

**CENSUS, 1951**

**RAJASTHAN AND AJMER**



**DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK**

**CHURU**

**PART I—GENERAL DESCRIPTION AND CENSUS TABLES**

*By*

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## PREFACE

The Census Reports in olden times were printed one for the whole Province of Rajputana and another for Ajmer-Merwara. Some of the Principal States now merged in Rajasthan published their own reports. This time the State Census Reports have been published in the following volumes:—

1. Part I A .. Report.
2. Part I—B .. Subsidiary Tables and District Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations.
3. Part I -C .. Appendices.
4. Part II—A .. General Population Tables, Household and Age Sample Tables, Social and Cultural Tables, Table E Summary Figures by Administrative Units, and Local 'KA' Infirmities.
5. Part II—B .. Economic Tables.

They contain statistics down to the district level

The idea of preparing the District Census Handbook separately for each district was put forward by Shri R. A. Gopaldaswami, I. C. S., Registrar General, India, and ex-officio Census Commissioner of India, as part of a plan intended to secure an effective method of preserving the census records prepared for areas below the district level. He proposed that all the district census tables and census abstracts prepared during the process of sorting and compilation should be bound together in a single manuscript volume, called the District Census Handbook, and suggested to the State Governments that the Handbook (with or without the addition of other useful information relating to the district) should be printed and published at their own cost in the same manner as the village statistics in the past. In accepting this suggestion, the Government of Rajasthan decided to print and publish the more important portion of statistical data relating to the district and to preserve the rest of the records in a manuscript volume for any future use, to which they may be put.

This Handbook contains five General Population Tables of A Series, three Economic Tables of B Series, five Household and Age Tables of C Series, seven Social and Cultural Tables of D Series, one table E giving summary for the district and tehsils, a local table 'KA' showing infirmities by age groups and an Index of Non-agricultural Occupations. Each table contains an explanatory note necessary for the proper understanding of the figures. The numbers given to the tables in this Handbook correspond to those given in State Census Reports.

Village Directories were published for the first time in 1931 by a few States of Rajputana. The example was followed by all the States in 1941. They contained for each village the population figures by religion and also some other useful information. They were bound in a volume one for each State. This time the Village Directories are also incorporated in this Handbook under the name of "Primary Census Abstract and Village Directory" which show the basic population figures separately for each village or town-ward classified by livelihood classes instead of religion and also some information of general nature.

Opportunity has been taken to put in a short introductory note detailing the salient points connected with the district, such as the physical features, climate, rainfall, irrigation and drainage facilities, roads and other communications, agriculture education, industries and other matters of general interest. The information contained in the introductory note is based on the material furnished by Collectors of districts and Departments of Government.

In addition to the above, some figures of general interest and an overview of population figures have also been incorporated.

The scheduled date for the publication of the Handbooks as prescribed by the Registrar General, India was, "Not later than March 1952" but practical experience showed its publication by that time an impracticability. Even the compilation of the tables together with its final touch could not be completed by that time. Then came the question of printing which proved to be a huge task. There are 25 districts in Rajasthan and 1 in Ajmer. The total number of printed pages turned out to be nearly 9,000. The Government Presses were

already over-burdened with the printing work of other departments and in the printing of Census Publications priority was given to Central Government Publications i. e. the State Census Reports. The result was that till March, 1954, for 14 out of 26 districts the P.C.A. and Village Directory could not be printed especially because the press had no stock of small type which was essential for their printing. It was, therefore, decided to publish the Handbooks in two volumes Part I, consists of Introduction, a brief review of population figures and;

1. General Population Tables (A—I to A—V),
2. Economic Tables (B—I to B—III),
3. Household and Age (Sample) Tables (C—I to C—V),
4. Social and Cultural Tables (D—I to D—VII),
5. E—Summary figures by Administrative Units.
6. Local Table 'KA' Infirmities, and
7. District Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations.

Part II contains only Primary Census Abstract and Village Directory.

The Handbooks of the Ajmer, Sirchi and Jhalawar Districts are however being published in one volume, because they have been completed by this time.

While every care has been taken to ensure the correctness of figures and village names, certain mistakes might have crept in. I shall be grateful if they are brought to my notice.

Y. L. Dashora

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# CHURU DISTRICT

## INTRODUCTION

### I—Physical Aspects

- Position, Area & Boundary.** Churu district is included in the Division of Bikaner. It lies to the east of Bikaner city having an area of 6,512 sq. miles, according to the Surveyor General of India, between the parallels of 27°25' and 28°42' north latitude and 74°28' and 75°3' east longitude. It is bounded on the north by Ganganagar district, on the south by Jhunjhunu and Sikar districts, on the east by Hissar district of the Punjab and on the west by Bikaner district.
- Configuration and Hill system.** The whole of the district is a sandy tract. The only rocky hills, deserving the name, are in the south, close to the borders of Jodhpur and Jaipur divisions and the highest of them, near Gopalpura, is but 1,651 feet above the sea level or about six or seven hundred feet above the level of the surrounding plain. There is a small hill in village Biramsar of tehsil Ratangarh about three hundred feet above the level of the surrounding plain.
- Rivers.** There are no perennial rivers or streams. The Kantli or Katli rises in the hills near Khandela (in Jaipur division) and after a northerly course of some 60 miles through Shekhawati, generally loses itself in the sand just within the border of Churu district; in years of good rainfall, however, it flows for from 10 to 16 miles (according to the nature of the flood) in the south of Rajgarh tehsil and benefits a few villages, increasing the fertility of the soil to some extent. It gets dry within a short time.
- Geology.** The whole of the district is covered with sand dunes. At some places a building stone called *dhandra* stone, is found as also clay for making bricks and clay pots. A copper mine was discovered at Bidasar in the south, in the middle of the eighteenth century but has not been worked for many years.
- Botany.** Mostly the trees of *khejara* (*Prosopis spicigera*), *nim* (*Melia azadirachta*), *pipal* (*Ficus religiosa*), *Jant* *Prans*, *rohira* (*Tecomma undulata*), *borari*, and shrubs like *phog*, *ak*, *Kheemp*, *Kankea*, *Kair*, *lvi*, and *hans* are found and grown.
- Fauna.** The wild animals found are deer, jackal, fox, hare, wolf and hyaena.
- Climate, Rainfall & Temperature.** The climate is extreme, very hot in summer and very cold in winter. In summer hot winds blow with great fury and the sun is so powerful that even the people of the tract fear to travel in the middle of the day for fear of sunstroke. On the other hand, severe cold is experienced in winter and trees and vegetation are not infrequently injured by frost. The maximum and the minimum temperature is about 120°F and 19.5°F respectively. The average annual rainfall is 12".
- Under-ground water level.** Water is generally available at a depth of 100 to 150 feet, except in some places of tehsils Sujangarh and Taranagar. At Sujangarh proper water is available even at a depth of 20 feet and in Taranagar tehsil at 40 to 60 feet. Sujangarh tehsil is remarkable as containing a stripe of country extending for about 16 miles north of Sujangarh town where water is very near the surface. The water however is not of much use to the agriculturist because never more than the upper 3 feet are sweet and this quantity often diminishes in the hot weather. Moreover the sweet water is only comparatively so and the quality varies considerably from time to time.

## II—History

9. History of this district is the same as that of Bikaner State. The following are principle historical places:—

(i) *Salasar*—This is a very small village in tehsil Sujangarh, at a distance of 22 miles from the tehsil headquarters. It is famous for a temple of Hanumanji where every year in the month of *Asaj* and *Chait* fairs are held which are attended by pilgrims from far and near in large numbers. A *pacca* road with bus service, connects it with the tehsil headquarters which is accessible by railway from Ratangarh Junction in this district and Ladnu Junction in Jodhpur division.

(ii) *Dadrewa*—It is also an old Jagir village in tehsil Rajgarh about 18 miles from the tehsil headquarters connected by a *pacca* road with Bus service. It is famous for a temple of Gogaji. Every year in the month of *Bhadon* a big fair is held there and people from far and near (as far as from U. P. and Bihar) come there and pay their homage to Shri Gogaji. The legend is that Gogaji was born at Dadrewa. He had two brothers Arjan and Sarjan from his step mother. His step mother wanted to see her sons succeed to the *Gaddi*. A fight ensued in which Gogaji killed his step brother. Gogaji was banished. He left the place and went to the jungle where he buried himself alive (took a Samadhi). The place is known as Gogameri, (In tehsil Bhadra, district Ganganagar) where every year a big fair is held.

(iii) *Sahwa*—It is a big and old village in tehsil Taranagar about 15 miles from the tehsil headquarters with no *pacca* road and accessible only by camels. It is famous for a Gurudwara where Sikhs from other places go in the month of *Kartik* every year for *darshan* and a bath. The legend is that Guru Govind Singh while once returning from the battle-field came to this village and stayed under a *khejri* tree. A *pipal* tree was growing in the midst of the said *khejri* tree. While resting there he took off his belt. A snake emerged. It disappeared entering the *khejri* tree. This snake was called as the *kal* (Time) by his disciples and thereupon it is believed that this *kal* which took shelter in the *khejri* tree, will eat it up and then foreign rule will disappear and Sikh Raj will come into existence. The *pipal* tree is growing and the *khejri* trees are slowly decaying and now it is only about a foot high.

(iv) *Reni*—In the old historical town Reni, there is a Jain temple built in 942 A.D. The masonry is almost as strong now as when it was built. There is a fort also constructed in the time of Maharaja Surat Singh (1788—1828).

## III—The People

10. There are 11 towns and 850 villages. The district is the home of many wealthy bankers who have business connections all over India. The headquarters of the district, Churu town, ranks next to Bikaner as a Mandi. In the important towns in the district there are several magnificent houses belonging to wealthy traders and made of red sand-stone brought from Ladnu (in Jodhpur division) just across the border.

11. The principal language of this district is Marwari which is a dialect of Rajasthani.

12. The staple food of the district is *bajra* and *moth*, which are the main products of the district. The Town people also use wheat which is mostly imported from Ganganagar district. The main dress is *dhoti*, *kurta* and *pagri*. The towns' people also use cap, hat and english dress is also worn by educated people. Mostly the coarse cloth, specially handloom or mill-made is worn by the villagers while the rich class people in towns wear mill-made fine cloth and silk.

13. The villagers generally live in huts made of bamboos and grass. Some villagers live in small houses made of *kacha* bricks and wood. The towns' people have *pacca* houses made of *pacca* bricks and lime. Some of the houses owned by rich traders are very big and spacious.

### III

14. When a son is born, one large dish made of bronze (*kansi*) is generally beaten. The child's mother is confined to bed for at least 10 days, which period is called *Sua*. *Gur* is distributed amongst the neighbours and poor people. On or after the 10th day a Brahmin is called to perform a *Havan* and the child is given a name. On such occasions well-to-do people give a feast to their relatives. This is called *Dasathan*. Among the Muslims, a ceremony known as the circumcision is performed.

15. The marriageable age is generally 19, for the boy and 14 for the girl. At betrothal the father of the bride gives cash, ornaments, sweets and fruits to the father of the bridegroom. The date of marriage is also fixed at that time in consultation with an astronomer, the Brahmin priest. Before marriage a ceremony called *tika*, is performed when the father of the girl again sends cash, ornaments, clothes, sweetmeats and fruits to the house of the bridegroom. After the arrival of the marriage party at the bride's house, the marriage is performed with great eclat and rejoicings. A feast is held. *Havan* is performed by learned Pandits with Vedic recitations. The bridal pair has to take seven steps round the sacred fire. The father of the girl makes presents to the bridegroom according to his means, which is called dowry consisting of cash, clothes, ornaments and articles of necessity and comfort and some times luxury. Among Jats and other similar castes remarriage of widows is in vogue, which is called *nata*. Among the higher castes as Brahmins, Mahajans and Rajputs remarriage is not allowed.

16. Among Hindus on death there is a lot of lamentation, weeping and crying. The dead body is placed on an *arthi* and is taken to the cremation ground and is burnt by Hindus and buried by the Muslims. After three days ashes are collected and sent for immersion to the holy Ganga. The mourning lasts for 12 days and on the twelfth day Brahmins are invited to dine. In case of the death of an old or aged person, 'mosar' is arranged, when a feast is given to the caste-fellows. Amongst Muslims the dead body is buried and a ceremony called *chehlum* is performed on the 40th day after death.

17. In rural area the games played by the villagers are *kabaddi*, wrestling, *gulidanda*, *hardara* and *ankhichoni*. There are no amusements in the villages except that the women generally sing songs during the spring season or on festivals or during marriages. In urban areas the educated people play foot-ball, volley-ball, hockey, tennis, etc. There are cinemas and dramatic clubs in towns. Some people play cards, chess and *chopar* etc., as indoor games.

18. Formerly the word 'Singh' was mostly used as a suffix to the name of Rajputs only but now it has become a common suffix; common among other castes as well. The Mahajans and Brahmins use the suffix 'Lal'. 'Chand', 'Mal' and 'Dass' and amongst the Jats, 'Ram' and 'Singh' are common. The villagers never call a person by his full name. They generally add the word 'Ya' after every name, while calling them, as Ramiya, Phusiya, Ravatiya, Luniya for Ram Singh, Phusa Ram, Ravat Singh and Luna Ram or Loon Singh respectively. Muslims mostly use the word 'Khan' or 'Din' or 'Bux' as suffix to their names.

19. The main festivals among Hindus are Diwali, Holi, Dashera, Rakhsha-Bandhan, Janma-Ashtami, Shiv-Ratri, Akshey-Teej, Gangor, etc. These festivals are observed by each and every Hindu in rural as well as in urban areas. Rich people prepare or purchase sweetmeats while the poor cook rice or *hulwa*. The Muslims observe the two Ids, and Moharram etc. At Bakra Id, goats are sacrificed and at Moharram *tajiyas* are taken out in a procession.

20. The Hindus are generally 'Sanatani', the Jains have faith in their Sadhus and Gurus. The people are generally very superstitious. Even before going out on a journey they consult a Brahmin, who points out the auspicious hour to start for the same. Certain days are fixed for journeys out in certain directions, as far as possible people avoid going out on a journey on Wednesday.

### IV—Economic

21. The general condition of the agriculturists is not satisfactory. The villagers still use old implements. Agriculture depends on rains, the land is not fertile being sandy. Nearly 80% of the general population are agriculturists. The principal agricultural classes are Jats, Rajputs, Bishncis, Brahmins, Nais, Chamars and Dhankas. In rural areas all people depend upon agriculture.

(a) Agriculture  
General condition of  
agriculturists.

22. The principal and the only crop which is grown in this district is the Kharif, and *bajra*, *moth*, *mung* and *gowar* are the main products of this crop. It is sown just after the first shower of rain in July or August and is harvested in November. In some villages of one *tehsil* Rajgarh only, the Rabi crop is also grown which is sown in the month of Asoj and Kartik. Gram, wheat, *taramira* and barley are the principal Rabi crops. But the produce is generally negligible as it depends upon heavy rains. This crop is harvested in the month of March, i. e., Chaitra.

