	83,532
	...	Rural :	139,632	70,249	69,383
	...	Urban:	27,918	13,769	14,149

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
122,346	77,103	45,243	355,502	13.29	30.38	98.79
57,816	37,295	20,521				
64,530	39,808	24,722				
101,102	67,193	33,909	316,767	12.40	28.40	99.27
86,351	58,116	28,235				
14,751	9,077	5,674				
58,986	38,868	20,118	176,957	3.01	32.36	104.46
55,542	36,778	11,864				
3,444	2,090	1,354				
44,560	28,446	16,114	137,953	20.15	26.88	99.13
44,560	28,446	16,114				
—	—	—				
103,986	64,199	39,787	346,056	9.33	27.48	100.60
80,430	49,660	30,770				
23,556	14,539	9,017				
116,492	72,610	43,882	321,984	19.10	30.38	98.27
52,156	33,052	19,104				
64,336	39,558	24,778				
4,490	3,130	1,360	40,273	20.72	9.24	101.27
4,490	3,130	1,360				
—	—	—				
3,775	2,760	1,015	54,525	16.59	5.94	98.51
3,775	2,760	1,015				
—	—	—				
38,548	24,265	14,283	175,223	10.52	19.90	99.96
29,767	18,875	10,892				
8,781	5,390	3,391				
22,038	15,011	7,027	112,541	21.94	16.06	99.77
22,038	15,011	7,027				
—	—	—				
21,245	15,017	6,228	116,971	11.12	16.34	98.26
14,083	10,451	3,632				
7,162	4,566	2,596				
35,602	23,744	11,858	147,070	13.93	21.25	99.42
26,334	18,089	8,245				
9,268	5,655	3,613				

West Godavari District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Eluru	...	Total :	312,666	157,647	155,019
	...	Rural :	204,299	103,566	100,733
	...	Urban:	108,367	54,081	54,286
Chintalapudi	...	Total :	121,840	62,327	59,513
	...	Rural :	121,840	62,327	59,513
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Polavaram	...	Total :	118,479	59,626	58,853
	...	Rural :	118,479	59,626	58,853
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Kovvur	...	Total :	247,175	124,533	122,642
	...	Rural :	215,268	108,668	106,600
	...	Urban:	31,907	15,865	16,042
Tadepalligudem	...	Total :	249,998	125,864	124,134
	...	Rural :	222,877	112,049	110,828
	...	Urban:	27,121	13,815	13,306
Tanuku	...	Total :	314,512	156,328	158,184
	...	Rural :	270,626	134,260	136,366
	...	Urban:	43,886	22,068	21,818
Narsapur	...	Total :	337,006	167,440	169,566
	...	Rural :	278,440	138,581	139,859
	...	Urban:	58,566	28,859	29,707
Bhimavaram	...	Total :	276,758	139,124	137,634
	...	Rural :	232,912	116,508	116,404
	...	Urban:	43,846	22,616	21,230

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literate as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
106,456	66,166	40,290	260,599	19.98	34.05	98.33
54,400	34,883	19,517				
52,056	31,283	20,773				
22,883	15,401	7,482	100,187	21.61	18.78	95.48
22,883	15,401	7,482				
—	—	—				
23,573	15,071	8,502	97,245	21.84	19.89	98.70
23,573	15,071	8,502				
—	—	—				
63,741	39,193	24,548	214,522	15.22	25.79	98.46
49,542	30,816	18,726				
14,199	8,377	5,822				
70,259	43,194	27,065	217,123	15.14	28.10	98.62
59,347	36,299	23,048				
10,912	6,895	4,017				
111,457	67,116	44,351	278,186	13.06	35.44	101.19
91,062	54,900	36,162				
20,395	12,216	8,179				
107,174	68,818	38,356	293,773	14.72	31.80	101.27
79,174	52,258	26,916				
28,000	16,560	11,440				
93,783	57,793	35,990	236,092	17.22	33.89	98.93
74,220	45,602	28,618				
19,563	12,191	7,372				

(6)

Krishna District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Bandar	...	Total :	267,420	136,033	131,387
	...	Rural :	150,953	76,404	74,549
	...	Urban:	116,467	59,629	56,838
Divi	...	Total :	240,630	121,713	118,917
	...	Rural :	228,661	115,646	113,015
	...	Urban:	11,969	6,067	5,902
Gannavaram	...	Total :	219,694	111,337	108,357
	...	Rural :	198,540	100,395	98,145
	...	Urban:	21,154	10,942	10,212
Vijayawada	...	Total :	458,606	235,859	222,747
	...	Rural :	224,972	115,409	109,563
	...	Urban:	233,634	120,450	113,184
Nandigama	...	Total :	168,194	86,414	81,780
	...	Rural :	157,967	80,968	76,999
	...	Urban:	10,227	5,446	4,781
Jaggayyapeta	...	Total :	65,055	32,684	32,371
	...	Rural :	51,082	25,727	25,355
	...	Urban:	13,973	6,957	7,016
Tiruvur	...	Total :	150,405	77,259	73,146
	...	Rural :	141,120	72,462	68,658
	...	Urban:	9,285	4,797	4,488
Nuzvid	...	Total :	127,761	65,543	62,218
	...	Rural :	108,811	55,955	52,856
	...	Urban:	18,950	9,588	9,362
Gudivada	...	Total :	224,977	113,618	111,359
	...	Rural :	180,157	90,796	89,361
	...	Urban:	44,820	22,822	21,998
Kaikalur	...	Total :	153,361	77,653	75,708
	...	Rural :	146,191	73,950	72,241
	...	Urban:	7,170	3,703	3,467

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
90,620	57,074	33,546	218,982	22.12	33.89	96.58
34,683	23,410	11,273				
55,937	33,664	22,273				
63,940	39,942	23,998	209,101	15.08	26.57	97.70
59,541	37,161	22,380				
4,399	2,781	1,618				
67,736	41,188	26,548	198,579	10.63	30.83	97.32
59,172	35,939	23,233				
8,564	5,249	3,315				
183,027	114,240	68,787	356,572	28.62	39.91	94.44
65,974	42,463	23,511				
117,053	71,777	45,276				
38,747	27,395	11,352	145,991	15.21	23.04	94.64
34,591	24,584	10,007				
4,156	2,811	1,345				
13,682	9,795	3,887	56,118	15.93	21.03	99.04
8,480	6,282	2,198				
5,202	3,513	1,689				
27,243	19,550	7,693	125,323	20.01	18.11	94.68
23,966	17,383	6,583				
3,277	2,167	1,110				
33,985	21,524	12,461	107,227	19.15	26.60	94.93
26,771	17,039	9,732				
7,214	4,485	2,729				
83,970	50,842	33,128	198,940	13.09	37.32	98.01
63,715	38,288	25,427				
20,255	12,554	7,701				
39,900	25,827	14,073	119,596	28.23	26.02	97.50
36,939	24,041	12,898				
2,961	1,786	1,175				

Guntur District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Guntur	...	Total :	578,913	293,388	285,525
	...	Rural :	356,771	181,016	175,755
	...	Urban:	222,142	112,372	109,770
Tenali	...	Total :	400,538	202,261	198,277
	...	Rural :	307,655	155,500	152,155
	...	Urban:	92,883	46,761	46,122
Repalli	...	Total :	235,105	118,613	116,492
	...	Rural :	196,595	99,261	97,334
	...	Urban:	38,510	19,352	19,158
Bapatla	...	Total :	487,213	246,721	240,492
	...	Rural :	369,141	187,007	182,134
	...	Urban:	118,072	59,714	58,358
Ongole	...	Total :	388,832	197,123	191,709
	...	Rural :	345,453	175,059	170,394
	...	Urban:	43,379	22,064	21,315
Narasaraopet	...	Total :	321,909	163,242	158,667
	...	Rural :	269,493	136,823	132,670
	...	Urban:	52,416	26,419	25,997
Vinukonda	...	Total :	124,825	62,945	61,880
	...	Rural :	113,448	57,127	56,321
	...	Urban:	11,377	5,818	5,559
Palnad	...	Total :	228,002	114,757	113,245
	...	Rural :	202,218	101,447	100,771
	...	Urban:	25,784	13,310	12,474
Sattenapalli	...	Total :	244,660	123,831	120,829
	...	Rural :	218,980	110,895	108,085
	...	Urban:	25,680	12,936	12,744

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literate as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
183,849	122,739	61,110	450,954	28.38	31.76	97.32
89,367	62,248	27,119				
94,482	60,491	33,991				
135,837	84,080	51,757	359,885	11.30	33.91	98.03
96,564	59,760	36,804				
39,273	24,320	14,953				
66,722	42,984	23,738	197,952	18.77	28.38	98.21
50,789	33,047	17,742				
15,933	9,937	5,996				
151,815	101,646	50,169	403,509	20.74	31.16	97.48
100,660	68,714	31,946				
51,155	32,932	18,223				
93,814	67,591	26,223	335,075	16.04	24.13	97.25
74,802	55,256	19,546				
19,012	12,335	6,677				
76,917	55,811	21,106	266,400	20.84	23.89	97.20
55,389	41,452	13,937				
21,528	14,359	7,169				
18,143	14,976	3,167	116,365	7.27	14.53	98.30
14,474	12,225	2,249				
3,669	2,751	918				
43,872	34,694	9,178	192,776	18.27	19.24	98.68
36,071	28,803	7,268				
7,801	5,891	1,910				
53,033	39,009	14,024	237,148	3.17	21.68	97.58
44,298	33,302	10,996				
8,735	5,707	3,028				

