

CENSUS OF INDIA 1961

VOLUME XX

HIMACHAL PRADESH

PART II-A

GENERAL POPULATION TABLES & PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACTS

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CENSUS OF INDIA 1961-PUBLICATIONS

Central Government Publications

1961 Cen	sus Re	eport, Volume XX—Himachal Pradesh, will be in the following Parts—
I-A	•••	General Report
I-B	••	Report on Vital Statistics of the decade including reprints
I-C	••	Subsidiary Tables
II-A	••	General Population Tables and Primary Census Abstracts (The present part)
II-B	••	Economic Tables
II-C	••	Cultural and Migration Tables
III	••	Household Economic Tables
IV	••	Report and Tables on Housing and Establishments
V-A	••	Special Tables on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (including reprints)
V-B	••	Ethnographic notes on Scheduled Castes and Tribes
VI	••	Village Survey Monographs (35 villages)
VII-A	••	Survey of Handicrafts
VII-B	••	Fairs and Festivals
VIII-A		Administrative Report-Enumeration (For official use only)
VIII-B	••	Administrative Report-Tabulation (For official use only)
IX	••	Maps

1961 Census Himachal Pradesh Government Publications

District Handbook—1 Chamba District Handbook-2 Mandi District Handbook-3 Bilaspur District Handbook-4 Mahasu District Handbook-5 Sirmur District Handbook-6 Kinnaur

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SIMLA,

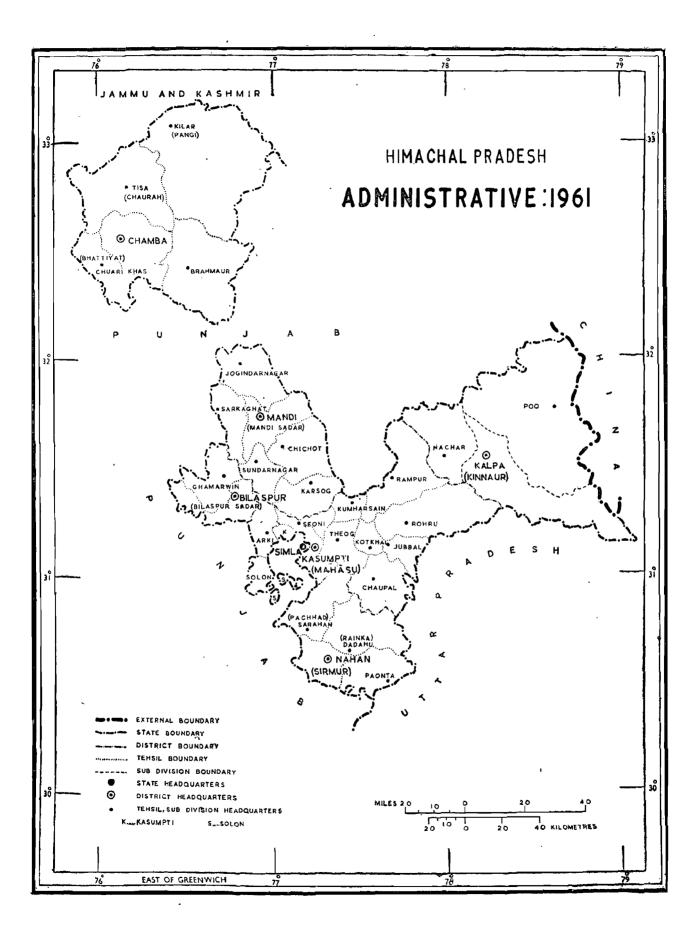
RAM CHANDRA PAL SINGH

Diwali, Saka, 1885 15th November, 1963 .

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The second Census of free India was held in general in February-March, 1961. This census, like the previous ones, was held according to universally accepted fundamental rules, namely, that census should be simultaneous throughout the country, regular, universal and must cover every human being. There was, however, a little departure here in the dates of enumeration in non-synchronous (snowbound) areas.

Conducting census—a gigantic task—required detailed planning in advance, elaborate arrangements and a strict schedule of the operations. This huge task could be accomplished only by harnessing the vast administrative machinery of the Government.

As already stated elaborate arrangements had to be made for the census. These were, broadly speaking, arrangement of census personnel, territorial organisation, training of census workers and census operations proper.

The Census being a Central subject, the Central Government in pursuance of section 3 of the Census Act of 1948, which provided ⁵the legal basis, issued a Notification on the 5th December, 1959, declaring that a census of population of India would be taken during the year 1961.

To direct, guide and operate all the details connected with the taking of the census in all the units constituting the Union, a Census Commissioner (Registrar General) was appointed by the Central Government. Next, a State Census Superintendent was appointed for each State and Union Territory. The State Governments and Union Territories on their part loaned the services of their administrative personnel for census operations.

The 1961 Census in Himachal Pradesh was completed on the 5th March, 1961, and the actual period of enumeration was spread over the period from the 10th February to 1st March (sunrise), 1961, followed by a revisional round from the 2nd March to 5th March, 1961. This was the scheduled period for enumeration in Himachal Pradesh in respect of non-suowbound areas. In snowbound areas the counting was done on different dates as under—

- (i) Snowbound areas of Chamba District-5th September to 21st September (sunrise), 1960.
- (ii) Snowbound areas of Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts—15th October to 1st November (sunrise) 1960.

In Snowbound areas of Chamba District the revisional round was held from the 21st September to 23rd September, 1960, and in snowbound areas of Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts the revisional round was done from the 1st November to 3rd November, 1960.

Since enumeration in the snowbound areas had to be undertaken almost 6 months earlier than the general enumeration, the setting up of district census organisations at a very early date was a necessity.

Before taking any concrete steps in the building up of vast census organisation, the Registrar General, India, had prescribed certain pre-tests on the results of which the various schedules and forms had to be finally drawn up. In Himachal Pradesh two pre-tests were held and the work was entrusted primarily to the Director of Economics and Statistics. The main points of study in the first pre-test were—

- (i) Houselist forms
- (ii) Sequence of Enumeration Schedules
- (iii) Household Schedules
- (iv) Individual Slips
- (v) Enumeration
- (vi) Time taken for filling up the Enumeration Schedules
- (vii) Supervisors
- (viii) Co-operation from the public
- (ix) General points

In the second pre-test all the above items required further study and there was an additionalitem of 'wastage' on account of un-used slips.

All these things were further discussed at the conference of the Superintendents of Census Operations held at Delhi between September 24, and October 1, 1959, where all the census schedules, forms and the instructions for filling up the same were finally drawn up. Various steps in respect of census had to be completed strictly according to the schedule. It was, therefore, absolutely necessary to draw up a calendar according to which the work could follow systematically. Accordingly, the following census calendars were drawn up for Himachal Pradesh with the approval of the Registrar General—

Census Calendar—General

Sevial No.	Principal items of census work				Dates for completion
1	2				3
1	District Census Officers appointed		•	•	1st February, 1960
2	Preliminary district and tehsil maps begun and completed.	•	• .	•	15th February to 31st March, 1960
3	 Training for housenumbering and preparation of houselists of (a) District Census Officers and Charge Officers (b) Housenumbering Staff (Patwaries and Kanungos) 	•			15th February to 31st March, 1960 1st April to 30th April, 1960
4	Housenumbering and preparation of honselists	•	•	•	lst May to 30th June, 1960
5	Delimitation of enumeration blocks and circles	•	•	•	lst July, 1960
6	Finalization of maps under item two with charge circles, supe and enumerators' blocks marked thereon	rviso	ry circ	les	1st July to 15th July, 1960

Census Calendar-General-contd.

Serial No.	Principal items of consus work	Dates for completion
1	2	3
8	Training for enumeration of—	1st July to 31st July, 1960 1st August to 31st August, 1960 1st September to 30th September, 1960 10th October to 9th November, 1960 10th November to 9th December, 1960 10th December to 25th December, 1960
r	(iv) 4th round (Intensive training of circle Supervisors and Enume- rators)	1st January to 31st January, 1961
10	Enumeration (a) In Households	10th February to 1st March (sunrise), 1961 28th February (night), 2nd March to 4th March, 1961
11	Revisional round	2nd March to 5th March, 1961
12	Furnishing provisional population figures (a) Submission by Enumerators to the circle Supervisors of records, forms	6th March; 1961
	and abstracts (b) Submission of records, forms and abstracts by circle Supervisors to	7th March, 1961
	the Charge Officers (c) Provisional totals to be given by Charge Officers to District Census	8th March, 1961
	Officers—by telegram/telephone/special messenger (d) Provisional totals to be given by District Census Officers to Registrar General and Superintendent of Census Operations—by telegram	9th March, 1961
Seria	Census Calendar—Non-Synchronous (Snowboun Principal items of census work	
No.		Dates for completion
№ 0. 1	2	Dates for completion
1	-	-
1	2 Principal items o scensus work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General (a) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba	3
1 to 7	2 Principal items o scensus work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General	3 1st July to 15th July, 1980
1 to 7 8	 2 Principal items o t census work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General (a) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Training for enumeration of— 	3 1st July to 15th July, 1960 1st July to 31st July, 1960 1st August to 14th August, 1960
1 . to 7 8 9	 2 Principal items o t census work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General (a) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Appointment of eensus circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Training for enumeration of— (a) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions 	3 1st July to 15th July, 1960 1st July to 31st July, 1960 1st August to 14th August, 1960
1 to 7 8 9	 2 Principal items o t census work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General (a) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Appointment of eensus circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Training for enumeration of— (a) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions 	3 Ist July to 15th July, 1960 Ist July to 31st July, 1960 Ist August to 14th August, 1960 15th August to 31st August, 1960
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1 to 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	2 Principal items o scensus work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General (a) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Appointment of eensus circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Training for enumeration of— (a) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Intensive training and training sample census, Chamba region Intensive training and training sample census, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Enumeration, Chamba region Enumeration, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Enumeration, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions (a) Circle Supervisors (Chamba region) (b) Circle Supervisors (Chamba region) (c) Circle Supervisors (c) Circle Supervisor	3 1st July to 15th July, 1960 1st July to 31st July, 1960 1st August to 14th August, 1960 15th August to 31st August, 1960 15th August to 31st August, 1960 15th August to 30th September, 1960 5th to 21st September (sunrise), 1960 15th October to 1st November (sunrise),
1 to 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	2 Principal items o scensus work and dates for completion—same as in census calendar 1961—General (a) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (b) Appointment of census circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Training for enumeration of— (a) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Chamba region (a) Circle Supervisors and Enumerators, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Intensive training and training sample census, Chamba region Intensive training and training sample census, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions Enumeration, Chamba region Enumeration, Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur regions	3 1st July to 15th July, 1960 1st July to 31st July, 1960 1st August to 14th August, 1960 15th August to 31st August, 1960 15th August to 31st August, 1960 15th September to 30th September, 1960 5th to 21st September (sunrise), 1960 15th October to 1st November (sunrise), 1960

1

The census schedules and forms finally approved in the conference of the Superintendents of Census Operations at Delhi were obtained from the Government Printing Press, Aligarh, and these were received in time. For Himachal Pradesh all these forms and schedules were printed in Hindi.

Instructions in Hindi for filling up the census schedules were issued well in time for use of the census workers.

As census was to cover every human being, he was best located and counted at his place of residence. And then again, as the results of the population count were to be presented in reference to every village, ward/mohalla, town, tehsil/sub-tehsil/sub-division, district, in a State/Union Territory it called for graduated demarcation of the State/ Union Territory into census divisions down to the house where a person lived.

The villages in rural areas were grouped into enumeration blocks or split into enumeration blocks in the case of bigger villages according to the size fixed for an enumeration block. In urban areas also enumeration blocks were constituted according to the size fixed for a block. The enumeration blocks were then grouped to form supervisory circles. A number of these supervisory circles constituted a charge which corresponded with the boundaries of an administrative unit forming a tehsil/sub-tehsil/sub-division in the districts. The total census divisions, supervisory circles and enumeration blocks in Himachal Pradesh were as shown below—

1. District	•		6
2. Tehsils/sub-tehsils/sub-divisions		•	31
3. Supervisory circles		•	520
4. Enumeration blocks	•	•	2,082
5. Census villages			11,797
6. Revenue villages			10,907
7. Occupied Residential Houses-			
(a) Number of Houses			248,174
(b) Number of Households .	•		255,921

Obviously to achieve a successful count the setting up of a vast organisation was called for. The District Census Officers and Charge Officers were appointed first in all the six districts of the Pradesh. One Charge Officer was appointed incharge of every tehsil/sub-tehsil in every district. The Charge Officer had under him Circle Supervisors and Enumerators depending upon the number of enumeration blocks. Each Supervisor controlled a certain number of Enumerators. The District Census Officers and the Charge Officers were also provided with necessary office staff.

In all, the whole enumeration organisation at the Pradesh level comprised of the following-

District Census	Offic	ers	6		
Charge Officers			31		
Supervisors	•	•	520		
Enumerators	•	•	in exce enumera	ss of ation h	3 enumerators the number of locks were enga- al hands)

The Revenue Assistants in the districts worked as District Census Officers and the Tehsildar/Naib-tehsildars functioned as Charge Officers in each tehsil/sub-tehsil. The Supervisors and the Enumerators were the employees of the various Government Offices of Himachal Pradesh, excepting two military personnel.

On an average 648 persons or 123 households were enumerated by an Enumerator in each enumeration block. Primary census unit for enumeration was, however, a village in rural areas and a ward/mohalla in urban areas.

Maps had been prepared of tehsils/sub-tehsils/sub-divisions showing all the villages with their Hadbast numbers, the enumeration blocks, and the supervisory circles. A notional map had also been prepared for each village showing the number and location of houses therein. This helped the Enumerator in an orderly count of persons in the village. Registers had also been prepared listing all villages and wards/ mohallas which helped in their delimitation into enumeration blocks according to population and households in each of them. It had been prescribed that an enumeration block in a rural area on an average should consist of 750 persons or 150 census households and in urban areas of 600 persons or 120 census households. According to this formula in some towns there was only one block in each, in some others each ward/ mohalla formed an enumeration block, and in others wards/ mohallas had to be split to form a number of enumeration blocks. In rural areas generally a number of villages were grouped together to form one enumeration block, because in Himachal Pradesh, population of villages is generally not very high to justify the formation of an enumeration block for every village. However, in all such cases account of each village had been kept separately. Some villages were quite large and each one of them constituted a separate block and some still larger villages were split into a number of blocks.

Before formation of enumeration blocks, an account had to be taken of the boundary changes in the Pradesh, districts and tehsils/sub-tehsils/sub-divisions since 1951 Census. Excepting the merger of Bilaspur Part 'C' State into Himachal Pradesh in July 1954, there was no other change in the boundary of the Pradesh, but there were changes in the boundaries of the districts, tehsils/sub-tehsils and due cognisance was taken of them. A major change was the formation of the new district of Kinnaur out of Mahasu District on the 1st May, 1960.

Every person was to be counted at his place of residence and for that purpose it was necessary to number all buildings and delimit a census house which was a structure or part of a strueture inhabited or vacant, or a dwelling, a shop, a shop-cumdwelling or a place of business, workshop, school, etc., with a separate entrance. If a building had a number of flats or blocks which had separate entrances of their own and were independent of each other giving on the road or a common stair-case or a common court-yard leading to a main gate, they were considered as separate census houses. If within an enclosed or open compound there were separate buildings then each such building was considered as a separate census house. If all the structures within an enclosed compound were together treated as one building then each structure with a separate entrance was treated as a separate census house. An account was taken of the occupied census houses where census households resided. A census household was a group of persons who commonly lived together and took their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevented any of them from doing so.

To have a clear idea of census houses and households it was necessary to carry out the numbering and listing of the same. This was got done through the agency of the Revenue Department. Each census house/household was separately. numbered and number of persons residing in them was also noted. Accordingly houselists were prepared separately for each village in rural areas and for each ward/mohalla in each urban area according to a set pattern.

The enumeration blocks were constituted after the lists of all census houses/households were prepared and these lists also gave an idea as to how many enumeration blocks were to be constituted and how many enumerators were required to carry out the job properly. The strength of census staff required for carrying out actual enumeration has already been given above. After their appointment the next question was to impart them training for filling up of individual slips, household schedule, etc. The training was planned with the quality of results in view. It covered all aspects of census and a clear understanding of definitions and concepts. Every one was to be made conversant with the job that he was to undertake and nothing could be left to one's thinking and imagination in the performance of one's duty. Minimum of four training classes were held. Practical training in filling the enumeration schedules was given so that everyone knew how to fill the schedules correctly. The final and last training was held quite close to the start of enumeration when the various enumeration forms and schedules, to be used by the Enumerators and Supervisors during actual census count in the respective enumeration blocks, were given to them.

After the final round of training, the stage was set for the actual census operations during the enumeration period mentioned earlier. This period was divided into two stages. The first stage was the enumeration round when the Enumerator visited every census house and enumerated all persons residing therein. The second stage was the check or revisional round for recording all new births, deaths and fresh arrivals in a census house which might have occurred between the time the Enumerator visited it in the enumeration round and the last date of enumeration round, which was sunrise of March 1, 1961 in the case of general census count and September 21 (sunrise), 1960 and November 1 (sunrise), 1960, in the case of Chamba District non-synchronous (snowbound) areas and Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts non-synchronous (snowbound) areas respectively.

The check or revisional round was absolutely essential to ensure that not a single human being escaped enumeration within the area of each Enumerator.

There was possibility of double counting during the general enumeration period between the 10th February and the 1st March, 1961, of migratory persons already counted in snowbound areas earlier. This was safeguarded by issuing enumeration passes to such persons during the enumeration in snowbound areas. They were required to show the passes to Enumerators during the general count.

Enumeration in special areas, i.e., military cantonments was done through the agency of the military authorities.

Enumeration of houseless persons, i.e., pavement dwellers or others who did not form part of census households alongwith those persons who did not normally reside in houses, i.e., members of wandering tribes, tramps, sadhus, etc., was also dono on the dates specified in the two census calendars.

A strict time table was laid down in the census calendars for the reporting of the population count from the field, and provisional population figures district-wise, as given in the statement below, were made public. The final population figures are also given side by side in the statement.

STATEMENT 1

Provisional and final population figures of Himachal Pradesh

Union Ter	ritory/Di	strict		Provisi- onal popula- tion figures	Final popula- tion figures	Variation
1				2	3	4
Himachal	Pradesh	•	•	1,348,982	1,351,144	+2,162
Chamba				210,177	210,579	+402
Mandi				383,607	384,259	+652
Bilaspur	•	•	•	158,544	158,806	+262
Mahasu	•			358,430	358,969	
Sirmur	• •	•	•	197,584	197,551	—33
Kinnaur	,	•	•	40,640	40,980	+ 34 0

At the 1961 Census the following three documents were prepared—

- (1) Houselist
- (2) Household Schedule
- (3) Individual Slip

The Houselist was prepared two to saven months before the enumeration and all the houses and households were listed for purposes of enumeration. In the 1961 Census a standard form was adopted for the first time throughout the country which was designed to collect information on the use to which a census house was put, on the material of wall, material of roof of a census house, whether the census house was owned or rented, and the number of rooms, if the house was used for dwelling, together with essential data concerning houses that were used as establishments, workshops or factories, like name of Establishment or Proprietor, name of Product (s) produced, repaired or serviced, number of persons working and kind of fuel or power, if machinery was used.

The Household Schedule was introduced for the first time in the 1961 Census, no data based on the household as such having been collected in earlier censuses. Through the Household Schedule information on the extent of land cultivated by the household either owned or held from Government or held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share, land given to private persons for cultivation for payment in money, kind or share, nature of household industry conducted by the household and the duration of the industry in a year along with number of family workers and hired workers engaged in cultivation or household industry or in both were collected. At the back of the Household Schedule there was a Census Population Record as counted at the Census in each household giving an abstract of information for each indi-vidual enumerated in the household, e.g., name, sex, relationship to head of household, age, marital status and descrip. tion of work, if working.

In the Individual Slip essential demographic data like relationship to head of household, sex, age, marital status and birthplace, social and cultural data like nationality, religion, literacy and mother-tongue and economic data like occupation, industry, class of worker, and activity if not working were also collected.

A sample of each of the three documents is given in the annexure to this publication.

The actual count having been completed as given in brief above the next stage was the sorting and compilation of the entries recorded in various forms and schedules. For this purpose a separate organisation called the Tabulation Office was needed and in Himachal Pradesh 161 hands were employed on this work. Each Individual Slip had to be handled about 60 times for extracting various kinds of information and the results obtained were to be set-forth in various census publications.

The present publication 'Part II-A', relates to four 'General Population Tables', viz., (1) Table A-I—Area, Houses and Population, (2) Table A-II—Variation in population during sixty years, (3) Table A-III—Villages classified by population, (4) Table A-IV—Towns and Town-groups classified by population in 1961 with variation since 1901 and the Primary Consus Abstracts.

According to the Tabulation Plan for the 1961 Census 5 tables mainly devoted to housing conditions and establishments, workshops and factories would be produced from the Houselists. Eight Household Economic Tables and two tables on Household Size and Composition of Households would be produced from the Household Schedules. The Individual Slips besides the four General Population Tables and Primary Census Abstracts mentioned above, would additionally yield 9 Economic Tables, 7 Social and Cultural Tables, 6 Migration Tables and 7 Special Tables for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. All this information would be brought out in separate publications.

There were some unique features of 1961 Census and these were---

- (1) Block maps
- (1) Block maps
 (2) Uniform Houselists and Housing Tables
 (3) Household Schedules and Census Population Record
 (4) Household Economic Tables
- (5) Industrial and Occupational Classifications, as distinct from classification of Livelihoods
 (6) Special Migration Tables
 (7) Tables for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
 (9) Annual classification
- (8) Age classification
- (9) Classification by Educational Qualifications
 (10) Classification of Non-workers

In the foregoing account a mention has been made of village maps (Block maps), Houselists and Household Schedules. Out of these, Household Schedules have been kept in the Office of the Superintendent of Census Operations alongwith a set of Block maps and Houselists. Another set of the Block maps and Houselists would be stored at tehsil head-Block maps and Housensts would be stored at tensi head-quarters concerned. Another unique feature introduced this time is that an exhaustive fly-leaf precedes each table and this fly-leaf gives a detailed account of the table. As already stated the tables that follow give information about 'General Population' in respect of the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh, but for a comparative study at State level a table (the target 2) with a population of all States and Union Tartish, but of a comparison of all States and Union Territories constituting the Union of India follows this note.

STATEMENT 2

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Population of India, Zones, States, Union Territories and other areas

Females	males	12	941 963 845	880 896 828	922 938 826	944 979 738	938 981 831	986 995 952	617 630 573	1,071 1,084 1,010
	Females	11	212,941,570 176,794,073 36,147,497	22,488,780 17,785,590 4,703,190	50,906,404 44,525,297 6,381,107	$55,161,993 \\ 48,931,985 \\ 6,230,008$	29,152,723 21,675,166 7,477,557	54,883,293 43,583,357 11,299,936	24,244 19,115 5,129	324,133 273,563 50,570
Population	Males	10	226,293,201 183,504,095 42,789,106	25,544,366 19,860,832 5,683,534	55,212,405 47,486,383 7,726,022	58,431,503 49,987,352 8,444,151	31,092,308 22,090,680 9,001,628	<i>55,670,781</i> <i>43,796,050</i> 11,874,731	$\begin{array}{c} 39,304 \\ 30,358 \\ 8,946 \end{array}$	302,534 252,440 50,094
_	Persons	6	439,234,771 360,298,168 78,936,603	48,033,146 37,646,422 10,386,724	106,118,809 92,011,680 14,107,129	113,593,496 98,919,337 14,674,159	60,245,031 43,765,846 16,479,185	110,554,074 87,379,407 23,174,667	63,548 49,473 14,075	626,667 526,003 100,664
No. of commised	residential houses	8	78,855,586 65,070,272 13,785,314	7,811,715 6,122,208 1,689,507	18,277,393 15,916,326 2,361,067	21,204,758 18,443,959 2,760,799	10,961,119 7,88 $4,054$ 3,077,065	20,466,099 16,588,917 3,877,182	12,467 9,378 3,089	122,035 105,430 16,605
$\mathbf{N}_{0,0}\mathbf{f}$		7	2,700 2,700	393 393	486 486	470 470		890 890	л. Т	13 .: 13
llages	Uninhabited	6	54,868 54,868	5,197 5,197	19,149 19,149 	21,548 21,548	3,449 3,449 	5,511 5,511	13 13 	ч :
No. of villages	Inhabited Ur	ũ	567,351 567,351 	70,783 70,783	183,038 183,038	188,823 · 188,823 ·	54,507 54,507	69,556 69,556	399 399	245 245
Population		4	358 297 5,305	197 156 3,686	375 327 8,412	434 381 7,348	318 235 5,016	<i>451</i> 364 4,556	$20 \\ 15 \\ 4,630$	4 38 370 9,041
Area in	Sq. miles	က		 (a) 244,381 (b) 244,135 241,317 241,317 	 (a) 284,871 (b) 282,921 281,244 1,677 	 (a) 261,492 (b) 261,925 259,928 1,997 	(a) 191,151 (b) 189,527 186,250 3,277	(a) 246,025 (b) 245,248 240,161 5,087	$\substack{@3,215\\3,212\\3,212\\3}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} (a) & 1,426 \\ (b) & 1,431 \\ 1,423 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$
Total Buml	Urban	ମ	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban
India/Zone/Sbate/Union	<i>C</i> IONITIAT	1	INDIA	I Northern Zone	II ⁻ Central Zone	III Eastern Zone •	IV Western Zone	V Southern Zone	A ndaman & Nicobar ⁻ Islands	Goa, Daman & Diu

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STATES												
l Andhra Pradesh	. Total Rural Urban	(a)	106,286 106,053 104,607 1,446	339 284 4,340	27,084 27,084 	1,913 1,913 	223 223	6,979,507 5,829,387 1,150,120	35,983,447 29,708,939 6,274,508	$\begin{array}{c} 18, 161, 671 \\ 14, 945, 712 \\ 3, 215, 959 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 17,821,776\\ 14,763,227\\ 3,058,549\end{array}$	981 988. 951
2 Assam • •	- Total Rural Urban	$\begin{pmatrix} a \end{pmatrix}$	47,091 47,257 47,141 116	$251 \\ 232 \\ 7,870$	25,702 25,702 	1,565 1,565 	60 60	2,186,749 2,022,423 164,326	$\begin{array}{c} 11,872,772\\ 10,959,744\\ 913,028 \end{array}$	6,328,129 5,783,675 544,454	5,544,643 5,176,069 368,574	876 895 677
3 Bihar • •	• Total Rural Urban	$\begin{pmatrix} a \end{pmatrix}$	67,196 66,936 66,147 789	$694 \\ 643 \\ 4,960$	67,665 67,665	10,428 10,428 ۰۰ ج	153 153	6,885,541 6,264,187 621,354	$\begin{array}{c} 46,455,610\\ 42,541,690\\ 3,913,920 \end{array}$	23,301,449 21,140,292 2,161,157	23,154,161 21,401,398 1,752,763	$\begin{array}{c} 994 \\ 1,012 \\ 811 \end{array}$
4 Gujarat .	• Total Rural Urban	(a)	72,245 71,056 70,323 733	$^{290}_{7,194}$	18,584 18,584 	433 433 	181 181	3,728,655 2,765,722 962,933	$\begin{array}{c} 20,633,350\\ 15,316,726\\ 5,316,624 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,633,902\\7,830,222\\2,803,680\end{array}$	9,999,448 7,486,504 2,512,944	940 956 896
5 Jammu & Kashmir	. Total Rural Urban		@53,665 53,547 118	66 55 5,031	6,559 6,559 	167 167 	43 43	566,766 481,749 85,017	3,560,976 2,967,661 593,315	$1,896,633\\1,574,946\\321,687$	1,664,343 1,392,715 271,628	878 884 844
6 Kerala .	. Total Rural Urban	$\begin{pmatrix} a \end{pmatrix}$	15,002 15,003 14,571 432	$^{1,127}_{5,919}$	1,573 1,573 	લલ :	92 92:	$\begin{array}{c} 2,803,533\\ 2,422,217\\ 381,316\end{array}$	$\begin{matrix} 16,903,715\\ 14,349,574\\ 2,554,141 \end{matrix}$	8,361,927 7,079,168 1,282,759	8,541,788 7,270,406 1,271,382	$1,022 \\ 1,027 \\ 991$
7 Madhya Pradesh	• Total Rural Urban	$(a) \\ (b) \\ (b) \\ (b) \\ (b) \\ (c) $	171,217 169,042 168,322 720	$192 \\ 165 \\ 6,428$	70,414 70,414	6,429 6,429	219 219	6,230,854 5,376,498 854,356	32,372,408 27,745,174 4,627,234	$\begin{array}{c} 16,578,204\\ 14,085,038\\ 2,493,166\end{array}$	15,794,204 13,660,136 2,134,068	953 970 856
8 Madras •	• Total Rural Urban	$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$	50,331 50,154 48,138 2,016	$672 \\ 513 \\ 4,459$	14,124 14,124 	615 615 	339 339	6,365,474 4,963,130 1,402,344	33,686,953 24,696,425 8,990,528	16,910,978 12,331,586 4,579,392	16,775,975 12,364,859 4,411,136	$\begin{array}{c} 992\\ 1,003\\ 963\end{array}$
9 Maharashtra .	• Total Rural Urban	$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}$	118,717 118,280 115,736 2,544	$334 \\ 245 \\ 4,389$	35,851 35,851 	3,016 3,016 	266 266	7,222,676 5,108,544 2,114,132	39,553,718 28,391,157 11,162,561	20,428,882 14,230,934 6,197,948	19,124,836 14,160,223 4,964,613	936 995 801
10 Mysore .	. Total Rural Urban	$\begin{pmatrix} a \end{pmatrix}$	74,210 73,846 72,662 1,184	319 252 4,447	26,377 26,377	2,972 2,972 	231 231 231	4,250,167 3,319,776 930,391	23,586,772 18,320,279 5,266,493	12,040,923 9,287,660 2,753,263	$\begin{array}{c} 11,545,849\\9,032,619\\2,513,230\end{array}$	959 973 9 13
@ Surveyor General's figures.	nteral's figu		State Survey figures not available.	gures not av	ailable.							

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2=contd.	
STATEMENT	

Population of India, Zones, States, Union Territories and other areas

Females per 1,000 males	12		1,001 1,015 807	864 878 814	908 913 882	909 924 812	878 943 701		617 630 573	785 847 777
Bemales	11		8,778,260 8,282,598 495,662	9,415,236 7,580,933 1,834,303	9,591,520 8,053,244 1,538,276	35,112,200 30,865,161 4,247,039	$\begin{array}{c} 16,327,135\\ 12,806,393\\ 3,520,742 \end{array}$		24,244 10,115 5,129	1,169,234 137,212 1,032,022
Population Males	10		8,770,586 8,156,598 613,988	$10,891,576\\8,637,284\\2,254,292$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,564,082\\ 8,820,880\\ 1,743,202\end{array}$	38,634,201 33,401,345 5,232,856	13,579,044 5,020,100		39,304 30,358 8,946	$1,489,378\\161,992\\1,327,386$
al Persons	6		17,548,846 16,439,196 1,109,650	$\begin{array}{c} 20,306,812\ 16,218,217\ 4,088,595\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,155,602\ 16,874,124\ 3,281,478\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 73,746,401\\ 64,266,506\\ 9,479,895\end{array}$	34,926,279 26,385,437 8,540,842		63,548 49,473 14,075	2,658,612 299,204 2,359,408
No. of occupied residential houses	8		3,316,824 3,098,851 217,973	3,464,122 2,685,821 778,301	3, 172,851 2,673,676 499,175	$\begin{array}{c} 12,046,539\\ 10,539,828\\ 1,506,711\end{array}$	8,377,402 6,649,427 1,727,975		12,407 9,378 3,089	$359,802 \\ 45,604 \\ 314,198$
No. of towns	7		62 62	189 189	145 145	267 267	184 : 184		⁻ :-	ເບ ີ ເບ
No. of villages	9		5,659 5,659	1,405 1,405	2,285 2,285 	12,720 12,720 	3,486 3,486 		13 13	24 24 :
Inhat	IJ.		46,466 46,466 	21,269 21,269	32,241 32,241 	112,624 112,624 	38,465 38,465 38,465		399 399	276 276
Population per Sq. mile	4		292 275 2,792	429 346 9,476	$153 \\ 130 \\ 1,548 $	648 569 9,903	1,021 787 12,978		20 15 4,630	4,640 670 18,714
Area in Sq. miles	ಣ		60,164 60,172 59,775 397	47,106 47,305 46,873 432	$\begin{array}{c} 132,152\\ 131,890\\ 129,771\\ 2,119\end{array}$	113,654 $113,879$ $112,922$ 957	$\begin{array}{c} 33,829\\ 34,194\\ 33,536\\ 658\end{array}$		@3,215 3,212 3	573 573 447 126
Total Rural Urban	57		Total (a) Rural (b) Urban	T _o tal (a) Rural Urban	T _{ota} l (a) Rural Urban	Total (a) Rural (b) Urban	Total (a) Rural (b) Urban		Total Rural Urban	Total (a) Rural (b) Urban
India/Zone/State/Union Torritory	1.	STATES	11 Orissa	12 Punjab	13 Rajasthan	14 Uttar Pradesh 1 1	15 West Bengal . : 1 E	UNION • TERRI: TORIES & OTHER AREAS	I Andoman and Nicobar Islands . 7 B .	2 Dolhi R R U

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923 934 729	1,020 1,020 	1,015 1,018 985	932 936 88 4	963 	1,071 1,084 1,010	1,013 1,001 1,053	894 894
648,447 621,486 28,961	12,173 12,173	392,979 359,383 33,596	550,768 502,428 48,340	28,439 28,439	324,133 273,563 50,570	185,732 140,093 45,639	158,878 158,878
702,697 665,730 36,967	, 11,935 11,935	387,058 352,037 34,121	591,237 536,580 54,657	29,524 29,524	302,534 252,440 50,094	183,347 139,989 43,358	177,680 177,680
1,351,144 1,287,216 63,928	24,108 24,108	780,037 712,320 67,717	$1,142,005\\1,039,008\\102,997$	57,963 57,963	626,667 526,003 100,664	369,079 280.082 88,997	336,558 336,558
248,174 235,358 12,816	3,795 3,795	141,858 130,948 10,910	185,051 172,198 12,853	° 9,788 9,788	122,035 105,430 16,605	63,623 50,612 13,011	@@2,113 2,113 ··
13 : 13	:::	п ;п	ۍ: ۍ	:;::	13 13	ດຊີ ຕິ	:::
1,316 1,316	۵۵ :	42 .	- 354	:::	₽ ₩ :	:::	:::
10,438 10,438	a 10 10 10	, 1,866 1,866	4,932 4,932	667 : 572 :	245 245 	888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 88	2,451 2,451
126 121 2,727	2,241 2,241	90 83 10,032	277 253 6,585	303 • •	438 370 9,041	2,040 1,630 9,823	H :
10,885 10,702 10,679 23		8,628 8,628 8,621 7	4,036 4,116 4,100 16	189 191 191	1,426 1,431 1,423 1,423 8	185 181 172 9	@31,438 31,438
$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$	(a)	(q) (p)	(q)	(a) (b)	(q) (q)	(q) (9)	۲
Total Rural Urban	s Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban	Total Rural Urban
3 Himachal Pradesh ,	4 Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindive Islands Total Rural Urban	5 Manipur	6 Tripura	7 Dadra & Nagar Haveli	8 Goa, Daman & Diu.	9 Pondicherry	10 N.E.F.A.

@@These figures relate to area where all India Schedule was canvassed (i.e., for 38,705 population).

@Surveyor General's figures. State Survey figures not available.

The figures for N.E.F.A. are provisional.

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2-concld	
Statement	

Population of India, Zones, States, Union Territories and other areas

Females	males	12		933 953 628	904 911 752	
	Females	11		$178,173 \\ 170,782 \\ 7,391$	76,996 74,056 2,940	
Population	Males	10		$191,027 \\ 179,261 \\ 11,766$	85,193 81,285 3,908	
	Persons	0		369,200 350,043 19,157	162,189 155,341 6,848	
No. of	residential houses	8		80,224 76,584 3,640	28,996 27,228 1,768	
No. of	towns	7		ຕ : ຕ	н :п	
No. of villages	Uninhabited	9		14	:::	
No. of	Inhabited	ũ		814 814 	462 462 	
Population	mile	4		58 55 1,886	58 55 1,712	
Area in	Sq. miles	ಣ		6,366 6,366 6,356 10	2,744 2,818 2,814 2,814	
Total Rurel	Urban	5		$\begin{array}{c} { m Total} & (a) \ { m Total} & (b) \ { m Rural} & { m Urban} \end{array}$	Total (a) Rural (b) Urban	
India/Zone/State/Union Territory	C ROOT TO T	1	UNION TERRITO- RIES & OTHER ÅREASconch.	11 Nagaland • •	12 Sikkim • •	

1. Under column 3, (a) represents the area figures furnished by Surveyor General of India, (b) represents the arca figures furnished by the State Survey Department. The urban areas are based on the area of individual towns furnished by the local authorities. The rural arca for State is obtained by subtracting the urban area from the State Survey Area. 2. The density figures of urban areas of State/Zone/Indio.are worked out using the area figures corrected up to 2 places of decimal ollained by adding the areas of individual towns in the respective units. For total and rural the density figures are worked out on area figures corrected upto 1 place of decimal.

3. Population per square mile has been calculate d on area figures supplied by State Survey Defrartment. except in the case of Jamma and Kachmir, Andam and Nicobar Islands and N.E.F.A.for "total" and "rural" where these have been calculated on the figures supplied by Surveyor General of India.

4. Area figures of some suburban units and Port Areas included as urban in Gujaratare not separately arailable. Population of these units is ignored for working out urban density. Rural density is based on the rural population only but the area figures also include the area of the urban units of which separate area is not available. The same procedure has been followed in the case of eight towns of Goa, Daman and Diu for which area is not available.

A-I

AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

M/B(D)1SCOHP-3

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Fly-Leaf

Introductory

Under this heading two tables have been introduced. The table giving area figures, density, number of inhabited and un-inhabited villages, number of occupied residential houses and the population separately of males and females upto district level, for rural and urban areas separately, is called the Union Table. The other table giving the break-up of this data down to tehsil/sub-tehsil/sub-division level, for rural and urban areas separately; and for each town is the Union Territory Table. This Table does not show the area figures of the Surveyor General, India, whereas the Union Table gives this information. The Surveyor General's area figures are available upto district level only.

In the Union Table under Col. 3(a) the area figures supplied by the Surveyor General are given against symbol (a) and Union Territory Land, Records area figures are indicated against (b). Column 3(b) represents these figures in square kilometers. The area of Himachal Pradesh according to Surveyor General is 10,885 square miles (28,192 Sq. kilometers). Accord ing to Union Territory Land Records figures it is 10,702 · 4 square miles (27,719 · 2 Sq. kilometers), of which 23 · 4 square miles (60 · 7 Sq. kilometers) represent urban area, the rest 10,679 · 0 square miles (27,658 · 5 Sq. kilometers) being rural.

Column 4 of Union as well as Union Territory Tables show density per square mile as worked out on Union Territory Land Records figures.

A perusal of columns 5 and 7 of the Tables would show that people in Himachal Pradesh predominantly live in rural areas, as against 10,438 total number of inhabited villages there are only 13 towns with population of 1,287,216 and 63,928 in them respectively as shown under col. 9 of the tables. Uninhabited villages as given in column 6 number 1,316. The largest number of uninhabited villages is to be found in Chamba District which claims 572 such villages. Mandi District comes next with .364 such villages. The district of Sirmur has the minimum number of uninhabited villages, i.e., 9 only whereas in District Kinnaur there is no uninhabited village, All the 77 villages there, are inhabited. As given in column 8 of the Tables, there are in all 248,174 occupied residential houses in the whole of the territory out of which only 12,816 are in urban areas and the rest, viz., 235,358 in rural areas. The number of occupied residential houses is the highest in the district of Mandi which incidentally also beats other districts of Himachal Pradesh in respect of population. The lowest number of occupied residential houses, of course, is in the district of Kinnaur where only 6,440 such houses have been listed which house a population of 40,980. In columns 10 and 11, the break-up into males and females of figures of population indicated in column 9 is given. No district of Himachal Pradesh claims the distinction of having an over-all majority of females over males.