23. A large number of agriculturists are heavily indebted to the Mahajans. The debts are incurred even for meeting their daily necessities and the amounts borrowed at marriages and other ceremonies are tremendously high. The money-lenders are mostly the Mahajans, who charge very heavy interest on loans, say Re. 1 to Rs. 1/9/- per cent. per month.

24. In all big towns banking facilities are available to the traders. There is one Bank of Bikaner Ltd., Bikaner, with branches in all towns. There is no bank to advance loans to the agriculturists. There is no co-operative movement in the district. The agriculturists bring their grain to the local markets of towns, and sell it to the local grain dealers at prevailing market rates.

25. People generally keep herds of cows and flocks of sheep, as pasture land is available throughout the district. They sell milk and *ghee* in the towns nearby. There is one veterinary hospital at the district headquarters.

26. These are the *katra*, locust and rats. *katras* (Caterpillar) appear just after the first shower of rain in June and July and begin to lay eggs. It injures the delicate crop of *moth* and *bajra* for about three weeks and then it goes deep into the soil for ten long months till it comes out again in the next season. Locust is also a terrible pest, which causes heavy damage to the standing crop. An adult locust lays eggs in loose soil 300 to 360 in number at a time and these eggs are hatched in a week's time and are known as hoppers. After five weeks, these hoppers become adult locusts. Hoppers can be best controlled with dusting powder. The locust staff of the Central Government is stationed at the district headquarters for this menace who do their best to destroy the hoppers. Rats also do much damage to the seed sown and to the standing crop as well.

27. The Agricultural Department has been established by the Rajasthan Government and one District Agriculture Officer has been appointed at each district headquarters. The following are the main activities of this department:—

1. Distribution of seed of improved varieties to the cultivators on no profit no loss basis.
2. Distribution of oil cakes on 50% subsidy
3. Distribution of Ammonium sulphate. This fertilizer is made available at a cost of Rs. 320 per ton, which is the import price and all expenditure on import is met by the Government.
4. Phosphate fertilizers. They are supplied at 50% subsidy.
5. Urban Compost; it is made available on no profit basis.
6. Rural Scheme of Compost: Prizes are awarded to the following:—
  - (a) Re. 1 per pit to cultivators who dig and fill new pits of standard size (15 Feet long, 7 feet wide and 3 Feet deep).
  - (b) Rs. 20 to persons with whose efforts 50 pits are dug and filled.
  - (c) Rs. 35 to persons with whose efforts 100 pits are dug and filled.



7. Distribution of potato seeds with arrangements for the supply of early and late potato seeds. The transport and incidental charges are met by the Government.

8. Distribution of seed for green manure: Green manuring is made available free of cost.

9. Distribution of sweet potato vines:— Distribution of sweet potato vines is made at a very nominal charge, i. e., Rs.- /8/- per maund of vines.

10. Deepening of wells:— Deepening of wells by rock drilling blasting and boring is done at a concessional rate.

11. Distribution of Persian Wheels:— Interest free loan up to Rs. 50 of investment is given for the purchase of Persian wheels.

12. Installation of Pumping sets:— Interest free loan is given upto 50% of the cost of the pumping sets.

13. Distribution of bullocks to cultivators:— Interest free loan is given to the poor cultivators.

14. Taccavi loan for Agricultural Machinery: Taccavi loan at 3½ % interest is granted to the purchaser.

15. Sale of controlled commodities:— Cement, iron steel, etc., are made available to cultivators, at controlled prices at each tehsil headquarters through permits.

**Irrigation.** 28. There are no rivers or canals in this district. There are tanks here and there but they cannot be used for irrigation purposes. Due to little rain sufficient water does not accumulate. The water of such tanks is mainly used for drinking by people and cattle. There are wells in every village, but the water level in them being very deep, they cannot be used for irrigation. At some places vegetables are grown at the sites, where water is available at some higher level in the wells, as in Sujangarh tehsil. The water from wells is generally drawn out by means of *Charas* (leather buckets) by yoking camels or bullocks. For drinking purposes, water is drawn out by people with their own hands. In some villages electric motors and pumping sets have now been fitted on the wells.

**Fairs.** 29. A list of the fairs, which are held every year at different places in this district is appended herewith (Appendix. A.). The village people are very fond of attending the fairs. It is a holiday for them, when males young and old put on new clothes and amuse themselves in several ways, by going to the fairs in large numbers.

30. The rent of agricultural land is realised according to rates fixed by the Revenue Settlement Department. The rates of wages are as under:-

**(b) Rents, Wages and Prices.**

<i>Wage - earner.</i>	<i>Rate.</i>
Labourer.	Rs. 1/8/- per day.
Labour-boy.	Re. 1/- per day.
Mason.	Rs. 2/8/- per day.
Carpenter.	Rs. 3/8/- per day.

The prices of food-grains and other articles of every-day use are very high.

**(c) Forests.** 31. There are no jungles in the district. Small *birs* (grass reserves) are being preserved at some places where domestic animals graze. *Khejari*, *kair* and *phog* are found grown here and there in the grass reserves.

**(d) Mines & Minerals.** 32. Building stone quarries are found in some places.

**(e) Art and Manufactures.** 33. Dyeing and printing is done in Churu town.

34. The main produce of this district is *bajra*, *moth* and *gowar* and the villagers bring these commodities, to the town headquarters for sale. There is no external trade worth mentioning. The above commodities are also exported to other districts. Wheat, barley, gram, *gowar*, *gur*, sugar, chillies, tobacco, etc., are imported. Wool and bones are also exported from here. There are no commercial markets or mandis here. The shop-keepers in the towns generally do this business. No weekly market days or commercial fairs are held.

(f) **Trade & Commerce.** 35. There is no large scale industry in the district. Some ice-cream factories are working in some towns and flour-mills are found at some places.

(g) **Industries.** 36. There is no air service in this district. Almost all big towns and small ones are connected with railways. There are two junctions, *i. e.* Rajgarh and Ratangarh in this district. Rajgarh connects Rewari, Hissar, Sadulgarh and Sardarshahr. Bus services are available and the following places are connected by them:-

- (1) From Rajgarh to Taranagar.
- (2) From Churu to Ratan-nagar and Ramgarh.
- (3) From Depalsar to Ratannagar and Ramgarh.
- (4) From Churu to Bisau.
- (5) From Churu to Sardarshahr.
- (6) From Tal Chhapar to Sujangarh.
- (7) From Sujangarh to Salasar, Bidasar and Nokha.

37. There are no metalled roads except those in Ratangarh town. There is one gravelled road from Rajgarh to Taranagar and from Taranagar to Sardarshahr. It also connects Rajgarh with Hissar and Sardarshahr with Bikaner. On these roads at some places kunds (reservoirs of water) have been constructed. There are rest-houses at Rajgarh, Tal Chhapar, Ratangarh, Sardarshahr, Dungargarh and a railway rest-house at Churu. Dharamshalas exist almost in every town, and big village. The people generally hire camels and use camel carts. In big towns horse tongas are also found.

(i) **Telegraph and Post Offices.** 38. There are post offices in almost all the towns and big villages and telegraph offices at Churu, Rajgarh, Ratangarh, Sardarshahr, Sujangarh, Dungargarh, Rajaldesar, Chhapar and Bidasar. Certain towns and big villages, with railway stations have Railway Telegraph Offices. Trunk Telephone works at Churu, Ratangarh, Sujangarh and Sardarshahr. There are wireless telegraph stations at Churu, Ratangarh and Sardarshahr, which are connected with Bikaner.

39. Famines generally occur twice in three years.

(j) **Famines etc.**

## V. Administration

40. Re-organisation of district administration was made in the former Bikaner State in the year 1948. Churu district was put in charge of a Deputy Commissioner. It consisted of three Tehsils (Churu, Rajgarh and Taranagar) of the former Rajgarh district and the whole of the Sujangarh district. It was divided into two sub-divisions of Rajgarh and Ratangarh, each in charge of an Assistant Commissioner under the Deputy Commissioner. Each tehsil was put under a tehsildar with one or two naib-tehsildars to assist him. At the time of merger of the State with Rajasthan in 1949, no change was made in the formation of Churu district. Only the Deputy Commissioner was designated as Collector and District Magistrate and the Assistant Commissioners as Assistant Collectors and Sub-Divisional Magistrates.

41. The sub-divisions are further divided into 7 tehsils:—  
**Administration in 1949.**

### *Ratangarh Sub-Division.*

1. Tehsil Ratangarh.
2. „ Sardarshahr.
3. „ Dungargarh.
4. „ Sujangarh.

### *Rajgarh Sub-Division.*

1. Tehsil Rajgarh.
2. „ Churu.
3. „ Taranagar.

Each tehsil is under the charge of a tehsildar. The tehsildar is the chief Revenue and Executive Officer of the tehsil and also a Second Class Magistrate. There are najib-tehsildars, girdawars and patwaris under him and suits under revenue laws such as Bikaner Tenancy and Bikaner Land Revenue Acts are filed in the Courts of Assistant Collectors and tehsildars according to their pecuniary jurisdiction. Appeals from the decision of tehsildars are heard by the Assistant Collector and from that of Assistant Collector by the Collector. All police challan cases go direct to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate (First Class Magistrate). They also take direct cognizance of criminal cases. On the criminal side appeals from decisions of Tehsildars, who are second class Magistrates are heard by the District Magistrate and from those of Sub-Divisional Magistrates are heard by the Additional Sessions Judge Court stationed at Churu. The additional Sessions Judge is also a civil Judge and entertains suits of valuation upto Rs. 10,000/-. There is one Civil Judge at Ratangarh, who entertains suits of valuation upto Rs. 10,000/-. One Civil Munsiff for the sub-division Rajgarh holds his Court at Churu who is empowered to entertain Civil suits of the valuation upto Rs. 2,000/-.

#### VI. Public Works

42. There is an Executive Engineer of the public works at the divisional headquarters, Bikaner. In Churu district there is one Assistant Engineer stationed at Ratangarh. All the Government buildings are under this Department.

#### VII. Protection

43. There are 15 police stations and 10 police out-posts. The list is in Appendix B. The Superintendent of police is the head of the District Police Administration. There is one deputy superintendent of police at the headquarters, and two circle inspectors at both sub-divisional head-quarters.

44. The District Jail is at Bikaner. There are only three Judicial lock-ups at Churu, Rajgarh and Ratangarh. The judicial lock-up is in the charge of the Extra Magistrate, Churu and those at sub-divisions under the Divisional Magistrates.

#### VIII. Education

45. There is one degree-college named Lohia College at Churu. The building of the college is grand and spacious and has been built at a cost of about ten lacs. There are six high schools, 13 middle schools and about 92 primary schools throughout the district. There are seven schools for Harijans. The list of high-schools, middle schools and primary schools is appended (Appendix C). There are several girls primary and middle schools. Efforts are also being made by the Government to encourage adult education at some places; schools have also been opened for them.

#### IX. Public Health.

46. There is a District Medical and Public Health Officer for the Churu district stationed at Ratangarh. There are State hospitals almost at all tehsil headquarters. The hospitals at Churu, Sardarshahr and Sujangarh are under assistant surgeons and the remaining hospitals and dispensaries are under sub-assistant surgeons. There are dispensaries also in small towns like Ratangarh, Sidhmukh, Chhapar, Bidasar and Rajaldesar etc. All these hospitals and dispensaries are run by the Government. There are also many free private charitable Ayurvedic dispensaries maintained by local Seths in all towns and in some of the big villages. There is one veterinary hospital at Churu. The vaccination work is under the District Medical and Public Health Department, and there are vaccinators at all tehsil head-quarters.

#### X. Local Self Government

47. There are eleven municipalities with elected members. The list of municipalities is given in Appendix D. All these elect their own President and Vice-President. They are under the control of the Director of Municipalities and District Boards with his head-quarters at Jaipur. There is one regional inspector stationed at Jodhpur to guide these municipalities and inspect their work. They function according to the Bikaner Municipal Act.

48. There are village panchayats constituted of elected members headed by a sur-panch. The village panchayats are empowered with some criminal and civil powers. They hear civil cases of the valuation upto Rs. 50/- only and on criminal side they can inflict a fine upto Rs. 10/-. They are financed by fines only. The list of villages with gram panchayats in the district is given in Appendix E.

### XI. Miscellaneous

49. Churu:—The head-quarters of the district and tehsil of the same name is situated in 28° 18' N. and 74° 5'E., about one hundred miles east of Bikaner city. The town is said to have been founded by, and named after, a Jat called Chuhru in or about 1620. Elphinstone who visited it in 1808 described it as being nearly "a mile and a half round without counting its large but mean suburbs; and, though situated among naked sand-hills, it has a very handsome appearance. The houses are all terraced, and both they and the walls are built of a kind of limestone of so pure and white that it gives an air of great neatness to everything composed of it. It is, however, soft and crumbles into a white powder, mixed here and there with shells, it is found in large beds in many parts of the desert". Churu is the home of many wealthy bankers who have business connections all over India, and as a mart ranks next to Bikaner. The population of the town which was 10,666 in 1881 is now, according to 1951 Census, 40,047. It is connected with railway. Churu was formerly included in the estate of one of the leading nobles, who was however, finally dispossessed about 100 years ago, one of the Thakurs (Kushal Singh) is said to have built the fort in 1739. The town possesses several fine mansions and *Chhatris* (cenotaphs) some magnificent wells, a combined post and telegraph office, trunk telephone, wireless telegraph station, one degree college, two high schools, one middle schools, seven primary schools and an excellent hospitals.

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**APPENDIX A****List of fairs held in Churu District**

S. No.	Name of Tehsil	Name of Fair	Date on which the fair held.
1.	Churu.	Jasrasar Fair.	Magh Sudi 10.
2.	Taranagar.	Ramdevji.	" " 10.
3.	"	Sahwa.	" " 10.
4.	Sardarshahr.	Gangor Fair.	Chet Sudi 3.
5.	"	Teej Fair.	Sawan Sudi 3.
6.	"	Gogaji Fair.	Bhadwa Sudi 9.
7.	Rajgarh.	"	"
8.	"	Ramdevji Fair.	Bhadwa Badi 10.
9.	"	Sadhuji Fair.	11th October.
10.	Dungargarh.	Hanumanji Fair.	Asoj Sudi 15.
11.	"	Ramdevji Fair.	Chaitra Sudi 15.
12.	Sujangarh.	Hanumanji Fair.	" " 15.
13.	"	Ramdevji Fair.	Besakh Sudi 15. Besakh Badi 10 and Magh Badi 10.
14.	"	Gogaji Fair.	Chaitra Badi 4. Sawan Badi 3. and Bhadwa Badi 3.
15.	"	Ramdevji Fair.	Bhadwa Badi 10. and Magh Badi 10.