Nellore District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	
Nellore	... Total :	303,106	154,845	148,261	
	... Rural :	196,309	99,633	96,676	
	... Urban :	106,797	55,212	51,585	
Gudur	... Total :	141,160	71,861	69,299	
	... Rural :	115,533	58,942	56,591	
	... Urban :	25,627	12,919	12,708	
Sullurpet	... Total :	113,109	57,414	55,695	
	... Rural :	96,027	48,626	47,401	
	... Urban :	17,082	8,788	8,294	
Venkatagiri	... Total :	95,284	48,478	46,806	
	... Rural :	78,185	39,863	38,322	
	... Urban :	17,099	8,615	8,484	
Rapur	... Total :	105,163	53,508	51,655	
	... Rural :	105,163	53,508	51,655	
	... Urban :	—	—	—	
Atmakur	... Total :	145,694	72,136	73,558	
	... Rural :	145,694	72,136	73,558	
	... Urban :	—	—	—	
Udayagiri	... Total :	125,468	60,237	65,231	
	... Rural :	125,468	60,237	65,231	
	... Urban :	—	—	—	
Kanigiri	... Total :	170,869	82,199	88,670	
	... Rural :	161,337	77,447	83,890	
	... Urban :	9,532	4,752	4,780	
Podili	... Total :	104,441	52,190	52,251	
	... Rural :	104,441	52,190	52,251	
	... Urban :	—	—	—	
Darsi	... Total :	125,935	63,831	62,104	
	... Rural :	125,935	63,831	62,104	
	... Urban :	—	—	—	
Kandukur	... Total :	232,909	116,612	116,297	
	... Rural :	220,475	110,374	110,101	
	... Urban :	12,434	6,238	6,196	
Kavali	... Total :	156,841	77,679	79,162	
	... Rural :	136,203	67,138	69,065	
	... Urban :	20,638	10,541	10,097	
Kovur	... Total :	213,984	107,514	106,470	
	... Rural :	199,401	100,110	99,291	
	... Urban :	14,583	7,404	7,179	

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
99,929	63,405	36,524	261,258	16.02	32.97	95.75
45,782	30,305	15,477				
54,147	33,100	21,047				
31,572	21,404	10,168	112,337	25.66	32.37	96.43
20,576	14,437	6,139				
10,996	6,967	4,029				
20,067	14,541	5,526	95,718	18.17	17.74	97.01
13,709	10,276	3,433				
6,358	4,265	2,093				
16,628	12,878	3,750	81,980	16.23	17.45	96.55
9,714	7,938	1,776				
6,914	4,940	1,974				
17,284	13,273	4,011	88,512	18.81	16.43	96.54
17,284	13,273	4,011				
—	—	—				
28,960	20,970	7,990	131,845	10.50	19.87	101.97
28,960	20,970	7,990				
—	—	—				
20,667	17,184	3,483	118,685	5.72	16.47	108.29
20,667	17,184	3,483				
—	—	—				
28,835	23,258	5,577	163,958	4.21	16.87	107.87
24,419	20,315	4,104				
4,416	2,943	1,473				
14,551	11,720	2,831	96,000	8.79	13.93	100.12
14,551	11,720	2,831				
—	—	—				
16,600	13,599	3,001	117,746	6.95	13.18	97.29
16,600	13,599	3,001				
—	—	—				
40,419	30,079	10,340	199,399	16.81	17.35	99.73
35,353	26,737	8,616				
5,066	3,341	1,724				
35,217	24,837	10,380	138,279	13.42	22.45	101.91
25,018	18,320	6,698				
10,199	6,517	3,682				
48,824	32,730	16,094	188,835	13.27	22.81	99.02
44,121	29,561	14,560				
4,703	3,169	1,534				

Chittoor District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	
Chittoor	... Total :	229,090	116,218	112,872	
	... Rural :	181,206	91,818	89,388	
	... Urban:	47,884	24,400	23,484	
Bangarupalem	... Total :	111,439	56,832	54,607	
	... Rural :	111,439	56,832	54,607	
	... Urban:	—	—	—	
Palamaner	... Total :	111,204	56,668	54,536	
	... Rural :	101,339	51,710	49,629	
	... Urban:	9,865	4,958	4,907	
Kuppam	... Total :	97,022	48,965	48,057	
	... Rural :	87,746	44,244	43,502	
	... Urban:	9,276	4,721	4,555	
Punganur	... Total :	168,277	85,754	82,523	
	... Rural :	154,475	78,839	75,636	
	... Urban:	13,802	6,915	6,887	
Madanapalli	... Total :	227,810	117,820	109,990	
	... Rural :	203,409	105,033	98,377	
	... Urban:	24,401	12,787	11,613	
Vayalpad	... Total :	214,157	110,436	103,721	
	... Rural :	206,140	106,261	99,879	
	... Urban:	8,017	4,175	3,842	
Chandragiri	... Total :	199,677	103,482	96,195	
	... Rural :	137,830	70,632	67,198	
	... Urban:	61,847	32,850	28,997	
Kalahasti	... Total :	165,575	84,565	81,010	
	... Rural :	139,107	71,218	67,889	
	... Urban:	26,468	13,347	13,121	
Satyavedu	... Total :	142,398	72,056	70,342	
	... Rural :	142,398	72,056	70,342	
	... Urban:	—	—	—	
Puttur	... Total :	246,520	125,013	121,507	
	... Rural :	228,081	115,653	112,428	
	... Urban:	18,439	9,360	9,079	

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
61,348	45,340	16,008	205,674	11.39	26.78	97.12
37,753	30,334	7,419				
23,595	15,006	8,589				
23,666	18,704	4,962	99,254	12.28	21.24	96.08
23,666	18,704	4,962				
—	—	—				
18,974	14,922	4,052	96,673	15.03	17.06	96.20
14,957	12,329	2,628				
4,017	2,593	1,424				
13,600	10,925	2,675	73,861	31.36	14.02	98.15
9,915	8,483	1,432				
3,685	2,442	1,243				
28,632	22,660	5,972	147,398	14.17	17.01	96.23
24,195	19,770	4,425				
4,437	2,890	1,547				
40,060	31,074	8,986	197,289	15.47	17.58	93.35
28,853	23,864	4,989				
11,207	7,210	3,997				
42,728	33,874	8,854	190,097	12.66	19.95	93.92
39,772	31,839	7,933				
2,956	2,035	921				
61,338	45,062	16,276	165,198	20.87	30.72	92.96
30,725	24,058	6,667				
30,613	21,004	9,609				
32,127	24,710	7,417	136,910	20.94	19.40	95.80
21,627	17,488	4,139				
10,500	7,222	3,278				
21,469	17,378	4,091	132,474	7.49	15.08	97.62
21,469	17,378	4,091				
—	—	—				
49,697	39,468	10,229	221,438	11.33	20.16	97.20
42,649	34,465	8,184				
7,048	5,003	2,045				

Cuddapah District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	
Cuddapah	...	Total :	179,184	91,956	87,228
	...	Rural :	130,156	66,562	63,594
	...	Urban:	49,028	25,394	23,634
Rayachoti	...	Total :	220,582	114,185	106,397
	...	Rural :	203,787	105,385	98,402
	...	Urban:	16,795	8,800	7,995
Pulivendla	...	Total :	122,958	63,161	59,797
	...	Rural :	113,884	58,501	55,383
	...	Urban:	9,074	4,660	4,414
Kamalapuram	...	Total :	83,440	42,442	40,998
	...	Rural :	76,210	38,769	37,441
	...	Urban:	7,230	3,673	3,557
Jammalamadugu	...	Total :	141,872	72,956	69,716
	...	Rural :	125,946	64,123	61,823
	...	Urban:	15,926	8,033	7,893
Proddatur	...	Total :	177,777	90,424	87,353
	...	Rural :	127,163	64,504	62,659
	...	Urban:	50,614	25,920	24,694
Badvel	...	Total :	124,601	62,621	61,980
	...	Rural :	116,533	58,598	57,935
	...	Urban:	8,068	4,023	4,045
Sidhout	...	Total :	84,882	43,514	41,368
	...	Rural :	84,882	43,514	41,368
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Rajampet	...	Total :	206,844	105,527	101,317
	...	Rural :	187,424	95,710	91,714
	...	Urban:	19,420	9,817	9,603

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
46,331	34,339	11,992	147,389	21.57	25.86	94.86
24,061	19,613	4,448				
22,270	14,726	7,544				
38,386	31,709	6,677	190,172	15.99	17.40	93.18
31,811	27,220	4,591				
6,575	4,489	2,086				
31,794	25,228	6,566	110,794	10.99	25.86	94.67
29,229	23,402	5,827				
2,565	1,826	739				
17,916	14,309	3,607	75,588	10.39	21.47	96.60
15,368	12,581	2,787				
2,548	1,728	820				
31,088	25,008	6,080	122,277	16.03	21.91	96.62
25,534	21,100	4,434				
5,554	3,908	1,646				
43,068	33,246	9,822	146,311	21.51	24.23	96.60
23,117	19,220	3,897				
19,951	14,026	5,925				
23,767	19,407	4,360	108,711	14.62	19.07	98.98
21,248	17,587	3,661				
2,519	1,820	699				
14,446	12,287	2,159	75,704	12.12	17.12	95.07
14,446	12,287	2,159				
—	—	—				
43,042	33,690	9,352	185,942	11.24	20.81	96.01
35,948	28,568	7,380				
7,094	5,122	1,972				

Anantapur District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Anantapur	...	Total :	220,888	114,540	106,048
	...	Rural :	168,610	87,028	81,582
	...	Urban:	52,278	27,812	24,466
Kalyandurg	...	Total :	141,276	73,269	68,007
	...	Rural :	131,032	67,930	63,102
	...	Urban:	10,244	5,339	4,905
Rayadurg	...	Total :	142,934	72,733	70,201
	...	Rural :	119,153	60,527	58,626
	...	Urban:	23,781	12,206	11,575
Uravakonda	...	Total :	98,667	49,977	48,690
	...	Rural :	80,736	40,821	39,915
	...	Urban:	17,931	9,156	8,775
Gooty	...	Total :	159,916	81,967	77,949
	...	Rural :	83,945	42,744	41,201
	...	Urban:	75,971	39,223	36,748
Tadpatri	...	Total :	154,222	78,813	75,409
	...	Rural :	121,809	62,341	59,468
	...	Urban:	32,413	16,472	15,941
Dharmavaram	...	Total :	138,519	70,933	67,586
	...	Rural :	118,182	60,447	57,735
	...	Urban:	20,337	10,486	9,851
Kadiri	...	Total :	247,299	127,529	119,770
	...	Rural :	228,948	118,127	110,821
	...	Urban:	18,351	9,402	8,949
Penukonda	...	Total :	141,533	72,675	68,858
	...	Rural :	133,533	68,486	65,047
	...	Urban:	8,000	4,189	3,811
Hindupur	...	Total :	182,997	94,297	88,700
	...	Rural :	150,545	77,556	72,989
	...	Urban:	32,452	16,741	15,711
Madakasira	...	Total :	135,972	69,622	66,350
	...	Rural :	126,024	64,523	61,501
	...	Urban:	9,948	5,099	4,849