1. Changes in area of Himachal Pradesh and its Districts—Brief account

Himachal Pradesh was constituted as a separate administrative unit by the merger of Punjab Hill States (except Nalagarh) and the Punjab States of Sirmur, Chamba and Suket on the 15th April, 1948, vide Government of India, Ministry of States, New Delhi No. 185-P, dated the 15th April, 1948; Mandi following suit on the 1st May, 1948. It was then administratively divided into the four districts of Chamba, Mandi, Mahasu and Sirmur. The districts of Chamba and Sirmur comprised of the areas of the erstwhile princely states of the same name. The district of Mandi M/B(D)1SCOHP-3(a) was formed by grouping together the erstwhile states of Mandi and Suket and the rest of the Punjab Hill States were ' joined together to form the Mahasu District.

In 1950, as a result of the operation of the Provinces and States (Absorption of Enclaves) Order, 1950, vide Government of India, Ministry of Law Notification No. S.O. 35, dated the 25th January, 1950, read with S.R.O. 244, dated the 5th July, 1950, the enclaves of Solon Cantonment, Kotgarh and Kotkhai from the East Punjab (now Punjab), two villages namely Sansog and Bhattar from the Uttar Pradesh, and the area called Kufri, villages of Dhar Khulag, Goila, Jamrarha, Nathal, Kunjiara, Sureta and Baragaon Jungle from Patiala and East Punjab States Union (now Punjab) were transferred to Himachal Pradesh in the district of Mahasu. From Mahasu District in Himachal Pradesh (i) the built up areas of Sanjauli, Bharari and Chakkar (including the Himachal Pradesh portion of Prospect Hill) and (ii) built up areas of Kasumpti and Patti Rihana (excluding the area in which Himachal Pradesh Courts are located) were transferred to the East Punjab. Two small portions of Himachal Pradesh consisting of Rampur Vanka and Kotah villages lying between Simla and Bharauli were also transferred to Patiala and East Punjab States Union (now Punjab).

On the 1st July, 1954, the Part 'C' State of Bilaspur comprising of the erstwhile state of Bilaspur was also merged into Himachal Pradesh by virtue of an Act of Parliament called the "Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954" Thus Bilaspur was added as the 5th district to Himachal Pradesh in 1954.

Yet another new district, the sixth one, was created out of the district of Mahasu on the 1st May, 1960, *vide* Himachal Pradesh Notification No. 2-1/60 (Border)-I, dated the 21st April, 1960. The entire tehsil of Chini and 14 villages from Rampur Tehsil ceded from Mahasu District formed the new district of Kinnaur.

The Statement given on page 14 indicates the names of the princely states and enclaves merged into Himachal Pradesh district-wise together with the area of each state from the Census year 1911 onwards. Area figures of enclaves are not available. The area figures of each individual state as well as taken collectively for the years 1911 to 1921 would show that there was no change, whatsoever, in the boundaries of any state or in the boundaries of the whole tract taken collectively. The area figures shown are those of Survey of India as reported in the past Census Reports. The year 1931 shows an increase of 2 Sq. miles over the 1921 area figures, which, as given in the Census of India, 1931, Volume XVII, Punjab-Part II-Tables, is due to the transfer of 2 Sq. miles from the district of Kangra to the then Mandi State. The area figures given for 1931 is the repetition of the Survey of India area figures for 1921 excepting for the variation of 2 Sq. miles mentioned above as figures from Survey Department were received too late for adoption in 1931. The variation between the area figures of 1931 and 1941 is due to the then area determination by the Survey of India. There is a variation of 149 Sq. miles (decrease in 1951) between the Survey of India area figures of 1941 and 1951 which is due to the exchange of the enclaves between Himachal Pradesh and Punjab, Pepsu and Himachal Pradesh and transfer of villages from Uttar Pradesh to Himachal Pradesh, as well as redetermination of area in 1951. This variation has been reduced to only 19 Sq. miles (decrease in 1961) between 1951 and 1961 which is due to fresh planimetring on large scale maps printed by the Surveyor General, India.

STATEMENT 1

Area of Himachal Pradesh and its districts in relation to various Princely States and Enclaves merged to form the Union Territory

Union Territory/District		States and Enclaves				Area in square miles—Survey of India figures						
	merged into Himachal Pr	adesn, di	strict	-wise		1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	1961	
1	:	2				3	4	5	6	7	8	
HIMACHAL PRADESH						11,715	11,715	11,717	11,053	10,904	10,885	
	PUNJAB STATES-	-				~ '						
1. Chamba District 2. Mandi District	Chamba · 1 Mandi 2 Suket		•		•	3,216 1,620 1,200 420	3,216 1,620 1,200 420	3,216 1,622 1,202 420	3,127 1,531 1,139 392	3,135 1,527	3,131 1,523	
3. Bilaspur District	Bilaspur	•	•	•	•	448	4 48	448	453	453	448	
4. Mahasu District	PUNJAB HILL ST. Bushahr	ATES	•	•	•	5,233	5,233	5,233	4, 851	4,695	2,171	
	1 Bushahr Proper 2 Khaneti 3 Delath Feuda	tories of	f Bus	hahr		3, 820 19 42	3, 820 19 42	3,820 19 42	3,622 21 8			
	Keon thal											
		tories o	• f Keo	onthal	• •	116 50 144 9	$ \begin{array}{r} 116 \\ 50 \\ 144 \\ 9 \\ 89 $	116 50 144 9	44 31 23			
	8 Ghund 9 Ratish	•	:	•	:	$\frac{28}{12}$	$\frac{28}{12}$	28 12				
	10 Baghal	•	•	•		124	124	124	120			
	Jubbal 11 Jubbal Proper 12 Rawin }Feuda 13 Dhadi }	tories of	Jubl	bal		288 7 25	7	7	16			
	14 Bhaghat 15 Kumharsain 16 Bhajji		• • •	• •	•	36 90 96	90 96	90 96	84 94	: -		
	17 Mahlog 18 Balson 19 Dhami 20 Kuthar		• • •	• • •	• • •	43 51 26 20	51 5 26 9 20	5 - 51 = 51 = 51 = 51 = 51 = 51 = 51 = 5	$ \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \\ 28 \\ 0 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix} $	7 3 L		
	21 Kunihar 22 Mangal 23 Bija 24 Darkoti		• • •	• • •	•			2 15	2 14 4 1			
	25 Tharoch 26 Sangri	•	:	•		61 10						
	ENCLAVES OF-					,						
	 Solon Cantonment Kotkhai (from Eas Kotgarh (from Eas Sansog and Bhat Pradesh) Area called Kufri (Villages of Dhar Nathal, Kunjiar Jungle (from Pe 	t Punja t Punja tar villa from Pe Khulag, a, Suret	b) b) ges (f cpsu) Goil	from U a, Jan	Jtta Irar	}a . n ha,	urvey of rea figure ot availa	8				
5. Sirmur District 6. Kinnaur District	PUNJAB STATE Sirmur (Nahan)	•	•	٠		. 1,19	8 1,19	8 1,19	8 1,09	1 1,09	4 1,09 2,51	

The area figures of Mahasu District upto 1951 include the area figures of Kinnaur District.

As a result of passing of the States Re-organisations Act, 1956, there was no change in the area or boundaries of Himachal Pradesh.

3. Surveyor General's and Union Territory Land Records area figures

The area figures of Himachal Pradesh down to the district level has been supplied by the Surveyor General. His area, figures are given in Union Table A-I under col. 3 alongwith Union Territory Land Records area figures, distinctly shown against symbols (a) and (b) respectively. It will be observed that there is a difference of 182.6 Sq. miles between the Surveyor General's and Union Territory Land Records area figures for the Pradesh.

In the Union Territory Table A-I, only Union Territory Land Records area figures down to tehsil/sub-tehsil and town level are given except in the case of Kinnaur District where area figures for sub-divisions are not available, and only district area is shown. Surveyor General's figures are not available for tehsils/sub-tehsils/sub-divisions and towns. The density of the population per Sq. mile has been worked out on Union Territory Land Records area figures.

4. Full account of changes in jurisdiction in Himachal Pradesh.

As already stated Himachal Pradesh was constituted as a separate administrative unit by the merger of Punjab Hill States (except Nalagarh) and the Punjab States of Sirmur, Chamba and Suket on the 15th April, 1948. Mandi State followed suit on the 1st May, 1948. After this under the Provinces and States (Absorption of Enclaves) Order, 1950, there was exchange of enclaves between Punjab and Himachal Pradesh and between Pepsu and Himachal Pradesh. Two On the 1st July, 1954 the Part 'C' State of Bilaspur was also merged into Himachal Pradesh and constituted as a separate district of the same name. It became the fifth district of the Pradesh.

After the merger of Part 'C' State of Bilaspur in 1954, no change occurred in the boundary of the Pradesh. For administrative purposes the Pradesh had at that time five districts, namely, Chamba, Mandi, Bilaspur, Mabasu and Sirmur. These districts were further divided into 29. tehsils and sub-tehsils. These administrative units continued as such till 30th April, 1960 and on 1st May, 1960, yet another new district, namely, District Kinnaur, was created out of Mahasu District. The entire Chini Tehsil and 14 villages of Rampur Tehsil were ceded from Mahasu District to the new Kinnaur District, divided further into three sub-divisions. All this resulted in increase in the number of districts, decrease in the number of tehsils/sub-tehsils and addition of sub-divisions in the Pradesh. Thus on 1st May, 1960, there were the following administrative units in the Pradesh, which have been taken into account in 1961 Census for presentation of census data.

Districts. 6

Tehsils/Sub-Tehsils, 28

Sub-Divisions. 3

It has been stated earlier that there was no change in the jurisdiction of the Pradesh as a result of the passing of the States Re-organisations Act, 1956. For administrative convenience, however, certain inter-tehsil changes within the districts of Chamba, Bilaspur, Mahasu and Sirmur, in regard to jurisdiction, were made during the last decade.

Tabulated account of all the above changes is given in the following statements-

STATEMENT 2

Formation of Himachal Pradesh and changes in jurisdiction

Year	States merged and Enclaves absorbed into Himachal Prades	h Remarks
1	2	3
	PUNJAB STATES_	
1948	(1) Chamba	States merged to form Himachal Pradesh on the
	(2) Mandi	15th April, 1948 (Mandi merged on the 1st May, 1948) vide Government of India, Ministry of States No. 185-P. dated the 15th April, 1948, and constituted into four
	(3) Suket	administrative districts, namely, Chamba, Mandi, Mahasu and Sirmur
	PUNJAB HILL STATES-	
	Bushahr	Total area of the 30 merged states according to
	(4) Bushahr Proper (5) Khaneti } Feudatories of Bushahr (6) Delath }	Survey of India, in 1941 Census Reports was 10,600 square miles
	Keonthal	
	 (7) Keonthal Proper (8) Koti (9) Theog (10) Madhan (11) Ghund 	
	(12) Ratish J	
	(13) Baghal Jubbal	
	(14) Jubbal Proper	
	(15) Rawin (16) Dhadi Feudatories of Jubbal	
	(17) Bhaghat (18) Kumharsain	

STATEMENT 2-concld.

Formation of Himachal Pradesh and changes in jurisdiction.

Year 1	States merged and Enclaves absorbed into Himacl 2	hel Pradesh Remarks 3					
	(19) Bhajji	(26) Bija					
	(20) Mahlog	(27) Darkoti					
	(21) Balson	(28) Tharoch					
	(22) Dhami	(29) Sangri					
	(23) Kuthar	PUNJAB STATE-					
	(24) Kunihar	(30) Sirmur (Nahan)					
	(25) Mangal]						
.1950	Absorption of Encloses as per Statement 3 halow	There was exchange of enclaves between (i) East Punjab (now Punjab) and Himachal Pradesh and (ii) Patiala and East Punjab States Union (now Punjab) and Himachal Pradesh. Two villages were transferred from Uttar Pradesh also to Himachal Pradesh Area details of the enclaves according to Survey of India not available					

Part 'C' State of Bilaspur

1954

Note-No changes occurred in the jurisdiction of Himachal Pradesh after the merger of Part 'C' State of Bilaspur in 1954. The total number of districts in the Pradesh was then five (Chamba, Manii, Bilaspur, Mahasu and Sirmur). The sixth district, namely district Ki ur, was created in May 1960 out of Mahasu District (See statement 4). nna

The exchange and transfer of enclaves affected Mahasu District alone in Himachal Pradesh

On 1st · July, 1954, vide Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954, the State of Bilaspur was merged into Himachal Pradesh and absorbed as a separate district of the same name, thus raising the number of districts in Himachal Pradesh to five. The area of Bilaspur according to Survey of India was 453 Sq. miles as given in 1951 Census Reports.

STATEMENT 3

Changes in the jurisdiction of Himachal Pradesh as a result of the Provinces and States (Absorption of Enclaves) Order, 1950

Enclayes exchanged or transferred 1	Surrendering Unit 2	Absorbing Unit			
1. Solon Cantonment	East Puhjab	Himachal Pradesh, District Mahasu, Solon Tehsil.			
2. Kotkhai	(now Punjab) Do. —	Himachal Pradesh, District Mahasu, Theog Tehsil (as			
3. Kotgarh	Do.	sub-Tehsil thereof), —now sub-Tehsil Kotkhai Himachal Pradesh, District Mahasu, Theog Tehsil (as sub-Tehsil thereof),—now in sub-Tehsil Kumharsain			
4. Built up areas of Sanjauli (202 acres), Bharari (59 acres) and Chakkar (62.6 acres) (includ- ing the Himachal Pradesh portion of Prospect Hill)	Himachal Pradesh, District Mahasu	East Punjab (now Punjab)			
5. Built up areas of Kasumpti and Patti Rihana (excluding the area in which Himachal Pradesh Courts are located), area 203 acres	Do_{χ}	Do.			
6. Sansog and Bhattar villages of Chakrata Tehsil in Dehra Dun District	United Provinces (Uttar Pradesh)	Himachal Pradesh, District Mahasu, Jubbal Tehsil			

STATEMENT 3-concld.

Changes in the jurisdiction of Himachal Pradesh as a result of the Provinces and States (Absorption of Enclaves) Order 1950

Enclaves exchanged or transferred	Surrendering Unit	Absorbing Unit					
1	2	3					
7. Two small portions of Himachal Pradesh con- sisting of Rampur Vanka and Kotah villages lying between Simla and Bharauli		Pepsu—Patiala and East Punjab States Union (now Punjab)					
8. The area called Kufri of Pinjaur District	Pepsu—Patiala and East Punjab States Union	Himachal Pradesh, District Mahasu, Theog Tehsil					
 The following villages of former Nalagarh State— Dhar Khulag, Goila, Jamrarha, Nathal, Kunji- ara, Sureta and Baragaon Jungle 	Do.	Do.					
	STATEMENT	4 · · ·					

Changes in jurisdiction of Districts in Himachal Pradesh

Sl. No.	Tehsil/Villages transferred	Hadbast Surrender- number ing Unit	
. 1	2	3 4	5 6
1	Rampur Tehsil Villages 1. Chora 2. Taranda 3. Bara	District Mahasu 160 161 162	KinnaurThe new district of Kinnaur was formed onDistrict1st May, 1960 out 'of Mahasu District by(newexclusion from thereof the entire ChiniDistrict)Tehsil and 14 villages from RampurTehsil vide Himachal Pradesh NotificationNo. 2-1/60(Border)-I, dated the 21st April,1960
	4. Paunda . . 5. Kangos . . 6. Sungra . . 7. Panwi . . 8. Nachar . . 9. Natpa . . 10. Kandar . . 11. Rupi . . 12. Barakamba . . 13. Chhota Kamba . . 14. Garshu Kachang Rokchang . .	163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173	The area involved in this transfer i.e., the area of new Kinnaur District according to Survey of India is 2,517 Sq. miles. Accor- ding to Land Records area figures the area is 2,579 Sq. miles, comprising of area of 77 inhabited villages equal to 52.2 Sq. miles according to revenue village papers plus 2,526.8 Sq. miles relating to uninha- bited area
2	т	omplete ehsil (63 villages)	

STATEMENT 5

Changes in jurisdiction of Tehsils/Sub-Tehsils within a District by transfer of villages

Di	strict			Number of Villages trans- ferred	*Area in Sq. miles	Surren- dering unit (Tehsil/ Sub- Tehsil)	Absorb- ing unit (Tehs Sub- Tehsil)	il/ Gazette Notification No. and date affecting the changes
	1			2	3	4	5	6
Chamba	•	•	•	5	$2 \cdot 0$	Chamba Tehsil	Chaurah Tehsil	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. R. 22-822/57, dated the 29th November, 1957
Bilaspur	•	·	•	137	49.7	Ghamarwin Tehsil	Bilaspu r	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. R.24-11/58, dated the 6th March, 1958
Mahasu	•		•	4	1.9	Tehsil	Kotkhai Sub- Tehsil	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. R.24-361/58, dated the 8th September, 1958

*Union Territory Land Records area figures.

,

STATEMENT 5-concld.

Changes in Jurisdiction of Tehsils/Sub Tehsils within a District by transfer of Villages

	District			Number of villages trans- ferred	*Area in Sq. miles u	dering	Absor- bing unit (Tehsil Sub- Tehsil)	Gazette Notification No. and date affecting the changes
	1			2	3	4	5	6
Mahasu	•	•	•	9	8.3	Rohru Tehsil	Jubbal Tehsil	Himachal Pradesh, Notification No. R.86-58/51, dated the 15th October, 1955
Mahasu	•	•	•	1	0.2	Theog Tehsil	Kotkhai Sub- Tehsil	Himacnal Pradesh Notification No. R.86-58/50, dated the 1st June, 1956
Mahasu	•	•	•	19	6 ·0	Theog Tehsil	Kasumpti Tehsi l	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. C.5-9/48, dated the 25th November, 1952
Mahasu	•	•	•	15	10 ·6	Kasumpti Teksil	Theog Tehsil	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. C.5-9/48, dated the 25th November 1952
Mahasu	•••	•	•	8	5.7	Kasumpti Tehsil	Theog Tehsil	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. R. 24-259/58, dated the 20th August, 1959
Sirmur			•	17	33.2	Rainka Tehsil	Paonta Tehsi l	Himachal Pradesh Notification No. R. 86-359/53, dated the 25th February, 1955

*Union Territory Land Records area figures.

5. Critical survey of changes in jurisdiction

As already mentioned Bilaspur came to be a part of Himachal Pradesh by virtue of an act of Parliament called the "Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954." It was a political change.

Kinnaur District was created in 1960 to speed up the development of that remote part of the Pradesh, which has now been receiving more attention and the pace of development is expected to be accelerated.

The inter-tehsil/sub-tehsil changes in jurisdiction within a district were brought about on account of administrative convenience.

6. Rural and urban population

(i) Definition of urban area in 1961—brief survey

To qualify for an urban area, a place should first be either a Municipal Committee (M.C.) or a Municipal Area (M.A.) or under a Small Town Committee (S.T.C.) or a Notified Area Committee (N.A.C.) or a Cantonment Board (C.B.). Consequently all localities which had local bodies in 1961—there were 12 such localities, or had a local body in 1951 and was also counted as a town then,—there was only one such locality, were included in urban areas in the census of 1961. The number of urban areas increased from eleven in 1951 to thirteen in 1961 by the formation of two new towns of Narkanda and Shri Naina Devi Ji in the light of the above definition.

The thirteen localities declared as urban areas in Himachal Pradesh in 1961 Census are Chamba (M.C.), Jogindarnagar, Mandi (M.C.), Sundarnagar (M.C.), Shri Naina Devi Ji (S.T.C.), Bilaspur (S.T.C.), Arki (N.A.C.), Narkanda (N.A.C.), Rampur (S.T.C.), Theog (S.T.C.), Solon (M.C.), Nahan (M.C.) and Paonta (S.T.C.). Excepting the localities of Jogindarnagar in Mandi District, Shri Naina Devi Ji in Bilaspur

District, Narkanda in Mahasu District and Paonta in Sirmur District, all the other localities were the headquarters of the erstwhile princely states. Barring Arki and Theog which were classified as towns in 1951 Census, when they were both Notified Area Committees, all the headquarters of the princely states according to past census reports were classified towns in 1901 Census also, and three of them, viz., Chamba, Mandi and Nahan continue to be treated as such since 1901 till now. Bilaspur which was a classified town in 1901 as already stated was declassified as rural in 1911 and 1921 Censuses, and then again from 1931 Census onwards it is a classified town. Sundarnagar locality also being a classified town in 1901 was declassified as rural in 1911 Census, and then again from 1921 Census onwards it is a classified town. Similarly Solon and Rampur being classified towns in 1901 Census were declassified as rural in 1911, 1921 and 1931 Censuses and from 1941 Census onwards they are classified towns. Jogindarnagar in Mandi is the headquarters of the Mandi Hydro Electric Scheme and had a local body, i.e., a Notified Area Committee in 1951, which was converted into a Small Town Committee in 1953. The Small Town Committee was abolished in 1956. It has been in the list of classified urban areas since 1931 Census. Shri Naina Devi Ji is an important centre of pilgrimage in Bilaspur District and people in thousands come from all parts of the country to visit the shrine of goddess Naina Devi Ji. A Small Town Committee was set up there in 1953 to look after the civic needs of the pilgrims and the population of the locality. Narkanda in Mahasu District is an important tourist centre and was declared a Notified Area Committee on 7th October, 1952. Both Shri Naina Devi Ji and Narkanda stand included in the list of urban areas for the first time in 1961. Paonta in the district of Sirmur, is famous for the Sikh temple where fairs are held on the Holi in March and the Baisakhi in April, Guru Gobind Singh resided here for about three years (1742-45 Bikrami). It had a Notified Area Committee in 1951, and hence included in urban areas. This locality has a Small Town Committee now in 1961 Census.

(ii) Difference that the definition of urban area in 1961 has made to the statistics of urban areas of 1951

As a result of the inclusion of Shri Naina Devi Ji and Narkanda into urban areas the total number of urban areas rose from 11 in 1951 to 13 in 1961.

(a) 1951 urban areas eliminated in 1961

No areas classified as urban in 1951 were eliminated from urban areas in 1961.

(b) New urban areas listed in 1961

As already stated only two areas namely Shri Naina. Devi Ji and Narkanda have been included in the list of urban areas in 1961 and their population and classification are given below—

Name of Urban Area	<u> </u>				
Name of Orban filea	Population	Classification			
Shri Naina Devi Ji (S.T.C.)	328	VI			
Narkanda (N.A.C.)	3 60	VI			

7. Progress in the number of towns 1901-1961

The following statement gives progress in the number of towns from 1901 to 1961-

STATEMENT 6

Progress in number of towns

Union Territo District		961	1951	1941	1931	1921	1911	1901
HIMACHAL PR	ADESH	13	11	10	8	4	3	9
Chamba	•	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mandi		3	3	3	3	2	1	3
Bilaspur		2	1	1	1	••		1
Mahasu	•	5	4	3	1	*	**	3
Sirmur		2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Kinnaur						••		••

*Kasumpti was a part of Simla town hence not included in the progress.

**P pulation data of the town (Kasumpti) not available, hence not included in the progress.

8. Definition of a village—brief historical survey

A village means any area-

- (a) for which a separate record of rights has been made, or
- (b) which has been separately assessed to land revenue, or would have been so assessed, if the land revenue had not been realised, compounded for or redeemed, or which the local Government may, by general rule or special order, declare to be an estate.

The concept of a village in hills is somewhat different from the plains. The cultivation of land in this tract is scattered and people live generally in isolated hamlets on their fields. Life and property has been comparatively secure and the necessity for numbers of people grouping together in strong collective homesteads has not arisen as in the plains. The centres of trade, which were previously identical with the capitals of the erstwhile princely states supplied the needs for exchange of goods. As a result of this, groups of varying magnitude have, at different times, been taken as equivalent to the term "Village".

The term village as used in the Himachal Pradesh 1961 Census returns denotes a revenue village throughout except in the two areas of Tehsil Sundamagar (partly) and Tehsil Karsog (in full) in Mandi District. No settlement of the present uniform pattern of land in these two areas has so far taken place and a collection of hamlets has been grouped into revenue circles. The various hamlets in a revenue circle have population varying from 20 to 600 in each like many other revenue villages in the Pradesh. For purposes of census, these revenue circles were broken down and a hamlet or a collection of hamlets bearing a distinct name was taken to be a census village. It is expected that when settlement of these areas takes place and the present day revenue circles are abolished, there will be little or no difference between the present census villages.

9. Number of inhabited villages 1901-1961

The following statement gives the number of inhabited villages from 1901 to 1961-

STATEMENT 7 Number of inhabited villages from 1901 to 1961

	TT		(The second s				Number of inhabited villages 1901-1961								
	Union Ter	ritor 1	y/Dist	trict			1961 2	1951 3	1941 4	1931 5	1921 6	1911 7	1901 8		
HIMACHAL	PRADESH		•				10,438	8,384	8,038	7,399	3,786	3,961	N.A.		
Chamba							1,123	66	52	53	50	51	N.A.		
Mandi	•			•			4,454	3,561	3,705	3,693	448	4 5 3	N.A.		
Bilaspur					•		926	928	949	940	955	942	N.A.		
Mahasu						•	2,893	2,901	2,367	1,748	1,321	1,553	N.A.		
Sirmur	۰.	•			•		965	928	965	965	1,012	962	N.A.		
Kinnaur*		•					77								

* New district carved out of Mahasu district on the 1st of May, 1960.

N.A.-Not available.

10. Explanation of variations in number of inhabited villages 1901—1961

The increase in the number of inhabited villages is partly due to the fact that more and more land was brought under cultivation and each cultivator set up his own homestead on the land, which he cultivated, which came to be recognised as a separate village. The increase is also due to the fact that villages, which were grouped together for purposes of collection of land revenue before the Settlement Operations were after the Settlement Operations recognised as separate entities for payment of land revenue. The increase in the number of inhabited villages is also due to the fact that all the villages com prising a revenue circle have been individually included in the number of villages.

11. Number of villages and towns in Himachal Pradesh in 1961

The number of villages and towns in Himachal Pradesh is given in Statement 8 below.

SFATEMENT 8 Villages and towns in Himachal Pradesh in 1961 Census

	Union	Terri	tory/	Distri	ct					Total No. of Mauzas borne on the juris- diction lists	No. of uninha- bited rural Mauzas	Ma incl	. of uzas uded owns	No. of inhabited rural Mauzas	No. of Towns
										12,565	JIL 4240	Fully	Partly	1	
			1							2	3	4(a)	4(<i>b</i>)	5	6
HIMACHA	l prat)ESH								10,907 (11,797)	1,167 (1,316)	43	44	9,697 (10,438)	13
Chamba		•	•	•	•	•			•	1,696 (1,696)	572 (572)	1		1,123 (1,123)	1
Mandi		•	•	•	•	·	•		•	3,944 (4,834)	215 (364)	16	12	3,713 (4,454)	3
Bilaspur		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		1,014 (1,014)	73 (73)	15		926 (926)	2
Mahasu		•	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	3,202 (3,202)	298 (298)	11	27	2,893 (2,893)	5
Sirmur		•	•	•	•				•	974 (974)	9 (9)		5	965 (965)	2
Kinnaur		•	•	•	•	•	•	٠		77 (77)	· ••			77 (77)	

Noto-The figures outside brackets () represent the number of revenue Mauzas borne on the jurisdiction lists which have segarate and distinct Hadbast numbers, whereas the figures within the brackets represent the number of the census villages.

12. Number of villages partly included in towns

Parts of 44 revenue villages have been included in towns as detailed below-

Eight villages in Jogindarnagar Tehsil and four in Mandi Sadar Tehsil have been partly included in the urban areas of Jogindarnagar and Mandi respectively. In Mahasu District 27 villages have been partly included in the urban areas. Three villages of Kumharsain Sub-Tchsil have been partly included in the urban area of Narkanda Town. Similarly, three villages of Rampur Tehsil have been partly included in the urban area of Rampur. Six villages of Theog Tehsil have partly been included in the town of Theog and likewise fifteen villages of Solon Tehsil have been included in Solon town. In Sirmur District three villages of Nahan Tehsil and two villages of Paonta Tehsil have been partly included in the towns of Nahan and Paonta respectively. The statement below lists the villages and other areas included partly in various towns in the Pradesh.

STATEMENT 9

Villages included partly to constitute the towns-1961

District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil	Town	Name of Village	Village Hadbast number	Village Code number	Area (in acres) of the village included in the Town
1	2	3	4	5	6
Mandi District					
Jogindarnagar Tehsil	Jogindarnagar	1. Garauru	60	506	356
	,	2. Kathla	59	505	55
		3. Kupar	57	509	11
		4. Shanan	55	503	30
		5. Ganain	53	500	28
		6. Jimjima	46	494	2
		7. Awair	47	498	33
		8. Nakehr-Kangwan	48	495	1
Mandi Sadar Tehsil .	Mandi (M.C.)	1. Siagla	58	161	45
Alginal Sugar States	· · ·	2. Sanyardh	60	160	28
		3. Purani Mandi	133	179	48
		4. Chhipnu	130	· 173	6
Mahasu District					
Kumharsain Sub-Tehsil .	Narkanda (N.A.C.)	l. Kaunthru	161	159	121
Aummarsam bus rouse		2. Jangal Madhaon	. 50	103	118
		3. Jangal Haon .	. 57	76	28
Rampur Tohsil	Rampur (S.T.C.)	1. Shingla Other area not shown in the village paper	. 107 n	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \ldots \end{array} \right\}$	138
		2. Racholi	. 113	6	36
_		3. Oda	. 114	5	7
	Theog (S.T.C.)	1. Raighat	. 276	215	22
Tueog Tenen	2200B (012101)	2. Jangal Rohru .	. 270	125	18
		3. Jangal Barhiana	. 275	211	22
		4 mil-1-	. 261	232	2
	,	5. Shali Khagalad	. 290	218	16
		6. Janog	. 291	205	29

STATEMENT 9—concld.

Villages included partly to constitute the towns-1961

District/Tehsil/Sub-Teh	sil Town	Name of Village	Village Hadbast number	Code the number inc	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Mahasu District-concld.	۱				
§olon Tehsil ··	Solon (M.C.)	1. Shalogra . 2. Jarai . 3. Mathia . 4. Galhut Khurd . 5. Galhut Kalan . 6. Tikar . 7. Parag . 8. Dadhog . 9. Ber . 10. Kathog . 11. Kothon . 12. Mansar . 14. Basal .	5 33 2 3 4 12 35 30 44 10 13 14 11	$ 13 \\ 32 \\ .14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 33 \\ 29 \\ 44 \\ 18 \\ 30 \\ 2 \\ 23 \\ 48 \\ 48 $	$143 \\ 51 \\ 55 \\ 30 \\ 35 \\ 102 \\ 80 \\ 66 \\ 270 \\ 48 \\ 75 \\ 18 \\ 25 \\ 101 \\$
Sirmur District		14. Basal 15. Seri	45	39	400
Nahan Tehsil	Nahan (M.C.)	1. Cantonment Shamsherpur	45	65	322
		2. Majholi	41	66	240
		3. Nahan Girdonawah	46	71	1,623.16
Paonta Tehsil	Paonta (S.T.C.)	1. Devi Nagar	115	134	75
		2. Paonta	116	129	336

13. Definition of Census House

A census house was a structure or part of a structure inha[•] bited or vacant, or a dwelling, a shop, a shop-cum-dwelling or a place of business, workshop, school, etc., with a separate entrance.

If a building had a number of flats or blocks which had separate entrances of their own and were independent of each other giving on the road or a common staircase or a common courtyard leading to a main gate, they were considered as separate census houses. If within an enclosed or open compound there were separate buildings then each such building was treated as a separate census house. If all the structures within an enclosed compound were together treated as one building then each structure with a separate entrance was treated as a separate census house.

14. Definition of occupied Residential House

An occupied residential house meant a census house with one or more households living in them. Each household was a group of persons who commonly lived together and would take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevented any of them from doing so.

15. Density

The number of persons per occupied consus house, No. of females per 1000 males, percentage of rural and urban population to total population and density per square mile is given in statement 10 below---

STATEMENT 10

Persons per occupied census house, No. of females per 1,000 males, Percentage of rural and urban population to total population and density per square mile-1961

						01 1	4						
Union Territory/ District	Persons per occupied census house			No. of females per 1,000 males			Percentage of rural & urban population to total population			Density per square mile			
C	т	R	Ū	\overline{T}	R	U	T	R	Ū	T	X R	U	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
HIMACHAL PRADESH	5	5	5	923	934	729	100	95	5	126	121	2,727	
Chamba	6	6	8	902	906	828	100	96	4	79	76	9,460	
Mandi	5	5	5	994	1,007	805	100	94	$\overline{6}$	237	225	2,276	
Bilaspur	5	5	5	952	968	686	100	95	5	354	339	2,153	
Mahasu	5	5	4	899	913	568	100	97	3	159	154	2,435	
Sirmur	5	6	5	828	835	734	100	93	7	173	161	3,076	
Kinnaur	6	6	••	969	969	••	100	100	••	16	16	••	

Note-For purposes of working out density of population per square mile the Union Territory Land Records area figures have been taken into consideration

16. Observations on variations in each of the four topics in item 15 above

The figures of persons per occupied census house would go to show that there is no over-crowding whatsoever in rural as well as in urban areas. However, the urban area of Chamba in Chamba District would appear to be a little more thickly populated than other urban areas in the Pradesh.

Sex Ratio for Himachal Pradesh is 923 as against 941 for India. For comparison with other States and Union Territories in India, column 12 of Statement 2 in Prefatory Note may be scen. As regards the sex ratio in the districts, Mandi has the distinction of claiming more females *i.e.*, 1,007 per 1,000 males in rural areas than the other districts.

In reference to percentage of rural and urban population to total population; it will be observed that in Himachal Pradesh 95% of population lives in rural areas. In districts, the question of any comparison between the rural and urban population to total population does not arise in the case of Kinnaur District, which has no urban areas. Its population is, therefore, cent percent rural. Taking into consideration the other districts it is observed that they are all predominantly rural areas as only 3 to 7 percent of their total population lives in urban areas. The district of Mahasu which has the largest number of urban areas in Himachal Pradesh, i.e., 5 towns, claims the highest per centage of rural population among other districts barring Kinnaur, as 97 percent of its people live in villages as against 3 percent urban population. The highest urban population to its total population has been registered in Sirmur District, which has 7 per cent of it against 93 per cent rural population.

As regards the density of population, Bilaspur District is the most thickly populated area in Himachal Pradesh claiming density of 354 persons per Sq. mile. Next comes the district of Mandi which has 237 persons per Sq. mile. The lowest density is in the district of Kinnaur i.e., 16 persons per Sq. mile.

The density in urban area of Chamba District is the highest in Himachal Pradesh in that it records a density of 9,460 persons per Sq. mile. The next comes the Sirmur District where it is 3,076 per Sq. mile. Bilaspur, although the most thickly populated area in Himachal Pradesh as a whole, has the lowest density in respect of urban areas. Individually amongst the thirteen towns in Himachal Pradesh, Chamba town has recorded the highest density of population, i.e., 9,460 persons per Sq. mile and the lowest 720 persons per Sq. mile is in Narkanda town of Mahasu District.

Amongst the sub-tehsils/tehsils the lowest density ha^s been recorded in Sub-Tehsil Pangi of Chamba District, i.e., 13 persons per square mile and the highest, 461 persons per square mile in Tehsil Mandi Sadar of Mandi District (including urban population of the tehsil). If rural density alone is considered then Ghamarwin Tehsil in the most thickly populated district of Bilaspur has recorded the highest density of 431 persons per square mile amongst tehsils/sub-tehsils.

For Kinnaur District sub-division-wise density is not shown due to non-availability of area for individual sub-division.

UNION TABLE A-I AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

NOTES FOR THE TABLE

1. Under columns (3a) and (3b), symbol (a) represents the area figures furnished by the Surveyor General of India, and symbo' (b) represents the area figures furnished by the Union Territory I and Records. The urban areas are based on the area of individual towns furnished by the local authorities. The rural area for a district is obtained by subtracting from the Union Territory Land Records area, the urban area.

2. The Sq. Kms. and density figures of urban areas of District/Union Territory are worked out using the area figures corrected up to two places of decimals obtained by adding the areas of the towns in the respective units and not using the area figures given in the Table. In addition to this, area figures relating to Sq. km, are further adjusted to make the District/Union Territory totals tally.

3. Population per Sq. mile has been calculated on area figures supplied by Union Territory Land Records.

4. Conversion ratio for col. 3(a) and 3(b) is 1 Sq. mile = 2.5 Sq. km.

5. There are 27 villages in Himachal Pradesh which are uninhabited according to revenue gapers, but have houseless population, which adds to 1,607 persons (1,401 males and 203 females). In Chamba district there are 9 such villages with "population 652 (497 males and 155 females); in Mandi district I village with a population of 7 males only, and in Mahasu district there are 17 villages with population 948 (900 males and 48 females). All these villages except one village of Mahasu district which falls in the category of "200-499" fall under the category of "less than 200".

U nion Territory/District	Total Bural	Area	in	Popu- lation	Number lag		Jumber of	Number of	Popu	lation	
Union Forther J. David.	Urban Sq.	miles	Sq. Km.	per	Inhabit- ed	i	Towns	occupied residen- tial houses	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
HIMACHAL PRADESH	T [(a) (b)	10,885 10,702·4	28,192 27,719·2	126	10,438	1,316	13	248,174	1,351,144	702,897	648,447
	R	10,679.0	27,658 · 5	121	10,438	1,316	••	235,358	1,287,216	665,730	621,486
	U	23 • 4	, 60.7	2,727			13	12,816	63,928	36,967	26,961
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT	${}^{\mathrm{T}} \begin{bmatrix} (a) \\ (b) \end{bmatrix}$	3,131 2,656•1	8,109 6,879·3	79		572		B (001	010 M	110 500	00.070
	R	2,655·2	6,877.0	76	1,123	572	1	36,091 34,984	210,579 201,970	110,700 105,990	99,87 9 95,980
	U	2,000 2	2.3	9,460			 1	34,984 1,107	201,970 8,609	4,710	3,899
				0,200				1,107	3,008	3,110	3,083
2. MANDI DISTRICT .		1,523	3,945								
	L(ð)	1,620.0	4,195.8	237	4,454	-364	3	72,641	384,259	192,687	191,572
	R	1,610.5	4,171 · 2	225	4,454	354	••	68,099	362,724	180,759	181,965
	U	9.5	24.6	2,276	••	••	3	4,542	21,535	11,928	9,607
3. BILASPUR DISTRIC	TT f(a)	448	1,160								
	L(b)	449.1	1,163 1	354	926	73	2	30,183	158,806	81,363	77,443
	\mathbf{R}	445.5	1,153.8	339	926	73	••	28,626	151,054	76,766	74,288
	U	3.6	9 ·3	2,153	••	••	2	1,559	7,752	4,597	3,155
4. MAHASU DISTRICI		2,171	5,623								
A. MAHADO DIGINICI		2,256·5	5,844 • 4		2,893	3 298	. ,	5 66,720	358,969	189,046	169,923
	R	2,251.7	5,831.9						347,209	181,547	165,662
	U	4.8	12.5	2,435	· · ·			•	11,760	7,499	4,261
	m r(.)	1.005	0.294	, -	•••		_	_,	-1,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,201
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT	${\rm T} \begin{bmatrix} (a) \\ (b) \end{bmatrix}$	1,095 1,141·7	2,836	150							
	R. (0)	1,141.7	2,957·0	173	-	-			197,551	108,093	89,458
	к U	4.6	2,945 · 0 12 · 0	161	965	9	. •	33,190	183,279	99,860	83,419
			12.0	3,076		••	2	2,907	14,272	8,233	6,039
6. KINNAUR DISTRIC		2,517	6,519								
	L(b)	2, 579•0	6,679 · 6	16	77	••		6,440	40,980	20,808	20172

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UNION TERRITORY TABLE A-I A REA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

NOTES FOR THE TABLE

- 1. Towns treated as such for the first time in 1951 Census which continue as towns in 1961 Census are shown with asterisk* on their left.
- 2. Towns treated as such for the first time in 1961 are printed in italics.
- 3. In col. 3 Area figures given are as supplied by the Union Territory Land Records.
- 4. Conversion ratio for col. 3(a) and 3(b) is 1 Sq. mile = $2 \cdot 59$ Sq. Km.
- 5. The Sq. Km, in col. 3(b) and density figures in col. 4 of urban areas of Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil, District and Union Territory are worked out using the area figures corrected up to 2 places of decimals obtained by adding the areas of the towns in the respective units and not using the area figures given in the table. In addition to this, the area figures relating to Sq. Km. are further adjusted to make the Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/District/Union Territory totals tally.
- 6. The following Abbreviations have been used for the status of a Town-
 - (i) (M.C.)-Municipal Committee.
 - (ii) (S.T.C.)-Small Town Committee.
 - (iii) (N.A.C.)-Notified Area Committee.