**APPENDIX B****List of Police Stations and Police out-Posts in Churu District***Police Stations.*

1. Churu.	2. Sujangarh.	3. Ratangarh.
4. Sardarshahr.	5. Dungargarh.	6. Rajgarh.
7. Taranagar.	8. Jilli.	9. Sankhu.
10. Hamirwas.	11. Khejra.	12. Bapeu.
13. Binvasar.	14. Ratan Nagar.	15. Ghanghu.

*Police out-posts*

16. Rajaldesar.	17. Chhapar.	18. Momasar.
19. Udrasar.	20. Sulakhania.	21. Molisar.
22. Dudhwakhara.	23. Bapan.	24. Sidhmukh.
25. Dadrewa		

**APPENDIX C****List of Educational Institutions**

S. No.	Name of School	S. No.	Name of School
<i>Harijan Schools.</i>			
1.	Ratangarh. Ratangarh.	5.	Sujangarh. Sujangarh.
2.	Rajaldesar. "	6.	Chhapar. "
3.	Ratanagar. Churu	7.	Rajgarh. Rajgarh.
4.	Sardarshahr. Sardarshahr.		

## APPENDIX C—(Contd.)

S. No.	Name of School	S. No.	Name of School
<i>High Schools.</i>			
1.	B. D. Begla High School, Churu.	4.	S. Raghunath High School, Ratangarh.
2.	Jain Shvetamber Terapanthi, Vidyalaya, Churu.	5.	Ganga Golden Jubilee High School, Sardarshahar.
3.	Govt. High School, Rajgarh.	6.	Govt. High School, Sujangarh.
<i>Tehsil Churu</i>		<i>Middle Schools.</i>	
1.	Railway Middle School, Churu.	3.	Shree Sardar Vidyalaya, Churu.
2.	Govt. Middle School, Churu.	4.	Shree Nathini Middle School, Dudhwa Kahara.
<i>Tehsil Rajgarh</i>		<i>Middle Schools.</i>	
5.	Govt. Middle School, Taranagar.	7.	Govt. Middle School, Sidhmukh.
6.	" " " Sahwa.	8.	" " " Ratangarh.
<i>Tehsil Sujangarh</i>		9.	" " " Rajaldesar.
10.	Govt. Middle School, Parihara.	12.	Govt. Middle School, Charwas.
11.	" " " Chhapar.		
<i>Tehsil Ratangarh</i>			
13.	Rishikul Brahmchari Ashram, Ratangarh.		
<i>Tehsil Churu</i>		<i>Primary Schools.</i>	
1.	C. E. School No. 1, Churu.	7.	Govt. Harijan School, Ratannagar.
2.	C. E. School No. 2, Churu.	8.	Kabir Parthral, Churu.
3.	C. E. School No. 3, Churu.	9.	Govt. Primary School, Jasrasar.
4.	C. E. School No. 4, Churu.	10.	" " " Satyan.
5.	Shree Bhagwat Vidyalaya, Churu.	11.	D. B. " " Jasrasar.
6.	Shree Goswami Vidyalaya, Churu.		
<i>Tehsil Ratangarh</i>			
12.	C. E. School, Ratangarh	17.	A. H. Primary School, Lachharsar.
13.	C. E. School, Rajaldesar.	18.	Govt. Harijan School, Ratangarh.
14.	A. H. Primary School, Gogasar.	19.	" " " Rajaldesar.
15.	" " " Ratausar.	20.	Govt. Vidyardhi Bhawan, Ratangarh.
16.	" " " Jaleu.		
<i>Tehsil Sujangarh</i>			
21.	Govt. Harijan School, Sujangarh,	34.	C. E. School, No. 2, Sardarshahr.
22.	C. E. School, No. 1, Sujangarh.	35.	C. E. School, No. 3, Sardarshahr.
23.	" " No. 2, "	36.	Govt. School, Sardarshahr.
24.	" " No. 3, "	37.	A. H. Primary School, Sardarshahr.
25.	" " No. 4, "	38.	" " " Bukalsar chhota.
26.	" " No. 5, "	39.	" " " Malsar.
27.	" " No. 6, "		
28.	Govt. Harijan School, Chhapar.	40.	A. H. Primary School, Dhani Pauchera
29.	Shree Oswal Vidhyalaya, Sujangarh.	41.	" " " Jaisinghsar.
30.	Govt. Primary School, Sandwa.	42.	D. B. School, Jaynasar.
31.	Govt. Primary School, Kanuta.	43.	Shree Bajrang Pathshala, Sardarshahr
32.	D. B. School, Gopalpura.	44.	Shree Sadul Viyayamshala, "
33.	C. E. School, No. 1, Sardarshahr.		

**APPENDIX C—(Concl'd.)**

*Primary Schools.*

S. No.	Name of School	S. No.	Name of School
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*Tehsil Taranagar*

45.	Govt. Primary School, Buchawas	50.	Govt. Primary School, Dhurwas.
46.	Govt. Primary School, Ashan.	51.	" " " Kalwas.
47.	" " " Punrasar.	52.	" " " Banyas.
48.	" " " Raytunda.	53.	D. B. School, Gazruwas.
49.	" " " Radi Bhooras	54.	" " " Baniyala.

*Tehsil Rajgarh*

55.	C. E. School, No. 1, Rajgarh	74.	Govt. Primary School Gathiyas.
56.	" " " 2, "	75.	" " " Gagalwas.
57.	" " " 3, "	76.	" " " Dhonti Sadi.
58.	C. E. School, No. 4, Rajgarh	77.	Govt. Primary School, Nayangal Badi.
59.	Govt. Harijan School. "	78.	" " " Dheegarls.
60.	Govt. Primary School, "	79.	" " " Pahadsar.
61.	" " " Bagela,	80.	" " " Gald.
62.	" " " Jaitpura.	81.	" " " Raha Chotti.
63.	" " " Dheengli.	82.	" " " Khayali.
64.	" " " Dadrewa.	83.	D. B. Primary School, Dokuwa.
65.	" " " Nesal.	84.	" " " Bhainsali.
66.	" " " Sulkhnia Chhota.	85.	" " " Suratpura.
67.	" " " Jaswantpura.	86.	" " " Bada.
68.	" " " Hamirwas.	87.	" " " Bada.
69.	" " " Sardarpura.	88.	" " " Gawalisar.
70.	" " " Newa.	89.	Govt. Primary School, Ramsara Jal
71.	" " " Bawel.	90.	" " " Chandguthi.
72.	" " " Noondital.	91.	" " " Lamboi Badi.
73.	" " " Sendwa.	92.	D. B. School, Chainpura Chhota.

**APPENDIX D**

**List of Municipalities in Churu District**

**Names of Municipalities**

1. Churu	5. Sujangarh	9. Bidasar.
2. Rajgarh	6. Dungargarh	10. Chhapar.
3. Taranagar	7. Sardarshahr	11. Rajaldesar.
4. Ratangarh	8. Ratan-nagar	

**APPENDIX E**

**List of Gram Panchayats in Churu District**

*Tehsil Churu*

1. Buntiya.	5. Thelasar.	9. Rampura.
2. Khasoli.	6. Dhirasar.	10. Ladriya.
3. Nakrasar.	7. Shajusar.	11. Bhamasi.
4. Satra.	8. Karvasar.	12. Gindari.

APPENDIX E—(Contd.)

*Tehsil Rajnamb.*

- |                    |                        |                   |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| 13. Bhainsali.     | 20. Kalari.            | 26. Sidhamuk.     |
| 14. Berasar Bada.  | 21. Mithari Kesarsingh | 27. Galar.        |
| 15. Bhanela.       | 22. Hamirwas Bada.     | 28. Ramsara Tal.  |
| 16. Dungal Chtoti. | 23. Dokwa.             | 29. Dhonoti Badi. |
| 17. Suratpura.     | 24. Lambor Badi.       | 30. Khairu Badi.  |
| 18. Ratanpura.     | 25. Bhojan.            | 31. Ghanau.       |
| 19. Dhingarwali.   |                        |                   |

*Tehsil Taranagar.*

- |                   |               |               |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 32. Sahwa.        | 37. Gajuwas.  | 42. Jhoyara.  |
| 33. Kalwas.       | 38. Punrasar. | 43. Satu.     |
| 34. Raiya Tunda.  | 39. Togas.    | 44. Meghasar. |
| 35. Dhirwas Bada. | 40. Nethwa.   | 45. Kalash.   |
| 36. Buchawas.     | 41. Bhaleri.  |               |

*Tehsil Ratangarh.*

- |               |                |                |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 46. Gogasar.  | 51. Lacharsar. | 56. Hurepa.    |
| 47. Parihara. | 52. Golsar.    | 57. Jaitasar.  |
| 48. Lohar.    | 53. Hamusar.   | 58. Pabusar.   |
| 49. Parsne.   | 54. Nosaria.   | 59. Barjansar. |
| 50. Nharaya.  | 55. Jaleu.     |                |

*Tehsil Sardarshahr*

- |                 |                        |                    |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| 60. Bandhnau.   | 66. Derajsar.          | 72. Goga Bas Guda. |
| 61. Bukalsar.   | 67. Meharsar.          | 73. Bhojrasar.     |
| 62. Khejran.    | 68. Pulrasar.          | 74. Degan.         |
| 63. Bhadasar.   | 69. Dulrasar.          | 75. Bhanipura.     |
| 64. Jaisangdar. | 70. Shimla.            | 76. Sadasar        |
| 65. Ajitsar.    | 71. Foga bas Bharkari. | 77. Ratusar.       |

*Tehsil Dingargarh.*

- |                |                         |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 78. Momasar.   | 84. Lakhsar.            | 89. Dusanna.            |
| 79. Sudsar.    | 85. Dhukariasar.        | 90. Jhambeu.            |
| 80. Bina.      | 86. Dhirdesar Chotiyan. | 91. Kalyansar Nawa Bas. |
| 81. Ridi.      | 87. Adasar.             | 92. Abesingh pura.      |
| 82. Upani.     | 88. Gusainsar.          | 93. Punlsar.            |
| 83. Likhmisar. |                         |                         |

*Tehsil Sujangarh.*

- |               |                |              |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 94. Jaitasar. | 96. Deewani.   | 98. Guleria. |
| 95. Dariba.   | 97. Rajiyasar. |              |



## REVIEW OF POPULATION FIGURES

### CHURU DISTRICT

**Introduction** 1. Churu District is included in Bikaner Division. It lies to the east of Bikaner city; between the parallels of 27° 25' and 28° 42' north latitudes and 74° 29' and 75° 3' east longitudes. It is bounded on the north by Ganganagar district, on the south by Jhunjhunu and Sikar districts, on the east by Hisar district of Punjab and on the west by Bikaner district.

2. The district is divided into two sub-divisions i. e. Rajgarh and Ratangarh, and 7 tehsils. There are 15 police stations and 10 police out-posts.

**Population** 3. This district consists of 11 towns and 854 villages having a population of 523,276 persons (males 269,850, females 253,426) of whom only 185,102 persons or 35.4 per cent reside in urban units and rest in rural ones. This district stands 15th in respect of population among the districts of Rajasthan; vide Annexure "A." A majority of villages are of the smallest size with a population below 500 persons. The towns are— (1) Ratangarh, (2) Rajaldesar, (3) Sardar sahar, (4) Sujangarh, (5) Chhapar, (6) Bidasar, (7) Dungargarh, (8) Rajgarh, (9) Churu, (10) Ratannagar and (11) Taranagar.

4. The population of this district as composed on March 1, 1951, according to census of 1941, was 455,128 (males 238,515 and females 216,613). The last decade has witnessed an increase of 68,148 or 15.0 per cent; vide Annexure "B." Its growth is above the average growth of Rajasthan by 0.97 per cent. This growth in urban units has been 20.0 per cent, while that in rural units is 12.4 per cent.

**Area and Density** 5. The area of this district as supplied by Surveyor General for India is 6,512.4 sq. miles. It thus covers 5.0 per cent of the total area of the State and stands 8th in respect of area, when compared with the other districts of Rajasthan; vide Annexure "C". The Director of Land Records, Rajasthan State, states the area of this district to be 6,581 sq. miles. It has a density of 80 persons per sq. mile. It was 70 in 1941. Its density is much below the average density of Rajasthan which is 117 and above that of Bikaner division (64) of which it forms a part; vide Annexure "D" and "F".

**Occupied houses, households and sex ratio** 6. The number of occupied houses in this district is 79,339 which are inhabited by 91,680 Households, (53,521 houses occupied by 59,405 households in rural areas and 25,818 houses occupied by 32,275 households in urban units).

7. The number of persons per occupied house is 6.6 (6.3 in rural and 7.2 in urban units). The same was the proportion in 1941. The average number of persons per household is 5.6 persons in rural and 5.7 in urban units. The household population of the district is 522,990 (337,988 in rural and 185,002 in urban units), i. e., only 286 less than the total population. This last figure represents the houseless persons and inmates of institutions etc. The number of females per thousand males in this district is 939 in total population and the same in household population. It was 908 in 1941 vide Annexure "E". In the rural units it is 902 and in the urban units it is 1,011.

**Literacy** 8. The number of total literates is 52,701, i. e., 101 per thousand (males 41,182, i. e., 153 per thousand and females 11,519, i. e. 45.4 per thousand). The condition is different in rural from urban units as depicted in the inset table.

Number of literates per thousand				
		Persons	Males	Females
Rural	..	32.0	57	8
Urban	--	223	336	110

9. The strength of persons depending directly or indirectly upon agriculture as their principal means of livelihood is 373,393. They form 71.4 per cent of the total population. But if we take out of consideration those who are not directly in touch with land, *i.e.*, non-cultivating owners of land and their dependants, the percentage of actual agriculturists and their dependants comes to 70.61. Amongst agriculturists the largest percentage is that of cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned and their dependants who form 36.4 per cent. Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned and their dependants rank second forming a percentage of 33.6 only. The cultivating labourers and their dependants and non-cultivating owners form 0.6 and 0.8 per cent respectively.

10. Non-agricultural category forms 28.6 per cent *i.e.*, people depending on "other services and miscellaneous sources" form 12.1 per cent of the general population. Traders are 9.6 per cent. Industrialists comprise 6 per cent. Transport industry supports 0.9 per cent only.

11. In the rural units the agricultural classes form 96.9 per cent of the total rural population and the non-agricultural classes 3.2 per cent *i.e.*, cultivators of owned land and their dependants form 52.5 per cent, cultivators of unowned land and their dependants forms 43.1 per cent, cultivating labourers and their dependants form 0.4 per cent while the non-cultivating owners of land are 0.9 per cent only.

12. Of the non-agricultural category in the rural area, the largest number depend upon the 'Other services and miscellaneous sources' being 1.7 per cent and those depending upon trade are 1 per cent. Industrialists form 0.3 per cent. The number of persons engaged in Transport Industry is 0.2 per cent only.