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
53,906	40,420	13,486	164,703	34.11	24.40	92.34
26,083	21,864	4,219				
27,823	18,856	9,267				
25,669	21,006	4,663	118,394	19.33	18.17	92.82
21,751	18,188	3,563				
3,918	2,818	1,100				
25,595	21,140	4,455	122,035	17.13	17.91	96.52
18,152	15,421	2,731				
7,443	5,719	1,724				
21,471	17,444	4,027	91,539	7.79	21.76	97.42
16,012	13,127	2,885				
5,459	4,317	1,142				
41,967	31,424	10,543	123,312	29.68	26.24	95.10
12,457	10,840	1,617				
29,510	20,584	8,926				
35,614	29,153	6,461	132,794	16.14	23.09	95.68
24,251	20,752	3,499				
11,353	8,401	2,962				
24,284	19,585	4,699	114,812	20.71	17.53	95.28
16,555	14,064	2,491				
7,729	5,521	2,208				
39,341	32,893	6,448	219,112	12.86	15.91	93.92
33,633	28,876	4,757				
5,708	4,017	1,691				
24,593	19,979	4,614	123,349	14.74	17.38	94.75
20,787	17,501	3,286				
3,806	2,478	1,328				
38,769	29,304	9,465	153,332	19.35	21.19	94.06
24,187	20,059	4,128				
14,582	9,245	5,337				
23,105	19,060	4,045	120,209	13.11	16.99	95.30
20,025	16,896	3,129				
3,080	2,164	916				

Kurnool District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Kurnool	...	Total :	261,310	132,680	128,630
	...	Rural :	151,372	76,061	75,311
	...	Urban:	109,938	56,619	53,319
Nandikotkur	...	Total :	90,066	45,245	44,821
	...	Rural :	77,915	39,115	38,800
	...	Urban:	12,151	6,130	6,021
Atmakur	...	Total :	84,691	42,834	41,857
	...	Rural :	71,464	36,116	35,348
	...	Urban:	13,227	6,718	6,509
Markapur	...	Total :	157,004	79,129	77,875
	...	Rural :	140,337	70,701	69,636
	...	Urban:	16,667	8,428	8,239
Giddalur	...	Total :	180,972	91,132	89,840
	...	Rural :	159,581	80,247	79,334
	...	Urban:	21,391	10,885	15,506
Allagadda	...	Total :	121,561	61,748	59,813
	...	Rural :	121,561	61,748	59,813
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Nandyal	...	Total :	150,699	76,421	74,278
	...	Rural :	107,758	54,483	53,275
	...	Urban:	42,941	21,928	21,003
Banganapalli	...	Total :	55,458	28,045	27,413
	...	Rural :	47,453	23,988	23,465
	...	Urban:	8,005	4,057	3,948
Koiikuntla	...	Total :	104,951	53,086	51,865
	...	Rural :	96,765	48,920	47,845
	...	Urban:	8,186	4,166	4,020
Dhone	...	Total :	156,216	79,889	76,327
	...	Rural :	144,974	74,048	70,926
	...	Urban:	11,242	5,841	5,401
Pattikonda	...	Total :	149,649	75,532	74,117
	...	Rural :	128,612	64,933	63,679
	...	Urban:	21,037	10,599	10,438
Alur	...	Total :	134,233	67,109	67,124
	...	Rural :	134,233	67,109	67,124
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Adoni	...	Total :	262,834	132,281	130,553
	...	Rural :	161,424	80,835	80,589
	...	Urban:	101,410	51,446	49,964

DIX B

— V (Contd)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
67,870	48,255	19,615	198,288	31.78	25.97	96.95
24,863	19,809	5,054				
43,007	28,446	14,561				
21,431	15,803	5,628	78,007	15.46	23.79	99.06
17,663	13,168	4,495				
3,768	2,635	1,133				
18,318	14,013	4,305	71,731	18.07	21.63	97.72
14,263	11,154	3,109				
4,055	2,859	1,196				
24,128	19,580	4,548	138,120	13.67	15.37	98.41
17,525	14,857	2,668				
6,603	4,723	1,880				
40,230	33,219	7,011	163,845	10.45	22.23	98.58
31,667	27,110	4,557				
8,563	6,109	2,454				
26,233	20,997	5,236	103,567	17.37	21.58	96.87
26,233	20,997	5,236				
—	—	—				
42,636	31,186	11,450	125,393	20.18	28.29	97.20
24,741	19,236	5,505				
17,895	11,950	5,945				
10,865	8,686	2,179	47,099	17.75	19.59	97.75
8,401	6,893	1,508				
2,464	1,793	671				
24,900	19,851	5,049	89,480	17.29	23.74	97.70
21,802	17,664	4,138				
3,098	3,187	911				
28,071	22,627	5,444	127,234	22.78	17.97	95.54
23,479	19,362	4,117				
4,592	3,265	1,327				
23,433	19,284	4,149	126,922	17.91	15.66	98.13
18,012	15,126	2,886				
5,421	4,158	1,263				
26,346	22,273	4,073	122,558	9.53	19.62	100.02
26,346	22,273	4,073				
—	—	—				
48,806	38,876	9,930	225,220	16.70	18.57	98.69
20,357	17,653	2,704				
28,449	21,223	7,226				

Mahbubnagar District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Mahbubnagar	...	Total :	179,712	90,895	88,817
	...	Rural :	135,784	67,913	57,871
	...	Urban:	43,928	22,982	20,946
Shadnagar	...	Total :	143,789	72,507	71,282
	...	Rural :	135,634	68,214	67,420
	...	Urban:	8,155	4,293	3,862
Kalwakurthy	...	Total :	175,428	88,681	86,747
	...	Rural :	168,503	85,031	83,472
	...	Urban:	6,925	3,650	3,275
Achampet	...	Total :	84,204	42,071	42,133
	...	Rural :	84,204	42,071	42,133
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Kollapur	...	Total :	120,293	59,925	60,368
	...	Rural :	112,341	55,773	56,568
	...	Urban:	7,952	4,152	3,800
Nagarkurnool	...	Total :	151,622	75,048	76,574
	...	Rural :	144,996	71,464	73,532
	...	Urban:	6,626	3,584	3,042
Wanaparthy	...	Total :	138,251	68,134	70,117
	...	Rural :	125,572	61,320	64,252
	...	Urban:	12,679	6,814	5,865
Alampur	...	Total :	96,710	48,472	48,238
	...	Rural :	89,338	44,670	44,668
	...	Urban:	7,372	3,802	3,570
Gadwal	...	Total :	118,638	59,831	58,807
	...	Rural :	102,248	51,586	50,662
	...	Urban:	16,390	8,245	8,145
Atmakur	...	Total :	102,079	50,126	51,953
	...	Rural :	102,079	50,126	51,953
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Makthal	...	Total :	135,828	66,569	69,259
	...	Rural :	101,699	49,906	51,793
	...	Urban:	34,129	16,663	17,466
Kodangal	...	Total :	144,135	71,795	72,340
	...	Rural :	128,608	64,256	64,352
	...	Urban:	15,527	7,539	7,988

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
33,740	25,352	8,388	152,751	17.65	18.77	97.71
15,609	12,790	2,819				
18,131	12,562	5,569				
17,493	14,312	3,181	127,278	12.97	12.17	98.31
14,618	12,163	2,455				
2,875	2,149	726				
22,384	18,398	3,986	151,867	15.51	12.76	97.82
20,048	16,647	3,401				
2,336	1,751	585				
9,772	8,036	1,736	71,664	17.49	11.61	100.15
9,772	8,036	1,736				
—	—	—				
14,421	11,523	2,898	101,759	18.21	11.99	100.74
11,911	9,695	2,216				
2,510	1,828	682				
20,033	16,220	3,813	137,377	10.37	13.21	102.03
17,372	14,246	3,126				
2,661	1,974	687				
19,148	15,295	3,853	121,496	13.79	13.85	102.91
14,513	11,845	2,668				
4,635	3,450	1,185				
14,080	11,176	2,904	81,330	18.91	14.56	99.52
12,103	9,738	2,365				
1,977	1,438	539				
12,597	10,143	2,454	117,017	1.39	10.62	98.29
8,429	7,129	1,300				
4,168	3,014	1,154				
13,311	10,650	2,661	98,330	3.81	13.04	103.64
13,311	10,650	2,661				
—	—	—				
20,443	16,499	3,944	154,769	7.86	15.05	104.04
11,134	9,456	1,678				
9,309	7,043	2,266				
14,466	12,244	2,222	151,494	— 4.86	10.04	100.76
10,320	9,142	1,178				
4,146	3,102	1,044				