7. There are, 27 villages in Himachal Pradesh which are uninhabited according to revenue papers, but have houseless population, which adds to 1,607 persons (1,404 males and 203 females). In Chamba district there are 9 such villages with population 652 (597 males and 155 females); in Mandi district, 1 village with population of 7 males only; and in Mahasu district there are 17 villages with population 948 (900 males and 48 females). All these villages except one village of Mahasu district which falls in the category of "200-499", fall under the category of "less than 200".

	Fotal Rural	Area i	n	Popula- tion	Number lage		Number of	Number of	Pop	pulation	
Division/Town	Urban	Sq. miles	Sq. Km.	per Square mile	Inhabit- ed		Towns	occupied residential houses	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
HIMACHAL PRADESH	T R U	10,702 · 4 10,679 · 0 23 · 4	27,719·2 27,658·5 60·7	121	10,438 10,438	1,316 1,316 	13 18	235,358	1,351,144 1,287,216 63,928	702,697 665,730 36,967	648,447 621,486 26,961
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT	T R U	2,656 · 1 2,655 · 2 0 · 9	6,879 · 3 6,877 · 0 2 · 3	76	1,123 1,123 	572 572	: : 1	34,984	210,579 201,970 8,609	110,700 105,990 4,710	99,879 95,980 3,899
I. Chaurah Tehsil	R	607.6	1,573 • 7	93	378	192	•	10,263	56,270	29,531	26,739
2. Fangi Sub-Tehsil .	R	889.9	2,304.8	3 13	90	134	<u>ا</u>	. 1,633	11,678	6,154	5,524
3. Chamba Tehsil .	T R U	394 · 1 393 · 2 0 · 9	1,020-5 1,018-4 2-3	153	241 241 	64 64	i .		68,897 60,288 8,609	35,687 30,977 4,710	33,210 29,311 3,899
Chamba (M.C.) .	U	0.91	2.36	9,460			1	1,107	8,609	4,710	3,899
4. Bhattiyat Tehsil .	R	$252 \cdot 2$	653·5	2 191	308	· 37	ι.	. 9,332	48,109	25,223	22,886
5. Brahmaur Sub-Tehsi	R	512.3	1,326 · 9	50	105	145	••	3,755	25,625	_ 14,105	11,520
2. MANDI DISTRICT .	T R U	1,620 · 0 1,610 · 5 9 · 5	4,195 - 4 4,171 - 2 24 - 6	225	4,454 4,454 ••	364 364	•	3 72,641 . 68,099 3 4 ,542	384,259 362,724 21,535	192,687 180,759 11,928	191,572 181,965 9,607
1. Jogindarnagar Tehsi	R U	445·0 444·0 1·0	1,152.6 1,150.6 2.6) 148	1,038 1,038 	94 94	ι.	1 13,333 . 12,703 1 630	68,572 65,853 2,719	33,223 31,655 1,568	35,349 34,198 1,151
• Jogindarnagar	U	0.99	$2 \cdot 56$	2,746	••		t	630	2,719	1,568	1,151
2. Mandi Sadar Tehsil	T R U	202.0 198.0 4.0	$523 \cdot 2 \\ 512 \cdot 8 \\ 10 \cdot 4$	404	1,032 1,032 	68 68	•	1 16,950 14,198 2,752	93,083 80,049 13,034	48,398 41,077 7,321	44,685 38,972 5,713
Mandi (M.C.)	Ū	4.00	10.36	3,259	••		1	2,752	13,034	7,321	5,713
3. Sarkaghat Tehsil	R.	202.0	523·2	419	611	11	•	15,676	84,625	40,626	43,999
4. Chichot Tehsil	R	351.0	909-1	164	948	41	•		57,518	29,204	28,314
5. Sundarnagar Tehsil	T R U	168·0 163·5 4·5	435 · 1 423 · 6 11 · 6	224	200 200	7 7	•	l 8,009 6,849 I 1,160	42,479 36,697 5,782	21,715 18,676 3,039	20,764 18,021 2,743
Sundarnagar (M.C.)	Ŭ	4.47	11.58	1,294		•••	1	1,160	5,782	3,039	2,743
3. Karsog Tehsil .	R	252.0	652.6	151	625	143	.,	7,819	37,982	19,521	18,461

	Total Rural	Area in	_ _	Popula- tion	Number laga		Number of	Number of	<u>ر</u> .	Population	n
Division/Town	Urban	Sq. miles	Sq. Km.	per square mile	Inhabi- ted	Unin- habited	Towns	occupied residential houses	Persons	Males	F
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT	т	449.1	1,163 · 1	35£	926	73	2	30,185	158,806	81,36 3	
	R	445.5	1,153.8	339	926	73		28,626	151,05£	76,766	
	U	3.6	· 9·3	2,153		••	2	1,559	7,752	4,597	
1. Ghamarwin Tehsil	R	184.1	476 ·8	431	418	41		14,828	79,293	33,988	
2. Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	т	$265 \cdot 0$	686 · 3	.300	508	32	2	15,357	79,513	42,375	
-	R	$261 \cdot 4$	677 [.] 0	275	508	32		13,798	71,761	37,778	
	U	3.6	9.3	2,153			2	1,559	7,752	4,597	
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT	T R U R T R	449 · 1 445 · 5 3 · 6 184 · 1 265 · 0 261 · 4	1,163 · 1 1,153 · 8 9 · 3 476 · 8 686 · 3 677 · 0	354 339 2,153 431 .300 275	926 926 418 508 508	73 73 41 32 32	2 、 2 、 2	30,185 28,626 1,559 14,828 15,357 13,798	158,806 151,054 7,752 79,293 79,513 71,761	81,363 76,766 4,597 33,988 42,375 37,778	

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UNION TERRITORY TABLE A-I AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION-contd.

Females

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77,443

74,288

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	Te	±10 0	1,100 0	000	0.00	10	ו	<i>w</i> 0,0,00	101,032	10,100	1 1,000
	U	3.6	· 9·3	2,153		••	2`	1,559	7,752	4,597	3,155
1. Ghamarwin Tehsil	R	184.1	476.8	431	418	41	••	14,828	79,293	38,988	40,30 5
2. Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	т	$265 \cdot 0$	686·3	.300	508	32	2	15,357	79,513	42,375	37,138
-	R	$261 \cdot 4$	677·0	275	508	32	••	13,798	71,761	37,778	33,983
	U	3.6	9.3	2,153	••	••	2	1,559	7,752	4,597	3,155
Shri Naina Deri Ji . (S.T.C.)	ູບ	0.17	0.44	1,929	••	••	1	52	328	165	163
Bilaspur (S.T.C.) .	U U	3.43	8.88	2,164	••	••	1	1,507	7,424	4,432	2,992
4. MAHASU DISTRICT	т	2,256 - 5	5,844 • 4	159	2,893	298	5	66,720	358,969	189,046	169,923
	R	2;251.7	5,831.9	154	2,893	298	••	64,019	347,209	181,547	165,662
	U	4.8	$12 \cdot 5$	2,435	••	••	5	2,701	11,760	7,499	4,261
1. Arki Tehsil	т	152.8	$395 \cdot 8$	253	469	43	1	7,661	38,730	19,353	19,377
	R	$152 \cdot 3$	394-4	246	469	43	••	7,390	37,509	18,673	18,836
	U	0.2	1.4	2,180	••	••	1	271	1,221	680	541
*Arki (N.A.C.)	U	0.56	1-45	2,180		••	1	271	1,221	680	541
2. Seoni Sub-Tehsil .	R	92.9	$240 \cdot 6$	202	195	38	••	3,950	18 ,7 50	9,436	9,314
3. Kumharsain Sub-Tehs	il T	94.0	$243 \cdot 5$	253	154	18	1	4,230	23,828	12,430	11,398
	R	93.2	$242 \cdot 2$	251	154	18		4,148	23,468	12,173	11,295
	U	0.5	1.3	720	••	••	1	82	360	257	103
Narkanda (N.A.O.) .	σ	0.50	1 • 29	7 20	••	••	1	82	360	257	103
4. Rampur Tehsil .	т	565.0	1,463 • 4	78	179	••	1	7,632	43,847	22,595	21,252
	R	$564 \cdot 5$	$1,462 \cdot 1$	74	179		••	7,226	41,768	21,149	20,619
	U	0.2	1.3	4,158	••	••	1	406	2,079	1,446	633
Rampur (S.T.C.) .	U	0.50	1.30	4,158		••	1	406	2,079	1,446	633
5. Rohra Tehsil	R	475.0	$1,230 \cdot 2$	109	169	••	••	8,449	51,869	26,261	25,608
6. Jubbal Tehsil	R	108.0	$279 \cdot 7$	165	85	13	••	2,961	17,776	9,570	8,206
7. Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil .	R	90.0	233 · 1	229	170	21	••	3,546	20,583	11,075	9,508
8. Theog Tehsil	Т	$183 \cdot 4$	475·0	224	387	50	1	8,549	41,167	22,009	19,158
	R	183-1	4 74 · 3	216	387	50		8,119	39,631	20,945	18,686
	U	0.3	0.7	5,689	••	••	1	430	1,536	1,064	472
*Theog (S.T.C.)	U	0.27	0.70	5,689	••	••	1	430	1,536	ĺ,064	472
9. Kasumpti Tehsil .	R	147.4	381.8	184	334	38	••	6,233	27,114	14,639	12,475
10. Solon Tehsil	т	108.0	$279 \cdot 7$	323	454	47	1	7,312	34,914	19,052	15,862
	R	105.0	$271 \cdot 9$	270	454	47		5,800	28,350	15,000	13,350
	U	3.0	7.8	2,188	••		1	1,512	6,564	4,052	2,512
Solon (M.C.)	U	3.00	7.77	2,188	••	••	1	1,512	6,564	4,052	2,512
11. Chaupal Tehsil	R	240.0	621.6	168	297	30	••	6,197	40,391	22,626	17,765

Union Territory/District/ Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/Sub-	Total Rurał	Area	in	Popula- tion	Numb	er of ages	Number of	Number of		Populatio	n
Division/Town	Urban	Sq. miles	Sq. Km.	per square mile	Inhabi- ted		Towns	occupied residentia houses	Persons	s Males	Females
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT .	т	1,141.7	2,957 • 0	173	965	9	2	36,097	97,551	108,093	89 ,458
	R	1,137 · 1	2,945 · 0	<i>161</i>	965	9	••	33,190	183,279	99,860	83 ,4 19
	U	4.6	12.0	3 ,076	••		2	2,907	14,272	8 ,233	6 ,039
I. Pachhad Tehsil .	R	316.6	820·0	127	399	2	••	8,713	40,124	21,471	18,653
2. Rainka Tehsil	R	342 • 4	886-8	186	230	2	••	11,185	63,655	34,802	28,853
3. Nahan Tehsil	т	214.0	554.3	152	149	4	1	5,877	32,527	18,216	14,311
	R	210.0	543.9	96	149	4	••	3,302	20,088	11,031	9,057
	U	4.0	10.4	3,110	••	••	1	2,575	12,439	7,185	5,254
Nahan (M.C.)	U	4.00	10.36	3,110	••		1	2,575	12,439	7,185	5,254
4. Paonta Tehsil .	т	268.7	695·9	228	187	1	1	10,322	61,245	33,604	27,641
	R	268.1	69 4 ·3	222	187	1	••	9,990	59,412	32,556	26,856
	U	0.6	1.6	2,864	••	••	1	332	1,833	1,048	785
*Paonta (S.T.C.)	U	0.64	1.66	2,864	••	••	1	332	1,833	1,048	785
6. KINNAUR DISTRIOT	R	2,579.0	6,679·6	16	77	••	••	6,440	40,980	20,808	20,172
1. Nachar Sub-Division	R	N.A.	N.A.	••	21	••	••	1,947	12,120	6 ,4 17	5,703
2. Kalpa Sub-Division .	R	N.A.	N.A.	••	24	••	••	2,250	15,612	7,908	7,704
3. Poo Sub-Division .	R	N.A.	N.A.	••	32	••	••	2,243	13,248	6,483	6,765

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UNION TERRITORY TABLE A-I AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION-concld.

N.A.—Not available.

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A-I AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

APPENDIX I

Territorial Units which have undergone changes since 1951

Fly-leaf

In this Appendix all those territorial units which have undergone changes since 1951 are listed giving briefly the gain and losses of territories.

The Union Territory area increased by 451.0 square miles [Union Territory Land Records area figures] with the merger of Part 'C' State of Bilaspur into Himachal Pradesh on the 1st of July, 1954. The merging State of Bilaspur was retained as a separate district of the same name with its two tehsils, viz., Ghamarwin and Bilaspur Sadar. The area of Mahasu District underwent a change in May, 1960 with the formation of new Kinnaur District, comprising of entire Chini Tehsil and 14 villages of Rampur Tehsil of the former district, involving an area 2,579.0 square miles [Union Territory Land Records area figures]. The new Kinnaur District was divided into, three sub-divisions, namely Nachar, Kalpa and Poo.

The constitution of erstwhile Bilaspur State as a separate district and the creation of new Kinnaur District out of Mahasu District had increased the number of districts in Himachal Pradesh from four in 1951 to six in 1961. The number of tehsils/sub-tehsils/sub-divisions had also changed. Comparative figures of districts, tehsils/sub-tehsils and subdivisions in Himachal Pradesh in 1951 and 1961 are given below:

			195 1	1961
1. Districts			4	6
2. Tehsils/sub-tehsils	•		27	28
3. Sub-divisions .		•	••	3

In regard to changes in the jurisdiction of districts/ tehsils/sub-tehsils/sub-divisions, the number of villages added to and surrendered from these units and the area involved have been shown in the Appendix. The 1951 location Code No. (Serial No.), revenue (Hadbast) No., name and area (wherever available), of each village transferred from one district/tehsil/sub-tehsil/sub-division from another will be found in an Annexure to Appendix I to Table A-I, in the respective District Handbooks for the Census of 1961. For Himachal Pradesh Gazette notification numbers and dates affecting the changes in jurisdiction, see Statements 4 and 5 under item four of the fly leaf to Table A-I.

A-I AREA, HOUSES AND

APPENDIX

Statement showing 1951 Territorial Units constituting Notes for

(i) Only those names/areas which have undergone changes since 1951, have been shown below.

(ii) Area figures as obtained from the Union Territory Land Records.

(iii) The 1951 location Code No. (Serial No.), Revenue (Hadbast) No., name and area (wherever available) tehsil/sub-tehsil/sub-division by transfer from another will be found in an Annexure to Appendix I to (iv) The area of the transferred units in Appendix I to Table A-I may not necessarily agree with the Appendix I while the same has not been accounted for in the Annexure, as the details of the uninhabited villages

Union Territory/	1951	Details of gain in terr	ritories	
District/Tehsil/Sub- Fehsil/Sub-Division	Territorial Units	Brief description	Area	in
1	2	3	Sq. miles	Sq. Km. 5
HIMACHAL PRADESH	Himachal Pradesb Former	Bilaspur State	451·0	1,168 1
CHAMBA DISTRICT		(No in	ter-district	transfers)
Chaurah Tehsil . Chamba Tehsil .	. Chaurah Tehsil 5 villag . Chamba Tehsil	es transferred from Chamba Tehsil	$2 \cdot 0$	5·2
BILASPUR DISTRICT	. Bilaspur State	(No i	nter-district	transfers)
Ghamarwin Tehsil . Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	. Ghamarwin Tehsil . Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil . 137 villa	ges transferred from Ghamarwin Tehsil	49.7	$128 \cdot 7$
MAHASU DISTRICT	. Mahasu District	••	••	••
Rampur Tehsil .	. Rampur Tehsil			
Rohru Tehsil . Jubbal Tehsil . Kotkhai Sub Tehsil .	. Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil	ges transferred from Rohru Tehsil villages transferred from Rampur Tehsil	$8 \cdot 3$ $2 \cdot 4$ $1 \cdot 9$	$21 \cdot 5 \\ 6 \cdot 2 \\ 4 \cdot 9$
Theog Tehsil	(ii) 1	village transferred from Theog Tehsil ages transferred from Kasumpti Tehsil	0.5	$1 \cdot 3$ $42 \cdot 3$
Kasumpti Tehsil .	. Kasumpti Tehsil 19 vil	lages transferred from Thcog Tehsil	6.0	15.5
SIRMUR DISTRICT		(No ir	nter-district	transfers)
Rainka Tehsil . Paonta Tehsil .	. Rainka Tehsil . Paonta Tehsil 17 vil	lages transferred from Rainka Tehsil	33.2	86.0
KINNAUR DISTRICT	<i>(i)</i> 14	y constituted with the following	2,579 · 0(a) r 189 · 0(b)	6,679·6 489·5
	(ii) Fe	'ehsil of Mahasu District. ormer Chini Tehsil (63 villages) trans- rred from Mahasu District.	2,390 · 0(c)	6,190·1
Nachar Sub-Division	. Newly (i) 14	constituted with the following— villages transferred from Rampur chsil of Mahasu District.	N.A. 189·0	N.A. 489·5
	<i>(ii)</i> 7	villages transferred from former hini Tehsil of Mahasu District.	N.A.	N.A.
Kalpa Sub-Division	tra	v constituted with 24 villages unsferred from former Chini Tehsil of abagy District		N.A.
Poo Sub-Division	. Newly fe	ahasu District. 7 constituted with 32 villages trans- rred from former Chini Tehsil of ahasu District.	N.A.	N.A.

N.A.—Not available

(a) $2,579 \cdot 0$ Sq. miles comprises of area of 77 inhabited villages equal to $52 \cdot 2$ Sq. miles according to (b) $189 \cdot 0$ Sq. miles comprises of area of 14 inhabited villages equal to $8 \cdot 0$ Sq. miles according to (c) $2,390 \cdot 0$ Sq. miles comprises of area of 63 inhabited villages equal to $44 \cdot 2$ Sq. miles according to

POPULATION I the present set up of Himachal Pradesh THE APPENDIX

of each village, transferred from the district/tehsil/sub-tehsil to another or incorporated in a district/ Table A-I in the respective district Handbooks for the Census of 1961.

area appearing in the Annexure owing to the fact that the area of the uninhabited villages is also included in are not known for the 1951 Census.

Details of loss in territories			Net	area Gain	(+) Loss (—
Brief description	Area	in	· · ·		Α.
6	Sq. miles	Sq. Km. 8	1	Sq. miles	Sq. Km
	· · ·	°	(+)	9 451·0	10 (+) 1,168·1
5 villages transferred to Chaurah Tehsil	2.0	5.2	(+) (—)	$2.0 \\ 2.0 \\ 2.0$	(+) 5.2 (-) 5.2
137 villages transferred to Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	49.7	128.7	(—) (+)	49·7 49·7	(-) 128.7 (+) 128.7
(i) 14 villages of Rampur Tehsil transferred to newly con- stituted Kinnaur District.	$2,579 \cdot 0(a)$ $189 \cdot 0(b)$	6,679.6 489.5	-	2,579 • 0	()6,679 6
(ii) Former Chini Tehsil (63 villages) transferred to newly constituted Kinnaur District.	$2,390 \cdot 0(c)$	6,190 · 1			
 (i) 4 villages transferred to Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil (ii) 14 villages transferred to newly constituted Kinnaur 	190+9 1+9 189+0	$494 \cdot 4$ 4.9 $489 \cdot 5$	()	190.9	(—) 494·4
District. 9 villages transferred to Jubbal Tehsil	8.3	21.5	(—)	8.3	(—) 21·5
	••	••	(+) (+)	$8\cdot 3$ $2\cdot 4$	$(+) 21.5 \\ (+) 6.2$
(i) 1 village transferred to Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil	6·5 0·5	16·8 1·3	(+)	9.8	(+) 25.5
 (ii) 19 villages transferred to Kasumpti Tehsil 23 villages transferred to Theog Tehsil 	6·0 16·3	15·5 42·3	(—)) 10.3	(—) 26·8
17 villages transforred to Paonta Tehsil	33·2	86 0	(—) (+)) 33·2) 33·2	(—) 86∙0 (+) 86∙0
	••	••	(+)	2,579.0	(+)6,679∙€
				N.A.	N.A
				N.A. N.A.	1
				N.A.	N

Revenue village papers plus 2,526.8 Sq. miles relating to uninhabited area. Revenue village papers, plus 181.0 Sq. miles relating to uninhabited area. Revenue village papers, plus 2,345.8 Sq. miles relating to uninhabited area.

SUB-APPENDIX TO APPENDIX I

Statement showing the area for 1951 and 1961 for those Municipal towns which have undergone changes in areas since 1951 Census

Name of Municipal town	Area ir	Sq. miles	Remarks
	1951	1961	
1	2	3	4
Chamba	2.00	0.91	Revised computation

APPENDIX II

Number of villages with a population of 5,000 and over and towns with a population under 5,000

Fly-leaf

To qualify for an urban area, a place should first be either a Municipal Committee or a Municipal Area, or under a Small Town Committee or a Notified Area Committee or a Cantonment Board. All areas included in urban areas in the census of 1951 were either under Municipal Committees or Notified Area Committees or Small Town Committees. The same position obtained in 1961 (excepting in the case of one town, *viz.*, Jogindarnagar) and as a result of that the number of towns in Himachal Pradesh has risen from 11 in 1951 to 13 in 1961 with the addition of two new towns of Narkanda (Notified Area Committee) and Shri Naina Devi Ji (Small Town Committee) to the list of urban areas, without taking into consideration the minima of population fixed for a town. Jogindarnagar with a Small Town Committee was a town in 1951 and it continues to be treated as a town in 1961, though the Small Town Committee no longer functions there.

There is no village in Himachal Pradesh which can claim a population of 5,000 or above.

No locality classified as urban area in 1951 was omitted from the list of towns in 1961, rather two new towns in 1961, as mentioned above, were added to the 1951 list of urban areas.

APPENDIX II

Number of villages with a population of 5,000 and over and towns with a population under 5,000

[Note: Units of territory which have nothing to show have been excluded]

Villages with a	population of (5,000 and over	Towns with a population under 5,000					
Number	Population	Percentage to total rural popu- lation of the Union Territory	Number	-	Percentage to total urban popu- lation of the Jnion Territory			
2	3	4	5	6	7			
••		••	7	10,076	15.76			
• •	. •	••	1	2,719	4.25			
		••	1	2,719	4 • 25			
• •	••	••	1	328	0.51			
••	••	••	1	328	0.51			
	• •	••	4	5,196	8.13			
••	••	••	1	1,221	1.91			
••		••	1	360	0.57			
••	• •	• •	1	2,079	3 ·25			
••	••	••	1	1,536	2.40			
			1	1,833	2.87			
••			1	1,833	2.87			
	2 	Number Population 2 3	Number Population to total rural popu- lation of the Union Territory 2 3 4 	NumberPopulationPercentage to total rural popu- lation of the Union TerritoryNumber2345 \cdots \cdots \cdots 7 \cdots \cdots \cdots 1	Number Population Percentage to total rural popu- lation of the Union Territory Number Population 2 3 4 5 6 7 10,076 1 2,719 1 2,719 1 2,719 1 328 1 328 1 328 1 1,221 1 1,221 1 2,079 1 1,536 1 1,833			

LIST A TO APPENDIX II

Places with a population of under 5,000 treated as towns for the first time in 1961

Name of town				District		٠	Area in • Sq. miles in 1961	Population			
1				2						3	4
Shri Naina Devi Ji Narkanda	•	•	•	Bilaspur Mahasu	•	•	•	•	•	$\begin{array}{c} 0\cdot 17 \\ 0\cdot 50 \end{array}$	328 360

LIST B TO APPENDIX II.

Places with a population of under 5,000 in 1951 which were treated as towns in 1951 but have been omitted from the list of towns in 1961

-NIL-

		Area in	
Name of town	District	Sq. miles in	Population
		_ <i>1951</i>	_
1	2	3	4

APPENDIX III

Houseless and institutional population

Fly-leaf

The houseless population was counted not when enumerating the households. They were enumerated separately. All of them, i.e., the payement dwellers or others who did not form part of the household, alongwith persons who did not normally reside in houses, i.e., members of wandering tribes, tramps, sadhus, etc., were enumerated on the night of the 28th February and from the 2nd to the 4th March, 1961, in the non-snowbound areas all over Himachal Pradesh and from the 21st to the 23rd September, 1960, in Chamba District snowbound areas and from the 1st to the 3rd November, 1960, in Mandi, Mahasu and Kinnaur snowbound areas. The instructions in respect of enumeration of houseless population were rigidly adhered to and as a result thereof it can be claimed that the figures are as accurate as these could reasonably expected to be.

As regards institutional population, it was enumerated side by side with other households. Institution means any charitable or mental institution, hostel, hotel, hospital, sarai, dharamshala, temple-sarai, rest house, asharam, police mess, labour mess, camp etc. A district-wise numerical list of the institutions where population was counted is given below.

Numerical list of institutions where population was enumerated

Name of	. Distric	ŧ	C	Hotels	Boar- ding hou- ses/ Hos- tels	Temple sarais/ and other Halting places	Rest hou- ses	Hos- pi- tals	Jails	Ash- arams	Police niesses	Labour messes	Oth- er messes	Camps
1				2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chamba	•	•	•	2	14	9	1	4	1	2	7	• •	2	1
Mandi	•	•	•	10	13	5	3	10	1	1	11	1	12	••
Bilaspur	•	•		3	6	9	••	3	1	••	7	••	3	••
Mahasu				23	57	41	2	16	1	3	7	3	18	••
Sirmur	•	•	•	••	20	14	1	7	1	1	6	1	4	••
<u>Kinnaur</u>	•	•	•	••	4	10	••	3		3	2	••	23	••
	Т	otal	•	38	114	88	7	43	5	10	40	5	62	1

Types of institutions

APPENDIX III

Houseless and institutional population

Union Territory/District/Tehsil/ Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division	Total Rural	Housele	ss Population	ı	Institutional Population			
800-10030/800-191919100	Urban	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
HIMACHAL PRADESH .	. T R U	20,040 19,490 550	17,448 17,012 436	2,592 2,478 114	6,163 3,160 3,003	5,433 2,884 2,549	730 276 454	
I CHAMBA DISTRICT .	. T R U	2,288 2,286 2	1,872 1,870 2	416 416	911 537 374	779 496 283	132 41 91	
1 Chaurah Tehsil 2 Pangi Sub-Tehsil .	. R . R	409 346	329 327	80 19	372 27	$\begin{array}{c} 367\\21\end{array}$	5 6	
3 Chamba Tehsil	. T R U	$\begin{array}{c} 127\\ 125\\ 2\end{array}$	$81\\79\\2$	46 46	461 87 374	351 68 283	110 19 91	
4 Bhattiyat Tehsil 5 Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil	. R . R	200 1,206	$\begin{array}{c} 162 \\ 973 \end{array}$	38 233	13 38	11 29	2 9	
II MANDI DISTRICT .	. T R U	1,699 1,635 64	1,475 1,428 - 47	224 207 17	771 161 610	660 146 514	111 15 96	
1 Jogindarnagar Tehsil .	· T R U	$rac{64}{44}$. 20	60 41 19	4 3 1	115 61 54	98 56 42	17 5 12	
2 Mandi Sadar Tehsil .	· T R U	352 332 20	248 235 13	104 97 7	489 44 445	406 38 368	83 6 77	
3 Sarkaghat Tehsil . 4 Chichot Tehsil .	R R	59 4 305	$559 \\ 293$	$35\\12$	$\frac{13}{32}$	$\begin{array}{c}9\\32\end{array}$	4 	
5 Sundarnagar Tehsil .	· T R U	151 127 24	$110 \\ 95 \\ 15$	41 32 9	122 11 111	115 11 104	7 7	
6 Karsog Tehsil	, R	233	205	28	••	••	••	
III BILASPUR DISTRICT	. T R U	761 648 113	607 510 97	154 138 16	433 223 210	364 193 171	69 30 39	
1 Ghamarwin Tehsil	. R	10 3	74	29	129	113	16	
2 Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	· T R U	658 545 113	533 436 97	125 109 16	304 94 210	251 80 171	53 14 39	
IV MAHASU DISTRICT .	. T R U	8,308 8,057 251	7,430 7,234 196	878 823 55	2,113 1,452 661	1,869 1,328 541	244 124 120	
1 Arki Tehsil	. T R U	137 137	96 96	41 41	66 7 59	61 4 57	5 3 2	
2 Seoni Sub-Tehsil	, R	2	2	••	21	18	3	
3 Kumbarsain Sub-Tehsil	. T R U	214 214	193 193 	21 21 	254 254	221 221 	33 33 	
4 Rampur Tehsil	· T R U	882 638 244	733 544 189	149 94 55	310 222 88	281 206 75	29 16 1 3	

APPENDIX III

Houseless and institutional population-concld.

Union Territory/District/Tehsil	Total	Housele	ss Populatio	n	Institutional Population				
Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division	Rural Urban	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
IV MAHASU DISTRICT-C	oncld.								
5 Rohru Tehsil 6 Jubbal Tehsil 7 Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil .	. R . R . R	279 1,302 1,225	268 1,127 1,168	11 175 57	186 120 132	178 112 103	8 8 29		
8 Theog Tehsil	. T R U	379 373 6	332 326 6	47 47 	138 64 74	$122 \\ 62 \\ 60$	16 2 14		
9 Kasumpti Tehsil	. R	158	118	40	291	282	9		
10 Solon Tehsil	. T R U	571 570 1	439 438 1	132 132 	449 9 440	353 4 349	96 5 91		
11 Chaupal Tehsil .	. R	3,159	2,954	205	146	138	8		
V SIRMUR DISTRICT .	. T R U	3,831 3,711 120.	3,499 3,405 94	332 306 26	1,334 186 1,148	1,204 164 1,040	130 22 108		
1 Pachhad Tehsil 2 Rainka Tehsil	. R . R	$\substack{\textbf{1,511}\\232}$	1,426 209	85 23	23 26	$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 25\end{array}$	1 1		
3 Nahan Tehsil	. T R U	811 789 22	741 720 21	70 69 1	1,088 53 1,035	991 45 946	97 8 89		
4 Paonta Tehsil	. T R U	1,277 1,179 98	1,123 1,050 73	$154 \\ 129 \\ 25$	197 84 113	166 72 94	31 12 19		
VI KINNAUR DISTRICT 1 Nachar Sub-Division . 2 Kalpa Sub-Division . 3 Poo Sub-Division .	. R . R . R . R	3,153 1,130 1,467 556	2,565 1,023 994 548	588 107 473 8	601 101 277 223	557 90 260 207	44 11 17 16		

A-II

VARIATION IN POPULATION DURING THE 60 YEARS

A-II VARIATION IN POPULATION DURING SIXTY YEARS

Fly-leaf

1. Introductory

This table furnishes data on the population for the seven censuses from 1901 to 1961 and the variation of population. This is a very important table as it gives the growth of population from decade to decade and in the absence of any past reliable vital statistics this data forms the main source for estimation of growth of population. One of the main changes in this table since the last census is that percentage variation has also been given from decade to decade.

The appendix to this table gives the adjustments necessary to bring the 1951 Census population of the districts to the jurisdiction of the districts as in 1961 Census.

The table unfolds the rise and fall of population over the previous 60 years. Even a cursory glance at the table would show as to which decade has been more fruitful in respect of growth of population or vice-versa over the previous decade. The table as it stands reveals that Himachal Pradesh as a whole has never shown negative progress in population even though the percentage increase was as low as 1.54 percent registered in the 1921 Census. This was presumably due to the great influenza epidemic of 1918 which took a heavy toll of life. Medical facilities in the princely States at that time were practically non-existent and the devastating effects of the virulent epidemic can well be imagined in such circumstances. The rate of growth had increased in 1931 Census when it was 7.22 per cent and again in 1941 Census when it registered the highest percentage till then since 1901 Census. It again dropped down to 4.89 per cent only in 1951. The reasons for this abrupt fall in the population growth are not available. The present census of 1961 shows the highest percentage of population growth since 1901 i.e., 21.78 per cent. This rise is attributable to various reasons, the most important one being the availability of more medical facilities to the rural population resulting in over all decrease in death rate. Another reason for the increase in percentage of population growth is the influx of population, as large number of immigrants have come to Himachal Pradesh due to opening up of new avenues of earning livelihood, e.g., construction of roads etc.

2. Adjustment of population from 1901 to 1961

Certain minor variations in areas of the ex-princely States now constituting Himachal Pradesh took place up to the year 1941. But no records are available of the inter-transfer of population. As a result of exchange of certain areas under the "Provinces and States (Absorption of Enclaves) Order 1950" between the States of Punjab and Himachal Pradesh, a population of 11,790 persons—5,866 males and 5,924 females, was the net addition to the population of Himachal Pradesh and likewise a population of 226 persons—116 males and 110 females was transferred from the State of Uttar Pradesh to Himachal Pradesh on the transfer of two villages. This increase of population, as recorded in the 1951 Census Reports, was registered in the district of Mahasu only. No account is available of the population exchange on account of exchange of enclaves between Pepsu and Himachal Pradesh under the above Order.

As a result of partitioning of country in 1947, 4,661 displaced persons from Pakistan were counted in the 1951 Census in Himachal Pradesh inclusive of Part 'C' State of Bilaspur.

3. Explanatory note to Appendix to Table A-II

In 1951, Himachal Pradesh comprised of four districts of Chamba, Mandi, Mahasu and Sirmur with an area of 11,073 square miles according to Union Territory Land Records. On the 1st July, 1954, the erstwhile Part 'C' State of Bilaspur was merged into Himachal Pradesh and constituted a separate district of the same name. With this merger, the area of Himachal Pradesh increased by 451 square miles and the number of districts had risen to five. The population of Bilaspur was 126,099 in 1951. Thus total area and population of Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur, as in 1951, were 11,524 square miles and 1,109,466 persons respectively. Corresponding figures of area and population of Himachal Pradesh in 1961 are 10,702.4 square miles and 1,351,144 persons respectively. In 1961, the number of districts had risen to six with the creation of the new district of Kinnaur. The district of Kinnaur, comprising of the Chini Tehsil of the Mahasu District and 14 villages from Rampur Tehsil of the same district, was created on the 1st May, 1960, vide, Himachal Pradesh Notification No. 2-1/60 (Border)-I, dated the 21st April, 1960.

There has been increase in population in 1961 over 1951 as usual, but there has been decrease of $821 \cdot 6$ square miles $(11,524 \cdot 0.-10,702 \cdot 4=821 \cdot 6)$ in area of Himachal Pradesh as a whole, including Bilaspur. This is partly explained by the fresh determination of area in the Revenue Settlement that took place in Chamba District during the last decade.

While comparing the figures in columns 2 and 5 of the Appendix in respect of the districts, it will be observed that there are differences in the 1951 and 1961 area figures of Chamba, Mahasu and Sirmur Districts. There is a difference in 1951 and 1961 area figures of Bilaspur also, which was retained in its entirety as a separate district in Himachal Pradesh after merger in 1954 without any boundary changes in this district since then.

As regards population, there has been increase in the same in 1961 in each of the districts when compared with 1951. The undivided district of Mahasu in 1951 had a population of 330,614, including population of 34,475 of the area that has been ceded from Mahasu District to the new district of Kinnaur. In 1961 the population of Mahasu District in spite of its reduced area due to the formation of new Kinnaur District is on the higher side as compared with the population of undivided district of Mahasu in 1951. Undivided District Mahasu had a population of 330,614 in 1951, and the present population of District Mahasu even in its reduced size is 358,969.

In regard to population in 1951 adjusted to jurisdiction of 1961, there has been no change in Chamba, Mandi, Bilaspur and Simur Districts, because there has been no change in their jurisdiction. The only districts effected were Mahasu and Kinnaur, the former for its reduction in size and the latter because of its creation as a new district out of Mahasu. Population of Mahasu was reduced by 34,475 and this was the gain of the new Kinnaur District.

4. Percentage variations

Percentage variations of population are given in Statement 1 on the next page.

STATEMENT 1

Union Territory/District			1901 to 1961	1951 to` 1961	1941 to 1951		1931 to 1941		1921 to 1931		1911 to 1921		1901 to 1911		
		1			2	3	,• 4		5		6		7		8
HIMACH	AL PI	RADE	SĦ	T R U	+ 60·04 + 57·53 +135·38	+ 21.78 + 20.94 + 41.60	+ 4.89 + 4.07 + 29.05		10∙84 10∙94 7∙90	+ + +	7 · 22 6 · 09 53 · 46	≁ + +	1 · 54 1 · 41 6 · 93	+ + 	
Chamba	•	•	•	Т, R U	+ 64.73 + 65.77 + 43.48	+ 19.61 + 19.37 + 25.53	+ 4.23 + 4.24 + 3.96		$15 \cdot 01 \\ 15 \cdot 40 \\ 6 \cdot 08$	+ + +	3 • 53 3 • 27 9 • 72	+ + +	4•41 4•49 2•63	+ +	6.99
Mandi	•	•	•	T R U	$^{+68\cdot00}_{+66\cdot08}_{+108\cdot61}$	$\begin{array}{r} + 23 \cdot 70 \\ + 23 \cdot 18 \\ + 33 \cdot 20 \end{array}$	$+ 2 \cdot 29 \\+ 1 \cdot 47 \\+ 19 \cdot 70$	÷	$14 \cdot 22 \\ 16 \cdot 08 \\ 15 \cdot 06$	+ + +	11•07 8•71 68•74	+ + +	1·41 0·79 19·35	++	4 ·46
Bilaspur	•	•	•	T R U	$^{+74\cdot76}_{+72\cdot28}_{+142\cdot86}$	$^{+25\cdot 94}_{+23\cdot 46}_{+107\cdot 00}$	$+14 \cdot 29$ +13 \cdot 86 +30 \cdot 35		9·25 8·98 20·36	+ +	3·06 0·62		$5 \cdot 26 \\ 5 \cdot 26 \\ \bullet \bullet$	+ +	
Mahasu	•	•	•	T R U	$+ 53 \cdot 46 \\+ 49 \cdot 31 \\+ 747 \cdot 26$	$\begin{array}{r} + & 21 \cdot 22 \\ + & 20 \cdot 50 \\ + & 47 \cdot 04 \end{array}$	+ 3.72 + 2.38 + 96.61	+ + +3,66	9·17 7·66 36·67	++	8.00 8.08 61.57		0·98 1·09	+++	4·54 5·17 100·00
Sirmur	•	•		T R U	+ 45.59 + 41.60 + 128.13	+ 18.95 + 17.71 + 37.53	+ 6.44 + 5.14 + 30.71		$5 \cdot 02 \\ 5 \cdot 21 \\ 1 \cdot 68$	+ + +	$5 \cdot 78 \\ 4 \cdot 51 \\ 35 \cdot 65$	+ +	$1 \cdot 39 \\ 1 \cdot 90 \\ 9 \cdot 23$	+ + +	2·09 2·12 1·36
Kinnaur	•	•	٠	R	+ 50.48	+ 18.87	+ 3.72	- -	9.17	- -	8.00		0.98	+	4 ∙55

Percentage variations of population from 1901-1961

+ == Increase

- = Decrease

5. Comments on 4 above

There are only six districts in Himachal Pradesh and the percentage variation of population of all these districts have been given in the above Statement. Taking collectively, the percentage variation from 1901 to 1961 is 60.04 per cent in the Union Territory. The percentage variation in rural areas being 57.53 per cent as against 135.38 per cent in urban areas. The increase in population is, therefore, more in urban areas. This is due to increase in the number of towns from 9 in 1901 to 13 in 1961. In terms of districts, Mahasu District represents the highest percentage increase from 1901 to 1961 in respect of urban areas. This is due to the increase in number of towns in this district from 3 in 1901 to 5 in 1961. Bilaspur stands second and Sirmur occupies the third place. Here also there has been increase in the number of towns from one to two in each case. In respect of rural areas, Bilaspur heads with an increase of 72.28 per cent and Mandi stands next.