13. In the urban units the owner cultivators and the cultivators of unowned land are 7.1 per cent and 16.3 per cent of the total urban population respectively. The cultivating labourers and the non-cultivating owners of land are 1.0 per cent and 0.4 per cent respectively. The non-agricultural category forms 75.1 per cent. Amongst them the largest group depends upon 'Other services and miscellaneous sources' forming 31.2 per cent, traders being 25.4 per cent. and Industrialists 16.2 per cent. Only 2.3 per cent of the population are engaged in Transport Industry.

14. Economically inactive persons can be grouped into two categories:—(a) those who earn their livelihood without any activity, *e. g.*, pensioners, stipend holders, receivers of rent from land or buildings or interest, and (b) those whose activities are uneconomic in their nature *e. g.*, beggars, prostitutes etc. The number of such persons in this district is 1,382 (956 males and 426 females). They form 0.26 per cent of the total population of the district. Their further details are given in District Economic Table B. III—Employers, Employees and Independent Workers in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions.

15. The principal language of this district is Marwari which is really a dialect of Rajasthani. It is spoken by 409,001 persons, *i.e.*, 78.2 per cent of the population. Of the other languages spoken in this district (Western Hindi including Urdu) is spoken by 45,993 persons, *i.e.*, 8.8 per cent of the population. Speakers of Banjari or Labhani and Bikaneri are 42,863 and 20,710, *i. e.*, 8.2 and 3.9 per cent respectively. Speakers of Sindhi, Rajasthani and Punjabi are 2,405, 1,095 and 732, *i. e.*, 0.45, 0.3 and 0.13 per cent respectively. The number of speakers of other languages is insignificant being less than 0.1 per cent each.

16. A vast majority of the people of this district are Hindus, being 87.6 per cent. next come Muslims who are 8.3 per cent. Jainism ranks third having 4.1 per cent of the population as its followers. Sikhs and Christians combined form even less than one per cent.

17. The Scheduled castes population enumerated in this district is 92,686, *i.e.*, 17.7 per cent of the total population and there is none belonging to Scheduled Tribes. A list of Scheduled castes notified by the Government of India is appended herewith. (Annexure "G").

18. Of the persons enumerated in this district, 92·2 per cent are born in the district itself, while those born in other districts of Rajasthan are 6·15 per cent. For districtwise details of the above items see District Table D—IV (Migrants). Persons born in India outside Rajasthan are 6,510, *i.e.*, 1·24 per cent and those born in countries in Asia beyond India are 2,103, *i.e.*, 0·4 per cent. Most of them were born in areas now known as Pakistan and have come here as displaced persons. Persons born in Europe outside Asia are only 4, *i.e.*, less than 0·1 per cent.

19. The number of displaced persons in this district is only 1,907. All have immigrated from West Pakistan (1,166 in 1947, 707 in 1948, 32 in 1949 and 2 in 1950). Majority of them, *i.e.*, 1,172 or 61·4 per cent are traders. 456, *i.e.*, 24·0 per cent earn their livelihood by 'Other services and miscellaneous sources'. Industrialists rank third being 272, *i.e.*, 14·3 per cent. Those who are engaged in Transport are 3, *i.e.*, 0·1 per cent. Cultivators of owned and unowned land are each 2 in number, *i.e.*, 0·1 per cent each.

20. In this district the total number of persons afflicted by infirmities (the blind, the deaf-mutes, the insane and the lepers) are 1,155, *i.e.*, 2·2 per thousand. Blindness is the most prominent, the number being 893, *i.e.*, 1·6 per thousand of the total population. Persons afflicted by the rest of the infirmities are 0·6 per thousand. 62·6 per cent of the total blind persons are in the age group 55 and over. Similarly 18·75 per cent of the total deaf-mutes, 22·6 per cent of the total insane and 100 per cent of the total lepers are in this age group.

## ANNEXURE "A"

## Districts of Rajasthan arranged by Population

S. No.	Districts	Total	Rural	Urban
1	Jaipur .. ..	1,656,097	1,186,885	469,212
2	Udaipur .. ..	1,191,232	1,043,253	147,979
3	Bharatpur .. ..	907,399	757,177	150,222
4	Alwar .. ..	861,993	763,155	98,838
5	Kotah .. ..	766,198	639,230	126,968
6	Sawai Madhopur .. ..	765,172	668,943	96,929
7	Nagaur .. ..	763,829	664,250	99,579
8	Bhilwara .. ..	727,356	659,851	67,505
9	Jodhpur .. ..	691,786	463,399	228,387
10	Sikar .. ..	677,782	529,498	148,284
11	Pali .. ..	660,856	570,727	90,192
12	Ganganagar .. ..	630,130	539,217	90,913
13	Jhunjhunu .. ..	588,621	448,295	140,326
14	Chittorgarh .. ..	587,724	524,570	63,154
15	Churu .. ..	523,276	338,174	185,102
16	Jalore .. ..	459,467	431,416	28,051
17	Barmer .. ..	441,368	408,601	32,767
18	Tonk .. ..	400,947	332,268	68,679
19	Jhalawar .. ..	373,810	330,826	42,984
20	Banswara .. ..	356,559	336,874	19,685
21	Bikaner .. ..	330,329	181,341	148,988
22	Dungarpur .. ..	308,243	286,501	21,742
23	Bundi .. ..	280,518	232,760	47,758
24	Sirohi .. ..	237,362	209,502	27,860
25	Jaisalmer .. ..	102,743	94,717	8,026

## ANNEXURE "A"

## Districts of Rajasthan arranged by Population.

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1	Jaipur .. ..	1,656,097	1,186,885	469,212
2	Udaipur .. ..	1,191,232	1,043,253	147,979
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4	Alwar .. ..	861,993	763,155	98,838
5	Kotah .. ..	766,198	639,230	126,968
6	Sawai Madhopur .. ..	765,172	668,943	96,229
7	Nagaur .. ..	763,829	664,250	99,579
8	Bhilwara .. ..	727,356	659,851	67,505
9	Jodhpur .. ..	691,786	463,399	228,387
10	Sikar .. ..	677,782	529,498	148,284
11	Pali .. ..	660,856	570,727	90,129
12	Ganganagar .. ..	630,130	539,217	90,913
13	Jhunjhunu .. ..	588,621	448,295	140,326
14	Chittorgarh .. ..	587,724	524,570	63,154
15	Churu .. ..	523,276	338,174	185,102
16	Jalore .. ..	459,467	431,416	28,051
17	Barmer .. ..	441,368	408,601	32,767
18	Tonk .. ..	400,947	332,268	68,679
19	Jhalawar .. ..	373,810	330,826	42,984
20	Banswara .. ..	356,559	336,874	19,685
21	Bikaner .. ..	330,329	181,341	148,988
22	Dungarpur .. ..	308,243	286,501	21,742
23	Bundi .. ..	280,518	232,760	47,758
24	Sirohi .. ..	237,362	209,502	27,860
25	Jaisalmer .. ..	102,743	94,717	8,026

## ANNEXURE "B".

Districts of Rajasthan arranged according to  
Percentage of Growth of Population

S. No.	District	Growth		S. No.	District	Growth			
		Actual	Percentage			Actual	Percentage		
1	Jaipur	..	+365,537	+28.3	14	Churu	..	+68,148	+15.0
2	Tonk	..	+ 76,202	+23.5	15	Chittorgarh	..	+66,854	+12.8
3	Barmer	..	+ 78,071	+21.5	16	Bundi	..	+31,144	+12.5
4	Jodhpur	..	+118,103	+20.6	17	Dungarpur	..	+33,961	+12.4
5	Sirohi	..	+ 40,071	+20.3	18	Sawai Madhopur	..	+82,647	+12.1
6	Jhunjhunu	..	+ 97,750	+19.9	19	Jaisalmer	..	+ 9,497	+10.2
7	Pali	..	+105,270	+18.9	20	Sikar	..	+61,868	+10.0
8	Banswara	..	+ 56,646	+18.9	21	Bikaner	..	+26,493	+ 8.7
9	Ganganagar	..	+ 96,156	+18.0	22	Jhalawar	..	+26,784	+ 7.7
10	Udaipur	..	+178,051	+17.6	23	Kotah	..	+39,041	+ 5.4
11	Nagaur	..	+107,452	+16.4	24	Bharatpur	..	+46,058	+ 5.3
12	Bhilwara	..	+ 96,262	+15.3	25	Alwar	..	+16,602	+ 2.0
13	Jalore	..	+ 59,897	+15.0					

## ANNEXURE "C".

## Districts of Rajasthan arranged according to Area.

S. No.	District	Area in square miles	S. No.	District	Area in square miles	
1	Jaisalmer	..	14	Sawai Madhopur	..	4,203.8
2	Barmer	..	15	Tonk	..	3,581.6
3	Jodhpur	..	16	Alwar	..	3,245.3
4	Bikaner	..	17	Chittorgarh	..	3,231.2
5	Ganganagar	..	18	Bharatpur	..	3,132.6
6	Udaipur	..	19	Sikar	..	2,941.9
7	Nagaur	..	20	Jhalawar	..	2,311.2
8	Churu	..	21	Jhunjhunu	..	2,310.5
9	Jaipur	..	22	Bundi	..	2,138.9
10	Jalore	..	23	Banswara	..	1,953.8
11	Kotah	..	24	Sirohi	..	1,671.1
12	Pali	..	25	Dungarpur	..	1,466.3
13	Bhilwara	..				
				Total	..	130,206.7

## ANNEXURE "D"

Districts of Rajasthan arranged according to Density per square mile  
with variation since 1941

S. No.	District	1941	1951	Variation.	S. No.	District	1941	1951	Variation
1	Bharatpur ..	275	290	+15	14	Sirohi ..	118	142	+24
2	Alwar ..	260	266	+ 6	15	Pali ..	117	139	+22
3	Jaipur ..	205	263	+58	16	Bundi ..	117	131	+14
4	Jhunjhunu ..	212	255	+43	17	Tonk ..	91	112	+21
5	Sikar ..	209	230	+21	18	Nagaur ..	95	111	+16
6	Dungarpur ..	187	210	+23	19	Jalore ..	81	93	+12
7	Sawai Madhopur	162	182	+20	20	Churu ..	70	80	+10
8	Chittorgarh ..	161	182	+21	21	Ganganagar ..	65	77	+12
9	Banswara ..	154	182	+28	22	Jodhpur ..	61	73	+12
10	Udaipur ..	146	171	+25	23	Barmer ..	36	43	+ 7
11	Jhalawar ..	150	162	+12	24	Bikaner ..	36	39	+ 3
12	Kotah ..	152	160	+ 8	25	Jaisalmer ..	6	6	..
13	Bhilwara ..	135	156	+21					

## ANNEXURE "E"

Districts of Rajasthan arranged according to Preponderance of females

S. No.	District	No. of females per 1000 males in		S. No.	District	No. of females per 1000 males in	
		1941	1951			1941	1951
1	Dungarpur ..	970	1,003	14	Kotah ..	919	926
2	Banswara ..	996	983	15	Tonk ..	903	925
3	Sirohi ..	947	973	16	Jaipur ..	914	919
4	Sikar ..	920	972	17	Jalore ..	921	913
5	Udaipur ..	943	960	18	Bundi ..	918	913
6	Chittorgarh	944	958	19	Jodhpur ..	887	899
7	Jhunjhunu ..	881	956	20	Alwar .	890	896
8	Jhalawar ..	925	952	21	Sawai Madhopur ..	884	879
9	Pali ..	943	946	22	Barmer ..	869	869
10	Churu ..	908	939	23	Ganganagar ..	814	836
11	Nagaur ..	912	936	24	Bharatpur ..	840	835
12	Bhilwara ..	943	934	25	Jaisalmer ..	807	813
13	Bikaner ..	866	929				

## ANNEXURE "F"

**Density of population per square mile in the Administrative Divisions of the State of Rajasthan.**

	Division			Density per square mile
1	Jaipur	..	..	228
2	Udaipur	..	..	173
3	Kotah	..	..	154
4	Bikaner	..	..	64
5	Jodhpur	..	..	62

## ANNEXURE "G"

**Scheduled Castes.**

*Published in the Notification, Gazette of India, Extraordinary  
Part II Section 3. No. 27 dated 11th August 1950  
Order No. S. R. C. 510 dated 6th Sept., 1950.*

1	Adi Dharmi	12	Chamar	23	Kapadia Sansi	34	Nut
2	Aheri	13	Chura	24	Khangar	35	Pasi
3	Badi	14	Dabgar	25	Khatka	36	Raigar
4	Bagri	15	Dhankia	26	Kooch Band	37	Ramdasia
5	Bajgar	16	Dheda	27	Koria	38	Rawal
6	Bansphor	17	Dome	28	Kunjar	39	Sarbhangi
7	Bargi	18	Gandia	29	Madari	40	Singiwala
8	Bawaria	19	Garancha Mehtar	30	Majhabi	41	Sansi
9	Bhand	20	Godhi	31	Mehar	42	Thori
10	Bhangi	21	Jatia	32	Mehtar	43	Tirgar
11	Bidakia	22	Kalbelia	33	Mochi	44	Valmiki



## DEFINITIONS AND KEY TO SYMBOLS

### Definitions.

*Tract*:—In past censuses the census figures were tabulated by administrative units *i.e.* districts, tehsils, etc. This time in almost all tables the figures have been represented by units which have been technically called "TRACTS". Tracts are of three kinds, (1) all villages of a sub-division taken together form one rural tract, (2) all towns (which are not cities) in a district taken together form an "urban non-city tract" and (3) every city is an "urban city tract" or in short "city tract". A list of tracts comprised in each district has been given in the handbook of the district.

*Town*:—A "Town" has been defined as every municipality, every cantonment or every village which had a population of 5,000 or over in 1941 or any other village which was treated as a town for special reasons by the State Census Superintendent.

*City*:—A "City" is normally defined as a town with a population of one lac or over, but this definition has been relaxed in Rajasthan, and towns with a population of 50,000 or over have also been treated as cities, to bring the definition in uniformity with the one adopted in the Municipal Act.

*Village*:—A "Village" means a revenue **mauza** whose revenue is realised under a separate name. It includes all hamlets attached to it.

*House*:—A "House" has been defined as every structure made of any material which is actually used as human habitation or if not so used is capable of being so used, which has separate main entrance from the street, lane, by-lane, etc. It includes structures of all kinds such as residential houses, temples, mosques, offices, etc. The minimum which was necessary for qualifying a structure to be classed as a house was at least two walls and a roof made of any material.

*Occupied House*:—"Occupied houses" were those which were used actually for the residence of human beings.

*Household*:—A "Household" has been defined to mean and include all persons living in one and the same house and dining at a common mess irrespective of their blood relationship *e. g.* servants residing with their masters and taking meals in their kitchen were treated as members of the master's household. On the contrary even nearest relatives as husband or wife were treated as separate families if for any reason they happened to live in separate buildings and dine at separate kitchens.