Hyderabad District

Name of the Taluk,			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Medchal	...	Total :	92,269	46,756	45,513
	...	Rural :	87,312	44,219	43,093
	...	Urban :	4,957	2,537	2,420
Hyderabad East	...	Total :	105,028	53,317	51,711
	...	Rural :	83,520	41,964	41,556
	...	Urban :	21,508	11,353	10,155
Ibrahimpatnam	...	Total :	121,645	71,937	49,708
	...	Rural :	121,645	71,937	49,708
	...	Urban :	—	—	—
Hyderabad West	...	Total :	1,303,344	675,340	628,004
	...	Rural :	71,681	36,669	35,012
	...	Urban :	1,231,663	638,671	592,992
Chevella	...	Total :	100,620	50,338	50,282
	...	Rural :	100,620	50,338	50,282
	...	Urban :	—	—	—
Pargi	...	Total :	107,177	53,620	53,557
	...	Rural :	107,177	53,620	53,557
	...	Urban :	—	—	—
Tandur	...	Total :	98,535	49,012	49,523
	...	Rural :	81,794	40,436	41,358
	...	Urban :	16,741	8,576	8,165
Vicarabad	...	Total :	134,983	67,342	67,641
	...	Rural :	125,865	52,551	63,314
	...	Urban :	9,118	4,791	4,327

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literate as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
18,029	14,198	3,831	78,743	17.18	19.54	97.34
16,376	12,957	3,419				
1,653	1,241	412				
23,661	18,015	5,646	81,424	28.99	22.53	96.99
14,934	11,888	3,046				
8,727	6,127	2,600				
17,193	13,985	3,208	104,075	16.88	14.13	69.09
17,193	13,985	3,208				
—	—	—				
587,543	379,649	207,894	1,173,388	11.08	45.08	92.99
12,764	10,297	2,467				
574,779	369,352	205,427				
11,009	9,436	1,573	83,891	19.94	10.94	99.89
11,009	9,436	1,573				
—	—	—				
11,880	9,964	1,916	98,458	8.86	11.08	99.88
11,880	9,964	1,916				
—	—	—				
15,550	12,402	3,148	85,414	15.36	15.78	101.04
9,514	8,045	1,496				
6,009	4,357	1,652				
18,901	15,354	3,547	116,318	16.05	14.00	100.44
15,446	12,935	2,511				
3,455	2,419	1,036				

Medak District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	
Sangareddy	... Total :	155,230	77,419	77,811	
	... Rural :	133,295	66,149	67,146	
	... Urban:	21,935	11,270	10,665	
Zahirabad	... Total :	152,640	76,213	76,427	
	... Rural :	131,152	65,311	65,841	
	... Urban:	21,488	10,902	10,586	
Narayankhed	... Total :	96,355	48,743	47,612	
	... Rural :	90,204	45,577	44,627	
	... Urban:	6,151	3,166	2,985	
Andole (Jogipet)	... Total :	168,086	83,565	84,521	
	... Rural :	157,390	78,150	79,240	
	... Urban:	10,696	5,415	5,281	
Narsapur	... Total :	116,469	58,072	58,397	
	... Rural :	116,469	58,072	58,397	
	... Urban:	—	—	—	
Medak	... Total :	168,639	84,073	84,566	
	... Rural :	152,750	75,953	76,797	
	... Urban:	15,889	8,120	7,769	
Gajwel	... Total :	146,072	74,025	72,047	
	... Rural :	146,072	74,025	72,047	
	... Urban:	—	—	—	
Siddipet	... Total :	222,974	112,669	110,305	
	... Rural :	204,245	102,961	101,284	
	... Urban:	18,729	9,708	9,021	

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
26,355	21,480	4,875	133,020	16.70	16.98	100.51
18,019	15,328	2,691				
8,336	6,152	2,184				
21,779	17,819	3,960	132,806	14.93	14.27	100.28
15,356	13,074	2,282				
6,423	4,745	1,678				
8,711	7,779	932	84,572	13.93	9.04	98.68
7,108	6,579	529				
1,603	1,200	403				
19,655	17,078	2,577	153,037	9.83	11.69	101.14
16,292	14,486	1,806				
3,363	2,592	771				
14,320	12,153	2,167	103,961	12.03	12.29	100.56
14,320	12,153	2,167				
—	—	—				
24,661	19,939	4,722	152,501	10.58	14.62	100.59
18,465	15,611	2,854				
6,196	4,328	1,868				
18,810	15,740	3,070	140,391	4.05	12.88	97.33
18,810	15,740	3,070				
—	—	—				
34,211	28,818	5,393	209,473	6.45	15.34	97.90
27,420	23,608	3,812				
6,791	5,210	1,581				

Nizamabad District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Nizamabad	...	Total :	226,788	114,191	112,597
	...	Rural :	147,761	72,945	74,816
	...	Urban:	79,027	41,246	37,781
Armur	...	Total :	221,387	106,942	114,445
	...	Rural :	208,126	100,344	107,782
	...	Urban:	13,261	6,598	6,663
Kamareddy	...	Total :	156,187	78,201	77,986
	...	Rural :	139,341	69,622	69,719
	...	Urban:	16,846	8,579	8,267
Yellareddy	...	Total :	82,677	40,962	41,715
	...	Rural :	82,677	40,962	41,715
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Banswada	...	Total :	103,849	51,827	52,022
	...	Rural :	95,648	47,720	47,928
	...	Urban:	8,201	4,107	4,094
Madnur	...	Total :	73,719	37,122	36,597
	...	Rural :	73,719	37,122	36,597
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Bodhan	...	Total :	156,896	80,240	76,656
	...	Rural :	125,762	64,020	61,742
	...	Urban:	31,134	16,220	14,914

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
43,893	33,374	10,519	169,717	33.63	19.35	98.60
16,255	13,452	2,803				
27,638	19,922	7,716				
26,072	21,993	4,079	182,907	21.04	11.78	107.02
22,441	19,160	3,281				
3,631	2,833	798				
19,437	16,658	2,779	136,298	14.59	12.44	99.73
14,265	12,634	1,631				
5,172	4,024	1,148				
10,026	8,504	1,522	71,339	15.89	12.13	101.84
10,026	8,504	1,522				
—	—	—				
13,666	11,045	2,621	86,801	19.64	13.16	100.38
11,735	9,558	2,177				
1,931	1,487	444				
6,357	5,600	757	62,085	18.74	8.62	98.58
6,357	5,600	757				
—	—	—				
24,931	18,450	6,481	126,096	24.43	15.89	95.53
16,304	12,386	3,918				
8,627	6,064	2,563				

Adilabad District.

Name of the Taluk,			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Adilabad	...	Total :	117,346	58,090	59,256
	...	Rural :	96,362	47,260	49,102
	...	Urban:	20,984	10,830	10,154
Utnoor	...	Total :	55,095	28,126	26,969
	...	Rural :	55,095	28,126	26,969
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Asifabad	...	Total :	119,611	61,116	58,495
	...	Rural :	84,318	42,589	41,729
	...	Urban:	35,293	18,527	16,766
Sirpur	...	Total :	134,707	69,455	65,252
	...	Rural :	104,067	52,698	51,369
	...	Urban:	30,640	16,757	13,883
Chinnur	...	Total :	95,744	48,802	46,942
	...	Rural :	86,094	43,996	42,098
	...	Urban:	9,650	4,806	4,844
Laxettipet	...	Total :	123,391	63,342	60,044
	...	Rural :	109,573	56,042	53,531
	...	Urban:	13,818	7,305	6,513
Khanapur	...	Total :	55,613	28,800	26,813
	...	Rural :	49,379	25,176	24,203
	...	Urban:	6,234	3,624	2,610
Boath	...	Total :	69,906	35,156	34,750
	...	Rural :	69,906	35,156	34,750
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Nirmal	...	Total :	137,307	67,458	69,849
	...	Rural :	117,391	57,344	60,047
	...	Urban:	19,916	10,114	9,802
Mudhole	...	Total :	100,581	49,347	51,234
	...	Rural :	80,669	39,463	41,206
	...	Urban:	19,912	9,884	10,028

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
17,025	13,417	3,608	101,611	15.49	14.51	102.00
9,370	7,957	1,413				
7,655	5,460	2,195				
3,829	3,414	415	34,404	60.14	6.95	95.89
3,829	3,414	415				
—	—	—				
14,344	11,598	2,746	92,245	29.67	11.99	95.71
5,535	4,770	765				
8,809	6,828	1,981				
16,877	13,224	3,653	104,091	29.41	12.53	93.95
5,785	4,958	827				
11,092	8,266	2,826				
8,938	7,178	1,760	86,117	11.18	9.34	96.19
6,167	5,299	868				
2,771	1,879	892				
14,839	12,101	2,738	98,812	24.87	12.03	94.79
11,027	9,255	1,772				
3,812	2,846	966				
5,600	4,552	1,048	43,366	28.24	10.07	93.10
4,011	3,313	698				
1,589	1,239	350				
5,869	5,093	776	57,280	22.04	8.40	98.85
5,869	5,093	776				
—	—	—				
16,793	13,639	3,154	121,029	13.45	12.23	103.54
9,741	8,424	1,317				
7,052	5,215	1,837				
11,678	9,591	2,087	92,645	8.57	11.61	103.82
6,927	6,197	730				
4,751	3,394	1,357				

Karimnagar District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Karimnagar	...	Total :	335,652	170,101	165,551
	...	Rural :	304,161	153,061	151,100
	...	Urban:	31,491	17,040	14,451
Sircilla	...	Total :	257,490	128,622	128,868
	...	Rural :	234,596	116,670	117,926
	...	Urban:	22,894	11,952	10,942
Metpalli	...	Total :	143,627	69,277	74,350
	...	Rural :	123,986	59,720	64,266
	...	Urban:	19,641	9,557	10,084
Jagtial	...	Total :	239,106	117,940	121,166
	...	Rural :	218,164	107,290	110,874
	...	Urban:	20,942	10,650	10,292
Sultanabad	...	Total :	278,000	139,908	138,092
	...	Rural :	266,293	133,998	132,295
	...	Urban:	11,707	5,910	5,797
Manthani	...	Total :	98,371	50,093	48,278
	...	Rural :	90,594	46,246	44,348
	...	Urban:	7,777	3,847	3,930
Huzurabad	...	Total :	268,171	136,436	131,735
	...	Rural :	268,171	136,436	131,735
	...	Urban:	—	—	—