The minimum increase was registered in the Pradesh from 1911 to 1921 when the rural areas showed an increase of $1 \cdot 41$ per cent as against $6 \cdot 93$ per cent in urban areas. Districally speaking there had been corresponding minimum increase from 1911 to 1921 in total and rural areas of Mandi and Sirmur Districts. In Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts there were registered decreases in the district totals and in Mahasu rural areas. This was presumably due to the great influenza epidemic of 1918. Otherwise it is not possible to explain this very low percentage increase in the population as a whole and the decrease in Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts.

The highest percentage decade increase has of course been from 1951 to 1961, which, as already stated, besides being due to lesser death rate, is also ascribable to influx of greater number of immigrants. Most significant is percentage increase of 3,666.67, registered in Mahasu District from 1931 to 1941, in respect of urban areas and this is again due to the increase in the number of towns from one in 1931 to three in 1941.

As a whole, there was increase in the population of rural areas during the last six decades in all the six districts, excepting in Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts, which registered decreases from 1911 to 1921. There are, however, many decreases registered in the urban areas. Urban population decreased by $27 \cdot 24$ per cent in the Pradesh from 1901 to 1911. This is because out of the 9 towns in 1901, as many as 6 were declassified in 1911 and population data of one town, due to its non-availability does not, figure in this account. Districtwise position in this respect is given below :

Chamba District—There was a decrease of 7.95 per cent in the urban population from 1901 to 1911. No record is available to explain for this decrease.

Mandi District—There was a decrease of $23 \cdot 51$ per cent in the urban population from 1901 to 1911. This is due to the declassification of two towns of 1901, viz., Nagar and Bhojpur as rural areas in 1911. There was decrease of $15 \cdot 06$ per cent from 1931 to 1941 also. No record is available to explain for this decrease.

Bilaspur District—There was 100 per cent decrease in urban population from 1901 to 1911. The only town of 1901 in the district, viz., Bilaspur town, was declassified in 1911, and it remained as such in 1921 also. In 1931, the locality was again declared as an urban area.

Mahasu District—In this district also 100 per cent decrease in urban population from 1901 to 1911 is shown due to declassification in 1911 of two of the three localities declared as towns in 1901, and non-availability of population data for the third town. From 1911 to 1921, no variation in population is shown in the statement as there are no figures of population available for 1911. There was 61.57 per cent decrease in the urban population from 1921 to 1931. No record is available to explain for this decrease. Sirmur District—There was a decrease of 9.23 per cent in the urban population from 1911 to 1921. No record is available to explain for this decrease.

6. Changes in the proportion of sexes

The changes in proportion of sexes are given in Statement 2.

STATEMENT 2 Changes in the proportion of sexes during 1901—1961

					Females per 1,000 males										
Union Terr	ritory/Di	strict		1961	1951	1941	1931	1921	1911	1901					
	1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8					
HIMACHAL PR Total Rural Urban	ADESH	• •	• •	923 934 729	915 921 764	897 905 694	906 918 606	902 906 728	904 910 684	885 892 701					
Chamba															
Total Rural Urban		•	•	902 906 828	897 899 858	904 912 718	931 941 725	911 919 736	924 934 717	923 933 746					
Mandi															
Total Rural Urban	•	• • •	•	994 1,007 805	971 976 881	907 917 727	917 950 514	933 944 708	924 936 619	908 920 694					
Bilaspur						•									
Total Rural Urban	• •		• •	952 968 686	948 952 826	938 948 614	900 906 673	874 874 	862 862 	840 846 683					
Mahasu															
Total Rural Urban	•	• •	• • •	899 913 568	905 918 531	910 918 490	941 941 459	922 923 391	935 935 	911 914 489					
Sirmur															
Total Rural Urban	• •		• •	828 835 734	800 806 719	818 820 770	803 809 703	824 826 777	822 825 744	798 801 732					
Kinnaur		١													
Rural	•	•	•	969	1070	910	941	922	935	911					

7. Comments on 6 above

The variations in the sex ratio as given in the above Statement are not so abrupt or abnormal as to merit any particular attention. However, in the case of Kinnaur District it will be observed that the variation is more marked in 1951. Against 910 females per 1,000 males in the 1941 Census 1,070 females were registered in 1951. This came down to 969 females per 1,000 males in 1961. It is not possible to give any reason for these fluctuations.

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Union Territory/Dis		Year	Persons		ecad riatio			entage cade ation	Males	Females			
1					3	3	•	4			5	6	7
HIMACHAL PRADESH .		•	•	•	1901	844,2	70		••			447,854	396,4 16
					1911	876,56	32	+	32,292	+-	3.82	460,423	416,139
					1921	890,04	16	+	13,484	+	1.54	468,001	422,045
					1931	954,27	76`	+	64,230	+	7.22	500,749	453,527
					1941	1,057,71	11		03,435	+	10.84	557,595	500,118
					1951	1,109,40			51,755	+	4.89	579,508	529,963
					1961	1,351,14	14	+ 2	41,678	+	21.78	702,697	648,447
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT	• •	•	•	•	1901	127,8			••			66,474	61,360
					1911	135,8		+	8,039	+	$6 \cdot 29$	70,612	65,261
					1921	141,8		+	5,994	·+	4.41	74,230	67,637
					1931	146,8		+	5,003	+	3.53	76,059	70,811
					1941	168,9		+	22,038	+	15 01	88,729	80,179
					1951 1961	176,0 210.5		+ +	7,142 34,529	+ +	4 • 23 19 • 61	92,797 110,700	83,253 99,879
									01,020	7	19.01	110,700	00,019
2. MANDI DISTRICT .	• •	•		•	1901	228,7			••		••	119,860	108,861
					1911	236,0		+	7,317	+	$3 \cdot 20$	122,692	113,346
					1921	239,3		+	3,338	+	1.41	123,833	115,543
					1931	265,8		-+-	26,497	+	11.07	138,727	127,146
					1941	30 3,6		+	37,812	+	14.22	159,227	144,458
					1951	310,6		+	6,911 72,622	+	2.29	157,622	153,004
	-				1961	384,2	209	+	73,633	+	$23 \cdot 70$	192,687	191,572
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT				•	1901	90,8	73				••	49,384	41,489
					1911	93,1		+	2,234	+	$2 \cdot 46$	50,009	43,098
					1921	98,0		+	4,893	+	5.26	52,306	45,694
					1931	100,9		+	2,994	+	3.06	53,154	47,840
					1941	110,3		+	9,342	+	9.25	56,935	53,401
					1951	126,0		+	15,763	+	14.29	64,738	61,361
					1961	158,8	500	+	32,707	+	$25 \cdot 94$	81,363	77,443
4. MAHASU DISTRICT		•	•	•	1901	233,9					••	122,423	111,500
					1911	244,5		+	10,631	+	4.54	126,356	118,198
					1921	242,1			2,390	_	0.98	125,965	116,199
					1931	261,5			•	+	8.00	134,740	126,786
					1941	285,5		+	23,992	+	9.17	149,467	136,051
					1951	296,1		+	10,621	+	3.72	155,421	140,718
					1961	358,9	109	+	62,830	+	$21 \cdot 22$	189,046	169,923
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT .		•		•	1901	135,6			••		••	75,461	60,226
					1911	138,5		+	2,833	+	2.09	76,044	62,476
					1921	140,4		+	1,928	+	1.39	77,003	63,445
					1931	148,5		+	8,120	+	5.78	82,384	66,184
					1941	156,0		+	7,458	+	5.02	85,837	70,189
		、			1951	166,0			10,051	+	6·44	92,271	73,806
					1961	197,5	591	+	31,474	+	18.95	108, 093	89,458
6. *KINNAUR DISTRICT					1901	27,2						14,252	12,980
					1911	28,4		+	1,238	+	4.55	14,710	13,760
					1921	28,			279		0.98	14,664	13,527
					1931	30,4		+	2,254	+	8.00	15,685	14,760
					1941	33,5		+	2,793	·+	9.17	17,400	15,838
					1951		475	+		+		16,654	17,821
					1961	40,9	980	+	6,505	+	18.87	20,808	20,172

TABLE A-II VARIATION IN POPULATION DURING SIXTY YEARS

*Kinnaur District was formed after 1951 Census.

A-II VARIATION IN POPULATION DURING SIXTY YEARS

APPENDIX

Union Territory/Districts showing 1951 Population according to their Territorial Jurisdiction in 1951, changes in area and the populations involved in those changes

Union Territ District	o ry /		Area	in 1961	1961 Popula-	Area	in 1951	1951 Population according to jurisdiction prevailing in 1951	Population in 1951 adjusted to jurisdiction	Net increase or decrease between cols. 7 and 8	
			Sq. miles	Sq. km.	tion	Sq. miles	Sq. km.	,	of 1961		
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
*HIMACHAL PRAD	ESH	•	10,702-4	27 , 719·2	1,351,144		28,679 · 1 (—959 · 9)	983,367 (+126,099)	1,109,466	+126,099†	
CHAMBA	•	•	2,656·1	6,879·3	210,579	3,135∙0 (478∙9)	8,119•7 (1,240°4)	176,050	176,050		
MANDI	•	•	1,620.0	4,195.8	384,259	1,620.0	4,195.8	310,626	310,626	••	
‡BILASPUR	•	•	449•1	1,163•1	158,806	451 · 0 (1 · 9)	1,168·1 (—5·0)	126,099	126,099	••	
§MAHASU ·	٩	•	2,256.5	5 , 844•4	358,969 (-	5,177∙0 —2,920∙5) (13,408 · 4 7,564 · 0)	330,614 (—34,475)	296,139		
SIRMUR	•	•	1,141.7	2 , 957·0	197,551	1,141·0 (+0·7)	2,955·2 (+1·8)	166,077	166,077		
\$KINNAUR	•	•	2,579•0	6,679•6	40,980 (~	+2,579·0) ((+6,679·6)	(+34,475)	34,475	+ 34,475	

*Columns 5, 6 and 7 exclude the figures of Bilaspur District at Pradesh level.

†Column 9 reflects the addition of Bilaspur District.

‡On the 1st July, 1954, the Part 'C' State of Bilaspur was merged into Himachal Pradesh and constituted as a separate district. Area involved in this merger was 451 Sq. miles (1951), which area according to last determination by the Union Territory Land Records is 449.1 Sq. miles (1961). Population effected in the merger was 126,099 (1951).

§ On the 1st May, 1960, new district of Kinnaur was carved out of Mahasu District, vide Himachal Pradesh Notification No. 2-1/60 (Border)-I, dated the 21st April, 1960. The new district comprised of the entire former Chini Tehsil and 14 villages out of Rampur Tehsil of Mahasu District. Area of Mahasu District in 1951 was 5,177 Sq. miles, which in 1961 was reduced to 2,256.5, as an area of 2,579 Sq. miles was transferred to Kinnaur District. An overall decrease of 341.5 Sq. miles in the total area of Mahasu and Kinnaur Districts in 1961 is stated to be due to latest boundary information received from the Union Territory Land Records. Population involved in this transfer was 34,475 according to 1951 Census, i.e., 28,972 from Chini Tehsil and 5,503 from 14 villages of Rampur Tehsil of Mahasu District.

There is also difference in the 1951 and 1961 area figures of other Districts, viz. Chamba, Bilaspur and Sirmur although no boundary changes took place in these districts. M/B(D)1SCOHP-5(a) 46

A-III

VILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

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A-IIIV ILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

Fly-leaf

1. Definition of a village

This table gives figures for the number and population of villages in the various population groups which are less than 200, 200-499, 500-999, 1,000-1,999, 2,000-4,999, 5,000-9,999 and 10,000 and above. The definition of a village has already been given in the fly-leaf to Table A-I. The Table A-III shows that in all there are 10,438 inhabited villages in Himachal Pradesh, out of which 8,619 villages claim a population of less than 200 each. There are 1,507 villages, which claim a population ranging between 200 and 499, 266 villages car within the population group of 500 to 999 and 44 villages can

be placed in the population group of 1,000-1,999. There are only two villages which are within the population group of 2,000-4,999 and none beyond this range of population. Out of the total population of 1,351,144 of Himachal Pradesh, 1,287,216 are residuing in rural areas and this shows that Himachal Pradesh is prodominantly a rural area.

2. Percentage of population living in villages of various population sizes

Percentage of population living in villages of various population sizes is given in Statement No. 1-

STATEMENT 1

Percentage of population living in villages of various population sizes with reference to the total rural population in each district in 1961

Villages with population

					-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Union Ter	ritory	/Distr	iot	ſ	Less than 200	200-499	· 500—999	1,000—1,999	2,0004,999	5,000-9,999	10,000 +-
	1				2	3	4	5	6	7	8
HIMACHAL	PRAI	DESH			46.9	34 · 8	13.5	4.5	0.3	••	••
Chamba	•				37.6	50.3	$12 \cdot 1$	••	••		••
Mandi	•	•			$62 \cdot 6$	$27 \cdot 4$	$7 \cdot 2$	$2 \cdot 8$		• •	• •
Bilaspur		•			41.8	34.0	15.5	7.3	1.4	••	••
Mahasu					50.8	33.7	13.0	- 2.5		••	••
Sirmur					$32 \cdot 2$	36.5	$22 \cdot 5$	7.6	$1 \cdot 2$	••	••
Kinnaur	•	•	•	•	4.4	29.9	32.9	32.8		••	••

3. Comments on 2 above

The statement at 2 above would show that 46.9% of the rural population lives in villages with a population of less than 200. Districally speaking, Mandi District claims the highest percentage i.e., $62\cdot 6$ per cent of rural population within this group. It will be interesting to see that in this district, which is the largest district of this Pradesh so far as population goes, there is not a single village, which can claim a population of 2,000 or more. Similarly in the case of Chamba District, which is the largest district in area, there is no village with a population of 1,000 or above either. The district of Kinnaur, which is the next largest district in the Pradesh is the smallest in respect of population. Here the main rural population is concentrated in villages each having a population above 200 but below 1,999. The percentage of rural population in villages with less than 200 population is the minimum, i.e., 4 · 4 per cent in Kinnaur District. This is presumably because Kinnaur is a border area and instinct of self protection compelled people to live in comparatively bigger groups.

4. Percentage of villages and population by class of village

Statements of percentages of number of villages to total number of villages and percentages of population to total population by classes of villages for 1921, 1951 and 1961 are given below :

STATEMENT 2

Percentage of number of villages to total number of villages and percentage of population to total population by class of villages—1921

Union Territory/District			Less than 500		500 to 999		1,000 to 1,999		2,000 to 4,999		5,000 to 9,999		10,000 +			
Chion 10	TIVOL	y/Dist	F100		Vil-	Per-	Vil-	Per-	Vil.	Per-	Vil-	Per-	Vil-	Per-	Vil-	Per
		(lages	sons	lages	sons	lages	sons	lages	sons	lages	sons	lages	sons
	1	l			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
HIMACHAL	PRA	DESH	ι.		90·2	42·1	4.7	14·9	3.5	21 · 2	1.5	18·4	0.1	3 4		
Chamba	•	•			2 •0	0.3	12.0	3.6	$22 \cdot 0$	12.8	$54 \cdot 0$	61.9	10.0	21.4	••	••
Mandi	•	•	•	•	$67 \cdot 4$	24.7	13.9	20.3	$15 \cdot 6$	40.6	3.1	14•4	••	••	••	••
Bilaspur	•	•	•		$98 \cdot 2$	84.8	1.5	8.8	0.2	2.1	0.1	4.3	••	••	••	••
Mahasu	•	•	•		90 · 3	$42 \cdot 3$	$5 \cdot 1$	18.8	3.6	$25 \cdot 1$	1.0	13.8			••	
Sirmur		•			96·8	82.7	$2 \cdot 9$	14.4	0.3	$2 \cdot 9$					••	••
Kinnaur	•	•	•	•			Includ	led in N	fahasu I	istrict						

STATEMENT 3

Percentage of number of villages to tot 1 number of villages and percentage of population to total population by classes of villages—1951

					Less th	an 500	500 t	o 999	1,000 to	5 1,999	2,000 t	o 4,99 9	5,000 t	o 9,999	10,00)0 +
Union Terr	itory/]	Distrio	et		Vil- lages	Per- sons	Vil- lages	Per-	Vil- lages	Per- sons	Vil- lages	Per- sons	Vil- lages	Per- sons	Vil- lages	Per- sons
1					2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
HIMACHAL	PRAD	ESH		•	96.8	66·9	2.1	10 ·9	0·6	6.9	0 ∙5	12 · 1	0.1	8.1	• •	۰.
Chamba					4.6	0.8	18.2	6.4	24 · 2	15-3	·48·5	65 • 8	4.5	11.7		٠.
Mandi	•	•			98·7	$78 \cdot 2$	0.8	6.1	0.3	$5 \cdot 2$	Ò \2	6.0	Ν	4.5		••
Bilaspur			•	•	97·1	82.7	2 •6	14.3	0.3	3.0	•• `	••	••	••	••	••
Mahasu			-	•	97·6	83.5	1.9	10.9	0.2	5.6	••	••	••		••	
Sirmur	•	•		•	93.5	70 <u>9</u>	5.7	$22 \cdot 5$	0.8	6.6	••	••	••		••	
Kinnaur	•	•	•	•			I	ncluded	in Maha	asu Dist	rict					

N-Negligible

STATEMENT 4

Percentage of number of villages to total number of villages and percentage of population to total population by classes of villages—1961

				L	ess than	500	500 to	999	1,000 to	1,999	2,000 to	4,999	5,000	to 9,99 9	10,0	00 +
Union Ter	ritory/	'Distr -	iot			er-	Vil- lages		•	Per-	Vil- lages	Per- sons	Vil- lages	Per- sons	Vil- lages	Per- sons
	1				2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
TIMACHAL	PRAD	ESH			97 · 0	8 1 · 7	2.6	13·5	i 0·4	4.5	N	0.3			••	
Chamba			•		96•4	87·9	3.6	$12 \cdot 1$	••	••		••	••	• •		
Mandi				•	98 · 9	90·0	0۰9	7.2	$0 \cdot 2$	$2 \cdot 8$		••	••			••
Bilaspur			•		$95 \cdot 2$	75.8	3.7	15.5	1.0	7.3	0.1	1•4	••	••		••
Mahasu				•	97•4	84.5	2.4	13.0	$0 \cdot 2$	$2 \cdot 5$		••	••	••		••
Sirmur					92.4	68.6	6.3	$22 \cdot 5$	1.1	7.7	$0 \cdot 2$	1.2	••	••		••
Kinnaur	•		•	•	61.0	34•3	26.0	3 2•9	13.0	32.8		••	••	••		••

5. Comments on 4 above

Figures for the year 1901 are not available and figures for 1921, 1951 and 1961 have been given above. The increase in the number of villages under the population group of less than 500 in Himachal Pradesh has gone up from $90 \cdot 2$ per cent in 1921 to $96 \cdot 8\%$ in 1951 and $97 \cdot 0\%$ in 1961. Similarly there is an increase in the percentage of population here from $42 \cdot 1$ per cent in 1921 to $66 \cdot 9\%$ in 1951 and $81 \cdot 7\%$ in 1961. There is, however, a decrease in the percentage of villages and population in villages in the population group of 500 to 999 in 1951 and 1961 when compared with 1921. This decrease was more marked in 1951. In the population group of 1,000 to 1,999 also there is a decrease and a very marked decrease in 1961 as compared with the figures of 1921, in that the percentage of villages has come down from $3 \cdot 5$ to only $0 \cdot 4$ and the population shows a decrease from $21 \cdot 2$ per cent to only $4 \cdot 5$ per cent. The position in respect of villages with a population of 2,000 or above is also no better.

The figures taken district-wise would show that the behaviour of Chamba District in this respect is queer. There is a fantastic rise from 1921 to 1961 in the percentage of villages, as well as population in respect of villages with a population of less than 500. In 1921 the percentage of such villages was only two and the population was 0.3 per cent. Again percentage of villages within the population group of 2,000 to 4,999 was 54 in 1921. Corresponding figures for the year 1961 are, that 96.4 per cent of villages are within the population group of less than 500 with a population of 87.9 per cent and villages within population group of 2,000 to 4,999 are conspicuous by their absence in 1961. This is due to the fact that in 1921 Census, the lowest revenue units were parganas in Chamba District, which were accordingly taken as census units and each pargana of that year comprised of a number of revenue villages of 1961. As a result of Settlement operations carried out during the decade preceding this census a revenue village was the lowest revenue as well as census unit in 1961. Each pargana, therefore, was counted within the population group of 2,000 to 4,999 in 1921. In 1961 each pargana stood broken up into villages, each having a separate entity as revenue unit with the result that the villages were assigned to the population group which they legitimately belonged to. The 1961 figures are based on a uniform pattern.

6. Villages classified by population groups

STATEMENT 5

Vallages classified by population groups of (1) 0-499, (2) 500-1,999, (3) 2,000-4,999 and (4) 5,000 and over

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Villages classified by population groups of

666	•	Population Number Males Femalos	14	1,689	:	:	673	:	1,016	:
2,000 4,999		Popu	13	2,539	:	:	1,426	:	1,113	:
61	L	Numbe	12	c1	:	:	-	:	I	:
60		Population	п	109,387	11,147	18,025	17,108	25,256	24,718	13,133
500-1,999		Ma	10	121,882	13,230	18,242	17,316	28,677	30,620	13,791
	Į	Number	6	310	40	49	43	76	72	30
		Population Emales	8	510,410	84,833	163,940	56,507	140,406	57,685	7,089
0-409		Popu	2	541,309	92,760	162,517	58,024	152,870	68,121	7,017
l		Number	g	10,126	1,083	4,405	882	2,817	892	47
	lation	Females	1¢	621,486	95,980	181,965	74,288	165,662	83,419	20,172
1	Total rural population	Males	*	665,730	105,930	180,759	76,766	181,547	99,860	20,808
	Total	Persons	e	1,287,216	201,970	362,724	151,054	347,209	183,279	40,980
	tal 2- of	ited ges	61	10,438	1,123	4,454	926	2,893	965	77
	Total	number of inhabited villages		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
				HSE	•	•	•	•	•	•
		ory/Dist		PRADI	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Union Territory/District	1	HEMACHAL PRADESH	Chamba	Mandi	Bilaspur	Mahasu	Sirmur	Kinnaur

Note-There are no villages with population of 5,000 and over.

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UNION TABLE A-III VILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

NOTES FOR THE TABLE

There are 27 villages in Himachal Pradesh which are uninhabited according to revenue papers, but have houseless population, which adds to 1,607 persons (1,404 males and 203 females), as detailed below-

In Chamba district there are 9 such villages with population of 652 (497 males and 155 females); in Mandi district 1 village with a population of 7 males only; and in Mahasu district there are 17 villages with population of 948 (900 males and 48 females). All these villages except one village of Mahasu district which falls in the category of "200-499", fall under the category of "less than 200".

			Total No. of				I—Villages wi	th less than 2,0	00 population
Un on Territory/District	5		inhabited villages	Total	rural populatio	n.	~~~~~	Less than 200	
			vittages	Persons	Males	Females	Number	Popu	lation
			•					Males	Females
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8
HIMACHAL PRADESH	•	•	10,438	1,287,216	665,730	621,486	8,619	309,144	294,57 0
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT	•	•	1,123	201,970	105,990	95,980	740	39,843	36,215
2. MANDI DISTRICT .	•	•	4,454	362,724	180,759	181,965	4,057	113,294	113,878
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT		•	926	151,054	76,766	74,288	708	32,038	31,163
4. MAHASU DISTRICT	•	• .	2,893	347,209	181,547	165,662	2,420	91,509	84,967
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT .	•	•	96 5	183,279	99,860	83,419	681	31,520	27,469
6. KINNAUR DISTRICT	٠	•	77	40,930	20,808	20,172	13	940	878