*Household Population*:—"Household Population" means persons living in numbered houses as members of a commensal family including guests and servants. It does not include (a) houseless persons or (b) inmates of institutions like jails, hospital, dak bungalows, boarding houses, orphanages, sarais, dharmashalas, police lines, military lines, asyums, etc.

*Displaced persons*:—A "Displaced person" was defined as "a person who migrated from Western Pakistan after 1st March, 1947 or from Eastern Pakistan after 15th October, 1946 due to communal disturbances or fear of disturbances or due to partition of India and Pakistan. Children born to such persons after their migration to India were not to be treated as displaced persons."

*Ward*:—A "ward" was defined as municipal ward in case of municipal towns. In non-municipal towns wards have been made arbitrarily by the Census Department.

*Means of Livelihood*:—In former censuses it was customary to represent the basic population data by community or religion. This time an innovation has been made and in most of the tables the figures are published by means of livelihood groups. All occupations have been classified under eight broad classes and given code numbers which are as follows—

I—Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned and their dependants.

II—Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned and their dependants.

III—Cultivating labourers and their dependents.

IV—Non-cultivating owners of land, agricultural rent receivers and their dependents.

Persons (including dependants) who derive their principal means of livelihood from—

V—Production other than cultivation.

VI—Commerce.

VII—Transport.

VIII—Other services and miscellaneous sources.

N. B.—In most of the Tables, the m/t class number is only given instead of describing the class.

*Code No:*—In the enumeration stage a set of location code numbers was prescribed to identify each inhabited spot, where by the districts were numbered serially within the State, tehsils within a district and cities, towns and villages within a tehsil. Similarly houses were numbered within a village and households within each house. Hamlets were given sub-numbers under the number of the parent village.

### Key to Symbols

M/L	=Means of livelihood.
T	=Total.
R	=Rural.
U	=Urban.
P	=Persons.
M	=Males.
F	=Females.
S. D. R	=Sub-Division Rural.
U. N. C.	=Urban Non-City.

Letter "M" when used with the name of a city indicates Municipality; letters "T. B.", Town Board; "N. A.", Notified Area.

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## DISTRICT CENSUS DATA AT A GLANCE

1951

Code No. and Name of Sub-Region .. 2·4 Desert Sub-Region.  
 Code No. and Name of Natural Division .. 2·41 Rajasthan Dry Area Division.  
 Code No. and Name of District:—  
 (1) According to Natural Region .. 2·412 Churu District  
 (2) According to Enumeration Location Code 10 Churu

1. Area in sq. miles 6,512·4 Proportion to total area of the State. 5·0 P. C.

## 2. Population:—

		Persons	Males	Females	Females per 1,000 males	P. C. of total Population of the State
1951	{ T	523,276	269,850	253,426	939	3·4
	{ R	338,174	177,791	160,383	902	2·7
	{ U	185,102	92,059	93,043	1,011	7·0
1941	{ T	455,128	238,515	216,613	908	3·4
	{ R	300,860	158,294	142,566	901	2·6
	{ U	154,268	80,221	74,047	923	8·1

3. Density per square mile in .. { 1951 .. 80  
 1941 .. 70

## 4. Variation in population:—

	Actual	Percentage
1901—1911	+ 39,145	+ 15·1
1911—1921	— 271	— 0·1
1921—1931	+ 66,529	+ 22·3
1931—1941	+ 89,756	+ 24·6
1941—1951	+ 68,148	+ 15·0
1901—1951 (in the last 50 years).	+ 263,307	+ 101·3

## 5. Mean decennial growth rate during 1941—51

+ 13·9

## 6. Towns and villages classified by population

	No.	Population	P. C. to total population of District	Females per 1,000 males
Cities	..	..	..	..
Towns other than Cities	11	185,102	35·4	1,011
Villages with a Population of:—				
Over 5,000	..	..	..	..
2,000 to 5,000	6	14,411	2·8	960
1,000 to 2,000	35	46,594	8·9	914
500 to 1,000	187	126,939	24·3	904
Less than 500	626	150,230	28·6	892
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>338,174</b>	<b>64·6</b>	<b>902</b>

## 7. Occupied Houses and Households

	No. of occupied houses	No. of households	Persons per occupied house	Persons per household
T	79,339	91,680	6.6	5.7
R	53,521	59,405	6.3	5.7
U	25,818	32,275	7.2	5.7

8. Number of households per 100 occupied houses .. 116

## 9. Number of displaced persons:—

	Persons	Males	Females
T	1,907	990	917
R	46	35	11
U	1,861	955	906

## 10. Distribution of population by M/L classes Actual and per 1,000:—

Total Agricultural		I		II		III		IV		
Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	
T	373,393	714	190,554	364	175,854	336	3,076	6	3,909	8
R	327,471	969	177,400	525	145,708	431	1,265	4	3,098	9
U	45,922	248	13,154	71	30,146	163	1,811	10	811	4

Total Non-Agricultural		V		VI		VII		VIII		
Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	Actual	per 1,000	
T	149,883	286	31,199	60	50,380	96	4,830	9	63,474	121
R	10,703	32	1,163	3	3,358	10	541	2	5,641	17
U	139,180	751	30,036	162	47,022	254	4,289	23	57,833	312

## 11. Distribution of population by Religion:—

Religion	Persons	Percentage of total population of the District
Hindus	458,301	87.6
Sikhs	236	Less than one
Jains	21,223	4.1
Buddhists	..	..
Zoroastrians	..	..
Muslims	43,449	8.3
Christians	67	Less than one
Jews	..	..
Others	..	..

**12. Literates:—**

	Actual			Percentage		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
T .. ..	52,701	41,182	11,519	10·1	15·3	4·5
R .. ..	11,481	10,175	1,306	3·2	5·7	0·8
U .. ..	41,220	31,007	10,213	22·3	33·6	11·0

**13. Distribution by Economic Status:—**

Self-supporting persons	..	..	..	200,382
Earning dependants	..	..	..	28,187
Non-earning dependants	..	..	..	294,707

**14. Average population per Tehsil** .. .. .. **74,754**

**15. Average Area per Tehsil** .. .. .. **930·3 Sq. Miles**

**16. Towns with their Code No.—**

10/1/61	Ratangarh	M.
10/1/22	Rajaldesar	M.
10/2/135	Sardar Shahr	M.
10/3/118	Sujangarh	M.
10/3/86	Chhapar	M.
10/3/62	Bidasar	M.
10/4/20	Dungargarh	M.
10/5/95	Rajgarh	M.
10/6/3	Churu	M.
10/6/73	Ratannagar	M.
10/7/83	Taranagar	M.

**17. Tracts comprised in this District**

No.	Name
44.	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural
45.	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural.
46.	Churu District Urban Non-City.

N. B.—The first number represents the District, second Tehsil and the third Town.

**18. Tehsils with their Code No.—**

	No. of Households	Household Population		Literates	
		Males	Females	Males	Females
10/1 Ratangarh .. ..	13,309	38,519	37,722	7,157	2,358
10/2 Sardar Shahr .. ..	12,606	39,417	37,311	5,066	1,995
10/3 Sujangarh .. ..	19,609	52,410	50,939	7,691	2,131
10/4 Dungargarh .. ..	10,952	27,365	24,378	3,652	1,456
10/5 Rajgarh .. ..	14,431	46,078	41,020	6,368	1,316
10/6 Churu .. ..	12,941	42,210	40,797	7,607	1,681
10/7 Taranagar .. ..	7,832	23,665	21,159	3,641	582

N. B.—Figures in item Nos. 14, 15 & 18 include the figures of urban areas of the tehsils concerned.



## A—GENERAL POPULATION TABLES

## A. I.—Area, Houses and Population

## Explanatory Note:—

This table shows for the District of Churu and for each of its Tehsils, number of villages, occupied houses, and total rural population for males and females. Serial No. 12 includes all towns in the Churu District which do not come under the definition of city.

The figures of area against each unit have been entered as supplied by the District Officer. They represent the total area of the unit, rural as well as urban, as separate figures for urban units were not available. The total area of the district as supplied by the Surveyor General of India has been given against the name of the district within brackets. The tehsilwise area figures could not be made available from the Surveyor General's Office.

There are 7 tehsils in this district namely, Ratangarh, Sardarshahr, Sujangarh, Dungargarh, Rajgarh, Churu and Taranagar.

S. No.	Administrative Unit	Area in Sq. miles	Villages	Towns	Occupied houses	POPULATION			
						Persons	Males	Females	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Churu District Total ..	(6,51,24)	6,581	854	11	79,339	523,276	269,850	253,426
2	Churu District Rural ..	..	6,581	854	..	53,521	338,174	177,791	160,383
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural ..	..	4,454	490	..	32,541	192,390	100,575	91,815
4	Ratangarh Tehsil Rural ..	..	655	92	..	6,620	39,680	20,605	19,075
5	Sardarshahr Tehsil Rural ..	..	1,551	166	..	7,857	50,080	26,193	23,867
6	Sujangarh Tehsil Rural ..	..	1,092	142	..	10,617	63,239	33,125	30,114
7	Dungargarh Tehsil Rural ..	..	1,156	90	..	7,447	39,411	20,652	18,759
8	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural ..	..	2,127	364	..	20,980	145,784	77,216	68,568
9	Rajgarh Tehsil Rural ..	..	845	182	..	9,395	72,202	38,416	33,786
10	Churu Tehsil Rural ..	..	600	93	..	5,746	38,789	20,240	18,549
11	Taranagar Tehsil Rural ..	..	682	89	..	5,839	34,793	18,560	16,238
12	Churu District Urban Non-City ..	..	..	..	11	25,818	185,102	92,059	93,043

## A. II—Variation in Population during Fifty Years

## Churu District.

## Explanatory Note:—

This table compares the population of the district as composed on 1st March, 1951 with those of previous five censuses. The figures of the past censuses have been taken from Table II of the 1941 Census Report of Rajputana and Ajmer Merwara.

Census Year	Persons	Variation	Males	Variation	Females	Variation
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1901 .. ..	259,969	..	134,544	..	125,425	..
1911 .. ..	299,114	+ 39,145	155,603	+21,059	143,511	+18,086
1921 .. ..	298,843	— 271	155,165	— 438	143,678	+ 167
1931 .. ..	365,372	+ 66,529	189,920	+34,755	175,452	+31,774
1941 .. ..	455,128	+ 89,756	238,515	+48,595	216,613	+41,161
1951 .. ..	523,276	+ 68,148	269,850	+31,335	253,426	+36,813
Net Variation (1901-1951)	..	+ 263,307	..	+135,306	..	+128,001

## A. III.—Towns and Villages

## Explanatory Note:—

This table deals with the towns as well as villages taken together. They have been classified according to population into classes have been shown separately for the district as a whole and for each tehsil. In addition to towns there is no village with a population

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Total number of inhabited towns and villages	Towns and villages					
			Total Population			Total		
			Persons	Males	Females	Number	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Churu District .. ..	865	523,276	269,850	253,426	848	170,439	153,324
2	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	497	308,237	157,797	150,440	487	96,839	88,168
3	Ratangarh Tehsil .. ..	94	76,241	38,519	37,722	91	19,016	17,500
4	Sardarshahr Tehsil .. ..	167	76,728	39,417	37,311	166	26,193	23,867
5	Sujangarh Tehsil .. ..	145	103,525	52,496	51,029	140	30,978	28,042
6	Dungargarh Tehsil .. ..	91	51,743	27,365	24,378	90	20,652	18,759
7	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	368	215,039	112,053	102,986	361	73,600	65,156
8	Rajgarh Tehsil .. ..	183	87,198	46,178	41,020	181	37,346	32,787
9	Churu Tehsil .. ..	95	83,007	42,210	40,797	92	19,016	17,349
10	Taranagar Tehsil .. ..	90	44,834	23,665	21,169	88	17,238	15,020

## A. III.—Towns and Villages

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Towns and villages with a population of 2,000—10,000—(Concl'd).						Towns and		
		2,000—5,000			5,000—10,000			Total		
		Number	Males	Females	Number	Males	Females	Number	Males	Females
(1)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	
1	Churu District .. ..	7	9,278	9,304	3	11,291	11,829	7	78,848	78,969
2	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	3	3,796	3,647	3	11,291	11,829	4	45,981	46,796
3	Ratangarh Tehsil .. ..	1	1,589	1,575	1	4,434	4,696	1	13,480	13,951
4	Sardarshahr Tehsil .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	13,224	13,444
5	Sujangarh Tehsil .. ..	2	2,147	2,072	2	6,857	7,133	1	12,514	13,782
6	Dungargarh Tehsil .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	6,713	5,619
7	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	4	5,542	5,657	..	..	—	3	32,911	32,178
8	Rajgarh Tehsil .. ..	1	1,070	999	..	..	..	1	7,762	7,234
9	Churu Tehsil .. ..	2	3,150	3,445	..	..	..	1	20,044	20,003
10	Taranagar Tehsil .. ..	1	1,322	1,213	..	..	..	1	7,105	4,936





### A. IV.—Towns classified by Population with Variation since 1901

This table compares the population of towns as ascertained at the Census of 1951 with their population in the last 5 censuses, by sex.

The number of class in which these towns fall is shown under the name of each town. The figures of the previous censuses have been given against such towns only which were towns in the decades concerned.

In this table the cities and towns have been classified and arranged according to population under six classes namely:—

I	..	100,000 and over
II	..	50,000 to 100,000
III	..	20,000 to 50,000
IV	..	10,000 to 20,000
V	..	5,000 to 10,000
VI	..	Less than 5,000

The nature of the Local Body functioning in each town is shown in the bracket after the name of the town wherever such body is functioning.

In this district one new town Ratannagar has been added in this census.