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literate as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
53,712 ✓	43,213	10,499	302,172	11.08	16.00	97.33
38,591	32,569	6,022				
15,121	10,644	4,477				
33,735	28,296	5,439	228,847	12.52	13.10	100.19
26,833	22,849	3,984				
6,902	5,447	1,455				
15,959	13,424	2,535	120,635	19.06	11.11	107.32
10,932	9,546	1,386				
5,027	3,878	1,149				
26,534	21,756	4,778	203,865	17.29	11.10	102.74
19,335	16,602	2,733				
7,199	5,154	2,045				
31,137	25,655	5,482	243,802	14.03	11.21	98.70
27,062	22,793	4,269				
4,075	2,862	1,213				
9,383	7,485	1,898	86,846	13.27	9.54	96.38
6,921	5,831	1,090				
2,462	1,654	808				
33,371	28,221	5,150	242,001	10.81	12.44	96.55
33,371	28,221	5,150				

Warangal District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Warangal	...	Total :	539,566	276,534	263,032
(Hanumakonda)	...	Rural :	375,767	191,758	184,009
	...	Urban:	163,799	84,776	79,023
Parkhal	...	Total :	172,231	88,175	84,056
	...	Rural :	165,491	84,608	80,883
	...	Urban:	6,740	3,567	3,173
Mulug	...	Total :	93,405	47,773	45,632
	...	Rural :	93,405	47,773	45,632
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Narasampet	...	Total :	147,178	75,428	71,750
	...	Rural :	140,308	71,820	68,488
	...	Urban:	6,870	3,608	3,262
Mahabubabad	...	Total :	274,217	140,195	134,022
	...	Rural :	251,654	128,401	123,253
	...	Urban:	22,563	11,794	10,769
Jangaon	...	Total :	319,153	163,051	156,102
	...	Rural :	301,206	153,834	147,372
	...	Urban:	17,947	9,217	8,730

DLX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percentage of increase over 1951	Percentage of literates as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
111,110	84,720	26,390	472,307	14.24	20.60	95.12
49,494	40,666	8,828				
61,616	44,054	17,562				
19,144	16,497	2,647	153,499	12.20	11.12	95.33
17,299	15,072	2,227				
1,845	1,425	420				
11,177	9,167	2,010	66,292	40.90	11.97	95.52
11,177	9,167	2,010				
—	—	—				
13,915	11,590	2,325	106,753	37.87	9.45	95.12
12,036	10,103	1,933				
1,879	1,487	392				
34,455	26,993	7,462	240,958	13.80	12.56	95.60
26,127	21,123	5,004				
8,328	5,870	2,458				
44,706	36,378	8,328	290,027	10.04	14.01	95.74
39,102	32,282	6,820				
5,604	4,096	1,508				

Khammameth District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Khammam	...	Total :	275,102	140,399	134,703
	...	Rural :	239,215	121,643	117,572
	...	Urban:	35,887	18,756	17,131
Yellandu	...	Total :	176,620	89,792	86,828
	...	Rural :	165,662	84,069	81,593
	...	Urban:	10,958	5,723	5,235
Burgumpad	...	Total :	84,337	43,215	41,122
	...	Rural :	84,337	43,215	41,122
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Nugur	...	Total :	40,979	20,647	20,332
	...	Rural :	40,979	20,647	20,332
	...	Urban:	—	—	—
Bhadrachalam	...	Total :	90,852	45,652	45,200
	...	Rural :	85,112	42,676	42,436
	...	Urban:	5,740	2,976	2,764
Kothagudem	...	Total :	175,806	90,858	84,948
	...	Rural :	106,085	54,486	51,599
	...	Urban:	69,721	36,372	33,349
Madhira	...	Total :	213,529	109,749	103,780
	...	Rural :	207,465	106,411	101,054
	...	Urban:	6,064	3,338	2,726

DIX B

— V (Contd)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literate as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
46,421	33,852	12,569	230,088	19.56	16.87	95.94
30,135	22,896	7,239				
16,286	10,956	5,330				
18,853	14,404	4,449	119,367	47.96	10.67	96.70
14,578	11,435	3,143				
4,275	2,969	1,306				
9,397	7,429	1,968	43,590	93.48	11.14	95.16
9,397	7,429	1,968				
—	—	—				
5,189	3,876	1,313	35,366	15.87	12.66	98.47
5,189	3,876	1,313				
—	—	—				
11,915	8,170	3,745	77,620	27.05	13.11	99.00
9,244	6,480	2,764				
2,671	1,690	981				
31,898	23,627	8,271	131,310	33.89	18.14	93.50
10,438	8,105	2,333				
21,460	15,522	5,938				
35,455	26,225	9,230	170,661	25.12	16.60	94.56
32,709	24,338	8,371				
2,746	1,887	859				

Nalgonda District.

Name of the Taluk.			1961 Population		
			Total	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)
Nalgonda	...	Total :	294,846	151,319	143,527
	...	Rural :	270,403	138,405	131,998
	...	Urban:	24,443	12,914	11,529
Suryapet	...	Total :	250,085	128,366	121,719
	...	Rural :	233,926	119,556	114,370
	...	Urban:	16,159	8,810	7,349
Huzurnagar	...	Total :	198,846	100,977	97,869
	...	Rural :	191,509	97,114	94,395
	...	Urban:	7,337	3,863	3,474
Miryalguda	...	Total :	222,413	117,402	105,011
	...	Rural :	157,019	80,862	76,157
	...	Urban:	65,394	36,540	28,854
Devarakonda	...	Total :	200,921	103,072	97,849
	...	Rural :	192,628	98,679	93,949
	...	Urban:	8,293	4,393	3,900
Bhongir	...	Total :	213,590	108,668	104,922
	...	Rural :	188,533	95,674	92,859
	...	Urban:	25,057	12,994	12,063
Ramannapet	...	Total :	194,096	98,428	95,668
	...	Rural :	194,096	98,428	95,668
	...	Urban:	—	—	—

DIX B

— V (Contd.)

Literate Population			Total population in 1951	Percen- tage of increase over 1951	Percen- tage of literate as per 1961 Census	Sex-ratio as per 1961 Census
Total	Males	Females				
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
44,221	34,754	9,467	256,153	15.11	15.00	94.85
33,039	27,043	5,996				
11,182	7,711	3,471				
33,579	26,174	7,405	216,462	15.53	13.43	94.82
25,939	20,735	5,204				
7,640	5,439	2,201				
7,012	5,508	1,504	165,223	20.35	3.53	96.92
4,951	3,952	999				
2,061	1,556	505				
36,969	29,339	7,630	128,224	73.46	16.62	89.45
21,550	17,212	4,338				
15,419	12,127	3,292				
23,042	19,165	3,887	163,734	22.71	11.47	94.93
19,710	16,667	3,053				
3,332	2,498	834				
34,410	27,954	6,456	186,464	14.55	16.11	96.55
25,358	21,394	3,964				
9,052	6,560	2,492				
23,739	19,673	4,066	170,909	13.57	12.23	97.20
23,739	19,673	4,066				
—	—	—				

APPENDIX C

T A B L E S

PERTAINING TO URBAN UNITS

Statement showing the population, sex ratio and literacy particulars of Municipaliti

Name of the Town.	1961 Census			Total population in 1951
	Males	Females	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Srikakulam District :				
1. Srikakulam ...	17,736	17,420	35,156	24,212
2. Bobbili ...	12,688	12,894	25,582	23,102
3. Salur ...	12,813	13,290	26,103	24,405
4. Parvathipuram ...	12,804	12,616	25,420	21,099
Visakhapatnam District :				
1. Visakhapatnam ...	94,610	87,073	181,683	108,042
2. Anakapalli ...	22,854	23,554	46,408	40,102
3. Vizianagaram ...	38,893	38,010	76,903	67,104
4. Bhimunipatnam ...	4,858	5,013	9,871	10,477
East Godavari District :				
1. Kakinada ...	62,178	60,477	122,655	99,952
2. Samalkot ...	16,075	15,587	31,932	28,180
3. Amalapuram ...	12,063	11,916	23,979	21,117
4. Ramachandrapuram ...	9,465	9,359	18,824	15,381
5. Draksharama ...	8,186	8,272	16,458	—
6. Mandapeta ...	9,762	10,039	19,791	15,139
7. Rajahmundry ...	65,567	64,463	130,030	105,276
8. Peddapuram ...	11,935	12,372	24,307	23,360
9. Tuni ...	11,168	11,315	22,483	18,376
10. Pithapuram ...	13,769	14,149	27,918	22,040
West Godavari District :				
1. Eluru ...	54,081	54,286	108,367	87,213
2. Tadepalligudem ...	13,815	13,306	27,121	13,543
3. Narasapur ...	14,776	15,195	29,971	20,999
4. Palacole ...	14,083	14,512	28,595	23,037
5. Bhimavaram ...	22,616	21,230	43,846	30,928
Krishna District :				
1. Bandar ...	52,064	49,332	101,396	77,953
2. Vijayawada ...	120,450	113,184	233,634	161,198
3. Gudivada ...	22,822	21,998	44,820	31,942

DIX C

— I

in Andhra area and City Municipalities in Telangana, district wise. (Provisional)

Percentage of increase over 1951	Sex-ratio at 1961 Census	Literate Males 1961	Literate Females 1961	Total literate 1961	Percentage of literates 1961
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
31.13	982	9,650	5,034	14,684	41.77
9.69	1,016	5,841	2,603	8,444	33.01
6.96	1,037	4,704	1,991	6,695	25.65
20.48	985	6,783	3,006	9,789	38.51
68.16	920	64,238	29,801	84,039	46.26
13.59	1,031	11,440	5,594	17,034	36.70
14.60	977	23,569	13,253	36,822	47.88
(-) 5.78	1,032	1,939	1,243	3,182	32.24
22.71	973	33,328	21,090	54,418	44.37
13.31	986	6,480	3,632	10,112	31.67
13.55	988	6,850	4,520	11,370	47.42
22.38	989	4,812	3,341	8,153	43.31
—	1,011	3,009	1,851	4,860	29.53
30.73	1,029	3,833	2,303	6,136	31.00
23.51	983	36,517	23,103	59,620	45.85
4.05	1,037	5,390	3,391	8,781	36.13
22.37	1,013	4,566	2,596	7,152	31.86
26.67	996	5,655	3,613	9,268	33.20
28.84	1,004	31,283	20,773	52,056	48.04
10.03	963	6,895	4,017	10,912	40.23
42.73	1,028	9,038	6,405	15,443	51.53
24.13	1,030	7,522	5,035	12,557	43.91
41.75	931	12,191	7,372	19,563	44.62
30.07	948	30,190	20,364	50,564	49.86
44.88	940	71,777	45,276	117,053	50.10
40.32	964	12,554	7,701	20,255	45.19