I-Villages with	less than 2,000 population-concld.

		~~~		200-499			500-	.990		1,000-1,9	)99
Union Territory/District			Number	Pop	lation	Number	Popu	ation	Number	Pop	ilation
				Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females
1			9	10	11	12	13	14 _.	15	16	17
RIMACHAL PRADESH .		• .	1,507	232,165	215,840	266	91,873	81,905	44	80,009	27,482
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT		۰.	,343	52,917	48,618	40	13,230	11,147	•,•	••	••
2. MANDI DISTRICT .	•	•	348	49,223	50,062	42	12,787	13,164	7	5,455	4,861
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT	•	• • •	174	25,986	25,344	34	11,824	11,547	9	5,492	5,561
4. MAHASU DISTRICT		•	397	61,361	<b>5</b> 5 <b>,4</b> 39	69	24,052	21,219	7	4,625	4,037
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT .		•	211	36 <b>,6</b> 01	30,216	61	22,826	18,489	11	7,800	6,22 <del>9</del>
6, KINNAUR DISTRICT	•		34	6,077	6,161	20	7,154	6,339	10	6,637	6,794

# UNION TABLE A-III VILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION-concld.

			II	-Villages	with population	on of 2,000-	-9,999		III-Villages w	rith populati and above	on of 10,000
			2,00	04,999		5	,000-9,9	99	10,0	00 and abov	•
Union Territory/District			Number	Popul	lation	Number	Popule	ation	Number	Popula	tion
			,	Males	Females	r	Males 1	Females		Males	Female-
1			18	19	20 -	21	22	23	2 <b>4</b>	25	26
HIMACHAL PRADESH		•	2	2,589	1,689						••
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT					••		••			, <b></b>	••
2. MANDI DISTRICT .	•	•	••		••	••		••			••
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT	۰,	•	ł	1,426	673	••			••		••
4. MAHASU DISTRICT	•	•	••		••		••		••	••	••
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT		•	1	1,113	1,016	••		••		••	
6. KINNAUR DISTRIOT	•	· .	••	••	••	••	••	••			••

### UNION TERRITORY TABLE A-III VILLAGES

### NOTES FOR

### 1. There are no villages with

2 There are 27 villages in Himachal Pradesh which are uninhabited according to revenue papers, but have houseless population which and 155 females); in Mandi district 1 village with a population of 7 males only; and in Mahasu district there are 17 villages with "200-499", fall under the category of "less than 200"

				Total No. ot						I-Villages
Union Territory/District/Te		Sub-		inhabited	Total	rural populat	ion		Less than 200	
Tehsil-Sub-Divisio	'n			villages (			(	~	Popula	tion
					Persons	• Males	Females	Number	Males	Females
• 1				2	3	`4	δ	6	7	8
HIMACHAL PRADESH	•	•		10,438	1,287,216	665,730	621,486	8,619	309,144	294,570
1. CHAMBA DISTRICT		•	•	1,123	201,970	105,990	95,980	740	39,843	36,215
1. Chaurah Tehsil				378	56,270	29,531	26,739	287	15,822	14,428
2. Pangi Sub-Tehsil .		•		90	11,678	6,154	5,524	74	3,719	3,333
3. Chamba Tehsil .		•		241	60,288	30,977	29,311	99	6,261	5,936
4. Bhattiyat Tehsil .	•	•	•	308	48,109	25,223	22,886	226	11,100	9,997
5. Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil	•	•	•	106	25,625	14,105	11,520	54	2,941	2,521
2. MANDI DISTRICT .		•		4,454	362,724	180,759	181,965	4,057	113,294	113,87 <b>8</b>
1. Jogindarnagar Tehsil				1,038	65,853	31,655	34,198	985	23,504	25,428
2. Mandi Sadar Tehsil				1,032	80,049	41,077	38,972	951	27,406	26,169
3. Sarkaghat Tehsil				611	84,625	40,626	43,999	479	20,659	22,253
4. Chichot Tehsil				948	57,518	29,204	28,314	908	24,064	23,150
5. Sundarnagar Tehsil	•			200	36,697	18,676	18,021	146	4,403	4,129
6. Karsog Tebsil	:			625	37,982	19,521	18,461	588	13,258	12,751
3. BILASPUR DISTRICT				926	151,054	76,766	74,288	708	32,038	31,163
	•	•	•		-		-			
1. Ghamarwin Tehsil .	·	·	·	418	79,293	38,988	40,305	295	13,598	14,006
2. Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	•	·	·	508	71,761	37,778	33,983	413	18,442	17,157
4. MAHASU DISTRICT	•	•	•	2,893	347,209	181,547	165,662	2,420	91,509	84,967
l. Arki Tehsil	•	•	•	469	37,509	18,673	18,836	438	13,174	13,351
2. Seoni Sub-Tehsil .	•	•	•	195	18,750	9,436	9,314	180	7,150	7,173
3. Kumharsain Sub-Tehsil	•			154	23,468	12,173	11,295	128	6,201	5,771
4. Rampur Tehsil .	-			179	41,768	21,149	20,619	97	5,850	5,703
5. Rohru Tehsil .				169	51,869	26,261	25,608	63	3,902	3,917
6. Jubbal Tehsil				85	17,776	9,570	8,206	55	2,777	2,557
7. Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil				170	20,583	11,075	9,508	146	5,943	5,635
8. Theog Tehsil			÷	387	39,631	20,945	18,686	348	14,949	13,520
9. Kasumpti Tehsil .	•	•		334	27,114	14,639	12,475	310	10,464	9,349
10. Solon Tehsil	•	•		454	28,350	15,000	13,350	432	10,876	9,667
11. Chaupal Tehsil	:	:	:	297	40,391	22,626	17,765	225	10,212	8,324
5. SIRMUR DISTRICT				965	183,279	99,860	83,419	681	31,520	27,469
1. Pachhad Tehsil				399	40,124	21,471	18,653	361	15,181	13.519
2. Rainka Tehsil				230	63,655	34,802	28,853	120	6,149	5,369
3. Nahan Tehsil				149	20,088	11,031	9,057	118	5,303	4,574
4. Paonta Tehsil	:			187	59,412	32,556	26,858	82	4,887	4,007
6. KINNAUR DISTRICT				77	40,980	20,808	20,172	13	940	878
1. Nachar Sub-Division				21	12,120	6,417	5,703	2	154	138
2. Kalpa Sub-Division	•			24	15,612	7,908	7,704	1	117	73
3. Poo Sub-Division	•	-	Ċ	32	13,248	6,483	6,765	10	669	667
o, ree outo-rivision	•	•	•	40	20,220	0,200	0,100	17	φu <del>ρ</del>	•0 <i>1</i>

### CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

## THE TABLE

### population of 5,000 and over.

adds to 1,607 persons (1,404 males and 203 females). In Chamba district there are 9 such villages with population 652 (497 males population of 948 (900 males and 48 females). All these villages except one village of Mahasu district which falls in the category of

vith less	than 2,00	)0 populat	ion							ages with f 2,000-		
	200-499	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		500-	-999	1,0	0001,9	99	2,	,000	99	Union Territory/District/Tehsil
		ulation			pulation	· · · · ·	Popu	lation	·	Popula	ation	Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division
Number	Males	Females	Number		Females	Number	Males	Females	Number		Females	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
1,507	232,165	215,840	266	91,873	81,905	44	30,009	27,482	3	2,539	1,689	HIMACHAL PRADESH
343	52,917	48,618	40	13,230 .	11,147			••	• 1•			1. CHAMBA DISTRICT
90	13,091	12,149	1	618	162				••	••		1. Chaurah Tehsil
16	2,435	2,191										2. Pangi Sub-Tehsil
124	19,161	18,036	18	5,555	5,339							3. Chamba Tehsil
76	11,952	11,046	6	2,171	1,843							4. Bhattiyat Tehsil
37	6,278	5,196	15	4,886	3,803		••					5. Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil
348	49,223	50,062	42	12,787	13,164	7	5,455	4,861				2. MANDI DISTRICT
49	7,122	7,612	4	1,029	1,160		•					1. Jogindarnagar Tehsil
<del>7</del> 4	•	10,464	6	1,830	1,682	1	728	657				2. Mandi Sadar Tehsil
	11,113	-	12		-	1	808	417	••	••	••	
119	15,794	17,458		3,365	3,871				••	••	••	3. Sarkaghat Tehsil
40	5,140	5,164	••			••			••	••	••	4. Chichot Tehsil
33	4,957	4,837	16	5,397	5,268	5	3,919	3,787	••	••		5. Sundarnagar Tehsil
33	5,097	4,527	4	1,166	1,183	••		••	••	••	••	6. Karsog Tehsil
174	25,986	25,344	34	11,824	11,547	9	5,492	5,561	1	1,126	67 <b>3</b>	3. BILASPUR DISTRICT
95	13,984	14,352	21	7,261	7,558	7	4,147	4,359		••		1. Ghamarwin Tehsil
79	12,002	10,992	13	4,563	3,989	<b>2</b>	1,345	1,172	1	1,426	673	2. Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil
397	61,361	55,439	69	24,052	21,219	7	4,625	4,037	••		••	4. MAHASU DISTRICT
25	3,480	3,483	6	2,019	2,002							1. Arki Tehsil
14	1,800	1,782	I	486	359			••			••	2. Seoni Sub-Tehsil
21	3,280	3,152	6	2,051	1,756	1	638	616			••	3. Kumharsain Sub-Tehsil
68	10,723	10,600	14	4,570	4,316							4. Rampur Tehsil
81	12,755	12,513	21	6,916	6,827	4	2,688	2,351			••••	5. Rohru Tehsil
21	3,296	2,854	8	2,837	2,217	1	660	578	••			6. Jubbal Tehsil
18	2,869	2,334	6	2,261	1,647							7. Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil
38	-	-	1	336	347			••		••		8. Theog Tehsil
23	5,660	4,819	1	565	173	••	••	••	••	••	••	
	3,610	2,953						492	••	••	••	9. Kasumpti Tehsil
19 69	2,752 11,136	2,457 8,600	2 3	733 1,278	734 841	1	639	482	••	••	••	10. Solon Tehsil 11. Chaupal Tehsil
		-		•		••	••			•••		-
211	36,601	30,216		22,826	18,489	11	7,800	6,229	1	1,113	1,016	•5. SIRMUR DISTRICT
36	5,501	4,532	2	789	602	••			••	••	••	1. Pachhad Tehsil
73	13,184	11,234		13,019	10,524	3	2,450	1,726	. <b></b>	••	••	2. Rainka Tehsil
<b>26</b>	4,030	3,047	5	1,698	1,436	••	••	••	••	••	••	3. Nahan Tehsil
76	13,886	11,403	20	7,320	5,927	8	5,350	4,503	1	1,113	1,016	4. Paonta Tehsil
34	6,077	6,161	20	7,154	6,339	10	6,637	6,794	••	•.•	••	6. KINNAUR DISTRICT
9	1,559	1,334	7	2,497	2,069	3	2,207	2,162	••	••		1. Nachar Sub-Division
10	1,637	1,852	8	2,717	2,362	5	3,437	3,417	••	••		2. Kalpa Sub-Division
15	2,881	2,975	5	1,940	1,908	2	993	1,215			••	3. Poo Sub-Division

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# A-IV

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# TOWNS AND TOWN GROUPS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901

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### TOWNS AND TOWN GROUPS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901

Fly-leaf

### Introductory

This table gives the growth of towns since 1901 Census. This also furnishes the areas of the towns for 1951 and 1961 Censuses both in Sq. miles and Sq. kilometres. For purposes of this table all the towns are categorised into six classes according to the population.

The Appendix I to this table shows the area and population of new towns added in 1961. An explanatory note about the area and population in 1951 Census of each village now constituting the new towns may be seen at the foot of the Appendix.

### 1. Definition of town

As already stated in fly-leaf to Table A-I, all areas in Himachal Pradesh under a local body administration of one form or the other in 1951 or 1961 have been classified as towns.

### 2. Classification of cities and towns in six groups

All urban areas are classified into six groups according to

#### population. These groups are-

Class I	••		100,000 and above
Class II			50,000-99,999
Class III			20,000-49,999
Class IV	••		10,000—19,999
Class V	••	••	5,000- 9,999
Class VI	••	••	Less than 5,000

On the basis of 1961 population figures, not a single town in Himachal Pradesh falls within the classification range of I, II, III Class towns. Mandi and Nahan towns, which till 1951 could be classified as Class V towns only rose to Class IV in 1961. The towns of Chamba, Sundarnagar, Bilaspur and Solon come under Class V of the classification and the rest of the towns, i.e., Jogindarnagar, Shri Naina Devi Ji, Arki, Rampur, Narkanda, Theog and Paonta fall under Class VI of the classification of the towns.

#### 3. Town groups—definition

If two or more urban units are adjacent and together form a compact urban unit, this will be a town group. There are no such town groups in Himachal Pradesh.

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### 4. Changes in classification of towns

Class of town under each year											
1961	1951	1941	1931	1921	1911	1901					
2	3	4	5	6	7	8					
v	· V	v	v	v	v	v					
IV	V	v	v	v	v	v					
VI	VI	VI	v			<u></u>					
••	••		ſ	Merged to	] Declassified	VI					
	••	••	1	Suket Town	Declassified	VI					
	••	••	Renamed Sundernagar	VI		••					
v	v	VI	VI	••	••	••					
VI	••	••	••	••	••	••					
v	VI	VI	VI	••	Declassified	VI					
VI	VI	••	••	••	••	••					
VI	VI	VI	••	••	Declassified	VI					
VI	••	••	••	••	••	••					
VI	VI	••	••	••	••	••					
•••	Declassified	VI	VI	*		VI					
v	VI	VI	••	••	Declassified	VI					
Merged in Nahan	Declassified	VI	VI	••	••	••					
IV	v	· v	v	v	v	v					
VI	VI	••	• •	• •	1•						
	2 V IV VI ·· ·· V VI VI VI VI VI VI VI VI VI	23VVIVVIVVI························································································································································································································································ </td <td>1961         1951         1941           2         3         4           V         V         V           IV         VI         VI           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</td>	1961         1951         1941           2         3         4           V         V         V           IV         VI         VI           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··           ··         ··         ··	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					

STATEMENT 1 Changes in classification of towns 1901 to 1961

* Part of Simla town in 1921. N.A.=Population figures not available.

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The classification of all towns in the Union Territory existing in 1961 and of all those towns that existed in the past with in the Prudesh, but have been merged with other existing towns or declassified, has been traced back to 1901.

It needs to be mentioned here that in 1901, in the present locality of Sundarnagar town in District Mandi, there were two towns, namely Nagar and Bhojpur with a population of 1,224 and 955 respectively, both within the range of Class VI towns. In 1911, both these towns were declassified and in 1921 these localities were merged to form Suket town. Suket was renamed as Sundernagar in 1931, and in 1961 it is spelt as Sundarnagar. In the main Table A-IV, the population figures of Nagar, Bhojpur and Suket towns have been shown as the population figures of the present Sundarnagar town for the respective year.

Similarly in Tehsil Nahan of District Sirmur, Shamsherpur Cantonment, which was merged in Nahan town in 1961, was treated as a separate urban unit in 1931 and in 1941 with population of 949 and 803 personsres pectively. The classification range of this town in 1931 and 1941 was Class VI. In the main Table A-IV, the population of this urban unit has also been shown clubbed together with Nahan town population for 1931 and 1941.

In District Mahasu, the locality known as Kasumpti, which was previously in the district of Simla (Punjab State) and subsequently transferred in 1950 to Mahasu District, was a composite town in 1901, 1931 and in 1941. The population of the town during these census years was within the range of Class VI town. The population data of the town has been added to the, all classes totals of Himachal Pradesh in the respective years including for 1921 Census when Kasumpti town was 170 (122M, 48F) in 1901 Census, 281 (201M, 79F) in 1921 Census when it was a part of Simla town, 108 (74M, 34F) in 1931 Census, 139 (95M, 44F) in 1941 Census. Population data of 1911 Census is not available. From 1951 Census Kasumpti is a rural area.

## 5. Number of towns of each class during 1901-1961

	STATEMENT	2
Number of towns	of each class	during 1901—1961

Number (	of.	towns	of	each	class	under	each	vear
----------	-----	-------	----	------	-------	-------	------	------

s of Te	awa													
				1961	1951	1941	1931	1921	1911	1901				
•			•	• •			• •							
•	•	•	•	••	••		••							
:		:		2			••	••		••				
				4	4	3		3						
•	٠	•	•	7	7	7	4	i	••	5				
	15 Of Te			sof 10wn		1961 1951	1961 1951 1941	1961 1951 1941 1931	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				

### 6. Percentage of number of towns-percentage of population

### STATEMENT 3

# Percentage of towns in each class to total No. of towns and percentage of population in each class to total urban population 1901-1961

Class of Town			1(	)61	19	951	1941			
0.0.0					% of No. of towns	% of popu- lation	% of No. of towns	% of popu- lation	% of No. of towns	% of popu- lation
					1	2	3	4	5	6
Class I	•	•		•	••	••		••	.,	
Class II . Class III	•	•	•	•	••	• •	. •		••	
Class IV .			÷		15.38	39-85		• •	••	••
Class V	•	•	•	•	30.77	<b>44</b> ·39	36.36	67.46	30-00	65.08
Class VI .	•	٠	•	•	<b>53</b> •85	15.76	63.64	32.54	70.00	34.92

Class	of To	wn			19 % of No. of towns	931 % of popu- lation	% of No. of towns	21 % of population	% of No.	911 % of population	% of No.	901 % of population
					7	8	9	10	11	.12	13	14
Class I . Class II .	٠	•	٠	•	••	• •	••					
Class III	:	•	:	:		••	••	••	••	••	••	••
Class IV . Class V .	:	•	•	•	50.00	81.97	••	••	100.00		••	••
Class VI .	,	•	•	;	50·00	<b>1</b> 8.03	$75 \cdot 00$ $25 \cdot 00$	86 · 58 ] 3 · 42	100.00	100.00	33 · 33 66 · 67	75·11 24·89

### 7 .Percentage of area to total urban area-Density per square mile

### STATEMENT 4

Percentage of towns in each class to total urban area of the Pradesh and density of population per urban square mile in each class 1901-1961

						196	1	195	1	19	)41
	Cla	ss of '	Fown			Percentage of area to total urban area	Density per Sq. mile	Percentage of area to total urban area	Density per Sq. mile	Percentage of area to total urban area	Density per Sq. mile
						1	2	3	4	δ	6
Class I							••				••
Class II		•				••	••			••	••
Class III	Į				•	••	••	••	••	••	••
Class IV	۰.		•			34 · 13	3,184	••	••	$\mathbf{Not}$	available
Class V		•				50·38	2,403	60.47	2,343	Not	available
Class VI	•	•	•	•	•	15.49	2,776	39 • 53	1,728	$\mathbf{Not}$	available

						193	1	195	21	19	11	1901	
						^		·	·		·	·	
	Clas	s of T	own			Percentage of area to total urban area	Density per Sq. mile	Percentage of area to total urban area	per Sq. mile	Percentage of area to total urban area	per Sq. mile	Percentage of area to total urban area	Densi <b>ty</b> per Sq. mile
		•				7	8	9	10	11	12	13 .	14
Class I	•	•			•		••	••	••	••	••	••	••
Class II			•	•	•	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••
Class III	[.				•	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••
Class IV				•				No	ot available	e			
Class V								No	ot available	9 <u> </u>			
Class VI					•	·		No	ot available	e			

### 8. Note on Appendix I to Table A-IV

Two localities, viz., Shri Naina Devi Ji and Narkanda have been classified in 1961 Census as new towns. In the case of the former one village of the same name in its entirety constitutes the new town, the population of which in 1951 was 305 (159 M+166 F). The 1961 population of this new town is 328 (165 M+163 F). In the case of the other four villages one fully and three partly—have been merged to form the new town. The new town goes by the name of the village Narkanda merged fully in the town. This village had a population of 210 (153 M+57 F) in 1951. As regards the other three villages, they have been merged partly for area only in Narkanda town. The 1961 population of Narkanda town is 360 (257 M + 103 F).

M/B(D)1SCOHP6(a)

If the above localities had been declared as urban areas (Towns) in 1951 Census also then the urban population of Himachal Pradesh in 1951 would have gone up by 515 persons and the rural population would have shown corresponding decrease. This should mean that the urban population of Himachal Pradesh including former Part 'C' State of Bilaspur in 1951 would have been 45,661 and rural population 1,063,805 with the declaration of Shri Naina Devi Ji and Narkanda as towns in 1951.

### 9. Note on Appendix II to Table A-IV

In Appendix II, towns as classified in 1961 Census have been listed indicating their areas and jurisdiction. In columns 3 to 6 particulars of all those revenue villages and other localities included fully or partly to constitute a town have been given.

### TABLE A-IV TOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1981 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901

NOTES FOR THE TABLE

Area figures supplied by the Union Territory Land Records.
 Conversion ratio for area figures is 1 Sg. mile = 2 59 Sg. Km.
 Towns treated as such for the first time in 1951 Census, which continue as towns in 1961 Census are shown with asterisk on their left.
 Towns treated as such for the first time in 1961 are printed in italics.
 M.C. = Municipal Committee.

6. S.T.C.= Small Town Committee. 7. N.A.C.=Notified Area Committee.

District	Town	Status of Town	Year	Persons	Decade variation	Percentage decade variation	Males	Femalos
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		· A	LL CLASSES-	13 Towns				
	ALL TOWNS		••					
	22: 44 54. miles (1961) 60·71 5q. Km. (1961)		1901 1911 1921 1931 1941 1951 1961	27,159 19,760 21,129 32,424 34,984 45,148 63,928	$\begin{array}{rrrr} - & 7,399 \\ + & 1,369 \\ + & 11,295 \\ + & 2,560 \\ + & 10,162 \\ + & 18,782 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -27 \cdot 24 \\ + 6 \cdot 93 \\ + 53 \cdot 46 \\ + 7 \cdot 90 \\ + 29 \cdot 05 \\ + 41 \cdot 60 \end{array}$	15,969 11,731 12,225 20,195, 20,655 25,600 38,967	11,190 8,029 8,904 12,229 14,329 19,546 26,961
			CLASS 11- CLASS 111-	(100,000 and (50,00099, (20,00049, (10,00019,	999) NI 999) NI	L L		
	ALL TOWNS							40.000
	8.00 Sq. miles (1961) 20.72 Sq. Km. (1961)		1961	25,473			14,506	10,967
MANDI	Mandi 4.00 Sq. miles (1951) 10.36 Sq. Km. (1951) 4.00 Sq. miles (1961)	M.C	1901 1911 1921 1931	8,144 7,896 6,870 7,538	-248 -1,026 +668	$\begin{array}{rrrr} - & 3.05 \\ - & 12.99 \\ + & 9.72 \\ + & 19.83 \end{array}$	4,928 4,878 4,052 4,551 5,221	3,216 3,018 2,818 2,987 3,812
	10.36 Sq. Km. (1961)		1941 1951 1961	9,033 8,909 13,034	+ 1,495 - 124 + 4,125	$+ \frac{19.83}{- 1.37}$ + 46.30	5,105 7,321	3,804 5,713
SIRMUR	Nahan 4.00 Sq. miles (1951) 10.36 Sq. Km. (1951) 4.00 Sq. miles (1961) 10.36 Sq. Km. ₁ (1961)	M.C.	1901 1911 1921 @1931 @1941 1951 1961	6,256 6,341 5,756 7,808 7,939 9,431 12,439	+ 85 - 585 + 2,052 + 131 + 1,492 + 3,008	$\begin{array}{rrr} + & 1 \cdot 36 \\ - & 9 \cdot 23 \\ + & 35 \cdot 65 \\ + & 1 \cdot 68 \\ + & 18 \cdot 79 \\ + & 31 \cdot 89 \end{array}$	3,611 3,636 3,240 4,584 4,485 5,521 7,185	2,645 2,705 2,516 3,224 3,454 3,910 5,254
		CLAS	8 V(5,0009	,999)—1 Tou	ns			
	ALL TOWNS							
	11 • 81 Sq. miles (1061) 30 • 59 Sq. Km. (1961)		1901 1911 1921 1931 1941 1951 1961	20,400 19,760 18,294 27,528 23,569 30,455 28,379	$\begin{array}{rrrr} - & 640 \\ - & 1,466 \\ + & 9,234 \\ - & 3,959 \\ + & 6,886 \\ - & 2,076 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	11,975 11,731 10,557 17,332 13,545 16,780 16,233	8,425 8,029 7,737 10,196 10,024 13,675 12,146
ОНАМВА	Chamba 2:00 Sq. miles (1951) 5:18 Sq. Km. (1951) 0:91 Sq. miles (1961) 2:36 Sq. Km. (1961)	М.С.	1901 1911 1921 1931 1941 1951 1951	6,000 5,523 5,668 6,219 6,597 6,858 8,609	$\begin{array}{cccc} - & 477 \\ + & 145 \\ + & 551 \\ + & 378 \\ + & 261 \\ + & 1,751 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{rrrr} - & 7 \cdot 95 \\ + & 2 \cdot 63 \\ + & 9 \cdot 72 \\ + & 6 \cdot 08 \\ + & 3 \cdot 96 \\ + & 25 \cdot 53 \end{array}$	3,436 3,217 3,265 3,605 3,839 3,601 4,710	2,564 2,306 2,403 2,614 2,758 3,167 3,899
<b>BI</b> LASPUR	Bilaspur 1.00 Sq. miles (1951) 2.59 Sq. Km. (1951)	<b>S.T.</b> C.	1901 1911 1921	3,192		Declassified Declassified	1,897	1,295
·····	3 •43 Sq. miles (1961) 8 •88 Sq. Km. (1961)		1921 1931 1941 1951 1961	2,387 2,873 3,745 7,424	$^{+}$ 486 $^{+}$ 872 $^{+}$ 3,679	+ 20.36 + 30.35 -+ 98.24	1,427 1,780 2,051 4,432	960 1,093 1,694 2,902

(a) Shamsherpur Cantonment which was treated as a separate urban unit in 1931, population 949 (603 M, 341 F), and in 1941, population CO3 (505 M, 298 F) and which was subsequently declassified in 1951 has been merged with Nahan M.C.

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District	Town	Status of Town	Year	Persons	Decade variation	Percentage decade variation	Males	Females
1	2	3	· 4	5	6	7	8	<b>9</b> .
		CLASS V(5,0	009,999)-4	Towns-con	cld.	·		
MAHASU	Solon 1.00 Sq. miles (1951) 2.59 Sq. Km. (1951) 3.00 Sq. miles (1961) 7.77 Sq. Km. (1961)	M.C.	1901 1911 1921 1931 1941	61 <b>2,</b> 142		Declassified Declassified Declassified	52 1,385	9 757
	7.77 Sq. Km. (1961)		1951 1961	4,603 6,564	+ <b>2,4</b> 61 + 1,961	+114.89 + 42.60	2,960 4,052	1,6 <b>43</b> 2,512
MANDI	Sundarnagar 3.00 Sq. miles (1951) 7.77 Sq. Km. (1951) 4.47 Sq. miles (1961) 11.58 Sq. Km. (1961)	M.C.	†1901 1911 †1921 1931 1941 1951 1961	2,179 2,554 2,401 1,725 5,257 5,782	$\begin{array}{rrrr} - & 153 \\ - & 676 \\ + & 3,532 \\ + & 525 \end{array}$	Declassified - 5.99 - 28.15 + 204.75 + 9.99	1,165 1,466 1,362 959 2,463 3,039	1,014 1,088 1,039 766 2,794 2,743
		CLASS V	l (Less Than	5,000)7 To	wns			
	ALL TOWNS 3.63 Sq. miles (1961) 9.40 Sq. Km. (1961)		1901 1911 1921 1931 1941 1951 1961	6,759 2,835 4,896 11,415 14,091 10,076	Decla +2,061 +6,519 +3,276 -4,615	ssified + 72.70 + 133.15 + 28.70 - 31.41	3,994 1,668 2,863 7,110 8,820 6,228	2,765 1,167 2,033 4,305 5,871 3,848
MANDI	Jogindarnagar 3.00 Sq. miles (1951) 7.77 Sq. Km. (1951) 0.99 Sq. miles (1961) 2.56 Sq. Km. (1961)		19 <b>31</b> 1941 1951 1961	5,963 2,749 2,002 2,719	3,214 747 + 717	$ \begin{array}{r} - 53.90 \\ - 27.17 \\ + 35.81 \end{array} $	4,592 1,640 1,029 1,568	1,371 1,109 973 1,151
MAHASU	Rampur 0.50 Sq. miles (1951) 1.30 Sq. Km. (1951) 0.50 Sq. miles (1961) 1.30 Sq. Km. (1961)	5. <b>T</b> .C.	1901 1911 1921 1931 1941 1951 1961	1,157 1,787 1,458 2,079		Declassified Declassified Declassified - 18.41 + 42.59	758 1 <b>,2</b> 51 993 1 <b>,446</b>	399 536 465 633
SIRMUR	*Paonta 2.00 Sq. miles (1951) 5.18 Sq. Km. (1951) 0.64 Sq. miles (1961) 1.66 Sq. Km. (1961)	<b>S.T.C.</b>	1951 1961	946 1,833	+ 887	+ 93.76	517 1,048	429 785
MAHASU	*Theog 0.50 Sq. miles (1951) 1.30 Sq. Km. (1951) 0.27 Sq. miles (1961) 0.70 Sq. Km. (1961)	<b>8.T</b> .C.	1951 1961	889 1,536	+ 647	+ 72•78	674 1,064	215 472
	*Arki 0·50 Sq. miles (1951) 1·30 Sq. Km. (1951) 0·56 Sq. miles (1961) 1·45 Sq. Km. (1961)	N.A.C.	1931 1961	1,048 1,221	+ 173	+ 16· <b>5</b> 1	596 650	452 541
	' Narkanda 0·50 Sq. miles (1961) 1·29 Sq. Km. (1961)	N.A.C.	1961	360			257	103
BILASPUR	Shri Naina Devi Ji 0·17 Sq. miles (1961) 0·44 Sq. Km. (1961)	<b>S.T.</b> 0.	1961				165	163

# TABLE A-IV TOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901-concld.

† In 1921 Nagar and Bhojpur which were treated as separate towns in 1901 (subsequently declassified in 1911) merged in Suket. (Suket was renamed as Sunderpagar in 1931. In 1961 the name is spelt as Sundarnagar).

Nagar population 1,224 (623 M, 601 F) in 1901.

Bhojpur population 955 (542 M, 413 F) in 1901.

# A-IV TOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1961

## APPENDIX I

### New towns added in 1961 and towns in 1951 declassified in 1961

	N		Towns in 1951 which have been declassified as rural in 1961						
<b>D1 1 1</b>	(	Are	8.	Popul	Population			Population	
District	Name of town	Sq. miles	Sq. Km.	1961	1951	Sq. miles So	j. Km.	1961	1951
1	2	3	4	б	б	7	8	9	10
BILASPUR	. Shri Naina Devi Ji	0.17	0.44	328	305	••			
MAHASU	. Narkanda	0.50	1 • 29	360	210	••	••	••	••

### Explanatory notes to Appendix I to Table A-IV

Note-A

### New towns added in 1961

		Constituent villages								
District	Name of new town	Hadbast (Land Name revenue) number	1951 *Area Popula- (acres) tion							
1	2	3 4	5 6							
Bilaspur .	. Shri Naina Devi Ji .	Shri Naina Devi Ji 386	109 305							
Mahasu .	. Narkanda .	.       (1) Narkanda       .       .       160         (2) Kaunthru (Partly)       .       .       161         (3) Jangal Madhaon (Partly)       .       .       50         (4) Jangal Haon (Partly)       .       .       .       .	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							

*Against the villages which have been partly amalgamated to form a new town of 1961, the actual area of the parts, which is separately available has been recorded in col. 5.

Note-B

Towns in 1951 declassified in 1961

District	Name of 1951 Census town declassified in 1961	Constituent villages				
		Name	Hadbast (Land revenue) number	Area (acres)	1961 Popula- tion	
1	2	3	4	5	6	

No localities treated as towns in 1951 were declassified as rural in 1961

# A-IV TOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901 APPENDIX II

### Towns with their area and jurisdiction—1961

		Villages included fully or partly to constitute the town					
District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil Town with area		s Name of village		Village had- bast number	Vill. age code number	Area (in acres) of the vill- age inclu- ded in the town	
1	2	3		4	5	6	
CHAMBA DISTRICT Chamba Tehsil	. Chamba Town (581)	Chamba		176	306	581	
MANDI DISTRICT Jogindarnagar Tehsil	. Jogindarnagar Town	1. Garauru	(Part)	60	506	<b>3</b> 56	
	(636)	2. Kathla	(Part)	59	505	55	
		3. Seri		58	504	120	
		4. Kupar	(Part)	57	509	11	
		5. Shanan	(Part)	55	503	<b>3</b> 0	
		6. Ganain	(Part)	53	500	28	
		7. Jimjima	(Part)	46	494	2	
		8. Awair	(Part)	47	498	33	
		9. Nakehr Kangw	an (Part)	48	495	1	
	Total			••		636 or 0 • 99 Sq. mile	
Mandi Sadar Tehsil	Mandi Town (2,560)	1. Bhanguali		86	132	19	
		2. Taras		128	165	48	
		3. Ayar		129	164	17	
		4. Raghunath-ka-P	adhar	94	118	9	
		5. Thathwari		96	117	15	
		6. Ganpat-Ka-Bag		97	120	25	
		7. Jajar		98	119	7	
		8. Gurdwara		110	638	10	
		9. Padal		109	639	18	
		10. Suhra		87	133	<b>4</b> 5	
		11. Tannera		59	163	13.	
		12. Siagla	(Part)	58	161	45	
		13. Sanyardh	(Part)	60	160	28	
		14. Purani Mandi	(Part)	133	179	48	
		15. Chhipnu	(Part)	130	173	6	

# A-IV TOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901—contd. APPENDIX II

# Towns with their area and jurisdiction-1961

		Villages included fully or partly to constitute the town				
District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil	Town with area in acres	Name of village	Village had- bast umber	Vill- age code number	Area (in acres) of the vill- age in- cluded in the town	
1	2	8	4	5	6	
Mandi Sıdar Tehsil—contd.		16. Other area not recorded in village paper			2,207	
	Total a		<b>8</b> 18		2,560 or 4 Sq. miles	
Sundarnagar Tehsil	Sundarnagar (2,860)	1. Ropa	12	15	151	
<b>U</b>		2. Sundarnagar	13	18	2,056	
		3. Bhojpur	17	17	210	
		4. Purana Nagar	18	16	443	
	Total		6.0		2,860 or 4 · 47 Sq. miles	
BILASPUR DISTRICT Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	Shri_Naina Devi Ji (109)	1. Shri Naina Devi Ji	386	527	109 •or 0•17 Sq. mile	
	Bilaspur	1. Oel	197	51 <b>3</b>	245	
	(2,196)	2. Kosarian Kanaitan	198	514	53	
		3. Danoh	199	515	49	
		4. Nihal	200	516	<b>3</b> 22	
		5. Khairian	202	517	174	
		6. Luhnu Mian	20 <b>3</b>	518	58	
		7. Bharatpur	204	519	45	
		8. Raora	205	520	126	
		9. Kosarian Mian	206	521	40	
``		10. Diara	207	522	164	
-		11. Kiar Khaneser	208	523	63	
		12. Bilaspur	209	524	453	
		13. Lakhanpur	210	525	333	

## A-IV TOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901—contd. APPENDIX II

## Towns with their area and jurisdiction-1961

		Villages in	cluded full	y or partly to town	constitute the	
District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil	Town with area in acres	Name of village		Village had- bast number	Vill- age code number	Area (in acres) of the vill- age in- cluded in the town
1	2	3		4	5	6
Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil contd.		14. Baloh		211	526	71
	Total					2,196 or 3·43 Sq. milcs
MAHASU DISTRICT Arki Tehsil	Arki (359)	1. Arki		127	354	<b>359</b> or 0·56 Sq. mile
Kumharsain Sub-Tehsil .	Narkanda (320)	1. Narkanda		160	158	53
	(010)	2. Kaunthru	(Part)	161	159	121
		3. Jangal Madhaon	(Part)	50	103	118
		4. Jangal Haon	(Part)	57	76	28
	Total			••	••	320 or 0·50 Sq. mile
Rampur Tehsil	Rampur (220)	1. Qasba Rampur		112	181	27
	(320)	2. Rampur		106	2	112
		<ol> <li>Shingla</li> <li>Other area not sh in village paper</li> </ol>	(Part) own	107	1 }	138
		5. Racholi	(Part)	113	6	36
		6. Oda	(Part)	114	5	7
	Total				••	320 or 0.50 Sq. mile
Theog Tehsil	Theog (173)	1. Raighat	(Part)	276	215	22
	(110)	2. Chhe Dhala		273	216	11
		3. Jangal Rohru	(Part)	270	125	18
		4. Jangal Barhiana	(Part)	275	211	22
		5. Shali Bazar	•••	271	206	} 53
		6. Shali Shili Nali		272	217	-
		7. Tikar	(Part)	<b>26</b> Ì	232	2

## A-IVTOWNS CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1901—concld. APPENDIX II

Towns with their area and jurisdiction-1961

Villages included fully or partly to constitute the

town Vill-Area (in Village hadage code acres) of the vill-District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil Name of village bast Town with area in acres age innumber number cluded in the town 5 6 4 1 2 3 Theog Tehsil-contd. 8. Shali Khagalad (Part) 290 218 16 29 2059. Janog (Part) 291 173 Total . . . . . or 0.27 Sq. mile 332 Solon Tehsil Solon 46 47 1. Qasba Solon (1,920)46 14 47 2. Bazar Solon 3. Solon village 5537 40 31 20 4. Jakani 34 13 143 5. Shalogra 5 (Part) 32 51 6. Jarai (Part) 33 14 55 7. Mathia (Part)  $\mathbf{2}$ 15 30 8. Galhut Khurd 3 (Part) 16 35 9. Galhut Kalan (Part) 4 10. Tikar 12 17 102 (Part) 33 80 11. Parag 35 (Part) 2966 12. Dadhog 30 (Part) 44 44 27013. Ber (Part) 18 48 10 14. Kathog (Part) 75 15. Kothon 13 30 (Part)  $\mathbf{2}$ 1814 16. Mansar (Part) 23 2511 17. Daonsi (Part) 101 48 48 18. Basal (Part) **3**9 400 45 19. Seri (Part) 1,920 Total . . •• or 3 Sq. miles SIRMUR DISTRICT Nahan Tehsil . Nahan 1. Cantonment . . 322 65 (2,560)Shamsherpur (Part) 45 66 240 41 2. Majholi (Part) 46 71 1,623.16 3. Nahan Girdonawah (Part) 4. Nahan Town (Old) accor-ding to Muni-374.84 cipal record 2,560 Total ۰. ... or 4 Sq. miles 75 1. Devi Nagar (Part) 115 134 Paonta Tehsil Paonta (411) 336 129 2. Paonta (Part) 116 411 Total • • ••

or 0.64 Sq. miles

UNION PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACTS

### Fly-leaf

### Introductory

The abstracts give information in respect of the Pradesh about the area in square miles (Union Territory Land Records area figures), occupied residential houses and households, total population, population of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, literates and workers classified into nine industrial categories and also non-workers.

## 1. Definition of occupied Census House, Household etc.

#### CENSUS HOUSE

A census house was a structure or part of a structure inhabited or vacant, or a dwelling, a shop, a shop-cum-dwelling or a place of business, workshop, school, etc., with a separate entrance.

If a building had a number of flats or blocks which had separate entrances of their own and were independent of each other giving on the road a common staircase or a common courtyard leading to a main gate, they were considered as separate census houses. If within an enclosed or open compound there were separate buildings then each such building was treated as a separate census house. If all the structures within an enclosed compound were together treated as one building then each structure with a separate entrance was treated as a separate census house.

#### CENSUS HOUSEHOLD

A household was a group of persons who commonly lived together and would take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevented any of them from doing so. There might be one or more than one household in a census house.