Town and Year	Tehsil	Persons	Variation	Males	Variation	Females	Variation
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<b>District Total (Urban Population)</b>							
1901	..	52,960	..	25,679	..	27,281	..
1911	..	77,955	+ 24,995	38,070	+ 12,391	39,885	+ 12,604
1921	..	86,794	+ 8,839	42,817	+ 4,747	43,977	+ 4,092
1931	..	112,258	+ 25,464	56,115	+ 13,298	56,143	+ 12,166
1941	..	154,268	+ 42,010	80,221	+ 24,106	74,047	+ 17,904
1951	..	185,102	+ 30,834	92,059	+ 11,838	93,043	+ 18,996
Net Variation (1901—1951)	..	..	+ 132,142	..	+ 66,380	..	+ 65,762
<i>Churu (M) Churu</i>							
<b>(CLASS III)</b>							
1901	..	15,657	..	7,723	..	7,934	..
1911	..	16,038	+ 381	7,793	+ 70	8,245	+ 311
1921	..	16,932	+ 894	8,462	+ 669	8,470	+ 225
1931	..	21,965	+ 5,033	11,107	+ 2,645	10,858	+ 2,368
1941	..	28,269	+ 6,304	14,604	+ 3,497	13,665	+ 2,807
1951	..	40,047	+ 11,778	20,044	+ 5,440	20,003	+ 6,338
Net variation (1901—1951)	..	..	+ 24,390	..	+ 12,321	..	+ 12,069
<i>Ratangarh (M) Ratangarh</i>							
<b>(CLASS III)</b>							
1901	..	11,744	..	5,608	..	6,136	..
1911	..	12,803	+ 1,059	6,078	+ 470	6,726	+ 589
1921	..	13,468	+ 665	6,596	+ 518	6,872	+ 147
1931	..	16,338	+ 2,870	8,197	+ 1,601	8,141	+ 1,269
1941	..	20,961	+ 4,623	10,943	+ 2,746	10,018	+ 1,877
1951	..	27,431	+ 6,470	13,480	+ 2,537	13,951	+ 3,933
Net variation (1901—1951)	..	..	+ 15,687	..	+ 7,872	..	+ 7,815
<i>Sardarsbahr (M) Sardarsbahr</i>							
<b>(CLASS III)</b>							
1901	..	10,052	..	4,874	..	5,178	..
1911	..	12,375	+ 2,323	6,008	+ 1,134	6,367	+ 1,189
1921	..	14,348	+ 1,973	7,006	+ 998	7,342	+ 975
1931	..	19,407	+ 5,059	9,714	+ 2,708	9,693	+ 2,351
1941	..	26,048	+ 6,641	13,387	+ 3,673	12,661	+ 2,968
1951	..	26,668	+ 620	13,224	- 163	13,444	+ 783
Net variation (1901—1951)	..	..	+ 16,616	..	+ 8,350	..	+ 8,266

## A. IV—Towns classified by Population with Variation since 1901—(Contd.)

Town and Year	Tehsil	Persons	Variation	Males	Variation	Females	Variation
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<i>Sujangarh (M)</i>	<b>Sujangarh</b>						
<b>(CLASS III)</b>							
1901	..	9,762	..	4,723	..	5,039	..
1911	..	12,086	+ 2,324	5,948	+1,225	6,138	+1,099
1921	..	12,520	+ 434	6,170	+ 222	6,350	+ 212
1931	..	17,157	+ 4,637	8,519	+2,349	8,638	+2,288
1941	..	24,972	+ 7,815	13,127	+4,608	11,845	+3,207
1951	..	26,296	+ 1,324	12,514	— 613	13,782	+1,937
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	<b>+16,534</b>	..	<b>+7,791</b>	..	<b>+8,743</b>
<i>Rajgarh (M)</i>	<b>Rajgarh</b>						
<b>(CLASS IV)</b>							
1901	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911	..	4,526	..	2,262	..	2,264	..
1921	..	5,621	+1,095	2,957	+ 695	2,664	+ 400
1931	..	9,828	+4,207	5,134	+2,177	4,694	+2,030
1941	..	12,261	+2,433	6,665	+1,531	5,596	+ 902
1951	..	14,996	+2,735	7,762	+1,097	7,234	+1,638
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Dungargarh (M)</i>	<b>Dungargarh</b>						
<b>(CLASS IV)</b>							
1901	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911	..	3,973	..	2,089	..	1,884	..
1921	..	6,382	+2,409	3,177	+1,088	3,205	+1,321
1931	..	8,212	+1,830	4,028	+ 851	4,184	+ 979
1941	..	11,671	+3,459	6,221	+2,193	5,450	+1,266
1951	..	12,332	+ 661	6,713	+ 492	5,619	+ 169
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Taranagar (M)</i>	<b>Taranagar</b>						
<b>(CLASS IV)</b>							
1901	..	5,745	..	2,751	..	2,994	..
1911	..	5,904	+ 159	2,873	+ 122	3,031	+ 37
1921	..	5,785	— 119	2,805	— 68	2,980	— 51
1931	..	6,335	+ 550	3,103	+ 298	3,232	+ 252
1941	..	8,319	+1,984	4,200	+1,097	4,119	+ 887
1951	..	10,041	+1,722	5,105	+ 905	4,936	+ 817
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	<b>+ 4,296</b>	..	<b>+ 2,354</b>	..	<b>+1,942</b>
<i>Rajaldesar (M)</i>	<b>Rajaldesar</b>						
<b>(CLASS V)</b>							
1901	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911	..	5,459	..	2,669	..	2,790	..
1921	..	6,573	+1,114	3,122	+ 453	3,451	+ 661
1931	..	7,204	+ 631	3,465	+ 343	3,739	+ 288
1941	..	8,310	+ 1,106	4,038	+ 573	4,272	+ 533
1951	..	9,130	+ 820	4,434	+ 396	4,696	+ 424
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	..	..	..	..	..

## A. IV—Towns classified by Population with Variation since 1901—(Concl'd.)

Town and Year	Tehsil	Persons	Variation	Males	Variation	Females	Variation
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<b>Bidasar (M)</b>		<b>Sujangarh</b>					
<b>(CLASS V)</b>							
1901	..	—	..	..	..	—	..
1911	..	4,791	..	2,350	..	2,441	..
1921	..	5,165	+ 374	2,522	+ 172	2,643	+ 202
1931	..	5,812	+ 647	2,848	+ 326	2,964	+ 321
1941	..	8,094	+2,282	4,296	+1,448	3,798	+ 834
1951	..	8,041	— 53	3,964	— 332	4,077	+ 279
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Ohhpar (M)</b>		<b>Sujangarh</b>					
<b>(CLASS V)</b>							
1901	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1921	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1931	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1941	..	5,363	..	2,740	..	2,623	..
1951	..	5,949	+ 586	2,893	+ 153	3,056	+ 433
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Ratanagar (M)</b>		<b>Churu</b>					
<b>(CLASS VI)</b>							
1901	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1921	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1931	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1941	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1951	..	4,171	..	1,926	..	2,245	..
<b>Net variation (1901—1951)</b>		..	..	..	..	..	..

**A. V.—Towns arranged Territorially with Population by Livelihood Classes**

**Explanatory Note:—**

This table gives the number of persons (including dependants) in each town according to principal means of livelihood instead of religion as in past censuses, but 10 means of livelihood classes I to III have been clubbed together and they have been shown in the columns No. 15 and 16 after the non-agricultural classes.

The towns have been arranged according to population. The nature of the local body functioning in each town is shown in brackets after the name of the town wherever such body is functioning.

**L I V E L I H O O D C L A S S E S**

*Non-Agricultural Class,*

*Agricultural Class,*

Serial No.	Name of Town	Population		Persons (including dependants) who derive their principal means of livelihood from										Agricultural Class,		Serial No.
		Males	Females	V—Production other than cultivation		VI.—Commerce		VII.—Transport		VIII.—Other services and miscellaneous sources		IV—Non cultivating owners of land, cultivators and their dependants		Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	<b>Total of all Towns</b>	<b>185,102</b>	<b>93,043</b>	<b>15,015</b>	<b>15,021</b>	<b>23,115</b>	<b>23,907</b>	<b>2,801</b>	<b>1,588</b>	<b>22,462</b>	<b>22,370</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>22,730</b>	<b>22,381</b>	
1	Churu (M)	40,047	20,044	4,453	4,350	4,870	4,716	988	941	7,089	6,974	1	..	2,643	2,720	1
2	Ratanagar (U)	27,431	13,430	2,311	2,568	3,113	2,967	436	360	1,977	4,940	19	16	2,401	3,047	2
3	Sardar Shahr (M)	26,668	13,224	1,715	1,748	4,455	4,509	70	51	3,205	3,228	13	7	3,698	3,888	3
4	Sujanpur (M)	26,296	12,514	2,499	2,691	3,073	4,372	234	291	3,517	3,529	10	6	3,781	2,784	4
5	Rajgarh (M)	14,986	7,762	574	510	1,743	1,808	262	187	1,533	1,503	174	175	748	3,051	5
6	Dungargarh (M)	19,332	6,713	641	454	1,751	1,757	60	29	3,165	3,155	3	3	1,063	221	6
7	Taranagar (M)	10,041	5,105	501	499	1,477	1,459	33	27	815	739	..	..	2,279	2,212	7
8	Rajaldesar (M)	9,130	4,434	730	761	838	904	20	23	1,349	1,582	..	..	1,497	1,426	8
9	Bidisar (M)	8,041	3,964	451	588	162	154	78	62	1,923	2,006	205	155	1,145	1,112	9
10	Chhapar (M)	5,949	2,893	403	389	763	922	102	86	711	780	1	..	910	379	10
11	Ratanagar (M)	4,171	1,926	137	163	265	339	10	14	506	374	9	14	999	1,041	11

## B. ECONOMIC TABLES

1. In the 1951 Census, the economic classification was substituted for the classification based on religion.

2. The people have been divided into two broad livelihood categories, *viz.*, the Agricultural Classes and the Non-Agricultural Classes.

3. There are four Agricultural Classes, defined as below:—

I—Cultivators of land, wholly or mainly owned; and their dependants.

II—Cultivators of land, wholly or mainly unowned; and their dependants.

III—Cultivating labourers; and their dependants, and

IV—Non-cultivating owners of land; agricultural rent receivers; and their dependants.

4. There are four Non-Agricultural Classes, defined as comprising all persons (including dependants) who derive their principal means of livelihood from:—

V—Production other than cultivation.

VI—Commerce.

VII—Transport.

VIII—Other services, and miscellaneous sources.

5. All these classes have been referred to as Means of Livelihood Classes or in brief M/L Classes.

NOTE.—(a) Land is deemed to be owned "if it is held on any tenure (by whatever name it is known locally) which carries with it the right of permanent occupancy for purposes of cultivation". Such right should be heritable. It may be (but need not necessarily be) also transferable.

(b) A "Cultivator" (Livelihood Class I or II) is distinguished from a "Cultivating Labourer" (Livelihood Class III) as the person who takes the responsible decisions which constitute the direction of the process of cultivation. All cultivating labourers are employees of cultivators.

(c) The classification of a person employed in any non-agricultural enterprise or establishment is based on the nature of his own work, not on the nature of the enterprise or establishment concerned. Thus, for instance not all railway employees are classifiable under Livelihood Class VII (Transport). Those employed in Railway workshops are classifiable under Livelihood Class V and those employed on constructional services under Livelihood Class VIII.

6. Livelihood Sub-Classes:—Each of the eight M/L Classes has been divided into three sub-classes, with reference to their economic status as below:—

(i) Self-supporting persons;

(ii) Non-earning dependants; and

(iii) Earning dependants.

### Economically active, semi-active and passive persons

7. All non-earning dependants are economically passive. They include persons performing house-work or other domestic or personal services for other members of the same family household. But they do not include "unpaid family workers or persons who take part along with the members of the family household in carrying on cultivation or a home industry as a family enterprise".

8. All earning dependants are economically semi-active only. Though they contribute to the carrying on of economic activities, the magnitude of their individual contribution is deemed to be too small to justify their description as economically active.

9. All self-supporting persons are, ordinarily, economically active. But there are certain classes and groups which constitute an exception to this rule. These are mentioned below:—

- (i) The self-supporting persons of Agricultural Class IV.
- (ii) The following groups of self-supporting persons who are included in non-agricultural Class VIII and derive their principal means of livelihood from miscellaneous sources (otherwise than through economic activity):—
  - (a) Non-working owners of non-agricultural property,
  - (b) Pensioners and remittance holders,
  - (c) Persons living on charity and other persons with unproductive occupations, and
  - (d) inmates of penal institutions and asylums.

#### **Classification of Economic activities and Economically active persons**

10. Economic activities may be defined as including all activities of which the result is the production of useful commodities or the performance of useful services; but not including the performance of domestic or personal services by members of a family household to one another.

11. The most important among all economic activities is the cultivation of land (or the production of the field crops). It stands in a category by itself. All other economic activities may be regarded as falling in another category which may be referred to as "Industries and Services". All these activities may be classified with reference to the nature of the commodity produced or service performed. Under the present scheme, all industries and services are classified in 10 divisions; and these divisions are sub-divided into 88 sub-divisions. The scope of activities included in each sub-division is indicated by its title.

12. Economically active persons engaged in cultivation, are either cultivators or cultivating labourers *i. e.*, they are persons of sub-class (i) of agricultural classes I to III.

13. Economically active persons engaged in industries and services are classifiable in the divisions and sub-divisions. All persons included in each sub-division are further divisible into three sections *viz.*,

- (i) Employers,
- (ii) Employees, and
- (iii) Independent workers.

14. In effecting this classification, no account has been taken of whether the classified person was actually employed or unemployed on the date of enumeration. He has been allocated to that particular description of economic activity from which he has been in fact deriving a regular (that is non-casual) income, as his principal means of livelihood.

#### **The Tables**

15. The Economic tables for the State as a whole with break-up for Natural Divisions and districts will be found in Report Part II-B of the Census of India, 1951, Volume X, Rajasthan and Ajmer. It also contains a full discussion of the Indian Census Economic Classification Scheme and its comparison with International Standard Industrial Classification Scheme evolved by the United Nations Organisation. This Handbook contains the above tables for this district in which they are published down to tract level.

16. The replies recorded in the census slips against census questions 9, 10 and 11 have been used for classifying every enumerated person within the frame work of Economic Classification of people described above. The results have been exhibited in the three tables.

- |                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| (a) Economic Table I   | .. Livelihood classes and sub-classes   |
| (b) Economic Table II  | .. Secondary means of livelihood.   |
| (c) Economic Table III | .. Employers, employees, and independent workers in industries and services by divisions and sub-divisions. |

#### **Economic Table I.**

17. This table is the result of the record of replies to the census question No. 9 (1). It shows the distribution of population in the eight livelihood classes and 3 sub-classes of each livelihood Class. A complete picture has been presented of economically active, semi-active and passive persons.

#### **Economic Table II.**

18. It specifies the number of self-supporting persons in each of the 8 classes mentioned above, who have more than one means of livelihood and cross classifies them according to the nature of such secondary means of livelihood under the same eight classes. It also displays the number of earning dependants who supplement (with their own activities) the resources provided for their maintenance by the persons on whom they are dependant. The economic activity of the economically semi-active persons whereby they supplement the above resources has been shown in this table. The replies recorded in the slips against census question 11 showing the occupation of semi-active persons as also the secondary means of livelihood of self-supporting persons (with more than one occupation) other than the principal means of livelihood, are the basis of this table.

#### **Economic Table III.**

19. This table is limited to economically active persons only. Self-supporting persons engaged in industries and services have been classified under 10 divisions and sub-divisions thereof. They have been further divided under each division and sub-division into three categories "Employers", "Employees" and "Independent Workers".