Name of the Town.	1961 Census			Total Population in 1951
	Males	Females	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Guntur District :				
1. Guntur	94,506	92,562	187,068	125,255
2. Tenali	39,541	38,949	78,490	58,116
3. Repalle	10,869	11,063	21,932	14,000
4. Bapatla	17,356	16,368	33,724	22,748
5. Chirala	22,807	22,560	45,367	37,729
6. Ongole	18,227	17,671	35,948	27,810
7. Narasaraopet	15,433	14,317	29,750	22,243
Nellore District :				
1. Nellore	55,212	51,585	106,797	81,480
2. Gudur	12,919	12,708	25,627	20,056
Chittoor District :				
1. Chittoor	24,400	23,484	47,884	38,894
2. Tirupati	19,258	16,578	36,836	25,207
3. Kalahasti	13,347	13,121	24,468	17,921
Cuddapah District :				
1. Cuddapah	25,394	23,634	49,028	37,438
2. Proddatur	25,920	24,694	50,614	36,624
Anantapur District :				
1. Anantapur	27,812	24,466	52,278	31,952
2. Guntakal	24,890	23,197	48,087	31,341
3. Tadpatri	11,698	11,437	23,135	19,369
4. Hindupur	16,741	15,711	32,462	24,438
Kurnool District :				
1. Kurnool	51,998	48,851	100,849	60,222
2. Nandyal	21,938	21,003	42,941	33,344
3. Adoni	35,616	34,350	69,966	63,583
Mahboobnagar District :				
1. Mahboobnagar	18,590	16,996	35,586	23,927
2. Gadwal	8,245	8,145	16,390	16,290
3. Narayanpet	10,101	10,414	20,515	20,707

DIX C

—I (Contd.)

Percentage of increase over 1951	Sex-ratio at 1961 Census	Literate Males 1961	Literate Females 1961	Total literates 1961	Percentage of literates 1961
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
49.35	979	52,463	30,649	83,113	44.43
35.06	985	21,416	13,497	34,913	44.48
56.66	1,018	5,701	3,903	9,604	43.79
48.25	943	9,992	5,954	15,946	47.28
20.24	989	12,609	6,431	19,040	41.97
29.20	969	10,695	6,058	16,753	46.60
33.75	928	9,148	4,777	13,925	46.81
31.07	934	33,100	21,047	54,147	50.71
27.78	984	6,967	4,029	10,996	42.90
23.11	962	15,006	8,589	23,595	49.28
42.17	861	13,561	6,264	19,825	55.32
47.69	983	7,222	3,278	10,500	39.67
30.96	931	14,726	7,544	22,270	45.42
38.20	953	14,026	5,925	19,951	39.42
64.85	880	18,556	9,267	27,823	53.22
54.43	932	13,184	5,401	18,585	38.65
19.44	978	6,466	2,483	8,949	17.07
32.79	938	9,245	5,337	14,582	44.93
67.46	935	26,657	14,003	40,660	44.31
28.70	957	11,950	5,945	17,895	41.67
30.57	964	15,859	5,953	21,812	31.18
48.73	914	10,513	4,893	15,406	43.29
0.61	988	3,014	1,154	4,168	25.43
(-) 0.98	1,031	4,595	1,479	6,074	29.61

Name of the Town.	1961 Census			Total Population in 1951 (5)
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Total (4)	
Hyderabad District :				
1. Hyderabad City ...	649,616	602,721	1,252,337	1,125,578
2. Tandur ...	8,576	8,165	16,741	15,480
Medak District :				
1. Medak ...	8,120	7,769	15,889	14,934
2. Siddipet ...	9,708	9,021	18,729	18,109
Nizamabad District :				
1. Nizamabad ...	41,246	37,781	79,027	55,195
2. Bodhan ...	16,220	14,914	31,134	22,491
Adilabad District :				
1. Adilabad ...	10,830	10,154	20,984	17,196
2. Bellampalli ...	15,376	13,719	29,095	15,824
3. Kagaznagar ...	16,757	13,883	30,640	14,265
4. Mancherial ...	7,305	6,513	13,818	8,997
5. Nirmal ...	10,114	9,802	19,916	17,947
Karimnagar District:				
1. Karimnagar ...	17,040	14,451	31,491	23,826
2. Jagtial ...	10,650	10,292	20,942	21,046
Warangal District :				
1. Warangal ...	80,910	75,253	156,163	133,130
Khammam District :				
1. Khammam ...	18,756	17,131	35,887	28,251
2. Kothagudem ...	36,372	33,349	69,721	50,195
Nalgonda District :				
1. Nalgonda ...	12,914	11,529	24,443	22,183
2. Suryapet ...	8,810	7,349	16,159	12,443
3. Vijayapuri (Nagarjunasagar) ...	31,232	24,152	55,384	—
4. Bhongir ...	9,114	8,444	17,558	17,877

DIX C

—I (Contd.)

Percentage of increase over 1951	Sex-ratio at 1961 Census	Literate Males 1961	Literate Females 1961	Total literate 1961	Percentage of literates 1961
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
11.26	934	375,246	207,824	583,070	46.56
8.12	952	4,357	1,652	6,009	35.89
6.39	957	4,328	1,868	6,196	39.00
3.42	929	5,210	1,581	6,791	36.26
43.18	916	19,922	7,716	27,638	34.97
38.43	919	6,064	2,563	8,627	27.71
22.03	938	5,460	2,195	7,655	36.48
83.29	892	5,387	1,506	6,893	23.69
114.79	828	8,266	2,826	11,092	36.20
53.58	898	2,846	966	3,812	27.59
10.97	969	5,215	1,837	7,052	35.41
32.17	848	10,644	4,477	15,121	48.02
(-) 0.49	966	5,154	2,045	7,199	34.38
17.30	930	42,990	17,352	60,342	38.64
27.03	913	10,956	5,330	16,286	45.38
38.90	917	15,522	5,938	21,460	30.78
10.19	893	7,711	3,471	11,182	45.75
29.86	834	5,439	2,201	7,640	47.28
—	773	12,127	3,292	15,419	27.84
(-) 1.78	926	4,902	1,919	6,821	38.83

(11)

APPENDIX C

TABLE—II

Statement showing population particulars of all Urban units in Andhra Pradesh, districtwise.
(Provisional)

Name of the District : **Srikakulam.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Srikakulam	17,736	17,420	35,156	9,650	5,034	14,684
2.	Salur	12,813	13,290	26,103	4,704	1,991	6,695
3.	Bobbili	12,688	12,894	25,582	5,841	2,603	8,444
4.	Parvathipuram	12,804	12,616	25,420	6,783	3,006	9,789
5.	Sompeta	5,095	5,495	10,590	2,568	1,129	3,697
6.	Rajam	3,980	3,943	7,923	1,721	779	2,500
7.	Mandasa	3,037	3,098	6,135	1,387	554	1,941
8.	Palakonda	7,564	7,783	15,347	3,176	1,606	4,782
9.	Ichapuram	6,083	6,891	12,974	2,697	1,320	4,017
10.	Narasannapeta	5,596	5,470	11,066	2,764	1,276	4,040
11.	Cheepurupalli	4,861	4,692	9,553	1,749	683	2,432
12.	Veeraghattam	4,421	4,524	8,945	1,636	665	2,301
13.	Tekkali	5,812	5,812	11,624	2,829	1,294	4,123
	TOTAL:	102,490	103,928	206,418	47,505	21,940	69,445

APPENDIX C

TABLE—II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Visakhapatnam.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Visakhapatnam	94,610	87,073	181,683	54,238	29,801	84,039
2.	Malkapuram	9,724	8,916	18,640	5,297	2,202	7,499
3.	Vizianagarm	38,893	38,010	76,903	23,569	13,253	36,822
4.	Anakapalli	22,854	23,554	46,408	11,440	5,594	17,034
5.	Bheemunipatnam	4,858	5,013	9,871	1,939	1,243	3,182
6.	Narsipatnam	11,383	11,401	22,784	3,916	1,524	5,440
7.	Chodavaram	7,343	7,574	14,917	3,310	1,602	4,912
8.	Yellamanchili	6,668	6,887	13,555	3,193	1,732	4,925
9.	Madugula	3,662	4,022	7,684	1,391	668	2,059
10.	Srungavarapukota	4,668	5,137	9,805	1,521	836	2,357
TOTAL :		204,663	197,587	402,250	109,814	58,455	168,269

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **East Godavari.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Rajahmundry	65,567	64,463	130,030	36,517	23,103	59,620
2.	Kakinada	62,178	60,477	122,655	33,328	21,090	54,418
3.	Samalkot	16,075	15,857	31,932	6,480	3,632	10,112
4.	Peddapuram	11,935	12,372	24,307	5,390	3,391	8,781
5.	Pithapuram	13,769	14,149	27,918	5,655	3,613	9,268
6.	Amalapuram	12,063	11,916	23,979	6,850	4,520	11,370
7.	Tuni	11,168	11,315	22,483	4,566	2,596	7,162
8.	Mandapeta	9,752	10,039	19,791	3,833	2,303	6,136
9.	Ramachandrapuram	9,465	9,359	18,824	4,812	3,341	8,153
10.	Draksharama	8,186	8,272	16,458	3,009	1,851	4,860
11.	Dowleshwaram	7,233	7,447	14,680	3,041	1,675	4,716
12.	Razole	3,723	3,839	7,562	2,090	1,354	3,444
13.	Machavaram	5,052	4,987	10,039	2,227	1,154	3,381
14.	Anaparti	6,394	6,403	12,797	2,885	1,522	4,407
TOTAL :		242,560	240,895	483,455	120,683	75,145	195,828

APPENDIX C

TABLE—II (Contd.)