In the abstracts an account has been given of occupied residential houses under two categories, viz., No. of houses (col. 4) and No. of households (col. 5). In col. 4, number of those census houses, (c.f. definition above) which were occupied by households for residential purposes, i.e., where households (cf. definition above) were enumerated, has been given. Such occupied census houses also include shop-cum-dwellings, workshop-cum-dwellings and dwellings with other uses, where households were living and enumerated. In col. 5, number of all households in the Pradesh has been shown.

## 2. Percentage of households to number of houses

#### STATEMENT 1

Percentage of households to number of houses in rural and urban areas

Union Terr	ritory/	Distri	ct	Percentage of households to number of houses						
				Ť	R	Ū				
HIMACHA	l PRA	DESI	н.	103	103	109				
Chamba			•	113	112	159				
Mandi	•	•		101	101	101				
Bilaspur			•	102	102	109				
Nahan			•	102	101	110				
Sirmur	•	•		100	100	102				
Kinnaur	•	•	•	105	105	•••				

The Statement 1 shows that the number of households per 100 houses in rural areas throughout the Pradesh is practically uniform with slight variations here and there, excepting in Chamba District. Chamba District's urban area also returns the highest figure, i.e., 159 households to every 100 houses. There is only one urban area, i.e., Chamba town in the district. The number of households per 100 houses is 105 in Kinnaur district. There is nothing worth mentioning in respect of other districts as the variations there, are just marginal.

### 3. Density of households per Sq. mile

#### STATEMENT 2

Density of households per square mile in rural and urban areas

Union Terr	itory	Distri	ict	Density (	of household mile	ds per Sq.
				T	R	υ
	1			2	3	4
HIMACHAI	L PRA	DESH	ł.	24	23	596
Chamba				15	15	1,937
Mandi				· 45	43	485
Bilaspur				69	65	474
Mahasu				30	29	614
Sirmur				32	29	<b>63</b> 8
Kinnaur	•	•	•	3	3	••

Note :-- Density worked out on Union Territory Land Records area figures.

This Statement 2 provides an interesting contrast to the Statement 1; in that the Chamba District which has the highest number of households per 100 houses gives a density of households of only 15 per Sq. mile. Similarly the district of Kinnaur which is the second such area in Himachal Pradesh, returns a density of 3 households per square nile.

In respect of urban areas, Chamba District gets the lead and Bilaspur District returns the lowest density in the Pradesh.

Amongst 13 towns of Himaehal Pradesh, Chamba town in District Chamba has the highest density of 1,937 households per square mile, and the lowest, i.e., 168 households per square mile is in Narkanda town of Mahasu District.

Amongst tehsils/sub-tehsils, Pangi sub-tehsil (rural area only) in Chamba District has the lowest density of 2 households per square mile and the highest, i.e., 84 households per square mile is in Mandi Sadar tehsil of Mandi District (inclusive of urban area in the tehsil). Taking into consideration here rural areas only, Ghamarwin tehsil in Bilaspur District has registered the highest density of 81 households per square mile.

## 4. Definition of Scheduled Castes/Tribes, Literacy —Education, etc.

#### SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

The castes and tribes listed as Scheduled Castes/Tribes  $i_n$ Himachal Pradesh under the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists Modification Order, 1956, are as under :---

## Scheduled Castes throughout the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh

- 1. Ad-dharmi.
- 2. Badhi or Nagalu.
- 3. Bandhela.
- 4. Balmiki, Chura or Bhangi.
- 5. Bangali.
- 6. Banjara.
- 7. Bansi.
- 8. Barad.
- 9. Barar.
- 10. Batwal.
- 11. Bawaria.
- 12. Bazigar.
- 13. Bhanjra,
- 14. Chamar, Mochi, Ramdasi, Ravidasi or Ramdasia.
- 15. Chanal.
- 16. Chhimbe (Dhobi).
- 17. Chuhre.
- 18. Dagi,
- 19. Daole.
- 20. Darai or Daryai.
- 21. Daule.
- 22. Dhaki or Toori.
- 23. Dhaogri or Dhuai.
- 24. Doom or Doomna.
- 25. Dumne (Bhanjre).
- 26. Hali.
- 27. Hesi.
- 28. Jogi.
- 29. Julahe.
- 30. Kabirpanthi, Julaha or Keer.
- 31. Kamoh or Dagoli.
- 32. Karoack.
- 33. Khatik.
- 34. Koli.
- 35. Lohar.
- 36. Mazhabi.
- 37. Megh.
- 38. Nat.
- 39. Od.
- 40. Pasi.
- 41. Phrera.
- 42. Rehar.
- 43. Rehara.
- 44. Sansi,
- 45. Sapela.
- 46. Sarde, Sarare or Siryare.
- 47. Sarehde.
- 48. Sikligar.
- 49. Sipi.
- 50. Sirkiband.
- 51. Teli.
- 52. Thathiar or Thathera,

# Scheduled Tribes throughout the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh

- 1. Gaddi,
- 2. Gujjar.
- 3. Jad, Lamba, Khampa and Bhot or Bodh.
- 4. Kanaura or Kinnara.
- 5. Lahaula.
- 6. Pangwala.

Population figures of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are given in columns 9-11 and 12-14 of the abstracts respectively.

### HOUSELESS PERSONS

Pavement dwellers or others who did not form part of the households came under the definition of houseless population. This also included persons, who did not normally reside in houses, i.e., members of wandering tribes, tramps, sadhus, etc.

#### INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION

Persons dwelling in any penal, charitable or mental institution, hostel, hostel, hospital, boarding house, etc., came under the definition of Institutional Population.

### LITERACY AND EDUCATION

The test for reading was ability to read any simple letter either in print or in manuscript. The test for writing was ability to write a simple letter. The test for literacy was satisfied if the person could with understanding both read and write. If the person could both read and write and had also passed a written examination or examinations as proof of an educational standard attained, he was deemed to be an educated person.

Figures about literate and educated persons may be seen in cols. 15-17 of the abstracts.

#### 5. Definition of Workers, Non-Workers, etc.

### WORKERS

A person who was working was a worker. He might be working as a Cultivator, as an Agricultural Labourer, at a Household Industry or might be doing any other work. A worker might be engaged in only one of the above four categories or in more than one. Thus a person could be working both as a Cultivator and an Agricultural Labourer. Or, he might be working both as Cultivator and at Household Industry. Or he might be working in any other possible combination. The work/works a person was engaged in was/were recorded during his enumeration. An under-trial person enumerated in a jail was recorded for the work or kinds of work he was doing before he was apprehended. Similarly, for a person temporarily in a hospital or similar institution was recorded for the kind of work he was doing before he was admitted into hospital or institution. But for a convict in a prison or for long term inmates of penal or charitable or mental institutions, the person's previous work was not recorded.

The basis of work was satisfied in the case of seasonal work like cultivation, livestock, dairying, household industry, etc., if the person had some regular work of more than one hour a day throughout the greater part of the working season. In the case of regular employment in any trade, profession, service, business, or commerce, the basis of work was satisfied if the person was employed during any of the fifteen days preceding the date of his enumeration. A person who was working but was absent from his work during the fifteen days preceding the day on which enumerated or even exceeding the period of fifteen days due to illness or other causes was treated as worker. A person who had been offered work but had not actually joined was treated as non-worker. Work included not only actual work, but effective supervision and direction of work, Persons under training as apprentices with or without stipend or wages were regarded as working. An adult woman who was engaged in household duties but doing no other productive work to augment the family's resources was not considered as working. If, however, in addition to her household work she engaged herself in work such as rice pounding for sale or wages or in domestic services for wages for others or minding cattle or selling firewood or making and selling cowdung cakes or grass, etc., or any such work she was treated as a worker.

Persons like beggars, pensioners, agricultural or nonagricultural royalty, rent or dividend receivers, who were earning an income but who were not participating in any productive work were not treated as workers unless they also worked in cultivation, industry, trade, profession, business or commerce.

A public or social service worker who was actively engaged in public service activity or a political worker who was also actively engaged in furthering the political activity of his party was regarded as a worker.

The 'workers' have been classified into the following nine industrial categories and population figures about them are given in cols. 18—47 of the abstracts.

- I. Cultivator;
- If. Agricultural labourer;
- III. Mining, quarrying, livestock, forestry, fishing, hunting and plantations, orchards and allied activities;
- IV. Household Industry;
- V. Manufacturing other than Household Industry;
- VI. Construction;
- VII. Trade and Commerce;
- VIII. Transport, Storage and Communications;
- IX. Other Services.

.

#### CULTIVATOR

For purposes of the census a person was considered working as cultivator if he or she was engaged either as employer, single worker or family worker in (a) cultivation of land or supervision or direction of cultivation of land owned or held from Government and (b) cultivation of land or supervision or direction of cultivation of land held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share. Cultivation of land meant ploughing, sowing and harvesting and did not include fruit growing or keeping orchards or groves or working for plantation like tea, coffee, rubber, cinchona and other medieinal plantations Persons engaged in fruit growing or orchardry or plantations like tea, coffee, rubber, cinchona and other medicinal plantations were recorded as working in household industry or doing work other than cultivators, agricultural labourers or at household industry according to position obtaining in their case.

A person who had given out his land to another person or persons for cultivation for money, kind or share of crop and who did not even supervise or direct cultivation of land, was not treated as working as cultivator. Similarly a person working in another person's land only as a labourer and having no right or lease or contract on land on which he worked, nor responsible for taking decisions as to which crop to sow and when, or taking the risks of cultivation and was paid for wages in cash, kind or share such as share of the produce (agricultural labourer) was not treated as cultivator.

#### AGRICULTURAL LABOURER

A person was considered working as agricultural labourer, if he_worked in another person's land only as a labourer

### HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

A Household Industry was defined as an industry conducted by the Head of the household himself and/or mainly members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas and only at home in urban areas. The industry was not to be run on the scale of registered factory. Thus the main criterion for a Household Industry was the participation of one or more members of a household in rural areas. In the urban areas the industry should have been confined to the house.

A Household Industry related to production, processing, servicing, repairing or making and selling of goods. It did not include professions such as pleader or doctor or barber or waterman or astrologer.

A person though he might not be working in his own Household Industry might be working as a paid employee in another Household Industry. He was deemed to be employed on Household Industry.

### Workers other than Cultivators, Agricultural Labourers and those in Household Industry

If a worker was not working as a cultivator or as an agricultural labourer or at any Household Industry the actual work he was doing was recorded. If a person was working as a cultivator or as an agricultural labourer or at Household Industry and also did some other work (including dairying or livestock raising, orchard or plantation, etc., as distinct from cultivation of crops) which did not relate to any of the above categories, the other work he did was recorded. If he was engaged in more than one work and neither of them related to any of the three categories mentioned above the work on which he devoted more time was recorded. The nature of industry, business, trade, profession or service in which a person worked was recorded, noting the class of the worker as 'employer', or 'employee', or 'single worker', or 'family worker'.

#### NON-WORKERS

#### Non-workers were-

- (i) full-time students or children attending school who did no other work,
- (ii) housewives and persons engaged in unpaid homeduties,
- (iii) infants and other dependents including permanently disabled or old persons,
- (iv) retired persons, rentiers and others who were in receipt of income without doing any work,
- (v) beggars, vagrants, and others of unspecified source of existence,
- (vi) convicts in jails or inmates of penal, mental . or charitable institutions,
- (vii) persons not employed before but seeking employment for the first time; and
- (viii) persons employed before but now out of employment and seeking employment.

## 6. Percentage of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

## Statement 3

Percentage of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes severally to total males and females by rural and urban areas in each district

Union Territory/Dist	rict/	Town		-	% Schedu	led Castes			% Schedu	led Tribes			
		2004	, ,	M			F	N	/ [	F	F           R         U           8         9           8.59         0.36           33.59         0.49           1.33         0.11           2.69         0.38           0.86         1.22           1.58         N		
			•	$\mathbf{R}$	ບ່	R	U	R	υ	R	י		
1				、2	3	4	5	6	7	-	-		
HIMACHAL PRADESH	•			27.75	18.02	27.84	20.33	8.18	0.69	-	-		
Chamba District				$15 \cdot 40$	17.30	15.31	19.11	32.77					
Mandi District				30.60	17.35	$29 \cdot 94$	19.11	$\frac{32 \cdot 77}{1 \cdot 42}$	1.40				
Bilaspur District	•			$24 \cdot 38$	19.93	$24 \cdot 23$	22.19	$1.42 \\ 2.85$	0.30				
Mahasu District				30.54	16.88	$31 \cdot 21$	19.67	$2.85 \\ 0.98$	0.41				
Sírmur District				$33 \cdot 42$	19.36	$34 \cdot 28$	21.63	1.50	1.59				
Kinnaur District				26.89	-0 00	$27 \cdot 45$		56·19	0.17		N		
Chamba				2- 00		-7 ±9	••	20.13	••	$69 \cdot 27$	••		
	•	•	•	••	17.30	••	$19 \cdot 11$	••	$1 \cdot 40$		0.49		
Jogindarn <b>a</b> gar Mandi	٠	•	•	••	$27 \cdot 36$	••	$34 \cdot 49$		0.51		0.17		
	•	•	•	••	12.81	••	14.90	••	$0 \cdot 25$		0.14		
Sundarnagar	•	•	•	••	$23 \cdot 13$	••	$23 \cdot 48$	••	0.33		0.04		
Bilaspur		•	•		20.04	••	$22 \cdot 39$		0.38	••	0.40		
Shri Naina Der	որ	•	٠	••	16.97	••	18.40	••	1.21				
Arki Naslan Ja	•	•	•	••	$24 \cdot 41$	••	17.19	••					
Narkanda	•	•	•	••	17.51	••	$22 \cdot 33$	••					
Rampur	•	•	•		$13 \cdot 42$	••	$25 \cdot 28$		$6 \cdot 29$		6.48		
Theog	٠	·	•		$13 \cdot 72$	••	16.95		0.28		0.21		
Solon	•	•	•		17.65	••	19.19		0.62		0.40		
Nahan	•	•	•	••	$19 \cdot 82$	••	22.61		0.19		0.04		
Paonta	·	•	•	••	16.22		15.03	••					

The Pradesh figures in respect of percentage of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes would show that males and females counter-balance each other in rural areas. In urban areas the Pradesh figures for Scheduled Castes males come to  $18\cdot02$ as against  $20\cdot33$  for females which shows that there are more Scheduled Castes females in urban areas than males. The district of Sirmur has a higher percentage of Scheduled Castes in its population than in the other districts.

As regards the Scheduled Tribes the Pradesh figures formales in rural areas is 8.18 and 8.59 in respect of females. The districts of Chamba and Kinnaur in rural areas have higher percentages of Scheduled Tribes amongst their population

## 7. Percentage of Literate and Educated Persons

than in other districts, the latter district of Kinnaur representing the highest, i.e., more than 50 per cent of its total population.

In urban areas about Scheduled Castes, the towns of Jogindarnagar  $(27\cdot36 \text{ M}, 34\cdot49 \text{ F})$ , Sundarnagar  $(23\cdot13 \text{ M}, 23\cdot48 \text{ F})$ , Bilaspur  $(20\cdot04 \text{ M}, 22\cdot39 \text{ F})$ , Arki  $(24\cdot41 \text{ M})$ , Narkanda  $(22\cdot33 \text{ F})$ , Rampur  $(25\cdot28 \text{ F})$  and Nahan  $(19\cdot82 \text{ M}, 22\cdot61 \text{ F})$  represent figures of higher percentages, as indicated in brackets, than the Pradesh figures. The towns of Chamba and Rampur have also registered much higher percentages of Scheduled Tribes than the Pradesh figures in the case of males and females both.

#### STATEMENT 4

Percentage of Literate and Educated persons to total population, males and females, by rural and urban areas of each district and town

% Literates & Educated

Union Territory/District/Town							Rural		Urban			
						T	M	F	T	M	F	
HIMACHAL PRADE	SH					15.26	25.19	4.62	55.18	63.48	43·79	
Chamba District	•					$9 \cdot 21$	15.40	2.38	$57 \cdot 42$	67·09	45.73	
Mandi District		•				16.14	27.64	4.72	56.07	64.09	46.11	
Bilaspur District	•	•		•		18.12	30.30	5.52	$45 \cdot 60$	$55 \cdot 17$	31.66	
Mahasu District	•	•		•	•	18.01	29.00	$5 \cdot 96$	58.65	$65 \cdot 17$	47.17	
Sirmur District	•	•	•	•		12.58	20.01	$3 \cdot 70$	$54 \cdot 81$	63.63	42·79	
Kinnaur District	•	•	•	٠	•	$15 \cdot 35$	26.45	$3 \cdot 90$	••		• •	
Chamba		•							$57 \cdot 42$	$67 \cdot 09$	$45 \cdot 73$	
Jogindarnagar	•	•	•	•	•				$47 \cdot 19$	$58 \cdot 23$	<b>3</b> 2 · <b>1</b> 5	
Mandi	•	•	•	•	•				<b>63</b> · 50	$70 \cdot 22$	$54 \cdot 89$	
Sundarnagar	•	•	•	•	•			·	$43 \cdot 50$	$52 \cdot 35$	33.69	
Bilaspur	•	•	•	•	•	••			$45 \cdot 84$	$55 \cdot 05$	$32 \cdot 19$	
Shri Naina Do	əviji	:	•	•	•	۰.	••	••	40.24	58.18	$22 \cdot 09$	

### STATEMENT 4-concld.

Percentage of Literate and Educated Persons to total population, males and females, by rural and urban areas of each district and town

							%	, Literate and	L Educated		
Union Territory/District/Town					Rural		Urban				
						T	M	F	т	м	F
		•				••			$60 \cdot 85$	$67 \cdot 79$	$52 \cdot 13$
						••			$52 \cdot 22$	$57 \cdot 59$	<b>3</b> 8 · 8 <b>3</b>
						••		••	58.83	66.04	$42 \cdot 34$
				:		••	••		58.72	$66 \cdot 64$	<b>40 · 89</b>
									$58 \cdot 52$	$64 \cdot 51$	$48 \cdot 85$
							••	••	54·70	63 • 76	42.31
			•				••		$55 \cdot 59$	$62 \cdot 79$	45.99
	• • • •						T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	itory/District/Town	itory/District/Town  T  M  F  T  M  F  T  M  F  T  M  F  T  N  T  M  F  N  T  N  T  N  T  N  T  T  N  T  T  T	itory/District/Town $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Rural Area—In the Pradesh rural area only  $15 \cdot 26$  per cent are literate and educated. Out of the six districts of the Himachal Pradesh 4 have returned higher percentage figures than the average for the rural area of the Pradesh and the remaining 2 (Chamba and Sirmur) fall short of the Pradesh percentage. An interesting feature is that Kinnaur District beats the Chamba and Sirmur Districts in the matter of percentage of literacy and education by a very convenient margin. Of all the districts of Himachal Pradesh rural Chamba would appear to be the most backward area in the matter of literacy and education as out of every 100 persons only  $9 \cdot 21$  can be termed literates and educated.

Urban Area-In respect of the urban areas the Pradesh

than half the urban population has been returned as literate and educated. This figure stands at  $55\cdot18$  per cent for the Pradesh. Districally speaking Bilaspur falls short of this figuro as it has returned only  $45\cdot60$  per cent as literate and educated whereas Mahasu District leads all other districts in this respect having returned  $58\cdot65$  per cent. That is because there are more town areas in Mahasu compared to other districts.

As usual, the percentage of literate and educated males is higher than females but literacy and education among females does not lag behind by such a wide margin in urban areas as in the case of rural areas. The Pradesh urban figures with regard to females are 43.79 per cent, and rural figures are 4.62per cent.

I

## figures of literate and educated are pretty high as more per

## 8. Distribution of 1,000 persons, males and females—workers and non-workers

Statement 5

Distribution of 1,000 persons, males and females of rural and urban areas severally of each district among the workers and non-workers and for each category of workers

Union	Po	pulation		Tet	al worke				Workers			_
Territory/District								 [		I	II	I
	Р		F	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	~ <u></u>	^ M	F			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	M 8	F 9	M 10	F 11	м 12	13
HIMACHAL PRADE	SH											
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000	596	631	558	476	519	11	6	12	1
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	607	635	577	500	539	11	6	12	1
Urban	1,000	1,000	1,000	377	564	119	41	45	• 2	2	7	1
Chamba												
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000	603	6 <b>63</b>	537	549	496	3	1	8	1
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	615	669	556	573	516	3	1	8	1
Urban	1,000	1,000	1,000	312	509	75	4	<b>2</b>	N	N	7	N
Mandi												
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000	581	582	580	467	552	•4	6	6	1
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	594	586	602	<b>4</b> 9 <b>3</b>	576	5	6	6	1
Urbàn	1,000	1,000	1,000	360	523	158	71	81	3	3	5	1
Bilaspur												
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000	522	573	469	418	419	7	3	3	N
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	527	570	483	440	434	7	4	3	N
Urban	1,000	1,000	1,000	428	622	144	46	56	1	1	6	1
Mahasu												
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000	637	658	614	472	584	20	7	<b>27</b>	2
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	644	659	627	489	598	<b>21</b>	7	28	2 2
Urban	1,000	1,000	1,000	437	623	110	37	43	2	2	8	2
Sirmur												
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000	587	675	482 ·	494	433	14	5	7	N
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	605	684	511	534	463	15	5	6	Ν
Urban	1,000	1,000	1,000	363	<b>57</b> 0	80	17	12	<b>2</b>	N	11	1
Kinnaur											•	
Rural	1,000	1,000	1,000	672	675	669	350	546	13	35	9	1

N—Negligible

M/B(D)1SCO(H.P.)-7

## STATEMENT 5-concld.

						,	Worker	s		-				
Union Territory/District	I	7	v		V	T			VI	11	IZ	ζ	Non-we	orkers
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	<u>M</u>	F
l HIMACHAL PRADI	14 ESH	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Total Rural Urban	39 40 34	26 27 18	9 5 70	1 1 4	19 18 40	1 1 2	10 7 63	N N 1	3 3 22	Y Y Y	52 39 285	4 2 46	369 365 436	442 423 881
Chamba														
Total Rural Urban	32 30 64	`32 33 9	$\begin{array}{c}8\\7\\22\end{array}$	2 2 3	$14 \\ 15 \\ 12$	1 1 	$\begin{array}{c} 8\\5\\72\end{array}$	N N N	$\begin{array}{c}2\\1\\11\end{array}$	••• ••	39 27 317	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 2\\ 61\end{array}$	337 331 491	463 444 925
Mandi														
Total Rural Urban	32 31 36	$17 \\ 17 \\ 28$	$5\\2\\47$	N N 5	$\begin{array}{c} 7\\6\\32\end{array}$	N N 1	11 7 61	N N N	- 3 - 22	N N N	47 33 246	4 2 39	$\begin{array}{r} 418 \\ 414 \\ 477 \end{array}$	420 398 842
Bilaspur														
Total Rural Urban	38 · 39 23	43 43 34	7 3 66	N N 7	$\begin{array}{c} 31\\ 26\\ 114 \end{array}$	1 N 9	9 7 50	N N 4	4 3 24	 	56 42 292	3 2 32	427 430 378	5 <b>31</b> 517 856
Mahasu													`	
Total Rural Urban	38 38 36	$15 \\ 15 \\ 12$	11 8 88	1 1 1	14 13 35	1 1 1	$\frac{11}{8}$	N N 1	5 4 31	N N 2	60 50 301	- 3 46	$342 \\ 341 \\ 377$	386 373 890
Sirmur														
Total Rural Urban	49 52 18	37 39 5	$12 \\ 3 \\ 119$	l 1 2	29 29 30	N N 1	$10 \\ 6 \\ 51$	N N 1	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 3\\ 21 \end{array}$	 	56 36 301	6 3 58	$325 \\ 316 \\ 430$	518 489 920
Kinnaur														
Rural	125	77	15	3	92	2	6	N	6		59	5	325	331

Distribution of 1,000 persons, males and females of rural and urban areas severally of each district among the workers and non-workers and for each category of workers

N-Negligible

## 9. Sex ratio

## STATEMENT 6

Sex ratio (females per 1,000 males) among total population, total workers, each category of worker and among non-workers in rural and urban areas of each district

<b>T</b> 7							Workers					Non-
Union Territory/District	Total popula- tion	Total workers	Ī	II	111	IV	v	VI	VII	VIII	IX	workers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	.11	12	13
HIMACHAL PRADE	SH											
Total Rural Urban	923 934 729	816 849 154	1,006 1,007 800	500 499 610	78 76 138	620 631 389	103 150 40	38 39 33	24 30 14	11 10 13	76 60 118	1,105 1,080 1,474
Chamba												
Total Rural Urban	902 906 828	7 <b>31</b> 752 122	814 814 389	362 361 500	89 91 <b>32</b>	919 994 123	251 268 127	56 58	16 24 3	• • • • • •	$102 \\ 75 \\ 156$	1,238 1,217 1,559

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#### STATEMENT 6-concld.

Sex ratio (females per 1,000 males) among total population, total workers, each category af worker and among non-workers in rural and urban areas of each district

<b>TT</b> - <b>1</b>						Wo	rkers					Non-
Union Territory/District	Total popula- tion	Total workers	I	II	111	IV	v	VI	VII	VIII		workors
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Mandi												
Total Rural Urban	994 1,007 805	991 1,035 24 <b>3</b>	1,175 1,178 90 <del>4</del>	1,147 1,166 744	$195 \\ 190 \\ 286$	539 533 628	70 48 86	38 40 32	30 44 4	15 20 4	78 56 124	999 966 1,423
Bilaspur												
Total Rural Urban	952 968 686	$780 \\ 820 \\ 159$	954 954 831	458 457 500	72 72 71	1,063 1,065 1,000	72 52 86	$19 \\ 10 \\ 51$	39 27 66	 	51 42 74	1,183 1,164 1,555
Mahasu												
Total Rural Urban	899 913 568	839 868 100	$1,115 \\ 1,116 \\ 644$	297 296 8 <b>33</b>	$53 \\ 51 \\ 164$	359 366 174	90 127 9	88 95 23	$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 24\\ 9\end{array}$	20 13 43	65 59 86	1,014 999 1, <b>3</b> 41
Sirmur										•		
Total Rural Urban	828 835 734	$591 \\ 624 \\ 104$	725 725 497	$271 \\ 272 \\ 125$	61 59 75	620 633 192	$45 \\ 135 \\ 12$	$13 \\ 12 \\ 16$	$21 \\ 22 \\ 19$	 	96 64 143	1,319 1,291 1,568
Kinnaur												
Rural	969	960	1,510	2,578	112	595	181	23	_23	••	78	988

The sex ratio per 1,000 males shows that throughout Himachal Pradesh excepting the rural areas of Mandi District the number of females is less than males. In rural areas of Mandi District there are 1,007 females per 1,000 males. The lowest sex ratio is of course returned by urban areas and among these areas the urban areas of Mahasu District claim the lowest ratio; in that there are 568 females to every 1,000 males.

Himachal Pradesh is predominantly dependant on agriculture. It is natural that the number of male and female workers (cultivators and agricultural laboures) engaged in agriculture should be the highest. The Statement given would show that against every 1,000 male cultivators, there are 1,006 female cultivators. This is due to the fact that on account of difficult terrain and small scattered holdings almost every grown up member of the family has to work on fields to eke out a living. No mechanical means of cultivation can be put into practice here. The number of female workers per 1,000 males engaged as cultivators is the highest in the district of Kinnaur.

It would be interesting to note that the number of female workers engaged as cultivators is not low even in the case of urban areas in the Pradesh. It is only in the case of urban area of Chamba District that the number of fomale workers engaged as cultivators is the lowest, i.e., 389 against 1,000 males. As regards females engaged as agricultural labourers, the district of Kinnaur is a striking example in this respect. It shows that against every 1,000 males practically  $2\frac{1}{2}$  times, i.e., 2,578 females are engaged as agricultural labourers. The district of Mandi comes next in respect of females employed as agricultural labourers. The district of Mandi comes next in respect of females engaged as cultivators returns a poor percentage of females per 1,000 males engaged as agricultural labourers. This should go to show that all the females are engaged in agriculture work on their own fields as culti ators and this work leaves them little or no spare time to work as agricultural labourers. Or, they don't feel the necessity of doing so.

The female workers are engaged in household industry also -620 females against per 1,000 males. Number of female workers engaged in other professions is very low. The lowest being in transport, storage and communications, which represents 11 females per 1,000 males. Due to introduction of female education on a large scale only during the post-independence period in this area, the number of females in services is understandably low.

There are 1,105 female.non-workers in the Pradesh as a whole against every 1,000 males. The ratio is higher in the urban areas as compared with rural areas.

NOTES FOR

1. Towns treated as such for the first time in 1951 Census which continue as towns in 1961. Census are shown with asterisks on their left.

Towns treated as such for the first time in 1961 are printed in italics.
 Area figures shown in Col. 3 are Union Territory Land Records figures.

Šerial No.	Union Territory/District/Tehsil/Sub- Area in Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/Ward/ Mohalla	n Sg. miles	Occupied Residentia	l Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (incl ing inmates of institutions and how less persons)				
			Number of Houses	Number of Households	Persons	Males	Females			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
	HIMACHAL PRADESH	10,702·4	248,174	255,921	1,351,144	702,697	648,447			
ŀ	-CHAMBA DISTRICT	2,656 . 1	36,091	40,944	210,579	110,700	99,879			
11.	Chaurah Tehsil	607.6	10,263	11,069	56,270	29,531	26,739			
2 2	Pangi Sub-Tehsil	889.9	1,633	1,707	11,678	6,154	5,524			
	Chamba Tehsil	394·1	11,108	13,539	68,897	35,687	33,210			
2						-				
3.2	Chamba Town (M.C.) (1) Kashmiri Mohalla	0·91 0·07	1,107 139	1,763 207	8,609 1,088	4,710 557	3,899			
	(2) Hatnala Mohalla	0.06	110	179	841	435	531 <b>4</b> 06			
	(3) Jansali Mohalla	0.16	181	260	1,149	624	525			
	(4) Bangotu Mohalla	0.08	209	299	1,394	757	637			
	(5) Chogaan Mohalla	0.06	86	133	690	398	292			
	(6) Surara Mohalla	0.17	161	349	1,528	845	683			
	(7) Dharog Mohalla	0.09	131	218	1,166	617	549			
	(8) Jullakri Mohalla	0.22	90	118	753	477	276			
4	Bhattiyat Tehsil	$252 \cdot 2$	9,332	10,104	48,109	25,223	22,886			
5	Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil	512·3	3,755	4,525	25,625	14,105	11,520			
	II—MANDI DISTRICT	1,620.0	72,641	73,311	384,259	192,687	191,572			
1.1	Jogindarnagar Tehsil	445.0	13,333	13,401	68,572	33,223	35,349			
1.2	Jogindarnagar Town	0.99	630	654	2,719	1,568	1,151			
1 4	(1) Kathla Mohalla	0.13	201	204	845	543	302			
	(2) Garauru Mohalla	0.51	111	112	575	299	276			
	(3) Lower Seri Mohalla	0.17	147	150	523	315	208			
	(4) Upper Seri and Harabag Mohalla	0.18	171	188	776	411	365			
21	Mandi Sadar Tehsil	202.0	16,950	16,985	93,083	48,398	44,685			
2·2	Mandi Town (M. C.)	4.00		2,773	13,034	7,321	5,713			
2.7	(1) Bhagwan Ward	0.01	237	239	1,146	613	533			
	(2) Darmyana Ward	0.01	269	273	1,214	641	573			
	(3) Lower Samkhetar Ward	0.11	249	250	1,303	686	617			
	(4) Upper Samkhetar Ward	0.02	334	334	1,550	873	677			
	(5) Suhra Ward	0.45	731	745	3,551	<b>2,0</b> 18	1,533			
	(6) Tannera Ward	0.08	356	356	1,402	840	562			
	(7) Mangwain Padal Ward	0.33	281	281	1,483	894	589			
	(8) Purani Mandi Ward	2.99		295	1,385	756	629			
3	Sarkaghat Tehsil	$202 \cdot 0$		15,792	84,625	40,626	43,999			
4	Chichot Tehsil	$351 \cdot 0$	10,854	10,981	57,518	29,20 <del>4</del>	28,314			
5.1	Sundarnagar Tehsil	168.0	8,009	8,312	42,479	21,715	20 <b>,</b> 764			
5·2	Sundarnagar Town (M. C.)	4.47	1,160	1,160	5,782	3,039	2,743			
	(1) Ward No. 1	$1 \cdot 21$		216	1,046	560	480			
	(2) Ward No. 2	0.92		219	1,021	569	452			
	(3) Ward No. 3	1.24		132	805	408	397			
	(4) Ward No. 4	0.40		322	1,575	842	733			
	(5) Ward No. 5	0.35		158	741	360 300	381 294			
	(6) Ward No. 6	0.35		113	594					
6	Karsog Tehsil	$252 \cdot 0$	7,819	7,840	37,982	19,521	18,461			

## ABSTRACTS

THE ABSTRACTS

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(M.C.)= Municipal Committee.
 (S.T.C.)= Small Town Committee.

6. (N.A.C.) = Notified Area Committee.

	6. (N.A.	C.)=Notifie	d Area Con	nmittee.						
Sche	eduled Ca	stes	Schedu	led Tribes	، ،	Literate and	Educated	persons	Serial No.	Union Territory/District/Tehsil/Sub- Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/ Ward/Mohalla
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
							1			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1	2
369,916	191,429	178,487	108,194	54,719	53,47	5 231,664	191,139	40,525		HIMACHAL PRADESH
32,578	17,134	15,444	67,058	34,795	32,26	3 23,548	19,482	4,066		I-CHAMBA DISTRICT
12,433	6,590	5,843	4,962	2,612	2,350	) <b>3,</b> 866	3,558	308	1	Chaurah Tehsil
541	290	251	10,698	5,457	5,24	1 927	878	49	2	Pangi Sub-Tehsil
11,762	6,094	5,668	13,876	7,121	6,75	5 10,345	7,948	2,397	3.1	Chamba Tehsil
1,560	815	745	85	66	3 1	9 4,943	3,160	1,783	<b>3</b> ·2	Chamba Town (M.C.)
244	119	125	••		•		373	. 243		(1) Kashmiri Mohalla
68	41	27	12	7	,	5 541	309	232		(2) Hatnala Mohalla (3) Jansali Mohalla
67	39	28	•••				425 555	263 340		(4) Bangotu Mohalla
186	95	91	21 17	18 14		3 895 3 376	248	128		(5) Chogaan Mohalla
83 18	52 8	31 10		2		2 942	596	346		(6) Surara Mohalla
843	425			17		5 478	334			(7) Dharog Mohalla
51	36	15		8	3	1 407	320			(8) Jullakri Mohalla
7,437	3,937	3,500	13,774	6,904	6,87	6,518	5,341	1,177	4	Bhattiyat Tehsil
405	223	182	23,748	12,701	11,04	7 1,892	1,757	135	5	Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil
113,748	57,380	56,368	5,044	2,610	2,43	4 70,617	57,600	13,017		II—MANDI DISTRICT
18,408	8,863	9,545	2,195	1,071	1,12	4 12,776	10,598	2,178	1.1	Jogindarnagar Tehsil
826	429	397	10	. 8		2 1,283	913	370	$1 \cdot 2$	Jogindarnagar Town
182	113	69	9	7		2 504	370	134		(1) Kathla Mohalla
267	132	1 <b>3</b> 5	••	••			110	43		(2) Garauru Mohalla (2) Lamar Sari Mahalla
95	43	52	1	1	•		224 209	99 94		<ul><li>(3) Lower Seri Mohalla</li><li>(4) Upper Seri and Harabag Mohalla</li></ul>
282	141	141	••	••	•	. 303	209			
30,877	15,950	14,927	1,273	672	60	1 22,024	16,493	5,531	$2 \cdot 1$	Mandi Sadar Tehsil
1,789	· 938	851	26	18	. :	8 8,277	5,141	3,136		• •