- (a) M/L Class V (Production other than cultivation) corresponds to divisions 0 to 4. (0) Primary industries not elsewhere specified; 1-Mining and quarrying; 2-Processing and manufacture foodstuffs, textiles, leather and products thereof; 3-Processing and manufacture metals, chemicals and products thereof; 4-Processing and manufacture not elsewhere specified).
- (b) M/L Class VI (Commerce) corresponds to division 6 (Commerce).
- (c) M/L Class VII (Transport) corresponds to sub-divisions 7.1 to 7.4 of division 7 (Transport, storage and communications).
- (d) M/L Class VIII (Other services and miscellaneous sources) includes Division 5 (Construction and utilities), Division 7 (Transport, storage and Communication) with the exception of sub-divisions 7.1 to 7.4; Division 8 (Health, education and public administration) and Division 9 (Services not elsewhere specified). It also includes other miscellaneous sources of livelihood, *e. g.* income from investment, pensions and family remittances, proceeds of begging and other unproductive activities. These are not, however, included in Economic Table III which is limited to industries and services. Hence there is a difference to this extent between the total self-supporting persons of the non-agricultural classes in Economic Table I and the total of this table. The reconciliation has been affected by entries of economically inactive persons with the following further classification at the end of the table (columns Nos. 798 to 807).



- (i) Persons living principally on income from non-agricultural property.
- (ii) Persons living principally on pensions, remittances, scholarships and funds.
- (iii) Inmates of jails, asylums, and almshouses.
- (iv) Recipients of doles.
- (v) Beggars and vagrants.
- (vi) All other persons living principally on income derived from non-productive activities.

20. The unit of classifications is the organised "Establishment". The commodity produced or the service performed as a result of the work of the organised establishment is the criterion for classifying the establishment. The classification of the establishment is the classification of every member of the establishment.

21. As regards "Employees", all persons engaged, in production, commerce or transport (and not being domestic servants) have been classified under the appropriate sub-divisions with reference to their own activity, and without reference to that of their employer. Domestic servants have all been classed in one sub-division without reference to the nature of their work. All other employees (including all managerial and supervisory employees, clerks, messengers, watchmen and unskilled labourers of every description) have been classified with reference to the commodity produced or services rendered by their employers.

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## B. I—Livelihood Classes

## AGRICULTURAL

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGRICULTURAL								
		TOTAL POPULATION			TOTAL			S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
1	Churu District Total .. ..	523,276	269,850	253,426	373,393	195,415	177,978	104,631	60,356	
2	Churu District Rural .. ..	338,174	177,791	160,383	327,471	172,250	155,221	96,260	55,676	
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	192,390	100,575	91,815	184,882	96,697	88,185	58,646	31,507	
4	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	145,784	77,216	68,568	142,589	75,553	67,036	37,614	24,169	
5	Churu District Urban .. ..	185,102	92,059	93,043	45,922	23,165	22,757	8,371	4,680	

## AGRICULTURAL

## II—Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned and their dependants

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGRICULTURAL								
		TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(1)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)		
1	Churu District Total .. ..	90,719	85,135	49,958	28,438	36,401	49,101	4,360	7,596	
2	Churu District Rural .. ..	75,855	69,853	44,438	25,368	28,707	38,594	2,710	5,891	
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	63,603	58,600	37,775	21,263	23,475	32,653	2,353	4,684	
4	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	12,252	11,253	6,663	4,105	5,232	5,941	357	1,207	
5	Churu District Urban .. ..	14,864	15,282	5,520	3,070	7,694	10,507	1,650	1,705	

## NON-AGRICULTURAL

## ALL CLASSES

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	NON-AGRICULTURAL								
		TOTAL			S.C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S.C. (ii) Non-earning dependants			
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
(1)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)			
1	Churu District Total .. ..	149,883	74,435	75,448	29,915	5,480	41,573	67,378		
2	Churu District Rural .. ..	10,703	5,541	5,162	4,019	983	1,354	3,901		
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	7,508	3,878	3,630	3,210	720	549	2,767		
4	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	3,195	1,663	1,532	809	263	805	1,134		
5	Churu District Urban .. ..	139,180	68,894	70,286	25,896	4,497	40,219	63,477		

## NON-AGRICULTURAL

## Persons (including dependants) who derive

## VI—Commerce

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	NON-AGRICULTURAL								
		TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S.C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S.C. (iii) Earning dependants		
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(1)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)	(69)	(70)		
1	Churu District Total .. ..	24,690	25,690	10,597	1,270	13,449	23,248	644	1,172	
2	Churu District Rural .. ..	1,575	1,783	1,052	136	473	1,537	50	110	
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	1,207	1,377	888	99	294	1,248	25	30	
4	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural .. ..	368	406	164	37	179	289	25	80	
5	Churu District Urban .. ..	23,115	23,907	9,545	1,134	12,976	21,711	594	1,062	

## and Sub-classes

## CLASSES

## CLASSES

## I—Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned and their dependants

S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	
81,276	104,480	9,508	13,142	101,064	88,490	52,992	31,219	43,061	52,799	5,011	5,472	1
68,316	88,426	7,674	11,119	94,133	83,267	50,560	29,840	38,720	48,234	4,853	5,193	2
34,140	49,484	3,911	7,194	31,309	27,983	19,911	9,972	9,899	15,522	1,499	2,489	3
34,176	38,942	3,763	3,925	62,824	55,284	30,649	19,868	28,821	32,712	3,354	2,704	4
12,960	16,054	1,834	2,023	6,931	6,223	2,432	1,379	4,341	4,565	158	279	5

CLASSES—(Concl'd.)

## III—Cultivating labourers and their dependants

## IV—Non-cultivating owners of land, agricultural rent receivers and their dependants

TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	
1,620	1,456	670	455	913	960	37	41	2,012	1,897	1,011	244	901	1,620	100	33	1
685	580	360	235	309	341	16	4	1,577	1,521	902	233	580	1,257	95	31	2
541	453	285	168	251	281	5	4	1,244	1,149	675	104	515	1,028	54	17	3
144	127	75	67	53	60	11	..	333	372	227	129	65	229	41	14	4
935	876	310	220	604	619	21	37	435	376	109	11	321	363	5	2	5

## CLASSES

## Persons (including dependants) who derive their principal means of livelihood from

## V—Production other than cultivation

S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)	
2,947	2,590	15,663	15,536	5,020	1,442	9,291	13,168	1,352	926	1
168	278	648	515	532	150	108	312	8	53	2
119	143	472	389	427	117	44	229	1	43	3
49	135	176	126	105	33	64	83	7	10	4
2,779	2,312	15,015	15,021	4,488	1,292	9,183	12,856	1,344	873	5

CLASSES—(Concl'd.)

## their principal means of livelihood from

## VII—Transport

## VIII—Other services and miscellaneous sources

TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		TOTAL		S. C. (i) Self-supporting persons		S. C. (ii) Non-earning dependants		S. C. (iii) Earning dependants		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)	(78)	(79)	(80)	(81)	(82)	(83)	(84)	(85)	(86)	
2,662	2,168	1,270	28	1,347	2,091	45	49	31,420	32,054	13,028	2,740	17,486	23,871	906	443	1
361	180	234	20	120	149	7	11	2,957	2,684	2,201	677	653	1,903	103	104	2
223	95	168	16	53	69	2	..	1,976	1,779	1,727	488	158	1,221	91	70	3
138	95	66	4	67	80	5	11	981	905	474	189	495	682	12	34	4
2,301	1,988	1,036	8	1,227	1,942	38	38	28,463	29,370	10,827	2,063	16,833	26,968	803	339	5

## B. II—Secondary Means

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	Cultivation of owned land						Cultivation of			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	<b>CHURU</b>									
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural &amp; Non-agricultural)</b>	<b>4,645</b>	<b>4,136</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>3,815</b>	<b>4,035</b>	<b>3,977</b>	<b>6,083</b>	<b>1,934</b>	<b>439</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes</b> .. .. .	<b>3,866</b>	<b>3,996</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3,601</b>	<b>3,981</b>	<b>1,961</b>	<b>4,963</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>126</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	2,939	3,964	..	..	2,939	3,964	422	290	269	121
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned	715	19	101	9	614	10	1,471	4,639	..	..
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	25	..	16	..	9	..	21	34	17	5
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	187	13	148	6	39	7	47	..	42	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes</b> .. .. . (Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)	<b>779</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>565</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>2,016</b>	<b>1,070</b>	<b>1,606</b>	<b>313</b>
V Production other than cultivation .. .. .	174	19	72	18	102	1	583	253	416	128
VI Commerce .. .. .	111	25	106	13	5	12	253	570	226	85
VII Transport .. .. .	7	..	6	..	1	..	47	13	39	4
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	487	96	381	55	106	41	1,133	234	925	96

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	Production other than cultivation						Commerce			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural &amp; Non-agricultural)</b>	<b>6,334</b>	<b>4,145</b>	<b>2,761</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>3,573</b>	<b>3,327</b>	<b>1,215</b>	<b>735</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>206</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes</b> .. .. .	<b>4,442</b>	<b>2,895</b>	<b>2,302</b>	<b>727</b>	<b>2,140</b>	<b>2,168</b>	<b>614</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>188</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	2,528	1,226	1,098	238	1,430	988	132	75	121	54
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned	1,774	1,637	1,092	481	682	1,156	474	441	218	133
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	7	10	7	2	..	8	..	..	..	..
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	133	22	105	6	28	16	8	3	8	1
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes</b> .. .. . (Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)	<b>1,892</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>1,433</b>	<b>1,159</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>18</b>
V Production other than cultivation .. .. .	910	720	59	22	851	698	131	47	39	4
VI Commerce .. .. .	508	429	91	58	417	371	293	147	126	5
VII Transport .. .. .	15	8	5	..	10	8	6	..	1	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	459	93	304	11	155	82	171	22	124	9

## of Livelihood

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

<i>unowned land</i>		<i>Employment as cultivating labourer</i>						<i>Rent on agricultural land</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
<b>DISTRICT TOTAL</b>													
2,043	5,594	1,374	1,100	425	49	949	1,051	335	31	311	28	24	3
1,633	4,837	1,166	1,080	255	44	911	1,086	243	29	235	28	8	3
153	169	399	163	157	..	242	163	240	29	234	26	6	3
1,471	4,639	746	917	98	44	648	873	3	..	1	..	2	..
4	29	21	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
410	757	208	20	170	5	38	15	92	2	76	2	16	..
167	125	5	..	4	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
27	485	16	..	16	..	..	..	16	1	16	1	..	..
8	9	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
208	138	187	15	150	5	37	10	75	1	59	1	16	..

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

Earning dependants		<i>Transport</i>						<i>Other services and miscellaneous sources</i>					
TOTAL		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
578	529	570	182	318	14	252	168	4,736	1,729	3,615	704	1,221	1,025
267	331	317	152	88	10	229	142	3,092	1,192	2,373	543	719	644
11	21	3	..	3	..	..	..	1,430	421	1,200	257	230	164
256	308	314	152	85	10	229	142	1,587	744	1,129	276	458	468
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	12	19	8	3	4
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	53	15	25	7	28	8
311	198	253	30	230	4	23	26	1,644	537	1,142	156	502	381
92	43	9	..	9	..	..	..	190	70	51	11	139	59
167	142	105	5	105	4	..	1	128	176	100	15	28	161
5	..	1	9	..	..	1	9	22	18	2	..	20	18
47	13	138	16	116	..	22	16	1,304	273	989	130	315	143

## B. II—Secondary Means

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	<i>Cultivation of owned land</i>						<i>Cultivation of</i>			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	<b>CHURU</b>									
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural &amp; Non-agricultural)</b>	<b>4,077</b>	<b>3,949</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>3,545</b>	<b>3,887</b>	<b>1,930</b>	<b>4,422</b>	<b>663</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes .. .. .</b>	<b>3,740</b>	<b>3,860</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3,489</b>	<b>3,851</b>	<b>1,525</b>	<b>4,292</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>38</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned.	2,827	3,834	..	..	2,827	3,834	393	62	252	34
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned.	701	13	87	3	614	10	1,073	4,226	..	..
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	25	..	16	..	9	..	17	4	13	4
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	187	13	148	6	39	7	42	..	38	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes .. .. .</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>62</b>
Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)										
V Production other than cultivation. ..	46	5	45	5	1	..	132	45	129	26
VI Commerce .. .. .	88	22	83	2	5	10	35	12	28	2
VII Transport .. .. .	3	..	3	..	..	..	15	6	13	4
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources.	200	62	150	36	50	26	223	67	190	30

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	<i>Production other than cultivation</i>						<i>Commerce</i>			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural &amp; Non-agricultural)</b>	<b>3,831</b>	<b>2,231</b>	<b>1,929</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>1,902</b>	<b>1,662</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>91</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes .. .. .</b>	<b>3,784</b>	<b>2,191</b>	<b>1,906</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>1,878</b>	<b>1,625</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>84</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned.	2,414	1,222	992	234	1,422	988	90	63	82	45
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned.	1,274	947	844	324	430	623	108	55	90	38
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	7	2	7	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	89	20	63	6	26	14	6	3	6	1
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes .. .. .</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>
(Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)										
V Production other than cultivation. ..	19	33	16	..	3	33	3	..	3	..
VI Commerce .. .. .	5	2	..	..	5	2	33	90	6	2
VII Transport .. .. .	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources.	20	5	7	3	13	2	1	6	..	5

## of Livelihood—(Contd.)

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

<i>unowned land</i>		<i>Employment as cultivating labourer</i>						<i>Rent on agricultural land</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
<b>DISTRICT RURAL</b>													
1,267	4,322	817	1,019	153	22	664	997	246	30	239	27	7	3
1,222	4,254	817	1,016	153	21	664	995	230	29	223	26	7	3
141	28	389	163	147	..	242	163	227	29	222	26	5	3
1,073	4,226	426	853	6	21	420	832	3	..	1	..	2	..
4	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45	68	..	3	..	1	..	2	16	1	16	1	..	..
3	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	10	..	..	..
2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	37	..	3	..	1	..	2	6	1	6	1	..	..