Name of the District: **West Godavari.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Eluru	54,081	54,286	108,367	31,283	20,773	52,056
2.	Bhimvaram	22,616	21,230	43,846	12,191	7,372	19,563
3.	Palacole	14,083	14,512	28,595	7,522	5,035	12,557
4.	Narsapur	14,776	15,195	29,971	9,038	6,405	15,443
5.	Tadepalligudem	13,815	13,306	27,121	6,895	4,017	10,912
6.	Tanuku	12,559	12,107	24,666	7,426	5,020	12,446
7.	Nidadavole	8,451	8,349	16,800	4,199	2,800	6,999
8.	Kovvur	7,414	7,693	15,107	4,178	3,022	7,200
9.	Penugonda	6,897	7,076	13,973	3,450	2,209	5,659
10.	Maruteru	2,612	2,635	5,247	1,340	950	2,290
TOTAL :		157,304	156,389	313,693	87,522	57,603	145,125

APPENDIX C
TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Krishna.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Vijayawada	120,450	113,184	233,634	71,777	45,276	117,053
2.	Bandar	52,064	49,332	101,396	30,190	20,364	50,554
3.	Gudivada	22,822	21,998	44,820	12,554	7,701	20,255
4.	Nuzvid	9,588	9,362	18,950	4,485	2,729	7,214
5.	Jaggayyapet	6,957	7,016	13,973	3,513	1,689	5,202
6.	Pedana	7,565	7,506	15,071	3,474	1,909	5,383
7.	Vuyyuru	7,558	6,916	14,474	3,631	2,209	5,840
8.	Avanigadda	6,067	5,902	11,969	2,781	1,618	4,399
9.	Gannavaram	3,384	3,296	6,680	1,618	1,106	2,724
10.	Nandigama	5,446	4,781	10,227	2,811	1,345	4,156
11.	Tiruvur	4,797	4,488	9,285	2,167	1,110	3,277
12.	Kaikalur	3,703	3,467	7,170	1,786	1,175	2,961
TOTAL :		250,401	237,248	487,649	140,787	88,231	229,018

APPENDIX C
TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Guntur.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Guntur	94,506	92,562	187,068	52,464	30,649	83,113
2.	Tenali	39,541	38,949	78,490	21,416	13,497	34,913
3.	Chirala	22,807	22,560	45,367	12,609	6,431	19,040
4.	Ongole	18,277	17,671	35,948	10,695	6,058	16,753
5.	Repalle	10,869	11,063	21,932	5,701	3,903	9,604
6.	Bapatla	17,356	16,368	33,724	9,992	5,954	15,946
7.	Narasaraopet	15,433	14,317	29,750	9,148	4,777	13,925
8.	Mangalagiri	11,270	10,901	22,171	5,117	2,033	7,150
9.	Vetapalem	7,899	7,907	15,806	4,295	1,998	6,293
10.	Chilakalurpet	10,986	11,680	22,666	5,211	2,392	7,603
11.	Vinukonda	5,818	5,559	11,377	2,751	918	3,669
12.	Sattenapalli	8,943	8,662	17,605	4,158	1,923	6,081
13.	Bhattiprolu	8,483	8,095	16,578	4,236	2,093	6,329
14.	Gurazala	4,470	4,419	8,889	1,824	620	2,444
15.	Ponnur & Nidubrolu	11,652	11,523	23,175	6,036	3,840	9,876
16.	Chebrolu	7,220	7,173	14,393	2,904	1,456	4,360
17.	Addanki	3,787	3,644	7,431	1,640	619	2,259
18.	Tadepalli	6,596	6,307	12,903	2,910	1,309	4,219
19.	Macherla	8,840	8,055	16,895	4,067	1,290	5,357
20.	Phirangipuram	3,993	4,082	8,075	1,549	1,105	2,654
	TOTAL :	318,746	311,497	630,243	168,723	92,865	261,588

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District: **Nellore**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Nellore	55,212	51,585	106,797	33,100	21,047	54,147
2.	Gudur	12,919	12,708	25,627	6,967	4,029	10,996
3.	Venkatagiri	8,615	8,484	17,099	4,940	1,974	6,914
4.	Kavali	10,541	10,097	20,638	6,517	3,682	10,199
5.	Kanigiri	4,752	4,780	9,532	2,943	1,473	4,416
6.	Kovur	7,404	7,179	14,583	3,169	1,534	4,703
7.	Kandukur	6,238	6,196	12,434	3,342	1,724	5,066
8.	Sullurpet	5,053	4,756	9,809	2,269	1,047	3,316
9.	Naidupet	3,735	3,538	7,273	1,996	1,046	3,042
TOTAL:		114,469	109,323	223,792	65,243	37,556	102,799

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

(12) Name of the District : **Chittoor.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Chittoor	24,400	23,484	47,884	15,006	8,589	23,595
2.	Tirupati	19,258	16,578	35,836	13,561	6,264	19,825
3.	Kalahasti	13,347	13,121	26,468	7,222	3,278	10,500
4.	Nagari	4,069	3,945	8,014	2,057	838	2,895
5.	Punganur	6,915	6,887	13,802	2,890	1,547	4,437
6.	Vayalpad	4,175	3,842	8,017	2,035	921	2,956
7.	Madanapalli	12,788	11,613	24,401	7,210	3,997	11,207
8.	Puttur	5,291	5,134	10,425	2,946	1,207	4,153
9.	Palamaner	4,958	4,907	9,865	2,593	1,424	4,017
10.	Kuppam	4,721	4,555	9,276	2,442	1,243	3,685
11.	Tirumalai	2,833	2,280	5,113	1,515	579	2,094
12.	Renigunta	3,292	3,072	6,364	2,000	920	2,920
13.	Pakala	7,467	7,067	14,534	3,928	1,846	5,774
TOTAL :		113,514	106,485	219,999	65,405	32,653	98,058

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : Cuddapah.

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Cuddapah	25,394	23,634	49,028	14,726	7,544	22,270
2.	Proddatur	25,920	24,694	50,614	14,026	5,925	19,951
3.	Jammalamadugu	8,033	7,893	15,926	3,908	1,646	5,554
4.	Rayachoti	8,800	7,995	16,795	4,489	2,086	6,575
5.	Rajampet	5,862	5,815	11,677	3,015	1,216	4,231
6.	Vempalli	4,660	4,414	9,074	1,826	739	2,565
7.	Badvel	4,023	4,045	8,068	1,820	699	2,519
8.	Kamalapuram	3,673	3,557	7,230	1,728	820	2,548
9.	Nandalur	3,955	3,788	7,743	2,107	756	2,863
	TOTAL :	90,320	85,835	176,155	47,645	21,431	69,076

APPENDIX C

TABLE—II (Contd.)

Name of the District: **Anantapur.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Anantapur	27,812	24,466	52,278	18,556	9,267	27,823
2.	Guntakal	24,890	23,197	48,087	13,184	5,401	18,585
3.	Hindupur	16,741	15,711	32,452	9,245	5,337	14,582
4.	Tadpatri	11,698	11,437	23,135	6,466	2,483	8,949
5.	Uravakonda	9,156	8,775	17,931	4,317	1,142	5,459
6.	Gooty	9,927	9,238	19,165	5,215	2,672	7,887
7.	Rayadrug	12,206	11,575	23,781	5,719	1,724	7,443
8.	Kalyandrug	5,339	4,905	10,244	2,818	1,100	3,918
9.	Penukonda	4,189	3,811	8,000	2,478	1,328	3,806
10.	Pamidi	4,406	4,313	8,719	2,185	853	3,038
11.	Yadiki	4,774	4,504	9,278	1,935	479	2,414
12.	Dharmavaram	10,486	9,851	20,337	5,521	2,208	7,729
13.	Kadiri	9,402	8,949	18,351	4,017	1,691	5,708
14.	Madakasira	5,099	4,849	9,948	2,164	916	3,080
TOTAL :		156,125	145,581	301,706	83,820	36,601	120,421

APPENDIX C
TABLE — II (Contd.)

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town: (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Kurnool	51,998	48,851	100,849	26,657	14,003	40,660
2.	Adoni	35,616	34,350	69,966	15,859	5,953	21,812
3.	Nandyal	21,938	21,003	42,941	11,950	5,945	17,895
4.	Markapur	8,428	8,239	16,667	4,723	1,880	6,603
5.	Yemmiganur	10,154	9,954	20,108	3,648	851	4,499
6.	Dhone	5,841	5,401	11,242	3,265	1,327	4,592
7.	Banganapalli	4,057	3,948	8,005	1,793	671	2,464
8.	Atmakur	6,718	6,509	13,227	2,859	1,196	4,055
9.	Nandikotkur	6,130	6,021	12,151	2,635	1,133	3,768
10.	Kosigi	5,676	5,660	11,336	1,716	422	2,138
11.	Kodumur	4,621	4,468	9,089	1,789	558	2,347
12.	Pattikonda	5,159	4,998	10,157	2,084	695	2,779
13.	Giddalur	6,268	5,818	12,086	3,423	1,268	4,691
14.	Koilkuntla	4,166	4,020	8,186	2,187	911	3,098
15.	Maddikara	5,440	5,440	10,880	2,074	568	2,642
16.	Cumbum	4,617	4,688	9,305	2,686	1,186	3,872
TOTAL :		186,827	179,368	366,195	89,348	38,567	127,915

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Mahbubnagar.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Mahbubnagar	18,590	16,996	35,586	10,513	4,893	15,406
2.	Narayanpet	10,101	10,414	20,515	4,595	1,479	6,074
3.	Gadwal	8,245	8,145	16,390	3,014	1,154	4,168
4.	Badepalli	4,392	3,950	8,342	2,049	676	2,725
5.	Wanaparty	6,814	5,865	12,679	3,450	1,185	4,635
6.	Farooqnagar	4,293	3,862	8,155	2,149	726	2,875
7.	Maktal	3,275	3,478	6,753	1,319	501	1,820
8.	Utkur	3,287	3,574	6,861	1,129	286	1,415
9.	Kalwakurthy	3,650	3,275	6,925	1,751	585	2,336
10.	Kosigi	4,183	4,521	8,704	1,528	358	1,886
11.	Alampur	3,802	3,570	7,372	1,438	539	1,977
12.	Kollapur	4,152	3,800	7,952	1,828	682	2,510
13.	Nagarkurnool	3,584	3,042	6,626	1,974	687	2,661
14.	Kodangal	3,356	3,467	6,823	1,574	686	2,260
TOTAL :		81,724	77,959	159,683	38,311	14,437	52,748

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : Hyderabad.