3	2	1	••	••	•	. 867	501	366 362		(1) Bhagwan Ward (2) Darmyana Ward
14	T	7				. 869 7 1,027	507 558	302 469		(3) Lower Samkhetar Ward
24	13	11		11			605	385		(4) Upper Samkhetar Ward
1	1 568	519	 5			1 1,849	1,229	620		(5) Suhra Ward
1,087 47	33	14				. 895	587	308		(6) Tannera Ward
388	206	182	í	1		. 904	617	287		(7) Mangwain Padal Ward
225	108	. 117	2	2	!.		537	339		(8) Purani Mandi Ward
17,948	8,716	9,232	808	401	40		13,032	2,321	3	Sarkaghat Tehsil
18,214	9,319	8,895	12	6	<b>i</b>	6 7,824	7,051	773		Chichot Tehsil
14,688	7,563	7,125	396	236	16	0 7,372	5,830	1,542	5.1	Sundarnagar Tehsil
1,347	703	644	11	10	•	1 2,515	1,591	924		Sundarnagar Town (M.O.)
199	104	<b>9</b> 5	6	5	i	1 485	311	174 169		(1) Ward No. 1 (2) Ward No. 2
233	128	105	••	••	•	. 501 200	332 · 134	66		(2) Ward No. 2 (3) Ward No. 3
172	86	- 86	••	••		. 688	423	265		(4) Ward No. 4
511	270	241 50		••	•	423	251	172		(5) Ward No. 5
90 142	40 75	67	 5	 5		218	<b>140</b>	78		(6) Ward No. 6
13,613	6,969	6,644	360	224			4,596	672	6	Karsog Tehsil

		Workers								
						I				
Serial	Union Territory/District/Tehsil/	Total	Workers (I-I-I-	ζ)		As Cultivator	-			
No.	Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/ Ward/Mohalla	Persons	Males	Eemalos	Persons	Males	Females			
1	2	18	19	20	21	22	23			
	HIMACHAL PRADESH	805,487	443,449	362,038	670,589	334,266	336,323			
	1—CHAMBA DISTRICT	126,989	73,352	53,637	110,225	60,765	49,460			
1	Chaurah Tehsil	36,290	20,391	15,899	32,330	18,003	14,327			
2	Pangi Sub-Tehsil	7,734	4,152	3,582	6,768	3,425	3,343			
3.1	Chamba Tehsil	40,594	22,936	17,658	35,210	18,535	16,675			
$3 \cdot 2$	Chamba Town (M. C.)	2,688	2,396	292	25	18	7			
	(1) Kashmiri Mohalla	337	280	57	4	2	2			
	(2) Hatnala Mohalla	255	230	25		••				
	(3) Jansali Mohalla	351	309	42	7	7	~			
	(4) Bangotu Mohalla (5) Chogaan Mohalla	398 216	347 196	51 20	3	3	· · ».			
	(6) Surara Mohalla	448	401	47		•• .				
	(7) Dharog Mohalla	360	319	41	10	5	5			
	(8) Jullakri Mohalla	323	314	9	1	1				
4	Bhattiyat Tehsil	25,628	16,102	9,526	21,808	13,338	8,470			
5	Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil	16,743	9,771	6,972	14,109	7,404	6,645			
	II-MANDI DISTRICT	223,291	112,149	111,142	195,528	89,894	105,634			
1.1	Jogindarnagar Tehsil	38,583	18,039	20,544	33,434	13,867	19,567			
1.2	Jogindamagar Town	1,196	926	270	427	210	217			
••	(1) Kathla Mohalla	404	363	41	52	25	27			
	(2) Garauru Mohalla	282	158	124	203	90	113			
	(3) Lower Seri Mohalla	210	175	35	59	30	29			
	(4) Upper Seri and Harabag Mohalla	300	230	70	113	85	48			
<b>2</b> •1	Mandi Sadar Tehsil	51,646	27,936	23,710	42,402	20,307	22,095			
<b>2</b> ·2	Mandi Town (M. C.)	4,380	3,814	566	173	94	79			
	(1) Bhagwan Ward	34 <del>4</del>	280	64	Ð	б	4			
	(2) Darmyana Ward	303	281	22	••	••	 4			
	<ul><li>(3) Lower Samkhetar Ward</li><li>(4) Upper Samkhetar Ward</li></ul>	387	345	42	4 14	 13	¥ 1			
	(5) Suhra Ward	445 1,287	411 1,082	34 205	72	13 44	28			
	(6) Tannera Ward	521	486	35	2	1	1			
	(7) Mangwain Padal Ward	575	511	64	42	15	27			
	(8) Purani Mandi Ward	518	418	100	30	16	14			
3	Sarkaghat Tehsil	46,444	20,485	25,959	40,981	16,301	24,680			
4	Chichot Tehsil	38,632	19,811	18,821	35,989	17,818	18,171			
5.1	Sundarnagar Tehsil	24,042	12,921	11,121	20,662	10,238	10,424			
5.2	Sundarnagar Town (M.C.)	2,184	1,503	681	1,020	547	473			
	(1) Ward No. 1	379	261	. 118	227	124	103			
	(2) Ward No. 2	415	313	102	144	76	68			
	(3) Ward No. 3	346	209	137	274	149	125			
	(4) Ward No. 4 (5) Word No. 5	544	423	121	176	98 23	78 14			
	(5) Ward No. 5 (6) Ward No. 6	237	158	79 194	37 162	23 77	14 85			
c	(6) Ward No. 6 Karoog Tobsil	263	139	124		11,363	10,697			
6	Karsog Tehsil	23,944	12,957	10,987	22,060	11,000	10,037			

## ABSTRACTS-contd.

p	n	····		Π				17			,	v	•			
As Agricu		aboure	Li	n Minin 7 stock, 1 Junting a ;chards a	ig, Quai Forestry, and Plan	Fishing, tations.	At Hou		ndustry	othe	lanu tha	factur n Hov dustry	1898- V	Soria No.		Unicn Territory/District/Tehsil/ Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/
ersons	Males	Female	a P	ersons :	Males Fe	males	Persons	Males 1	Females	Per-		les H		1101		Ward/Moballa
.24	25	26		27	28	29	30	31	32	33		34	35	1		2
11,332	<b>7</b> 555	0.77	7.0	<b>8,89</b> 7	8,251	646	44,849	27,685	17,163	6,73	56.	105	630			HIMACHAL PRADESH
474	7,555 <i>348</i>		26	941	864	77	6,694	3,488				872	219			I-CHAMBA DISTRICT
126	103		23	211	202	9	2,185 ·	747	1,438			86	40			Chaurah Tehsil
32	22		23 10	36	36	••	441	245	196		7	37		2		Pangi Sub-Tehsil
211	139		10 72	79	74	5	1,489	917	572	21	3	188	25	. 3	1	Chamba Tehsil
3	100		1	32	31	1	338	301	37	11	5	102	13	3	· 9	Chamba Town (M.C.)
			.,	3	3	••	38	38	.:		6	8	••			(1) Kashmiri Mohalla
	•	•,	••	6	6	••	42	38				9	2			(2) Hatnala Mohalla (3) Jansali Mohalla
	•	•	••	2 1	1 1	1	16	16 41			2	20 11	2 4			(4) Bangotu Mohalla
••	•		••	9	9	••	43 20	41 20			5 4	4				(5) Chogaan Mohalla
••	•		••	7	7		24	24			.8	15	3			(6) Surara Mohalla
			••	3	5	••	143	119	1 2	4 3	16	<b>34</b>	2	2		(7) Dharog Mohalia
3		2.	ł	1	1	••	9	ξ	5	4	3	3	•:	•		(8) Jullakri Mohalla
87	7	0	17	<b>2</b> 61	201	60	1,801	938	86	3 14	I	119	<b>2</b> 2	4		Bhattiyat Tehsil
18	1	4	4	354	351	3	778	641	. 13	7 57	4	442	<b>13</b> 2	5		Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil
2,098	· `97	17 3,	121	7,353	7,770	217	9,352	6,07	5 3,27	> 2,8	37	954	8			U. MANDI DISTRICT
492	2 2	21	271	217	135	82	1,577	1,05	3 52	24 1	53	153	•		1.1	Jogindarnagar Tehsil
38	8	25 (	13	7	7	••			2	7	57	57		•	1.3	Jogindarnagar Town (1) Kathla Mohalla
	4	2	2	3 1	3 1	••	-		9	3 3	31 4	31		•		(2) Garauru Mohalla
	9	3	6	1 2	2	•			4 3		11	4 11		••		(3) Lower Seri Mohalla
2		<b>2</b> 0	5	1	1		1.0		.6	1	11 •	• 11		•		(4) Uppər Səri and Harabı Mohalla.
59	. 0	278	312	317	239	7	8 1,974	1 1,2	20 7	54	656	602		54	2.1	
	1	••	1	49	37	15			15 1		525	479	4	46	$2^{\cdot 2}$	
•	•	••	••	5	5	•			••	33	19	19		••		<ol> <li>Bhagwan Ward</li> <li>Darmyana Ward</li> </ol>
•	•	••	••	17	7			3 1	2 1	1	32 34	31 32		1 2		(3) Lower Samkhetar Ward
	•	••	۰.	3			i 1		8	8	64	61		3		(4) Upper Samkhetar Ward
	1	••		13	10	)	3 13	7	87	50	177	153	3	24		(5) Suhra Ward
		••	••	2				3	2	1	48	44		4		(6) Tannera Ward (7) Mangwain Padal Ward
	•	••	••	4 14			. 1 7 7		9 36	7 42	83 68	78 61		5 7		(8) Purani Mandi Ward
	•	••	••	110			2			*-) 817	100	93		7	3	Sarkaghat Tehsil
62		280	348	000			. 2,58 2 1,15			564	30	28		2	4	Chichot Tehsil
	81	42	39				4 1,46			168	30 45	41		4	5	
	30 16	S1	99				6 35			±03 121	40 23	21		* 2	5.5	
3	36 3	18 1	18 2	· _					21	1	23 2		1	1	*	(1) Ward No. 1
	1	1	••			,			22	6	6		6	••		(2) Ward No. 2
5	20	12	8	3 I				9	7	2	••	•		••_		(3) Ward No. 3 (4) Ward No. 4
	1	••				7			118	27	11		10	1		(5) Ward No. 5
	5	3		-	4	•		87′ 63	31 34	$\frac{56}{29}$	4		4	••		(6) Ward No. 6
	6 127	1 75		Б 52 21		76		59L	441	25 150	 3		 37	•••	ę	

				Workers					
Serial	Union Territory/District/Tehsil/ Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/	(	VI In Construction		VII In Trade and Commerce				
No.	Ward/Mohalla	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
1	2	36	37	38	39	40	41		
	HIMACHAL PRADESH	13,710	13,202	508	7,177	7,006	171		
	I-CHAMBA DISTRICT	1,685	1,596	89	903	889	<b>1</b> 4		
1	Chaurah Tehsil	515	493	22	121	116	б		
2	Pangi Sub-Tehsil	78	78	••	15	15	••		
- 3·1	Chamba Tehsil	267	258	9	510	503	7		
3.2	Chamba Town (M:C.)	58	58	-	341	340	í		
	(1) Kashmiri Mohalla	6	6	••	49	49			
	(2) Hatnala Mohalla	7	7	••	45	45			
	(3) Jansali Mohalla	1	1		29	29	••		
	(4) Bangotu Mohalla	10	10	••	34	33	1		
	(5) Chogaan Mohalla	3	3		46	46	••		
	(6) Surara Mohalla	9 12	9 12	••	61 24	- 61 24	••		
	(7) Dharog Mohalla (8) Jullakri Mohalla	12	12	••	24 53	44 53	••		
4	Bhattiyat Tehsil	273	250	23	237	235	2		
* 5	Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil	552	517	35	20	200			
Ð							••		
	II-MANDI DISTRICT	1,423	1,371	52	2,093	2,031	61		
1.1	0 0	227	220	7	366	364	2		
1.2	8 8	42 20	42	••	119	119	••		
	(1) Kathla Mohalla (2) Garauru Mohalla	20 6	20 6	••	83 5	8 <b>3</b> 5	••		
	(2) Contaille Mohalla (3) Lower Seri Mohalla	9	9	••	20-	20	••		
	(4) Upper Seri and Harabag Mohalla	7	7		11	11	••		
2.1	Mandi Sadar Tehsil	706	677	29	838	810	28		
$2 \cdot 2$	Mandi Town (M.C.)	327	315	12	493	490	3		
	(1) Bhagwan Ward	28	28	••	43	42	1		
	(2) Darmyana Ward	14	14	••	70	70	••		
	(3) Lower Samkhetar Ward	51	45	6	67	67	••		
	<ul><li>(4) Upper Samkhetar Ward</li><li>(5) Suhra Ward</li></ul>	18 89	18 89	••	69 105	69 104			
	(6) Tannera Ward	18	18	••	61	61	-		
	(7) Mangwain Padal Ward	53	49	4	60	59	1		
	(8) Purani Mandi Ward	56	54	2	18	18			
3	Sarkaghat Tehsil	108	102	6	280	266	14		
4	Chichot Tehsil	128	128	••	160	151	9		
5-1	Sundarnagar Tehsil	128	128		302	298	4		
5.2		19	19		115	115			
	(1) Ward No. 1	3	3	••	5	5			
	(2) Ward No. 2	8	8		12	12			
	(3) Ward No. 3		••	••	2	2	••		
	(4) Ward No. 4	8	8	••	78	78 19	••		
	(5) Ward No. 5 (6) Ward No. 6	••	••	••	18	18	••		
_		••	••	••	••	••	••		
Ø	Karsog Tehsil	126	. 116	10	146	142	4		

		Work	ers							
	VIII nsport, St mmunicati	orage and	In O	LX ther Servic	es	3	X Non-worke	<b>r</b> 8	Serial No.	Union Territory/District/Tehsil/ Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		Ward/Mohalla
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	1	2
2,920	2,889	31	39,278	38,489	2,789	545,857	259,248	286,409		HIMACHAL PRADESH
· 174	_,383 174		4,802	4,356	446	83,590	37,348	46,242		I-CHAMBA DISTRICT
17	17		659	624	35	19,980	9,140	10,840	1	Chaurah Tehsil
9	9		318	285	33	3,944	2,002	1,942	2	Pangi Sub-Tehsil
92	92		2,523	2,230	293	28,303	12,751	15,552	3.1	Chamba Tehsil
54	54		1,722	1,490	232	5,921	2,314	3,607	3.2	Chamba Town (M. C.)
4	4		227	172	55	751	277	474		(1) Kashmiri Mohalla
6	6	••	138	119	19	586	205	381		(2) Hatnala Mohalla
6	6	••	268	229	39	798	315	483		(3) Jansali Mohalla
7 4	7	••	282 130	241 110	41 20	996 474	410 202	586 272		(4) Bangotu Mohalia (5) Chogaan Mohalla
4 12	4 12	••	317	273	20 44	1,080	444	636		(6) Surara Mohalla
4	4	••	128	118	10	806	298	508		(7) Dharog Mohalla
11	11	••	232	228	4	430	163	267		(8) Jullakri Mohalla
48	<b>4</b> 8	••	972	903	69	22,481	9,121	13,360	4	Bhattiyat Tehsil
8	8	••	330	314	16	8,882	4,334	4,548	5	Brahmaur Sub-Tehsil
763	752	11	9,687	8,985	702	160,968	80,538	80,430		II—MANDI DISTRICT
109	109		2,008	1,917	91	29,989	15,184	14,805	1.1	Jogindarnagar Tehsil
29	29		418	385	33	1,523	642	881	$1 \cdot 2$	Jogindarnagar Town
14	14	••	165	156	9	441	180	261		(1) Kathla Mohalla
2	2	••	45 102	43 96	2 6	293 313	141 140	152 173		(2) Garauru Mohalla (3) Lower Seri Mohalla
4 9	4 9	••	102	90 90	16	476	181	295		<ul><li>(4) Upper Seri and Harabag Mohalla</li></ul>
359	354	5	3,804	3,449	355	41,437	20,462	20,975	2 · 1	Mandi Sadar Tehsil
201	201		2,324	2,053	271	8,654	3,507	5,147	2.2	Mandi Town (M. C.)
2	2		205	179	26	802	333	469		(1) Bhagwan Ward
13	13	••	170	151	19	911	360	551		(2) Darmyana Ward
17	17 42	••	206 219	176 198	30 21	916 1,105	341 462	575 643		<ul><li>(3) Lower Samkhetar Ward</li><li>(4) Upper Samkhetar Ward</li></ul>
42 62	42 62	••	631	533	98	2,264	936	1,328		(5) Suhra Ward
34	34		353	324	29	881	354	527		(6) Tannera Ward
17	17	••	300	280	20	908	383	525		(7) Mangwain Padal Ward
14	14		240	212	28	867	338	529		(8) Purani Mandi Ward
90	90	••	1,554	1,467	87	38,181	20,141	18,040	3	Sarkagh at Tehsil
46	<b>4</b> 6	••	650	616	34	18,886	9,393	9,493	4	Chichot Tehsil
99	94	δ	1,091	988	103	18,437	8,794	9,643	5·1	Sundar nagar Tehsil
30	29	1	562	502		3,598	1,536	2,062	5·2	Sundarnagar Town (M.C.)
4	4	••	108	97 174		667 606	299 256	368 350		(1) Ward No. 1 (2) Ward No. 2
8 2	8 2	••	202 38	174 36		606 459	256 199	350 260		(2) Ward No. 2 (3) Ward No. 3
12	11		104	93		1,031	419	612		(4) Ward No. 4
3	3	••	83	76		504	202	302		(5) Ward No. 5
1	1	••	27	26	1	331	161	170		(6) Ward No. 6
60	50	1	580	548	32	14,038	6,564	7,474	6	Karsog Tehsil

.

Serial No.	Union Territory/District/Tehsil/ Sub Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town/		Occupied Resid	ential Houses	Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of institutions and houseless persons)				
	Ward/Mohalla	Area in Sq. miles	Number of •H ouses	Number of Households	Persons	Males	Females		
ł	2	3	4	б	6	7	8		
	111—BILASPUR DISTRICT	449-1	30,155	30,862	158,806	81,363	77,443		
,	Ghamarwin Tehsil.	184.1	14,828	14,975	79,293	38,988	40,305		
1 2·1	Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	$265 \cdot 0$	15,357	15,887	79,513	42,375	37,138		
	Shri Naina Devi Ji Town (S.T.C.)	0.17	52	57	328	165	183		
$2 \cdot 2$	(1) Devi Ward	0.07	17	17	96	53	43		
	(2) Shyani Ward	0.08	17	19	97	53	41		
	(3) Ganga Ward	0.01	18	21	135	59	76		
$2 \cdot 3$	Bilaspur Town (S.T.C.)	3.43	1,507	1,648	7,424 /	4,432	2,992		
2.9	(1) Khairian Ward	0.27	24	25	151	90	61		
	(2) Luhnu Mian Ward	0.09	26	<b>2</b> 6	159	80	79		
	(3) Bharatpur Ward	0.07	12	13	64	30	34		
	(4) Raora Kosarian Ward	0.26	83	89	344	243	101		
	(5) Govt. Sector Nihai Ward	0.31	7	7	35	23	9		
	(6) Nihal Ward	0.19	17	17	90	51	<b>39</b>		
	(7) Danoh Ward	0.08	9	9	55	30	25		
	(8) Kosarian Kanaitan Ward	0.08	55	55	232	136	96		
	(9) Oel Ward	0.31	40	40	228	121	107 38		
	(10) Main Market Ward	0.07	27,	27	117 800	79 517	283		
	(11) Govt. Sector Changar Ward	0·16 0·10	138 97	210 126	479	337	142		
	(12) Diara Sector Ward	0.10	163	120	641	390	251		
	(13) Bilaspur Ward No. 1	0.13	163	163	723	408	315		
	(14) Bilaspur Ward No. 2 (15) Bilaspur Ward No. 3	0.12	129	136	645	340	305		
	(15) Lakhanpur Ward	0.52	81	82	380	220	160		
	(17) Baloh Ward	0.11	25	31	128	76	52		
	(13) Bilaspur Ward No. 4	0.14	115	118	788	446	342		
	(19) Bilaspur Ward No. 5	0.14	138	140	613	380	233		
	(20) Bilaspur Ward No. 6	0.18	158	170	752	432	320		
	IV-MAHASU DISTRICT	2,256.5	66,720	67,844	358,969	189,046	169,923		
. 1 . 1	Arki Tehsil	152.8	7,861	8,120	38,730	19,353	19,377		
	*Arki Town (N.A.C.)	0.56	271	330	1,221 4	680	541		
[•2	(1) Mahallat Ward No. I	0.22	43	60	190	116	74		
	(2) Miyapor Ward No. 2	0.01	81	97	384	208	176		
	(3) Shilla Kakar Ward No. 3	0.30	147	173	647	356	291		
2	Seoni Sub-Tehsil	92.9	3,950	3,957	18,750	9,436	9,314		
3.)		94.0	4,230	4,286	23,828	12,430	11,398		
	Narkania Town (N.A.C.)	0.50	82	84	360	257	103		
4.1	<u> </u>	565.0	7,632 '	7,737	43,847	22,595	21,252		
	10 m m	0.50	406	509	2,079	1,446	633		
$4 \cdot 2$	(1) Raj Niwas Mohalla	0.38	64	90	373	272	101		
	(2) Mahabir Mohalla	0.05	93	108	435	295	140		
	(3) Narsingh Mohalla	0.03	143	183		499	229		
	(4) Raghunath Mohalla	0.01	106	128		380	163		
5	Rohru Tehsil	475.0	8,449	8,454		26,261	25,608		
6	Jubbal Tehsil	108.0	2,961	3,020		9,570	8,206		
7	Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil	90-0	3,546	3,656		11,075	9,508		
8.1	Theog Tehsil	183•4	8,549	8,550	41,167	22,009	19,153		

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Sel	ieduled Cast	09	Sel	héduled Tri	ibe <b>s</b>	Literat	e and Ed Persons	ucated	Serial No.	Union Territory/District/Tehsi Sub-Tehsil/Sub-Division/Town
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		Ward/Mohall <b>a</b>
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1	2
38,331	1 19,633	18,698	4,213	2,206	2,007	30,899	25,798	5,101		III—BILASPUR DISTRICT
17,959	9,000	8,959	1,222	638	584	15,846	13,391			Ghamarwin Tehsil
20,372	-		2,991	1,568	1,423	15,053	12,40			Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil
58		30	2	2	••	132	96			Shri Naina Devi Ji Town (S.T.C
9		••	1	1		52	38			(1) Devi Ward
1			1	1	• •	46	33		6	(2) Shyam Ward
48		30				34	25			(3) Ganga Ward
1,558	888	670	29	17	12 (	3,403	2,44	0 96	3 2.3	Bilaspur Town (S.T.C.)
42		19				41	35			(1) Khairian Ward
10						72	49		3	(2) Luhnu Mian Ward
37	21	16				<b>25</b>	12	: 13	1	(3) Bharatpur Ward
48	33	15			••	186	149	9 37	7	(4) Raora Kosarian Ward
20	13	7	••		••	3		s		(5) Govt. Sector Nihal Ward
7	3	4	20	12	8	14	12	2	:	(6) Nihal Ward
					••	3	· 3	3		(7) Danoh Ward
122	69	53	7	3	4	69	55			(8) Kosarian Kanaitan War
138		65	••	••	••	61	46			(9) Oel Ward
50			••	••	••	43	38			(10) Main Market Ward
41		19	••		••	530	37			(11) Govt. Sector Changar W
213		74	1	1	••	203	160			(12) Diara Sector Ward
118		50	••	••	••	207	16			(13) Bilaspur Ward No. 1
4			••	••	••	393	263			(14) Bilaspur Ward No. 2 (15) Bilaspur Ward No. 2
36			••	•••	••	∕374 _. 110	233			(15) Bilaspur Ward No. 3 (16) Lakhanpur Ward
114 63			••	••	••	31	85 26			(17) Baloh Ward
120			••	••	••	398	263			(18) Bilaspur Ward No. 4
207			 1		. ••	280	213			(19) Bilaspur Ward No. 5
168					••	. 360	248			(20) Bilaspur Ward No. 6
109,252			3,382	 1,903	 1,479	69,422	57,540			IV-MAHASU DISTRICT
109,202			0,082 68	45	23	8,172	6,699			
259	-	-				743	461			*Arki Town (N.A.C.)
57			••	••	٠.	76	57			(1) Mahallat Ward No. 1
93			••	••	••	260	165			(2) Miyapor Ward No. 2
109			••	••	••	407	239			(3) Shilla Kakar Ward No. 3
6,126			70	42	28	4,098	3,501			Seoni Sub-Tehsil
7,226			474	265	209	5,910	4,535		3.1	Kumharsain Sub-Tehsil
68	•			••		188	148		3.2	Narkanda Town (N.A.C.)
15,028	7,548		853	498	355	6,347	5,474	873		Rampur Tehsil
354		-	132	91	41	1,223	955			Rampur Town (S.T.C.)
87			50	36	14	212	178			(1) Raj Niwas Mohalla
78			9	5	4	252	188			(2) Mahabir Mohalla
91			40	28	12	460	350			(3) Narsingh Mohalla
98			33	22	11	299	.239			(4) Raghunath Mohalla
15,136			167	95	72	6,451	5,82			Rohru Tehsil
6,052	2,588		49	34	15	3,606	3,032		6	Jubbal Tehsil
4,817	2,479	2,338	150	87	63	4,637	3,772		7	Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil
11,909	6,314	5,595	30	23	7	8,436	7,192	1,244	8.1	Theog Tehsil

				Workers			_
					·····	I	
orial	Union Territory/ District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/ Sub District/Thurn/Ward (Muhally	Total Wo	orkers (I-IX)		ł	As Cultivator	
No.	Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla ~	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Female
1	2	18	19	20	21	<b>2</b> 2	23
	III-BILASFÜR DISTRICT	82,968	46,624	10,1 <del>14</del>	60,388	33,981	32,4
1	Ghamarwin Tehsil.	40,054	20,433	19,621	33,961	15,946	18,0
s-1	Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil	42,914	26,191	16,723	32,427	18,035	16,0
2.2	Shri Naina Devi Ji Town (S.T.C.)	117	2-3,191 9 <b>4</b>	23	39	19	,-
	(1) Devi Ward	33	33		1	10	
	(2) Shyam Ward	32	28	4	7	4	
	(3) Ganga Ward	52	33	19	31	14	
2.3		3,199	2,767	432	351	194	1
	(1) Khairian Ward	80	59	21	35	16	-
	(2) Luhnu Mian Ward	43	37	6	8	4	
	(3) Bharatpur Ward	22	19	3	7	4	
	(4) Raora Kosarian Ward	179	172	7	••		
	(5) Govt. Sector Nihal Ward	28	25	3	••		
	(6) Nihal Ward	50	39	11	27	18	
	(7) Danoh Ward	30	18	12	25	16	
	(8) Kosarian Kanaitan Ward	132	98	34	21	12	
	(9) Oel Ward	101	65	36	45	21	
	(10) Main Market Ward (11) Govt. Sector Changar Ward	76 377	63 341	13 36	 32	 14	
	(12) Diara Sector Ward	285	261	30 24	5	14	
	(12) Bilaspur Ward No. 1	378	278	· 00	38	18	
	(14) Bilaspur Ward No. 2	245	229	16	11	5	
	(15) Bilaspur Ward No. 3	194	178	16	2	1	
	(16) Lakhappur Ward	137	126	11	38	31	
	(17) Baloh Ward	39	35	4	12	11	
	(18) Bilaspur Ward No. 4	259	228	31	20	8	
	(19) Bilaspur Ward No. 5	279	253	26	19	8	
	(20) Bilaspur Ward No. 6	265	243	22	6	6	
	IV—MAHASU DISTRICT	228,653	124,329	104,324	188,079	88,947	99,
$1 \cdot 1$	Arki Tehsil	23,686	11,928	11,758	20,868	9,606	11,
$1 \cdot 2$	1 · · ·	456	354	102	105	40	
	(1) Mahallat Ward No. 1	131	85	46	63	21	
	(2) Miyapor Ward No. 2	104	88	16	8	4	
_	(3) Shilla Kakar Ward No. 3	221	181	40	34	15	-
2	Seoni Sub-Tehsil	12,257	6,025	6,232	11,027	4,933	6,
3.1		14,285	7,652	6,633	10,516	4,856	5,
3.2	· · ·	234	207	27	45	<b>30</b> .	
4 1	Rampur Tehsil	26,692	13,914	12,778	22,286	10,192	12,
<b>4</b> ·2	Rampur Town (S.T.C.)	999	921	78	51	41	
	(1) Raj Niwas Mohalla	167	145	22	25	21	
	(2) Mahabir Mohalla	225	209	16	5	2	
	(3) Narsingh Mohalla	325	312	13	12	12	
~	(4) Raghunath Mohalla Dalam Walasil	282	255	27 16 974	9 99 775	6 19.054	150
5	Rohru Tehsil Imbhal Tobail	32,892 11,564	$16,618 \\ 6,462$	16,274 5,102	28,775 8,752	12,954 3,888	15,8 4,8
6 7	Jubbal Tehsil Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil	13,516	6,402 7,712	5,102 5,804	8,752 10,376	3,755 4,794	4,0 5,5
8.1	Theog Tehsil	28,542	15,630	12,912	24,257	11,940	12,

						Worker	3						
As A	II gricult		ing, Liv try, Fis and Orcha	III uing, Qua estock, F shing, Hu Plantatio rds and A	ores- nting ns, llied		IV Househol	d,	ot	V anufactu her thau hold Ind	n	Serial	
	abour		~~····	Activities			industry					No.	Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla
Per- sons	Males	Fe- males	Per- sons	Males	Fe- males	Per- sons	Males	Fe- males	Per- sons	Males	Females		
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	1	2
841	577	264	269	251	18	6,416	3,110	3,306	569	531	38		III—BILASPUR DISTRICT
<b>6</b> 55	452	203	55	52	3	2,776	1,489	1,287	123	120	3	1	Ghamarwin Tehsil
186	125	61	214	199	15	3,640	1,621	2,019	416	411	35	$2 \cdot 1$	Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil
2	2			••		6	6	••	• •	••	••	$2 \cdot 2$	Shri Naina Devi Ji Town (S.T.C)
1	1	••	••	••	••	1	1		••	••	••		(1) Devi Ward
1	1	••	••	••	••	2	2	••	••	••	••		(2) Shyam Ward (2) Cango Ward
	2		 <b>3</b> 0	 28	2	3 206	3 100	106	328	302	26	2.3	(3) Ganga Ward Bilaspur Town (S.T.C.)
-						200	100 5	2	J20 			<u> </u>	(1) Khairian Ward
••	••	••		••									(2) Luhnu Mian Ward
									1	1			(3) Bharatpur Ward
••	••	••	1	1		1	••	1	15	13	2		(4) Raora Kosarian Ward
••	••	••	1	1		••			1	1	••		(5) Govt. Sector Nihal Ward
••	••	••	1	1	••	1	1		2	1	1		(6) Nihal Ward
••	••	••	••	••	••	2	**	2	 9	 9	••		(7) Danoh Ward (8) Kosarian Kanaitan Ward
•,•	••	••	42	4	 1	37 12	13 2	24 10	9 7	9 7	••		(9) Oel Ward
••	••	••				12	2	10	10	, 9			(10) Muin Murket Ward
	••	1							10	9	1		(11) Govt. Sector Changar Ward
		••				13	7	6	18	16	2		(12) Diara Sector Ward
1	1	••	8	7	1	90	47	43	50	37	13		(13) Bilaspur Ward No. 1
	••	••	3	3	••	4	4	••	<b>26</b>	24	2		(14) Bilaspur Ward No. 2
••	••	••	2	2	••	1	1	••	47	48	1		(15) Bilaspur Ward No. 3
••	••	••	••	••	••	6	3 6	3 1	5 1	4	1		(16) Lakhanpur Ward (17) Baloh Ward
••	••	••	·· 2	 2	••	77	4	13	41	41	••		(18) Bilaspur Ward No. 4
2			ĩ	1		5	2	3	38	36	2		(19) Bilaspur Ward No. 5
			5	5		10	- 3	7	46	46			(20) Bilaspur Ward No. 6
1052	3,818		5,412	5,141	271	9,724	7,157	2,567	2,304	2,113	191		IV-MAHASU DISTRICT
•	-	-		•		-			29	28		1.1	Arki Tehsil
76 1			134 4	122	12	1,123 64	722 57	401 7	29			1.2	
1					••	10	9	. 1					(1) Mahallat Ward No. 1
						24	22	2			••		(2) Miyapor Ward No. 2
			4	4		30	26	4	3	3	••		(3) Shilla Kakar Ward No. 3
71	38	33	40	40		558	485	73	10	10		2	Seoni Sub-Tehsil
632	384	148	117	102	15	1,387	814	573	76	64	12	3.1	Kumharsain Sub-Tehsil
2	•••	2	3	2	1	23	20	3	1	1	••	3.2	Narkanda Town (N.A.C.)
224			658	636	22	1,468	1,035	433	318	<b>2</b> 68	50	<b>4</b> ·1	Rampur Tehsil
	•••		20	15	5	81	60	21	99	97	2	<b>4</b> ·2	Rampur Town (S.T.C.)
			-07	4	3	3		3	12	12	••		(1) Raj Niwas Mohalla
			3	2	1	29	22	7	. 18	17	1		(2) Mahabir Mohalla
			8	7	1	1	1		51	51			(3) Narsingh Mohalla
			2	2	••	48	37	11	18	17	1	-	(4) Raghunath Mohalla
838			451	433	18	1,602	1,414	188	38	32		5	Rohru Tehsil Jubbal Tehsil
178				665	103	293	227		80 20	75 29		6 7	Jubbal Tehsil Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil
1,07			425	421	4	446	382	64	30				
1,24	6 875	371	145	122	23	635	552	83	108	100	8	8.1	Theog Tehsil

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				Workers						
	The inc. IT can be and		. VI	·	VII					
Serial	Union Territory/ District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/	I	n Construction		In Trad	le and Commerce				
No. Si	ub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
i	2	36	37	38	39	40	41			
111	-BILASPUR DISTRICT	2,555	2,508	47	773	744	29			
	amarwin Tehsil	253	250	3	279	269	10			
-	ilaspur Sadar Tehsil	2,302	2,258	44	494	475	19			
	hri Naina Devi Ji Town (S.T.C.)	6	6		2	2				
	(1) Devi Ward									
	(2) Shyam Ward	2	$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$				
	(3) Ganga Ward	-4	4				••			
.2·3 B	ilaspur Town (S.T.C.)	546	519	27	242	227	15			
	(1) Khairian Ward	21	21							
	(2) Luhnu Mian Ward	17	17		6	6				
	(3) Bharatpur Ward	5	δ	••	••	••	••			
	(4) Raora Kosarian Ward	67	65	2	8	7	1			
	(5) Govt. Sector Nihal Ward	23	20	3	 1	••	 L			
	(6) Nihal Ward	8 1	8 1	••		••				
	<ul><li>(7) Danoh Ward</li><li>(8) Kosarian Kanaitan Ward</li></ul>	39	38	 1	 3		••			
	(9) Oel Ward	16	16		3	3				
	(10) Main Market Ward	29	19	10	13	13				
	(11) Govt. Sector Changar Ward	73	73		2	2				
	(12) Diara Sector Ward	123	117	6	5	5	••			
	(13) Bilaspur Ward No. 1	36	31	5	53	41	12			
	(14) Bilaspur Ward No. 2	14	14	••	29	29				
	(15) Bilaspur Ward No. 3	5	5	••	16	15	1			
	(16) Lakhanpur Ward	25 3	25 3	••	1	1	••			
	(17) Baloh Ward (18) Bilaspur Ward, No. 4	3 12	12		 5 <b>3</b>	• • 53	••			
	(19) Bilaspur Ward No. 5	7	7		28	28				
	(20) Bilaspur Ward No. 6	22	22	••	21,	21	••			
	V—MAHASU DISTRICT	2,923	2,687	236	2,195	2,153	42			
	Arki Tehsil	277	272	5	193	187	6			
	Arki Town (N.A.C.)	27	27		<b>4</b> 4	44				
1.2 *	(1) Mahallat Ward No. 1	12	12	••	1	ĩ				
	(2) Miyapor Ward No. 2	2	2	••	18	18	••			
	(3) Shilla Kakar Ward No. 3	13	13	,	25	25	••			
2 S	eoni Sub-Tehsil	54	54	•••	78	77	1			
3·1 K	Sumharsain Sub-Tehsil	672	538	134	124	122	2			
	Varkanda Town (N.A.C.)	42	42	••	21	21				
	Rampur Tehsil	338	328	10	220	214	6			
4.2 I	Rampur Town (S.T.C.)	78	78	••	125	125	••			
	(1) Raj Niwas Mohalla	1 8	1 8	••	1 24	1 24	••			
	(2) Mahabir Mohalla (3) Narsingh Mohalla	8 33	8 33	••	24 69	59 69	••			
	(4) Raghunath Mohalla	36 -	36		31	31				
5	Rohru Tehsil	87	87		172	171	1			
	Jubbal Tehsil	302	301	1	130	129	1			
	Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil	171	171	••	133	129	4			
	Theog Tehsil	361	347	14	358	351	7			

## ABSTRACTS—contd.

		W	orkers							
•	VIII			IX	·- ·•-		х			<b>TT 6 14 14 1</b>
In Tra	nsport, Sto Communic		In (	)ther Servi	ces	Non	-workers		Serial No.	Union Territory/ District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/ Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohall
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	<b>٦</b>	
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	1	2
331	331		4,826	4,591	235	75,838	34,739	41,099		III—BILASPUR DISTRICT
88	88	•••	1,864	1,767	200 97	39,239	18,555	20,684	1	Ghamarwin Tehsil
243	243		2,962	2,824	138	36,599	16,184	20,031	1 2 · 1	Bilaspur Sadar Tehsil
		••	2,002 62	2,824	3	211	10,134 71		2.1	Shri Naina Devi Ji Town (S.T.C.
••	••	••	30	30		63	20	140		,
	••	••	30 18	30 17			20 25	43 40		(1) Devi Ward (2) Shyam Ward
••			14	12	2		26	57		(3) Ganga Ward
m	111		1,381	1,284	97		1,665	2,560		Bilaspur Town (S.T.C.)
			17	17		-,-70	31	40		(1) Khairian Ward
1	1		10	8	2	116	43	73		(2) Luhnu Mian Ward
••	••	••	9	9	••	42	11	31		(3) Bharatpur Ward
6	6	••	81	80	1		71	94		(4) Raora Kosarian Ward
 6	••	••	3 4	3 4	••	7 40	1 12	6 28		<ul><li>(5) Govt. Sector Nihal Ward</li><li>(6) Nihal Ward</li></ul>
		••	2	4 1			12	13		(7) Danoh Ward
			17	17		100	38	. 62		(8) Kösarian Kanaitan Ward
1	1		15	14	1		56	71		(9) Oel Ward
••		••	21	20	1	41	16	25		(10) Main Market Ward
7	7	••	252	236	16		176	247		(11) Govt. Sector Changar W
10	10	••	111	105	6		76	118		(12) Diara Sector Ward
12 14	12 14	••	90 144	84 136	6 8		112 179	151 299		(13) Bilaspur Ward No. 1 (14) Bilaspur Ward No. 2
14	14	••	144	130	13		162	295		(15) Bilaspur Ward No. 3
2	2		60	60		243	94	149		(16) Lakhanpur Ward
1	1		15	13	2		41	48		(17) Baloh Ward
10	10		114	98	16	529	218	311		(18) Bilaspur Ward No. 4
6	6	••		164	9		127	207		(19) Bilaspur Ward No. 5
26	26	••		114	15	487	189	298		(20) Bilaspur Ward No. 6
1,030-	1,010	20	12,033	11,303	730	130,316	64,717	65,599	)	IV—MAHASU DISTRICT
59	55	4	927	867	60	15,044	7,425	7,619	) 1.1	
5	5			173	30		326	439		( )
		••		41	3		31	28		(1) Mahallat Ward No. 1
1	1		51 108	41 91	10 17		120 175	160 251		(2) Miyapor Ward No. 2 (3) Shilla Kakar Ward No.
	-		204							Seoni Sub-Tehsil
25 68	25 68		<b>F09</b>	363 704			3,411 4,778	3,082 4,765		
08 14	08 14		00	704 77	6		4,118	4,703		
125	115			991	64		8,681	8,474		
43	33			472			525	555		
13	9			97			. 127	79		(1) Raj Niwas Mohalla
10	10			124			86			(2) Mahabir Mohalla (2) Namirah Mahalla
4	4			135			187			(3) Narsingh Mohall <b>a</b> (4) Raghunath Mohalla
16 78	10 73		124	116 815			. 125 9,643	136 9,334		Rohru Tehsil
(24	123			900			<b>3</b> ,108	3,104		Jubbal Tehsil
80			801	745			3,363			Kotkhai Sub-Tehsil
106			1 004			-	6,379	6,246		Theog Tehsil

	Union Territory/		Occupied Residen		Total number of persons enumerated (includ ing inmates of institutions and houseless persons)				
lerial No.	District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/ Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla	Area in Sq. Miles	Number of Houses	Number of Households	Persons	Males	. Females		
1	2	3	4	õ	6	⁽ 7	8		
<b>8</b> ·2	*Theog Town (S.T.O.)	0.27	430	431	1,536	1,064	472		
	(1) Ward No. 1	0.13	118	118	441	291	150		
	(2) Ward No. 2	0.03	71	72	249	154	95		
	(3) Ward No. 3 (4) Ward No. 4 5	{ 0.01}	60 62	60 62	196 218	134 151	62 67		
	(5) Ward No. 5	0.10	119	119	432	334	98		
9	Kasumpti Tehsil	147.4	6,233	<b>6,30</b> 2	27,114	14,639	12,475		
10.1	Solon Tehsil	108.0	7,312	7,461	34,914	19,052	15,862		
10.2	Solon Town (M.C.)	<b>3</b> .00	1,512	1,613	6,564	4,052	2,512		
	(1) Kapur Lodge Ward	0.18	259	277	1,069	674	395		
	(2) Circular Road Ward	0.18	299	326	1,262	762	500		
	(3) Jawahar Park Ward	0.16	240	278	1,338	806	532		
	(4) Ganj Bazar Ward	0.02	398	414	1,866	1,143	723		
	(5) Solon Brewery Ward	2.46	316	318	1,029	667	362		
11	Chaupal Tehsil	<b>24</b> 0·0	6,197	6,301	40,391	22,626	17,765		
	V—SIRMUR DISTRICT	1,141.7	36,097	36,187	197,551	108,093	89,458		
1	Pachhad Tehsil	316.6	8,713	8,721	40,124	21,471	18,653		
2	Rainka Tehsil	342.4	11,185	11,197	63,655	34,802	28,853		
3-1	Nahan Tehsil	214.0	5,877	5,905	32,527	18,216	14,311		
3.2	Nahan Town (M.C.)	4.00	2,575	2,589	12,439	7,185	5,254		
	(1) Ward No. 1	<b>´0</b> ∙61	427	430	1,698	1,038	660		
	(2) Ward No. 2	0.61	423	427	1,830	1,051	77		
	(3) Ward No. 3	0.66	346	348	1,517	855	662		
	(4) Ward No. 4	0.13	263	263	1,329	730	591		
	(5) Ward No. 5	0.09	144	144	792	488	304		
	(6) Ward No. 6	0.08	188	190	941	501	<b>4</b> 4(		
	(7) Ward No. 7	0.74	412	412	2,052	1,109	943		
	(8) Ward No. 8	1.08	372	375	2,280	1,413	867		
<b>4</b> -1	Paonta Tehsil	268.7	10,322	10,364	61,245	33,604	27,64		
4.2	*Paonta Town (S.T.O.)	0.64	332	369	1,833	1,048	78		
	(1) Ward No. 1	0.47	171	193	918	511	40'		
	(2) Ward No. 2	0.17	161	176	915	537	37		
¥	I-KINNAUR DISTRICT	2,579 . 0	6,440	6,773	40,980	20,808	20,172		
1	Nachar Sub-Division	N.A.	1,947	1,971	12,120	6,417	5,70		
2	Kalpa Sub-Division	N.A.	2,250	2,418	15,612	7,908	7,70		
3	Poo Sub-Division	N.A.	2,243	2,384	13,248	6,483	6,76		

N,A .- Not available.

## ABSTRACTS-contd.

Sch	neduled Cas	stes	Sch	eduled Tri	bes		ate and ed persons		a	Union Territory/
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Serial No.	District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/ Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla
9	·. , 10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1	2
0	-0		_						-	-
226	146	80	4	3	1	902	709	193	$8 \cdot 2$	*Theog Town (S.T.C.)
32	19	13	••	••		275	211	64		(1) Ward No. 1
94	54	40	-•••	••		126	93	33		(2) Ward No. 2
17	12	5	••		••	100	75	25		(3) Ward No. 3
36	25	11	••	••	••	136	106	30		(4) Ward No. 4
47	36	11	4	3	1	265	224	41		(5) Ward No. 5
9,522	5,108	4,414	79	55	24	6,781	5,431	1,350	9	Kasumpti Tehsil
<b>l 2,11</b> 0	6,530	5,580	1,177	623	554	10,118	7,710	2,408	10·1	Solon Tehsil
1,197	715	482	35	25	10	3,841	2,614	1,227	10.2	Solon Town (M.C.)
147	83	64	43	5	1	624	447	177		(1) Kapur Lodge Ward
259	144	115	9	4	5	777	535	242		(2) Circular Road Ward
156	95	61	1	1		945	609	336		(3) Jawahar Park Ward
307	174	133	13	11	2	1,076	736	340		(4) Ganj Bazar Ward
328	219	109	6	4	2	419	287	132		(5) Solon Brewery Ward
12,066	6,530	5,536	265	136	129	4,866	4,367	499	11	Chaupal Tehsil
61,874	34,971	29,903	2,830	1,512	1,318	30,888	25,216	5,672		- VSIRMUR DISTRICT
17,254	9,038	8,216	141	83	58	6,949	5,797	1,152	1	Pachhad Tehsil
23,654	12,742	10,912	8	7	1	5,031	4,547	484	2	Rainka Tehsil
8,785	4,818	3,967	2,109	1,139	970	9,808	7,190	2,618	3.1	Nahan Tehsil
2,612	1,424	1,188	16	14	2	6,804	4,581	2,223		
,173	98	75	7	6	1	1,007	701	306		(1) Ward No. 1
252	146	106	2	2		1,121	719	402.		(2) Ward No. 2
	140	78		2	 1	886	556	330	-	(3) Ward No. 3
,195						737	463	274		(4) Ward No. 4
199	 80	 58	 4	 4	••	439	283	156		(5) Ward No. 5
138 79	41	35			••	405 595	332	263		(6) Ward No. 6
	597	547	••	••	••	779	574	205		(7) Ward No. 7
1,144 631	342	289	••	••	••	1,240	953	287		(8) Ward No. 8
	8,373	6,808	572	 283	 289	9,100	7,682	1,418	4.1	Paonta Tehsil
15,181	8,373 170	118				1,019	658	361		*Paonta Town (S.T.C.)
288			••	••	• •	-			¥.7	•
104	63 107	41 77	••	••	••	$\frac{581}{438}$	$\frac{356}{302}$	225 136		<ol> <li>(1) Ward No. 1</li> <li>(2) Ward No. 2</li> </ol>
184	107		••• •••	11 602	12.074					
11,133	5,595	5,538	25,667	11,693	13,974	6,290	5,503 -	787		VI-KINNAUR DISTRICT
4,429	2,290	2,139	6,584	3,103	3,481	1,323	1,215	108	1	Nachar Sub-Division
4,365	2,191	2,174	9,146	4,161	4,985	2,650	2,251	399	2	Kalpa Sub-Division
2,339	1,114	1,225	9,937	4,429	5,508	2,317	2,037	280	3	Poo Sub-Division

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M/B(D)1SCO(HP)---8

				Workers			
						I	
Serial	Union Territory/	Tot	al Workers (I-I	X)	As (	Cultivator	
No.	District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/ Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	 Males	Females
1	2	18	19	20	21	22	23
8·2	*Theog Town (S.T.C.)	889	786	103	180	126	54
	(1) Ward No. 1	254	222	32	29	11	18
	(2) Ward No. 2	121	97	24	.27	12	15
	(3) Ward No. 3	96	89	7	5	õ	<b>e</b> *
	(4) Ward No. 4	119	102	17	17	9	8
	(5) Ward No. 5	299	276	23	102	89	13
9	Kasumpti Tehsil	17,559	9,981	7,578	14,135	6,903	7,232
10.1	Solon Tehuil	20,094	12,193	7,901	14,408	7,207	7,201
10.2	Solon Town (M.C.)	2,559	2,402	157	76	41	35
	(1) Kapur Lodge Ward	410	390	20	7	6	1
	(2) Circular Road Ward	469	445	24	••		
	(3) Jawahar Park Ward	455	421	34	1	1	0.0
	(4) Ganj Bazar Ward	728	658	70	66	32	34
	(5) Solon Brewery Ward	497	488	9	2	2	-
11	Chaupal Tehsil	27,566	16,214	11,352	22,679	11,674	11,005
	V-SIRMUR DISTRICT	116,058	72,952	<b>4</b> 3,106	92,075	53,391	38,684
ł	Pachhad Tehsil	26,740	15,221	11,519	22,835	12,170	10,665
2	Rainka Tehsil	40,702	24,972	15,730	35,484	21,122	14,362
	Nahan Tehsil	15,370	11,013	4,357	8,237	4,678	3,559
3.2	Nahan Town (M.C.)	4,479	4,080	399	157	94	63
	(1) Ward No. 1	674	6 <b>4</b> 0	34	1	1	••
	(2) Ward No. 2	604	543	61	4	4	••
	(3) Ward No. 3	584	521	63	35	32	3
	(4) Ward No. 4	400	376	24	4	1	3
	(5) Ward No. 5	276	264	12	2	2	••
	(6) Ward No. 6	251	235	16	••	••	••
	(7) Ward No. 7	670	564	106	1	1	••
	(8) Ward No. 8	1,020	937	83	110	53	57
<b>4</b> •1	Paonta Tehsil	33,246	21,746	11,500	25,519	15,421	10,098
4.2	*Paonta Town (S.T.C.).	699	612	87	57	49	5
	(1) Ward No. 1	342	293	49	21	14	7
	(2) Ward No. 2	357	319	38	36	35	1
	VI-KINNAUR DISTRICT	27,528	14,943	13,485	18,294	7,288	11,000
1	Nachar Sub-Division	8,421	4,615	3,806	5,768	2,555	3,213
1 2	Kalpa Sub-Division	9,897	5,007	4,890	6,651	2,516	4,135
3	Poo Sub-Division	9,210	4,421	4,789	5,875	2,217	3,658

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## ABSTRACTS—contd.

	11			1	Π			IV			v			
As Ágricultural		Laboure	r ]	In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantation, Orchards and Allied Activities		At Ho	usehold I	ndustry	other	nufact than H d indu	Iouse. stry	Serial	Union Territory/	
Persons	Males	Female	Pers	ons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Per-	Males	Fe- males	No.	District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/ Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohall
24	28	52	6	27	28	29	, 30	31	32	33	34	35	1	2
18	1	0	8	7	7		75	69	6	29	29		8·2	*Theog Town (S.T.C.)
13	;	9	4	2	2		18	15	3	5	5			(1) Ward No. 1
4		L	3			••	27	25	2	1	1	••		(2) Ward No. 2
••			•	1	1		15	15		3	3			(3) Ward No. 3
1		•	1	1	1		8	8		8	8			(4) Ward No. 4
				3	3		7	6	1	12	12			(5) Ward No. 5
246			4	203	187		472	337	135	237	230	7	9	Kasumpti Tehsil
151	11	7 3	4	428	393	35	987	569	418	809	802	7	10.1	Solon Tehsil
1	l	1.		37	33	4	74	64	<b>i</b> 10	536	53 <b>2</b>	4	10·2	Solon Town (M. C.)
			•	6	4	2	4	. 1	3	45	45			(1) Kapur Lodge Ward
				2	2		4		s 1	58	57	1		(2) Circular Road Ward
••			••	1	1		3			60	59			(3) Jawahar Park Ward
I		1		<b>2</b> 1	19		47			88	88			(4) Ganj Bazar Ward
				7	7		16		4 2	285	283			(5) Solon Brewery Ward
317	24	4	13 2	,043	2,020	23	753	620	) 133	569	475	94	11	Chaupal Teh <b>sil</b>
I,982	2 1,5	60 4	22	750	707	43	8,507	5,251	3,256	1,384	1,325	i 59		V-SIRMUR DISTRICT
366	5 26	33 10	03	200	189	11	1,381	711	670	59	58	1	1	Pachhad Tehsil
628	8 54	10	88	82	71	11	3,190	1,98	1 1,209	27	23	3 4	. 2	Rainka Tehsil
129		99	30	193	178	5 18	1,023	64	4 379	, 1,027	1,002	25	3 · 1	Nahan Tehsil
7	7	5	2	97	90	) 7	12	L 94	6 25	5 <b>9</b> 44	938	6	3.2	Nahan Town (M.C.)
5	3	2	1	9.	٤	8 J	. :	ι.	. 1	250	· 249	ə 1		(1) Ward No. 1
-	•	••	••	12	10	) 2	28	3 <b>2</b>	5 3	8 123	123	i		(2) Ward No. 2
-		••	••	12	1	L 1	e	3	6	. 10€	5 105	5 1		(3) Ward No. 3
-	•	••	••	4		£	2;	3 I	7 E	3 119	116	3		(4) Ward No. 4
910		••	••	7	,	1	19	<b>)</b> 1	8 1	43	43	·		(5) Ward No. 5
	• •	<b>619</b>	••	2	2	2.	:	3	2 1	49	9 49	)		(6) Ward No. 6
-	• •	ipe -	••	41	38	3 3	30	) 2	<b>4</b> €	3 155	154	1		(7) Ward No. 7
	4	3	1	10	10	0	1	1	4 7	7 99	99	)		(8) Ward No. 8
85	9 64	58 2	01	275	273	2 3	2,913	3 1,91	5 998	8 271	242	29	4·1	Paonta Tehsil
11	t ı	1	••	3	3	۰. <b>ب</b>	59	) 51	54	45	39	6	4·2	
8	8	8	••	1	1	۱.	16	5 I	51	. 24	22	2		(1) Ward No. 1
3	3	3	••	2	2		43	<b>4</b> (	) 3	21	17	4		(2) Ward No. 2
984	<b>4</b> 27	75 7	09	198	178	8 20	4,156	2,603	5 1,551	366	310	56		VI—KINNAUR DISTRICT
13	0 ł	51	79	97	93	3 4	1,335	887	7 <b>4</b> 48	282	227	55	1	Nachar Sub-Division
<b>2</b> 34	4 7	7 <b>2</b> 1	62	41	34	L 7	1,463	931	532	62	61	1	2	Kalpa Sub-Division
62(	0 18	52 4	68	60	51	. 9	1,358	787	571	<b>2</b>	2 22		3	Poo Sub-Division

M/B(D)1SCOHP--9

		Workers								
		-/	ΫI	<u>_</u>		VII				
Serial No.	Union Territory/ District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil/	In	Construction		In Tra	de and Commer	ee			
	Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohalla	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
1	2	26	37	20	•0	16				
1	2	36	37	38	39	40	41			
$8 \cdot 2$	*Theog Town (S.T.C.)	36	36	ו•	118	115	3			
	(1) Ward No. 1	4	4	۲.	18	17	1			
	(2) Ward No. 2	5	5	••	13	13				
	(3) Ward No. 3	2	2	••	25	<b>ż</b> 5				
	(4) Ward No. 4	4	4	••	19	19				
	(5) Ward No. 5	21	21	••	43	41	2			
9	Kasumpti Tehsil	328	301	27	188	184	4			
10.1	Solon Tehsil	293	256	37	475	466	9			
10.2	Solon Town (M.C.)	89	83	6	334	331	3			
	(1) Kapur Lodge Ward	10	9	1	50	50				
	(2) Circular Road Ward	34	31	3	48	48				
	(3) Jawahar Park Ward	10	9	ĩ	105	105				
	(4) Ganj Bazar Ward	12	11	1	103	102	1			
	(5) Solon Brewery Ward	23	23	••	28	26	2			
11	Chaupal Tchsil	. 40	32	8	124	123	1			
	V-SIRMUR DISTRICT	3,172	3,132	40	1,082	1,060	22			
1	Pachhad Tehsil .	817	799	18	186	182	4			
2	Rainka Tehsil	315	315		170	167	3			
3.1	Nahan Tehsil	1,211	1,192	19	392	385	- 7			
	Nahan Town (M. C.)	213	209	4	347	342	5			
• -	(1) Ward No. 1	30	29	1	24	24				
	(2) Ward No. 2	44	41	3	45	44	 1			
	(3) Ward No. 3	32	32		39	38	1			
	(4) Ward No. 4	10	10		84	84				
	(5) Ward No. 5	4	4	••	48	47	1			
	(6) Ward No. 6	14	14	••	47	46	- 1			
	(7) Ward No. 7	25	25	••	41	41				
	(8) Ward No. 8	54	54		19	18	1			
4.1	Paonta Tehsil	829	826	3	334	326	8			
4.2	*Paonta Town (S. T. C.)	34	34	••	79	76	3 [.]			
	(1) Ward No. 1	18	18		56	53	3			
	(2) Ward No. 2	16	16		23	23	••			
	VI-KINNAUR DISTRICT	1,952	1,508	44	132	129	3			
1	Nachar Sub-Division	539	539	••	27	27				
2	Kalpa Sub-Division	763	729	34	39	39				
3	Pee Sub-Division	650	640	10	66	63	3			
9	PAA MID.TVILICION	2HÅ	77.	77		vy	e e			

## ABSTRACTS-concld.

V	ur –		Ľ	ĸ	-1		x			
In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services		Non-workers			Serial Union Territory/ No. District/Tehsil/Sub-Tehsi			
Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Female	8	Sub-Division/Town/Ward/Mohall
42	43	44	<b>4</b> 5	46	47	48	49	50	1	2
<b>2</b> 5	25		401	369	32	647	278	369	8·2	*Theog Town (S.T.O.)
6	6		159	153	6	187	69	118		(1) Ward No. 1
••		••	44	40	4	128	57	71		(2) Ward No. 2
5	5		40	33	7	100	45	55		(3) Ward No. 3
5	5		56	48	8	99	49	50		(4) Ward No. 4
9	9	••	10 <b>2</b>	95	7	133	58	75		(5) Ward No. 5
78	78		1,672	1,55 <b>9</b>	113	9,555	4,658	4,897	9	Kasumpti Tehsil
220	220		2,323	2,163	160	14,820	6,859	7,961	10.1	Solon Tehsil
155	155		1,257	1,162	95	4,005	1,650	2,355	10.2	Solon Town (M.C.)
21	21		267	254	13	659	284	375		(1) Kapur Lodge Ward
9	9		314	<b>29</b> 5	19	793	317	476		(2) Circular Road Ward
18	18		257	225	32	883	385	498		(3) Jawahar Park Ward
73	73	••	317	289	28	1,138	<b>4</b> 85	653		(4) Ganj Bazar Ward
34	34	••	102	99	3	532	179	35 <b>3</b>		(5) Solon Brewery Ward
67	67		974	959	15	12,825	6,412	6,413	11	Chaupal Tehsil
499	499		6,607	6,027	580	81,493	35,141	46,352		V-SIRMUR DISTRICT
92	92		804	757	47	13,384	6,250	7,134	1	Pachhad Tehsil
58	58		748	695	53	22,953	9,830	13,123	2	Rainka Tehsil
190	190		2,968	<b>2</b> ,648	320	17,157	7,203	9,954	3.1	Nahan Tehsil
161	161		2,432	<b>2,</b> 145	287	7,960	<b>3,</b> 105	4,855	3 · 2	Nahan Town (M.C.)
15	15	••	341	312	29	1,024	398	626		(1) Ward No. 1
30	30		318	266	52	1,226	508	718		(2) Ward No. 2
25	25		329	272	57	933	334	599		(3) Ward No. 3
13 ·	13		143	131	12	929	354	575		(4) Ward No. 4
28	28		125	115	10	516	224	292		(5) Ward No. 5
9	9		127	113	14	690	<b>2</b> 66	424		(6) Ward No. 6
28	28	••	349	253	96	1,382	545	837		(7) Ward No. 7
13	13	••	700	683	17	1 <b>,2</b> 60	476	784		(8) Ward No. 8
159	159		<b>2,</b> 087	1,927	160	27,999	11,858	16,141	4.1	Paonta Tehsil
14	14	••	397	331	66	1,134	436	698	<b>4</b> ∙2	*Paonta Town (S.T.C.)
6	6		192	156	36	576	218	358		(1) Ward No. 1
8	8	••	205	175	30	558	218	340		(2) Ward No. 2
123	123		1,323	1,227	96	13,452	6,765	6,687		VI-KINNAUR DISTRICT
16	16		227	220	7	3,699	1,802	1,897	1	Nachar Sub-Division
63	63		581	562	19	5,715	2,901	2,814	2	Kalpa Sub-Division
44	44 ′		515	445	70	4,038	2,062	1,976	3	Poo Sub-Division

Annexure HOUSE LIST, HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE AND INDIVIDUAL SLIP

## CENSUS OF HOUSE

)

Name of Island/Taluk/Tehsil/Thana/Anchal/Town......(Code No.

Name of Village/Ward/Mohalla/(Enumerator's Block)......(Code No.

,		Number         Number           unicipal or         (Column 2) with           al authority         sub-numbers for           Census Num-         each census house	Purpose for which census	If this census house is used as an establishment, workshop or factory						
Line No.	Building Number (Municipal or local authority or Census Num- ber, if any)		house used, e.g., dwelling, shop, shop-cum- dwelling busi- ness, factory, workshop, school or other insti- tution, jail, hostel, hotel, etc.	Name of es- tablishment or proprietor	Name of pro- duct(s) repair or servicing undertaken	Average No. of persons employed daily last week (in- cluding pro- prietor, or house-hold members, if working)	Kind of fuel or power, if machinery is used			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
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		ormation is correct	(	-)-)			<u> </u>			

Certified that the information is correct to the best of my knowledge.

Signature of Enumerator......Date......Date.....

## INDIA 1961 LIST

Description of census house		Sub- number of each			Does the	No. of census h	persons resid ousehold on visit	ling in day of	
Material of wall	Material of roof	census household with census house number (Column 3)	Name of Head of household	No. of rooms in census household	household live in own or rented house? (a) Own (O), (b) Rented (R)	Males	Females	Total	Remarks
9	10	11	12	13	14		16	17	18
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Total for page

## CENSUS OF INDIA 1961

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[To be filled up during Enumeration] Is this an institution PART I-HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE LOCATION CODE: Full Name of Head S.C. of Household S.T. A. Cultivation Local name of right Area in acres on land 1. Land under cultivation by Household (i) owned or held from Government (ii) held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share (iii) Total of items (i) and (ii) 2. Land given to private persons for cultivation for payment in money, kind or share B. Household Industry Nature of Industry Number of months in Household industry (not on the scale of a registered factory) the year conducted by the Head of the household himself and/or during which mainly members of the household at home or within the vilconducted lage in rural arcas and only at home in urban areas. (a) -(b) _ C. Workers at Cultivation or Household Industry Members including Head of family working and hired Members of family working workers, if any, kept wholetime during current or last working Hired . workers season. Head Other Other Total females males 1. Household Cultivation only 2. Household Industry only 3. Both in Household Cultivation and Household Industry

ated Signature of Supervisor

Dated Signature of Enumerator

NOTE: Part II—Census Population Record overleaf should be filled up during the first round of enumeration (10 February to 28 February) from the enumeration slips relating to the household and brought up-to-date with corrections, if any, after the second visit during check period 1 March to 5 March, 1961.

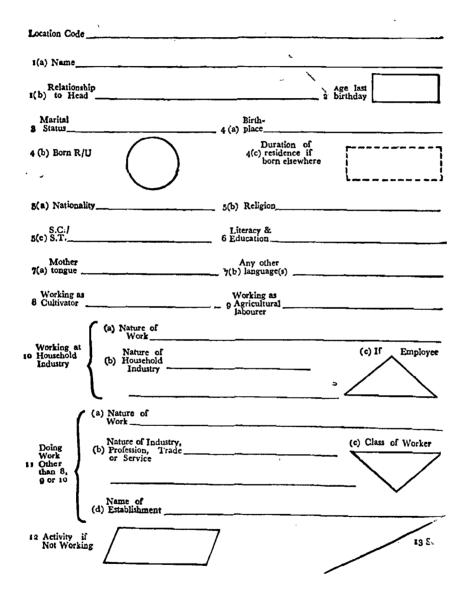
## 101

## PART II-CENSUS POPULATION RECORD

## (To be compiled from individual Census Slips)

	S	9 <b>x</b>				Description				
Name	Male	Female	Relationship to Head	Age	Marita] Status	Description of work in the case of worker				
	M	F	,							
						<u>_</u> <u>_</u> <u>_</u>				
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Total Persons										

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## LIST OF AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF GOVERNMENT OF INDIA PUBLICATIONS (as on 17 February 1964)

AGA	RTALA—Laxmi Bhandar Books & Scientific Sales	(D t.)
AGR	······	(Rest.)
1	National Book House, Jeoni Mandi	(Reg.)
<b>2</b>	Wadhawa & Co., 45, Civil Lines	(Reg.)
3		(Rest.)
4		(Rest.)
AHM	ADNAGAR-V.T. Jorakar, Prop., Rama	
	General Stores, Navi Path	(Rest.)
AHM	EDABAD—	
1	Balgovind Kuber Dass & Co., Gandhi Road .	(Reg.)
$\overline{2}$	Chandra Kant Chiman Lal Vora, Gandhi Road	(Reg.)
3	New Order Book Co., Ellis Bridge	(Reg.)
4	Mahajan Bros., Opp. Khadia Police Gate	(Rest.)
5	Sastu Kitab Ghar, Near Relief Talkies, Patthar	` '
	Kuva, Relief Road	(Reg.)
AJM	ER—	
1	Book-Land, 663, Madar Gate	(Reg.)
$\overline{2}$	Rajputana Book House, Station Road	(Reg.)
3	Law Book House, 271, Hathi Bhata	(Reg.)
4	Vijay Bros., Kutchery Road	(Rest.)
5	Krishna Bros., Kutchery Road	(Rest.)
ALI	GARH—Friend's Book House Muslim Univer-	· ·
	sity Market	(Reg.)
ALL	AHABAD—	
1	Superintendent, Printing & Stationery, U.P.	
2	Kitabistan, 17-A, Kamla Nehru Road	(Reg.)
3	Law Book Co., Sardar Patel Marg, P. Box 4	(Reg.)
4	Ram Narain Lal Beni Modho, 2-A, Katra	(10061)
-	Road	(Reg.)
5	Universal Book Co., 20, M.G. Road	(Reg.)
6	The University Book Agency (of Lahore),	
	Elgin Road	(Reg.)
7	Wadhwa & Co., 23, M.G. Marg	(Rest.)
8	Bharat Law House, 15, Mahatma Gandhi Marg	(Rest.)
9	Ram Narain Lal Beni Prashad, 2-A, Katra	
	Road	(Rest.)
AMI	BALA	
1	English Book Depot, Ambala Cantt .	(Reg.)
<b>2</b>	Seth Law House, 8719, Railway Road, Ambala	
	Cantt	(Rest.)
AME	RITSAR—	
1	The Law Book Agency, G.T. Road, Putlighar	(Reg.)
<b>2</b>	S. Gupta, Agent, Government Publications,	
	Near P.O. Majith Mandi	(Reg.)
3	Amar Nath & Sons, Near P.O. Majith Mandi	(Reg.)
ANA	ND-	
1	Vijaya Stores, Station Road	(Rest.)
<b>2</b>	Charto Book Stall, Tulsi Sadan, Stn. Road	(Rest.)
ASA	NSOL-D.N. Roy & R.K. Roy, Booksellers,	<b>v</b> · /
	Atwal Building	(Rest.)
BAN	NGALORE	
1	The Bangalore Legal Practitioner Co-op.	
•	Society Ltd., Bar Association Building	(Reg.)
2	S.S. Book Emporium, 118, Mount Joy Road	(Reg.)
3	The Bangalore Press, Lake View, Mysore Road,	(8-)
	P.O. Box 507	$(\text{Reg.})_{\ell}$
4	The Standard Book Depot, Avenue Road	(Reg.)
5	Vichara Sahitya Private Ltd., Balepet	(Reg.)
6	Makkala Pustaka Press, Balamandira, Gan-	,
	dhinagar,	(Reg.)
7	Maruthi Book Depot, Avenue Road	(Rest.)
8	International Book House P. Ltd., 4-F, Maha-	-
~	tama Gandhi Road	(Reg.)
9	Navakarnataka Pubns. Private Ltd., Majestic	(The second seco
	Circle	(Rest.)

BAREILLY—Agarwal Brothers, Bara Bazar . BARODA—	. (Reg.)
1 Shri Chandrakant Mohan Lal Shah, Rao 2 Good Companions Booksellers, Publis	
Sub-Agent 3 New Medical Book House, 540, Madan Z	. (Rest.)
Road	. (Rest.)
tive Stores Ltd. BELGHARIA—Granthlok, Antiquarian Book	. (Rest.) sellers
& Publishers (24-Parganas), 5/1, Ar Mukherjee Road BHAGALPUR—Paper Stationery Stores,	. (Reg.)
Singh Road	(Reg.)
BHOPAL 1 Superintendent, State Government Pres	38
2 Lyall Book Depot, Mohd. Din Bldg., Su Road	iltania (Reg.)
3 Delite Books, Opp. Bhopal Talkies BHUBANESWAR—Ekamra Vidyabhaban, I	(Rest.)
Tower, Room No. 3	(Rest.)
BIJAPUR—Shri D.V. Deshpande, Recognise Booksellers, Prop. Vinod Book Depot	
Shiralshetti Chowk BIKANER—Bhandani Bros	(Rest.) (Rest.)
BILASPUR-Sharma Book Stall, Sadar Baz	
BOMBAY	
1 Supdt. Printing and Stationery, Queen 2 Charles Lambert and Co., 101 Ma	
Gandhi Road	(Reg.)
3 Co-operator's Book Depot, 5/32, Ahmee Bldg., Dadar	l Sailor (Reg.)
4 Current Book House, Maruti Lane, Rag	hunath
Dadaji St. 5 Current Technical Literature Co. P. Ltd	(Reg.) ., India
House, 1st Floor	(Reg.)
M.G. Road	(Reg.)
7 Lakkani Book Depot, Girgaum	(Reg.)
8 Elpees Agencics, 24, Bhangwadi, Kalba 9 P.P.H. Book Stall, 190-B, Khetwadi	adevi (Reg.) Main
Road	(Reg.)
10 New Book Co., 188-190, Dr. Dadabhai Road	(Reg.)
11 Popular Book Depot, Lamington Ros	ad , (Reg.)
12 Sunder Das Gian Chand, 601, Girgaun Near Princess Street	(Reg.)
13 D.B. Taraporewala Sons and Co. (P) Lt	d., 210,
Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji Road. 14 Thacker and Co., Rampart Row .	(Reg.) (Reg.)
15 N.M. Tripathi Private Ltd., Princess S	treet . (Reg.)
<ul><li>16 The Kothari Book Depot, King Edwar</li><li>17 P.H. Rama Krishna and Sons, 147, R</li></ul>	d Road (Reg.)
17 P.H. Rama Krishna and Sons, 147, R Bhuvan, Shivaji Park Road No. 5.	ajaram (Rest.)
18 C. Jamnadas and Co., Booksellers,	146-C,
Princess St	(Reg.)
19 Indo Nath and Co., A-6, Daulat Nagar 20 Minerva Book Shop, Shop No. 1/80, N.	
Road	(Reg.)
21 Academic Book Co., Association B Girgaum Road	uilding, (Rest.)
22 Dominion Publishers, 23, Bell Building	g, Sir P.
M. Road 23 Bombay National History Society, 91,	(Rest.) Walke-
shwar Road	(Rest.)
Ballard Estate	(Rest.)
25 Asian Trading Co., 310 the Mirabal 1505	l, P.B. (Rest.)

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1	Chatterjee and Co., 3/1, Bacharam Chatterjee Lane	(Reg.)
2	Dass Gupta and Co. Ltd., 54/3, College	
3	Street Hindu Library, 69 A, Bolaram De Street	(Reg.) (Reg.)
4	S.K. Lahiri and Co., Private Ltd., College Street	(Reg.)
5	M.C. Sarkar and Sons Private Ltd., 14, Bankim Chatterjee Street	(Reg.)
6	W. Newman and Co. Ltd., 3, Old Court House Street	(Reg.)
7	Oxford Book and Stationery Co., 17, Park Street.	(Reg.)
8	R. Chambray and Co. Ltd., Kent House, P. 33, Mission Road Extension	(Reg.)
9	S.C. Sarkar and Sons Private Ltd., I.C., College Square	(Reg.)
10	Thacker Spink and Co. (1933) P. Ltd., 3,	
11	Esplanado East . Firma K.L. Mukhopadhaya, 6/1A, Banchha	(Reg.)
	Ram Akrar Lane	(Reg.)
12	K.K. Roy, P. Box No. 10210, Calcutta-19	(Rest.)
13	Sm. P.D. Upadhyay, 77, Muktaram Badu Street	('Rest'.)
14	Universal Book Dist., 8/2, Hastings Street .	(Rest.)
15	Modern Book Depot, 9, Chowringhce Centre .	(Rest.)
16	Soor and Co., 125 Canning Street	(Reg.)
17	S. Bhattacharjee, 49, Dharmtala Street	(Rest.)
18	Mukherjee Library, 10, Sarba Khan Road	(Reg.)
19	Current Literature Co., 208, Mahatma Gandhi	
	Road	(Reg.)
<b>20</b>	The Book Depository, 4/1, Madan Street	
	(lst floor)	(Rest.)
21	Scientific Book Agency, Netaji Subhas Road	(Rest.)
$\frac{1}{22}$	Reliance Trading Co., 17/1, Banku Bihari Ghose	()
~0	Lane, District Howrah	(Rest.)
<b>23</b>	Indian Book Dist. Co., 6512, Mahatma Gandhi	(10000.)
43		(Dogt)
	Road	(Rest.)
CAL	ICUT—Touring Book Stall	(Rest.)
CHA	NDIGARH—	
_		
1	Supdt., Govt. Printing and Stationery, Punjab	_
► 2	Jain Law Agency, Flat No. 8, Sector No. 22	(Reg.)
3	Rama News Agency, Bookseller, Sector No.	
	22	(Reg.)
4	Universal Book Store, Booth 25, Sector 22 D .	(Reg.)
	English Book Shop, 34, Sector 22 D .	(Rest.)
5		
6	Mehta Bros., 15-Z, Sector 22 B	(Rest.)
7	Tandan Book Depot, Shopping Centre, Sector	(T) ( )
		(Rest.)
8	Kailash Law Publishers, Sector 22 B .	(Rest.)
CHH	IINDWARA-The Verma Book Depot	(Rest.)
	HINSaraswat Corporation Ltd., Palliarakav	()
000		$(\mathbf{D}_{+})$
	Road	(Reg.)
CUT	TACK	
1	Press Officer, Orissa Sectt.	
		(Dec.)
2	Cuttack Law Times	(Reg.)
3	Prabhat K. Mahapatra, Mangalabag, P.B. 35.	(Reg.)
4	D.P. Sur & Sons, Mangalabag	(Rest.)
5	Utkal Stores, Balu Bazar	(Rest.)
DEF	IRA DUN-	
		( <b>D</b> )
1	Jugal Kishore & Co., Rajpur Road	(Reg.)
2	National News Agency, Paltan Bazar	(Reg.)
3	Bishan Singh and Mahendra Pal Singh, 318,	
	Chukhuwala	(Reg.)
4	Utam Pustak Bhandar, Paltan Bazar	(Rest.)
	.HI-	· ···/
1	J. M. Jaina & Brothers, Mori Gate	(Reg.)
<b>2</b>	Atma Ram & Sons, Kashmere Gate	(Reg.)
3	Federal Law Book Depot, Kashmere Gate	(Reg.)
4	Bahri Bros., 188, Lajpat Rai Market	(Reg.)

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5	Bawa Harkishan Dass Bedi (Vijaya General Agencies) P.B. 2027, Ahata Kedara, Chamalian	
6	Road Book-Well, 4, Sant Narankari Colony, P.B.	(Reg.)
7	1565 Imperial Publishing Co., 3, Faiz Bazar, Darya-	(Reg.)
	ganij	(Reg.)
8	Metropolitan Book Co., 1, Faiz Bazar .	(Reg.)
9		
	Publication Centre, Subzimandi	(Reg.)
10	Youngman & Co., Nai Sarak	(Reg.)
11	Indian Army Book Depot, 3, Daryaganj	(Reg.)
12	All India Educational Supply Co., Shri Ram	
13	Buildings, Jawahar Nagar . Dhanwant Medical & Law Book House, 1522,	(Rest.)
14	Lajpat Rai Market	(Rest.)
	Road, Jawahar Nagar	(Rest.)
15	Law Literature House, 2646, Balimaran .	(Rest.)
16	Summer Brothers, P.O. Birla Lines	(Rest.)
17	Universal Book & Stationery Co., 16, Netaji	()
11	~ • • • • •	(Dec.)
18	Subhash Marg B. Nath & Bros., 3808, Charkhawalan (Chowri	(Reg.)
	Bazar)	(Rest.)
19	Rajkamal Prakashan PLtd., 8, Faiz Bazar .	(Reg.)
20	Premier Book Co., Printers, Publishers & Book-	
	sellers, Nai Sarak	(Rest.)
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	Universal Book Tråders, 80, Gokhale Market . Tech. & Commercial Book Coy., 75, Gokhle	(Reg.)
23	Market . Saini Law Publishing Co., 1416, Chabiganj,	(Rest.)
24	Kashmere Gate	(Rest.)
2 <del>1</del> 25	Nchru Bazar	(Rest.)
25 26		(Reg.)
20	Bazar	(Reg.)
27	Hindu Sahitya Sansar, Nai Sarak	(Rest.)
28	Munshi Ram Manohar Lal, Oriental Book- sellers & Publishers, P.B. 1165, Nai Sarak	(Rest.)
29	K.L. Seth, Suppliers of Law, Commercial Tech. Books, Shanti Nagar, Ganeshpura	(Rest.)
<b>3</b> 0	Adarsh Publishing Service, 5 A/10 Ansari Road	
		(Rest.)
DHA	NBAD-	
1	Ismag Co-operative Stores Ltd., P.O. Indian	
T		(D )
•	School of Mines	(Reg.)
<b>2</b>	New Sketch Press, Post Box 26	(Rest.)
DHA	RWAR-	
1	The Agricultural College Consumers Co-op.	
	Society	(Rest.)
<b>2</b>	Rameshraya Book Depot, Subhas Road	(Rest.)
3	Karnatakaya Sahitya Mandira of Publishers	
	and Booksellers	
יאסיק		
EKN	AKULAM—	_
1	Pai & Co., Cloth Bazar Road	(Rest.)
<b>2</b>	South India Traders C/o Constitutional Journal	(Reg.)
	•	
	OZEPUR-English Book Depot, 78, Jhoke Road	
	HATI-Mokshada Pustakalaya	(Reg.)
	A—Sahitya Sadan, Gautam Budha Marg .	(Reg.)
GHA	ZIABAD—Jayana Book Agency	(Rest.)
GOR	AKHPUR-Vishwa Vidyalaya Prakashan,	
GUD	Nakhes Road UR—The General Manager, The N.D.C. Pub-	(Reg.)
	lishing & Ptg. Society Ltd	(Rest.)
	Chowrasta	(Reg.)
GWA 1	LIOR Supdt., Printing & Stationery, M. B.	
$\overline{2}$	Loyal Book Depot, Patankar Bazar, Lashkar .	(Reg.)
3	M.C. Daftari, Prop. M.B. Jain & Bros., Book-	,
-	sellers, Sarafa, Lashkar	(Rest.)
	were any starting and bilities to the t	

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HUBLI-Pervaje's Book House, Koppikar Road HYDERABAD		(Reg.)
1 2 3 4	Director, Govt. 'Press The Swaraj Book Depot, Lakdikapul Book Lovers Private Ltd Labour Law Publications, 873, Sultan Bazar	(Reg.) (Rest.) (Rest.) (Rest.)
IMPHAL—Tikendra & Sons Bookseller INDORE—		
1 2 3 4 * 5	Wadhawa & Co., 56 G.M. Road Swarup Brother's Khajuri Bazar Madhya Pradesh Book Centre, 41, Ahilya Pura Modern Book House, Shiv Vilas Palace Navyug Sahitya Sadan, Publishers &	(Reg.) (Rest.) (Rest.) (Rest.)
Booltsellers, 10, Khajuri Bazar JABALPUR—		
$\frac{1}{2}$	Modern Book House, 286, Jawaharganj National Book House, 135, Jai Prakash Narain Marg	(Reg.) (R.)
JAII	PUR-	
1	Government Printing and Stationery Depart- ment, Rajasthan	
2 3	Bharat Law House, Booksellers & Publishers, Opp. Prem Prakash Cinema Garg Book Co., Tripolia Bazar	(Reg.) (Reg.)
4	Vani Mandir, Sawai Mansingh Highway	(Reg.)
<b>5</b>	Kalyan Mal & Sons, Tripolia Bazar	(Rest.)
6	Popular Book Depot, Chaura Rasta	(Reg.) (Rest.)
7	Krishna Book Depot, Chaura Rasta Dominion Law Depot, Shah Building, P.B. No.	(11050.)
8		(Rest.)
	23	
JAM JAM	NAGAR—Swedeshi Vastu Bhandar , . SHEDPUR—	(Reg.)
1	Amar Kitab Ghar, Diagonal Road, P.B. 78 .	(Reg.)
2	Gupta Stores, Dhatkidih	(Reg.)
3	Sanyal Bros., Booksellers & News Agents,	
-	Bistapur Market	(Rest.) (Rest.)
JHU	NJHUNU	
1 2	Shashi Kumar Sarat Chand	(Rest.) (R.)
<b>7</b> 0 D	Niwas Azad Marg	(10)
JOD	HPUR-	
1	Dwarka Das Rathi, Wholesale Books and	(Per )
_	News Agents	(Reg.)
2	Kitab-Ghar, Sojati Gate	(Reg.) (Reg.)
3	Choppra Brothers, Tripolia Bazar	(100g.)
JUL	LUNDUR-	<b>D</b> . ()
1	Hazooria Bros., Mai Hiran Gate	(Rest.)
<b>2</b>	Jain General House, Bazar Bansanwala	(Reg.) (Rest.)
3	University Publishers, Railway Road	(10080.)
KAN	PUR	_
1	Advani & Co., P. Box 100, The Mall	(Reg.)
<b>2</b>	Sahitya Niketan, Shradhanand Park	(Reg.)
3	The Universal Book Stall, The Mall	(Reg.)
4	Raj Corporation, Raj House, P.B. 200, Chowk	(Rest.)
KAR	UR-Shri V. Nagaraja Rao, 26, Srinivasapuram	(Rest.)
KOD	<u>OR</u> —Shri V. Nagaraja Rad, 20, Shiniyasipitan <u>ARMA</u> —The Bhagwati Press, P.O. Jhumri Tilaiya, Dt. Hazaribagh	(D)
KOL	Tilaiya, Dt. Hazarıbağı HAPUR—Maharashtra Granth Bhandar, Mahadwar Road	(Reg.) (Rest.)
TZOT	A-Kota Brok Depot	(Rest.)
KUM	ITA-S. V. Kamat, Booksellers & Stationers (N. Kanara)	(Reg.)
LUC	KNOW	
-	Soochna Sahitya Depot (State Book Depot)	
12	Balkrishna Book Co. Ltd., Hazratgan	(Reg.)
23	British Book Depot, 84, Hazratganj	(Reg.)
4	Ram Advani, Hazratgani, P.B. 194	( <u>Reg</u> .)
5	Universal Publishers (P.) Ltd., Hazratganj	(Reg.)
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6		(Reg.)
	Civil & Mılitary Educational Stores, 106/B, Sadar Bazar	(Rest.)
8	Acquarium Supply Co., 213, Faizabad Road . Law Book Mart, Amin-Ud-Daula Park .	(Rest.)
	DHIANA—	(Rest.)
]		(Reg.)
5		(Rest.) (Rest.)
	The Pharmacy News, Pindi Street	(Rest.)
MA 1	DRAS Supdt., Govt. Press, Mount Road	
2	Account Test Institute, P.O. 760, Egmore	(Reg.)
3	C. Subbiah Chotty & Co., Triplicane K. Krishnamurty, Post Box 384	(Reg.) (Reg.)
5	Presidency Book Supplies, 8, Pycrofts Road,	(1008.)
(	Triplicane P. Vardhachary & Co., 8, Linghi Chetty Street	(Reg.) (Reg.)
7	Palani Parchuram, 3, Pycrofts Road, Triplicane	(Reg.)
6 5	NCBH Private Ltd., 199, Mount Road V. Sadanand, The Personal Bookshop, 10,	(Rest.)
·	Congress Building, 111, Mount Road .	(Rest.)
_	DURAI— Oriental Book House, 258, West Masi Street	(Dec.)
	Vivekananda Press, 48, West Masi Street	(Reg.) (Reg.)
MA	NDYA SUGAR TOWN-K.N. Narimhe Gowda	
MA	& Sons . NGALORE—U. R. Shenoye Sons, Car Street, P.	(Rest.)
м	Box 128 . NJESHWAR—Mukenda Krishna Nayak .	(Reg.)
	THURA—Rath & Co., Tilohi Building, Bengali	(Rest.)
	Ghat	(Rest_)
ME	ERUT— Prakash Educational Stores, Subhas Bazar	(Reg.)
2	Hind Chitra Press, West Kutchery Road	(Reg.)
	Loyal Book Depot, Chhipi Tank Bharat Educational Stores, Chhippi Tank .	(Reg.) (Rest.)
đ	Universal Book Depot, Booksellers & News	
МС	Agents NGHYR—Anusandhan, Minerva Press Building	(Rest.) (Rest.)
MU	USSOORIE-	. ,
1	Cambridge Book Depot, The Mall P. Hind Traders	(Rest.) (Rest.)
	JZAFFARNAGAR—	(1.000,)
	Mittal & Co., 85-C, New Mandi	(Rest.)
	JZAFFARPUR –	(Rest.)
]	Scientific & Educational Supply Syndicate .	(Reg.)
2	Legal Corner, Tikmanio House, Amgola Road Tirhut Book Depot	(Rest.) (Rest.)
	SORE-	(,
] 2	H. Venkataramiah & Sons, New Statue Circle Peoples Book House, Opp. Jagan Mohan Palace	(Reg.) (Reg.)
-	Geeta Book House, Booksellers & Publishers,	(1005.)
4	Krishnamurthipuram News Paper House, Lansdowne Building	(Rest.) (Rest.)
	5 Indian Mercantile Corporation, Toy Palace	` '
NA	Ramvilas	(Rest.) (Rest.)
	GPUR-	(10050.)
]	Supdt., Govt. Press & Book Depot	(Per)
		(Reg.)
<b>N</b> T -	ation, Mineral House	(Rest.)
	INITAL—Coural Book Depot, Bara Bazar . NDED—	(Rest.)
]	Book Centre, College Law General Books,	
-	Station Road	(Rest.)
	Merchants P. B. No. 51	(Rest.)
:	3 Sanjoy Book Agency, Vazirabad	(Rest.)

NEW DELHI ..... Amrit Book Co., Connaught Circus (Reg.) 1 Bhawani & Sons, 8 F, Connaught Place (Reg.) 9 Central News Agency, 23/90, Connaught Circus Empire Book Depot, 278, Aliganj (Reg.) 3 (Reg·) 4 English Book Stores, 7-L, Connaught Circus 5 P.B.O. 328 (Reg.) Fagir Chand & Sons, 15-A Khan Market (Reg.) 6 Jain Book Agency, C-9, Prem House, Conna-7 ught Place (Reg.) Oxford Book & Stationery Co., Scindia House (Reg.) 8 Ram Krishna & Sons (of Lahore) 16/B, Conna-9 ught Place (Reg.) Sikh Publishing House, 7-C, Connaught Place 10 (Reg.) Suneja Book Centre, 24/90, Connaught Circus (Reg.) 11 United Book Agency, 31, Municipal Market, 12 Connaught Circus (Reg.) Javana Book Depot, Chhaparwala Kuan. 13 Karol Bagh Navayug Traders, Desh Bandhu Gupta Road, (Reg.) 14 Dev Nagar (Reg.) Saraswati Book Depot, 15, Lady Harding Road (Reg.) 15 The Secretary, Indian Met. Society, Lodi Road (Reg.) 16 New Book Depot, Latest Books, Periodicals, Sty. & Novelles, P.B. 96, Connaught Place 17 (Reg.) Mehra Brothers, 50-G, Kalkaji 18 (Reg.) Luxmi Book Stores, 42, Janpath Hindi Book House, 82, Janpath. (Rest.) 19 (Rest.) 20 People Publishing House (P.) Ltd., Rani Jhansi 21 Road (Reg.) R. K. Publishers, 23, Beadon Pura, Karol Bagh 22(Rest.) Sharma Bros., 17, New Market, Moti Nagar . 23 (Reg.) Aapki Dukan, 5/5777, Dev Nagar 24 (Rest.) Sarvodaya Service, 66A-1, Rohtak Road, P.B. 25 2521(Rest.) H. Chandson, P. B. No. 3034  $\mathbf{26}$ (Rest.) The Secretary, Federation of Association of 27Small Industry of India, 23-B/2, Rohtak Road (Rest.) Standard Booksellers & Stationers, Palam 28 Enclave (Rest.) Lakshmi Book Depot, 57, Regarpura 29 (Rest.) Sant Ram Booksellers, 16, Now Municipal 30 Market, Lody Colony . (Rest.) PANJIM-Singhals Book House P.O.B. 70 Near the 1 Church (Rest.) Sagoon Gaydev Dhoud, Booksellers, 5-7 Rua, 3 Ide Jameria (Rest.) . PATHANKOT-The Krishna Book Depot, Main Bazar . (Rest.) . . • PATIALA-Supdt., Bhupendra State Press 2 Jain & Co., 17, Shah Nashin Bazar (Reg.) PATNA-Supdt., Govt. Printing (Bihar) (Reg.) 1 J.N.P. Agarwal & Co., Padri-Ki-Haveli 2 Raghunath Bhawan (Reg.) Luxmi Trading Co., Padri-ki-Haveli (Reg.) Moti Lal Banarsi Dass, Bankipore (Reg.) Bengal Law House, Chowhatta 5 (Rest.) PITHORAGARH-Maniram Panetha & Sons (Rest.) PONDICHERRY-M/s Honesty Book House, 9 Rue Duplix . . (R.) . POONA-Deccan Book Stall, Deccan Gymkhana . (Reg.) 1 Imperial Book Depot, 266, M.G. Road . 2 (Reg.) International Book Service, Deccan Gymkhana 3 (Reg.) Raka Book Agency, Opp. Natu's Chawl, Near 4 Appa Balwant Chowk (Reg.)

Utility Book Depot, 1339, Shivaji Nagar 5 (Rest.)

PUDUKOTTAI-Shri P.N. Swaminathan Sivam	-
& Co., East Main Road RAJKOT—Mohan Lal Dossabhai Shah, Booksellers	(Rest.)
• and Sub-Agents	(Reg.)
RANCHI-	
1 Crown Book Depot, Upper Bazar	(Reg.)
2 Pustak Mahal, Upper Bazar	(Rest.)
REWA-Supdt., Govt. State Emporium V.P.	
ROURKELA-The Rourkela Review	(Rest.)
SAHARANPUR-Chandra Bharta Pustak Bhandar,	
Court Road	(Rest.)
SECUNDERABAD—Hindustan Diary Publishers, Market Street	(Bog)
SILCHAR—Shri Nishitto Sen Nazirpatti	(Reg.) (Rest.)
SIMLA-	(10050-)
1 Supdt., Himàchal Pradesh Govt.	
2 Minerva Book Shop, The Mall	(Reg.)
3 The New Book Depot, 79, The Mall	(Reg.)
SINNAR-Shri N.N. Jakhadi, Agent, Times of	
India Sinnar (Nasik)	(Rest.)
SHILLONG-	
1 The Officer-in-charge, Assam Govt., B.D.	in
2 Chapla Book Stall, P.B. No. 1	(Rest.)
SONEPAT—United Book Agency SRINAGAR—The Kashmir Bookshop, Residency	(Reg.)
Road	(Reg.)
SURAT-Shri Gajanan Pustakalaya, Towor Road	(Reg.)
TIRUCHIRAPALLI-	(8-)
1 Kalpana Publishers, Wosiur	(Reg.)
2 S. Krishnaswami & Co., 35, Subhash Chander	(8-7
Bose Road	(Reg.)
3 Palamiappa Bros.	(Rest.)
TRIVANDRUM- 1 International Book Depot. Main Road	• (T) • • •
1 International Book Depot, Main Road . 2 Reddear Press & Book Depot, P.B. No. 4 .	(Reg.) (Rest.)
TUTICORIN-Shri K. Thiagarajan, 10-C, French	(100000)
Chapal Road	(Rest.)
UDAIPUR-	
1 Jagdish & Co., Inside Surajapole	(Rest.)
2 Book Centre, Maharana Bhopal Consumers,	
Co-op Society Ltd.	(Rest.)
UJJAIN-Manak Chand Book Depot Sati Gate	(Rest.)
VARANASI-	( <b>T</b> ) ( )
1 Studonts Friends & Co. Lanka 2 Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series Office, Gopal	(Rest.)
Mandir Road, P. B. 8	(Reg.)
3 Glob Book Centre	(Rest.)
4 Kohinoor Stores, University Road, Lanka	(Reg.)
5 B.H.U. Book Depot	(Rest.)
VELLORE—A. Venkatasubhan, Law Booksellers	(Reg.)
VIJAYAWADA—The Book & Review Centre, Eluru Road Governmet	
VISAKHAPATNAM—	(Rest.)
1 Gupta Brothers, Vizia Building	(Bog)
2 Book Centre, 11/79, Main Road	(Reg.) (Reg.)
3 The Secy. Andhra University, General Co-op.	
Stores Ltd.	(Rest.)
VIZIANAGARAM-Sarda & Co	(Rest.)
WARDHA-Swarajeya Bhandar, Bhorji Market	(Reg.)
For Local Sale	
FUI LOCAL SAIO	

- Govt. of India Kitab Mahal, Janpath, Opp. India Coffee 1 House, New Delhi
- 2 Govt. of India Book Depot, 8 Hastings Street, Calcutta
- 3 High Commissioner for India in London, India House London, W.C. 2.

#### **Railway Bookstall Holders**

- 1 S/S. A.H. Wheeler & Co., 15 Elgin Road, Allahabad
- 2 Gahlot Bros., K.E.M. Road Bikaner
- 3 Higginbothams & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras
- 4 M. Gulab Singh & Sons Private Ltd., Mathura Road, New Delhi

#### Foreign

- 1 S/S. Education Enterprise Private Ltd., Kathmandu (Nepal)
- 2 S/S. Aktie Bologat, C.E. Fritzes Kungl, Hovobokhandel, Fredsgation-2 Box 1656, Stockholm-16 (Sweden)
- 3 Reise-und Verkehrsverlag Stuttgart, Post 730, Gutenbergstra 21, Stuttgart No. 11245, Stuttgart den (Germany West)
- 4 Shri Iswar Subramanyam 452, Reversite Driv Apt. 6, New York, 27 NWY
- 5 The Proprietor, Book Centre, Lakshmi Mansions, 49, The Mall, Lahore (Pakistan).

#### On S. and R. Basis

- 1 The Head Clerk, Govt. Book Depot, Ahmedabad
- 2 The Asstt. Director, Extension Centre, Kapileswar Road, Belgaum
- 3 The Employment Officer, Employment Exchange, Dhar
- 4 The Asstt. Director, Footwear Extension Centre, Polo Ground No. 1, Jodhpur
- 5 The O. I/C., Extension Centre, Club Road, Muzaffarpur
- 6 The Director, Indian Bureau of Mines, Govt. of India, Ministry of Mines & Fuel, Nagpur
- 7 The Asstt. Director Industrial Extension Centre, Nadiad (Gujarat)
- 8 The Head Clerk, Photozincographic Press, 5, Finance Road, Poona
- 9 Govt. Printing & Stationery, Rajkot
- 10 The O. I/C. Extension Centre, Industrial Estate, Kokar, Ranchi
- 11 The Director, S.I.S.I. Industrial Extension Contro, Udhna, Surat
- 12 The Registrar of Companies, Narayani Building, 27, Erabourne Road, Calcutta-1
- 13 The Registrar of Companies, Kerala, 50, Feet Road, Ernakulam
- 14 The Registrar of Companies, H. No. 3-5-83, Hyderguda, Hyderabad

Registrar of Companies, Assam, Manipur and Tripura, Shillong

- 16 Registrar of Companies, Sunlight Insurance Building, Ajmeri Gate Extension, New Dolhi
- 17 Registrar of Companies, Punjab and Himachal Pradesh, Link Road Jullundur City
- 18 Registrar of Companies, Bihar, Jamal Road, Patna-1
- 19 Registrar of Companies, Raj. & Ajmer; Shri Kamta Prasad House, Ist Floor, 'C' Scheme, Ashok Marg, Jaipur
- 20 The Registrar of Companies, Andhra Bank Building, 6, Linghi Chetty Street P. B. 1530, Madras
- 21 The Registrar of Companies, Mahatma Gandhi Road, West Cott. Bldg. P.B. 334, Kanpur
- 22 The Registrar of Companies, Everest 100, Marine Drive, Bombay
- 23 The Registrar of Companies, 162, Brigade Road, Bangalore
- 24 The Registrar of Companies, Gwalior
- 25 Asstt. Director, Extension Centre, Bhuli Road, Dhanbad
- 26 Registrar of Companies, Orissa, Cuttack Chandi, Cuttack
- 27 The Registrar of Companies, Gujarat State, Gujarat Samachar Bùilding, Ahmedabad
- 28 Publication Division, Sale Depot, North Block, New Delhi
- 29 The Development Commissioner, Small Scale Industries, New Delhi
- 30 The O.I/C. University Employment Bureau, Lucknow
- 31 O. I/C., S.I.S.I. Extension Centre, Malda
- 32 O. I/C., S.I.S.I. Extension Centre Habra, Tabaluria, 24-Parganas
- 33 O. I/C., S.I.S.I. Model Carpentry Workshop, Piyali Nagar, P.O. Burnipur
- 34 O. I/C., S.I.S.I. Chrontanning Extension Centre, Tangra 33, North Topsia Road, Calcutta-46
- 35 O. I/C., S.I.S.I. Extension Centre (Footwear), Calcutta
- 36 Asstt. Director, Extension Centre, Hyderabad
- 37 Asstt. Director, Extension Centre, Krishna Distt. (A.P.)
- 38 Employment Officer, Employment Exchange Jhabua
- 39 Dy. Director Incharge S.I.S.I., C/o Chief Civil Admn. Goa, Panjim
- 40 The Registrar of Trade Unions, Kanpur
- 41 The Employment Officer, Employment Exchange, Gopal Bhavan, Mornia
- 42 The O. I/C., State Information Centre, Hyderabad
- 43 The Registrar of Companies, Pondicherry
- 44 The Asstt. Director of Publicity and Information, Vidhana Saubha (P.B. 271) Bangalore