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Hyderabad City	649,616	602,721	1,252,337	375,246	207,894	583,070
2.	Tandur	8,576	8,165	16,741	4,357	1,652	6,009
3.	Samshabad	2,945	2,846	5,791	1,474	615	2,089
4.	Vicarabad	4,791	4,327	9,118	2,419	1,036	3,455
TOTAL :		665,928	618,059	1,283,987	383,496	211,127	594,623

APPENDIX C

TABLE—II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Medak.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Medak	8,120	7,769	15,889	4,328	1,868	6,196
2.	Siddipet	9,708	9,021	18,729	5,210	1,581	6,791
3.	Sadasivapet	6,033	6,138	12,171	2,931	932	3,863
4.	Sangareddy	5,237	4,527	9,764	3,221	1,252	4,473
5.	Zahirabad	6,716	6,366	13,082	3,251	1,049	4,300
6.	Jogipet	5,415	5,281	10,696	2,592	771	3,363
7.	Narayankhed	3,166	2,985	6,151	1,200	403	1,603
8.	Kohir	4,186	4,220	8,406	1,494	629	2,123
TOTAL :		48,581	46,307	94,888	24,227	8,485	32,712

APPENDIX C

TABLE -- II

Name of the District : Nizamabad.

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Nizamabad	41,246	37,781	79,027	19,922	7,716	27,638
2.	Bodhan	16,220	14,914	31,134	6,064	2,563	8,627
3.	Kamareddi	5,430	4,912	10,342	2,859	1,010	3,869
4.	Arnur	6,598	6,663	13,261	2,833	798	3,631
5.	Domakonda	3,149	3,355	6,504	1,165	138	1,303
6.	Banswada	4,107	4,094	8,201	1,487	444	1,931
TOTAL :		76,750	71,719	148,469	34,330	12,669	46,999

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District: Adilabad.

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Nirmal	10,114	9,802	19,916	5,215	1,837	7,052
2.	Adilabad	10,830	10,154	20,984	5,460	2,195	7,655
3.	Bellampally	15,376	13,719	29,095	5,387	1,506	6,893
4.	Kagaznagar	16,757	13,883	30,640	8,266	2,826	11,092
5.	Mancherial	7,305	6,513	13,818	2,846	966	3,812
6.	Bhainsa	6,211	6,136	12,347	2,287	929	3,216
7.	Chinnoor	4,806	4,844	9,650	1,879	892	2,771
8.	Asifabad	3,151	3,047	6,198	1,441	475	1,916
9.	Mudhole	3,673	3,892	7,565	1,107	428	1,535
10.	Kadam Dam Site	3,624	2,610	6,234	1,239	350	1,589
TOTAL :		81,847	74,600	156,447	35,127	12,404	47,531

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Karimnagar.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Karimnagar	17,040	14,451	31,491	10,644	4,477	15,121
2.	Jagtial	10,650	10,292	20,942	5,154	2,045	7,199
3.	Peddapalli	5,910	5,797	11,707	2,862	1,213	4,075
4.	Koratla	5,669	6,109	11,778	2,408	736	3,144
5.	Sircilla	8,391	7,077	15,468	3,873	859	4,732
6.	Manthani	3,847	3,930	7,777	1,654	808	2,462
7.	Vemulavada	3,561	3,865	7,426	1,574	596	2,170
8.	Metpalli	3,888	3,975	7,863	1,470	413	1,883
TOTAL :		58,956	55,496	114,452	29,639	11,147	40,786

APPENDIX C
TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : Warangal.

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Warangal	80,910	75,253	156,163	42,990	17,352	60,342
2.	Jangaon	6,129	5,833	11,962	3,086	1,145	4,231
3.	Mahbubabad	6,974	6,318	13,292	3,278	1,289	4,567
4.	Hasanparti	3,866	3,770	7,636	1,064	210	1,274
5.	Dornakal	4,820	4,451	9,271	2,592	1,169	3,761
6.	Parkal	3,567	3,173	6,740	1,425	420	1,845
7.	Narasampet	3,608	3,262	6,870	1,487	392	1,879
8.	Cheriyal	3,088	2,897	5,985	1,010	363	1,373
TOTAL :		112,962	104,957	217,919	56,932	22,340	79,272

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : **Khammam.**

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Khammam	18,756	17,131	35,887	10,956	5,330	16,286
2.	Kothagudem	36,372	33,349	69,721	15,522	5,938	21,460
3.	Yellandu	5,723	5,235	10,958	2,969	1,306	4,275
4.	Madhira	3,338	2,726	6,064	1,887	859	2,746
5.	Bhadrachalam	2,976	2,764	5,740	1,690	981	2,671
TOTAL :		67,165	61,205	128,370	33,024	14,414	47,438

APPENDIX C

TABLE — II (Contd.)

Name of the District : Nalgonda.

S. No. (1)	Name of the Town. (2)	Population			Literates.		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Total (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Total (8)
1.	Nalgonda	12,914	11,529	24,443	7,711	3,471	11,182
2.	Bhongir	9,114	8,444	17,558	4,902	1,919	6,821
3.	Miryalguda	5,308	4,702	10,010	2,946	1,153	4,099
4.	Devarkonda	4,393	3,900	8,293	2,498	834	3,332
5.	Suryapet	8,810	7,349	16,159	5,439	2,201	7,640
6.	Aleru	3,880	3,619	7,499	1,658	573	2,231
7.	Vijayapuri	31,232	24,152	55,384	12,127	3,292	15,419
8.	Huzurnagar	3,863	3,474	7,337	1,556	505	2,061
TOTAL :		79,514	67,169	146,683	38,837	13,948	52,785

APPENDIX D

SPECIMENS OF CENSUS SCHEDULES

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CONFIDENTIAL

CENSUS OF INDIA 1961

[To be filled up during Enumeration]

Is this an institution ?

PART I—HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE

LOCATION CODE : _____

Full Name of Head of Household _____

S. C.
S. T.

A. Cultivation		Local name of right on land		Area in acres	
1. Land under cultivation by Household					
(i) owned or held from Government					
		_____		_____	
		_____		_____	
(ii) held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share					
		_____		_____	
		_____		_____	
(iii) Total of items (i) and (ii)					
		
2. Land given to private persons for cultivation for payment in money, kind or share					
		_____		_____	
		_____		_____	
B. Household Industry		Nature of Industry		Number of months in the year during which conducted	
Household industry (not on the scale of a registered factory) conducted by the Head of the household himself and/or mainly members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas and only at home in urban areas.					
		_____		_____	
		_____		_____	
(a)					
(b)					
C. Workers at Cultivation or Household Industry		Members of family working :			Hired workers
Members including Head of family working and hired workers, if any, kept whole-time during current or last working season.					
	Head	Other males	Other females	Total	
1. Household Cultivation only	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2. Household Industry only	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. Both in Household Cultivation & Household Industry	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Dated Signature of Supervisor

Dated Signature of Enumerator

Note : Part II—Census Population Record overleaf should be filled up during the first round of enumeration (10 February to 28 February) from the enumeration slips relating to the household and brought up-to-date with corrections, if any, after the second visit during check period 1 March to 3 March, 1961.

Location Code _____

1 (a) Name _____

Relationship to Head _____ Age last birthday

3 Marital Status _____ 4 (a) Birth-place _____

4 (b) Born R/U 4 (c) Duration of residence if born elsewhere

5 (a) Nationality *British* 5 (b) Religion *Methodist*

5 (c) S. C./S. T. _____ 6 Literacy & Education _____

7 (a) Mother tongue _____ 7 (b) Any other language(s) _____

8 Working as Cultivator _____ 9 Working as Agricultural labourer _____

10 Working at Household Industry { (a) Nature of work _____ (b) Nature of Household Industry _____ (c) If Employee

11 Doing Work Other than 8, 9 or 10 { (a) Nature of Work _____ (b) Nature of industry, Profession, Trade or Service _____ (c) Class of Worker (d) Nature of Establishment _____

12 Activity if Not Working 13 Sex

Line No.	Building Number (Municipal or local authority or Census Number, if any)	Building Number (Column 2) with sub-numbers for each census house	Purpose for which census house used, e. g., dwelling, shop, shop-cum-dwelling, business factory, workshop, school or other institution, jail, hostel, hotel etc.	If this census house is used as an establishment, workshop or factory				Description of census house		Sub-number of each census household with census house number (Column 3)	Name of Head of Household	No. of rooms in census household	Does the household live in own or rented house? (a) Own (O), (b) Rented (R)	No. of persons in household	
				Name of establishment or proprietor	Name of product(s), repair or servicing undertaken	Average No. of persons employed daily last week (including proprietor, or household members if working)	Kind of fuel or power if machinery is used	Material of wall	Material of roof					Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
9															
0															
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
9															
0															

Certified that the information is correct to the best of my knowledge

Signature of Enumerator _____

Date _____

Total for page _____

X