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

Earning dependants		<i>Transport</i>						<i>Other services and miscellaneous sources</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
54	126	53	9	23	..	33	9	2,024	791	1,654	400	370	391
26	37	51	..	20	..	31	..	1,947	751	1,590	397	357	354
8	18	3	..	3	..	..	..	1,052	373	844	214	208	159
18	17	48	..	17	..	31	..	836	354	714	171	122	183
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	9	13	5	1	4
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	45	15	19	7	26	8
28	89	2	9	..	..	2	9	77	40	64	3	13	37
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	3	10	2	1	1
27	88	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	..	19	..	6	..
..	..	1	9	..	..	1	9	2	..	1	..	1	..
1	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	39	87	34	1	5	36

## B. II—Secondary Means

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	Cultivation of owned land						Cultivation of			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	<b>RATANGAREH</b>									
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural and Non-agricultural).</b>	<b>2,337</b>	<b>2,380</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>1,917</b>	<b>2,332</b>	<b>1,444</b>	<b>4,269</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes</b>	<b>2,099</b>	<b>2,303</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1,865</b>	<b>2,296</b>	<b>1,109</b>	<b>4,150</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>16</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	1,216	2,289	..	..	1,216	2,289	49	23	46	13
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned	694	2	87	2	607	..	1,035	4,124	..	..
III Cultivating labourers	3	..	..	..	3	..	1	3	1	3
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	186	12	147	5	39	7	24	..	24	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>61</b>
(Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)										
V Production other than cultivation	27	1	27	1	..	..	109	42	109	25
VI Commerce	39	22	34	12	5	10	29	11	24	2
VII Transport	3	..	3	..	..	..	13	4	11	4
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	169	54	122	28	47	26	184	62	154	30

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	Production other than cultivation						Commerce			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural and Non-agricultural).</b>	<b>1,851</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>1,228</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes</b>	<b>1,825</b>	<b>936</b>	<b>1,215</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>11</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned.	674	255	444	108	230	147	41	4	38	3
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned.	1,123	672	751	238	372	434	98	14	84	7
III Cultivating labourers	7	2	7	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	21	7	13	5	8	2	6	1	6	1
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>
(Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)										
V Production other than cultivation	7	25	6	..	1	25	3	..	3	..
VI Commerce	..	1	..	..	..	1	15	10	6	..
VII Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	19	4	7	2	12	2	1	5	..	5



## of Livelihood—(Contd.)

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

<i>unowned land</i>		<i>Employment as cultivating labourer</i>						<i>Rent on agricultural land</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
<b>SUB-DIVISION RURAL</b>													
1,075	4,192	230	3	13	1	217	2	189	8	183	6	6	2
1 038	4,134	230	..	13	..	217	..	186	7	180	5	6	2
3	10	11	..	11	..	..	..	184	7	179	5	5	2
1,035	4,124	218	..	2	..	216	..	2	..	1	..	1	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	58	..	3	..	1	..	2	3	1	3	1	..	..
..	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30	32	..	3	..	1	..	2	2	1	2	1	..	..

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

Earning dependants		<i>Transport</i>						<i>Other services and miscellaneous sources</i>					
TOTAL		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
27	18	21	..	7	..	14	..	1,361	447	1,210	267	151	180
17	8	20	..	7	..	13	..	1,321	436	1,176	265	145	171
3	1	2	..	2	..	..	..	552	174	510	134	42	40
14	7	18	..	5	..	13	..	743	238	648	119	95	119
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	9	8	5	1	4
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	15	10	7	7	8
10	10	1	..	..	..	1	..	40	11	34	2	6	9
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	3	9	2	..	1
9	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	..	19	..	6	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	6	8	6	..	..	8

## B. II—Secondary Means

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	<i>Cultivation of owned land</i>						<i>Cultivation of</i>			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	<b>RAJGARH</b>									
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural and Non-agricultural).</b>	<b>1,740</b>	<b>1,569</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1,628</b>	<b>1,555</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes .. .. .</b>	<b>1,641</b>	<b>1,557</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,624</b>	<b>1,555</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>22</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	1,611	1,545	..	..	1,611	1,545	344	39	206	21
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly un-owned	7	11	..	1	7	10	38	102	..	..
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	22	..	16	..	6	..	16	1	12	1
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	1	1	1	1	..	..	18	..	14	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes .. .. .</b> (Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)	<b>99</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>1</b>
V Production other than cultivation .. .. .	19	4	18	4	1	..	23	3	20	1
VI Commerce .. .. .	49	..	49	..	..	..	6	1	4	..
VII Transport .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	31	8	28	8	3	..	39	5	36	..

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	<i>Production other than cultivation</i>						<i>Commerce</i>			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural and Non-agricultural).</b>	<b>1,980</b>	<b>1,265</b>	<b>701</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>1,279</b>	<b>1,051</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes .. .. .</b>	<b>1,959</b>	<b>1,255</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>1,268</b>	<b>1,042</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>73</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	1,740	967	548	126	1,192	841	49	59	44	42
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly un-owned	151	275	93	86	58	189	10	41	6	31
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	68	13	50	1	18	12	..	2	..	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes .. .. .</b> (Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)	<b>21</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>2</b>
V Production other than cultivation, .. .. .	12	8	10	..	2	8	..	..	..	..
VI Commerce .. .. .	5	1	..	..	5	1	18	80	..	2
VII Transport .. .. .	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..

## of Livelihood —(Contd.)

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

<i>unowned land</i>		<i>Employment as cultivating labourer</i>						<i>Rent on agricultural land</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
<b>SUB-DIVISION RURAL</b>													
192	130	587	1,016	140	21	447	995	57	22	56	21	1	1
184	120	587	1,016	140	21	447	995	44	22	43	21	1	1
138	18	378	163	136	..	242	163	43	22	43	21	..	1
38	102	208	853	4	21	204	832	1	..	..	..	1	..
4	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	13	..	..	..
3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	9	..	..	..
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	..	..

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

Earning dependants		<i>Transport</i>						<i>Other services and miscellaneous sources</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
27	108	32	9	13	..	19	9	663	344	444	133	219	211
9	29	31	..	13	..	18	..	626	315	414	132	212	183
5	17	1	..	1	..	..	..	500	199	334	80	166	119
4	10	30	..	12	..	18	..	93	116	66	52	27	64
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	5	..	..	..
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	9	..	19	..
18	79	1	9	..	..	1	9	37	29	30	1	7	28
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..
18	78	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	9	..	..	1	9	2	..	1	..	1	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	33	29	28	1	5	28

## B. II—Secondary Means

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	Cultivation of owned land						Cultivation of			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
<b>CHURU</b>										
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural and Non-agricultural).</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>2,047</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>1,271</b>	<b>339</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes</b> .. .. .	<b>126</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>88</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	112	130	..	..	112	130	29	228	17	87
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned	14	6	14	6	..	..	398	413	..	..
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	30	4	1
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	4	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes</b> (Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)	<b>442</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>1,246</b>	<b>251</b>
V Production other than cultivation ..	128	14	27	13	101	1	451	208	287	102
VI Commerce .. .. .	23	3	23	1	..	2	218	558	198	83
VII Transport .. .. .	4	..	3	..	1	..	32	7	26	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	287	34	231	19	56	15	910	167	735	66

Livelihood Classes	NUMBER OF PERSONS DERIVING THEIR									
	Production other than cultivation						Commerce			
	TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
<b>Total All Classes (both Agricultural &amp; Non-agricultural).</b>	<b>2,503</b>	<b>1,914</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>1,671</b>	<b>1,665</b>	<b>974</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>All Agricultural Classes</b> .. .. .	<b>658</b>	<b>704</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>543</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>104</b>
I Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned	114	4	106	4	8	..	42	12	39	9
II Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned	500	690	248	157	252	533	366	386	128	95
III Cultivating labourers .. .. .	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..
IV Non-cultivating owners of land; Agricultural rent receivers	44	2	42	..	2	2	2	..	2	..
<b>All Non-agricultural Classes</b> .. .. . (Persons who derive their Principal means of livelihood from)	<b>1,845</b>	<b>1,210</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>1,409</b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>564</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>11</b>
V Production other than cultivation ..	891	687	43	22	848	665	128	47	36	4
VI Commerce .. .. .	503	427	91	58	412	369	260	57	120	3
VII Transport .. .. .	12	8	5	..	7	8	6	..	1	..
VIII Other services and miscellaneous sources	439	88	297	8	142	80	170	61	124	4

## of Livelihood—(Concl'd.)

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

<i>unowned land</i>		<i>Employment as cultivating labourer</i>						<i>Rent on agricultural land</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
<b>DISTRICT URBAN</b>													
776	1,272	557	81	272	27	235	54	89	1	72	1	17	..
411	583	349	64	102	23	247	41	13	..	12	..	1	..
12	141	10	..	10	..	..	..	13	..	12	..	1	..
398	413	320	64	92	23	228	41	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	29	19	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
365	689	208	17	170	4	38	13	76	1	60	1	13	..
164	106	5	..	4	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
20	475	16	..	16	..	..	..	6	1	6	1	..	..
6	7	..	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
175	101	187	12	150	4	37	8	69	..	53	..	16	..

## SECONDARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD FROM

Earning dependants		<i>Transport</i>						<i>Other services and miscellaneous sources</i>					
Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants		TOTAL		Self-supporting persons		Earning dependants	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)
524	403	517	173	293	14	219	159	2,712	938	1,861	304	351	634
241	294	266	152	68	10	198	142	1,145	441	783	151	362	290
3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	378	43	356	43	22	5
238	291	266	152	68	10	198	142	751	390	415	105	336	235
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	3	6	3	2	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	6	..	2	..
283	109	251	21	230	4	21	17	1,567	497	1,078	153	489	344
92	43	9	..	9	..	..	..	179	67	41	9	133	58
140	54	105	5	105	4	..	1	103	173	81	15	22	161
5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	18	1	..	19	18
46	12	137	16	116	..	21	16	1,265	236	955	129	910	107









## in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions—(Contd.)

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas						Sub-division 1.5 Stone-quarrying, clay and sand pits									Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers			
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
(109)	(110)	(111)	(112)	(113)	(114)	(115)	(116)	(117)	(118)	(119)	(120)	(121)	(122)		
..	..	..	..	..	..	20	4	..	..	7	..	13	4	1	
..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	2	
..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	3	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	
..	..	..	..	..	..	13	4	..	..	..	..	13	4	5	
Salt, saltpetre and saline substances						Division 2 Processing and manufacture—Foodstuffs, Textiles, Leather and Products thereof									Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers			
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
(133)	(134)	(135)	(136)	(137)	(138)	(139)	(140)	(141)	(142)	(143)	(144)	(145)	(146)		
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,793	1,034	25	8	121	35	2,647	991	1	
..	..	..	..	..	..	226	65	3	..	..	..	223	65	2	
..	..	..	..	..	..	179	50	3	..	..	..	176	50	3	
..	..	..	..	..	..	47	15	..	..	..	..	47	15	4	
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,567	969	22	8	121	35	2,424	926	5	
Grains and pulses						Sub-division 2.2 Vegetable oil and dairy products									Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers			
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
(157)	(158)	(159)	(160)	(161)	(162)	(163)	(164)	(165)	(166)	(167)	(168)	(169)	(170)		
..	..	9	..	65	8	168	31	2	..	2	..	164	31	1	
..	..	..	..	1	3	21	1	..	..	..	..	21	1	2	
..	..	..	..	..	3	21	1	..	..	..	..	21	1	3	
..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	
..	..	9	..	64	5	147	30	2	..	2	..	143	30	5	
2.4 Beverages						Sub-division 2.5 Tobacco									Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers			
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
(181)	(182)	(183)	(184)	(185)	(186)	(187)	(188)	(189)	(190)	(191)	(192)	(193)	(194)		
1	..	2	..	10	..	203	15	1	..	18	..	184	15	1	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	
1	..	2	..	10	..	203	15	1	..	18	..	184	15	5	

## B. III—Employers, Employees and Independent Workers

		Sub-division 2'6 Cotton textiles								Sub-division 2'7	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(195)	(196)	(197)	(198)	(199)	(200)	(201)	(202)	(203)	(204)
1	Churu District Total ..	899	339	7	1	48	15	844	323	593	170
2	Churu District Rural ..	57	13	3	..	..	..	54	13	62	13
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	54	12	3	..	..	..	51	12	46	10
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	3	1	..	..	..	..	3	1	16	3
5	Churu District Urban ..	842	326	4	1	48	15	790	310	531	157

  

		Sub-division 2'9 Leather, leather products and footwear								Division 3	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(219)	(220)	(221)	(222)	(223)	(224)	(225)	(226)	(227)	(228)
1	Churu District Total ..	768	453	10	5	5	15	753	433	270	74
2	Churu District Rural ..	79	32	..	..	..	..	79	32	43	28
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	58	21	..	..	..	..	58	21	36	24
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	21	11	..	..	..	..	21	11	7	4
5	Churu District Urban ..	689	421	10	5	5	15	674	401	227	46

  

		Sub-division 3'1 Iron and Steel (Basic manufacture)								Sub-division 3'2	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(243)	(244)	(245)	(246)	(247)	(248)	(249)	(250)	(251)	(252)
1	Churu District Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Churu District Rural ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

  

		Sub-division 3'4 Electrical machinery, apparatus, appliances and supplies								Sub-division 3'5	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(267)	(268)	(269)	(270)	(271)	(272)	(273)	(274)	(275)	(276)
1	Churu District Total ..	8	..	..	..	1	..	7	..	29	..
2	Churu District Rural ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	8	..	..	..	1	..	7	..	29	..

## in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions—(Contd.)

Wearing apparel (except footwear) and made-up textile goods						Sub-division 2·8 Textile Industries otherwise unclassified										Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers				
Males (205)	Females (206)	Males (207)	Females (208)	Males (209)	Females (210)	Males (211)	Females (212)	Males (213)	Females (214)	Males (215)	Females (216)	Males (217)	Females (218)			
1	2	32	4	560	164	12	4	..	..	2	1	10	3	1		
..	..	..	..	62	18	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	2		
..	..	..	..	46	10	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	3		
..	..	..	..	16	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4		
1	2	32	4	498	151	12	1	..	..	2	1	10	..	5		
<i>Processing and Manufacture—Metals, Chemicals and products thereof</i>						Sub-division 3·0 Manufacture of metal products, otherwise unclassified										Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers				
Males (229)	Females (230)	Males (231)	Females (232)	Males (233)	Females (234)	Males (235)	Females (236)	Males (237)	Females (238)	Males (239)	Females (240)	Males (241)	Females (242)			
1	1	17	4	252	69	230	78	1	..	11	4	218	69	1		
..	..	..	..	43	28	43	28	..	..	..	..	43	28	2		
..	..	..	..	36	24	36	24	..	..	..	..	36	24	3		
..	..	..	..	7	4	7	4	..	..	..	..	7	4	4		
1	1	17	4	309	41	187	45	1	..	11	4	175	41	5		
Non-Ferrous Metals (Basic manufacture)						Sub-division 3·3 Transport Equipment										Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers				
Males (253)	Females (254)	Males (255)	Females (256)	Males (257)	Females (258)	Males (259)	Females (260)	Males (261)	Females (262)	Males (263)	Females (264)	Males (265)	Females (266)			
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5		
Machinery (other than electrical machinery) including Engineering Workshops						Sub-division 3·6 Basic Industrial Chemicals, Fertiliser and Power Alcohol										Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers				
Males (277)	Females (278)	Males (279)	Females (280)	Males (281)	Females (282)	Males (283)	Females (284)	Males (285)	Females (286)	Males (287)	Females (288)	Males (289)	Females (290)			
..	..	5	..	24	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4		
..	..	5	..	24	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	5		



## B. III—Employers, Employees and Independent Workers

		Sub-Division 4.9 Printing and Allied Industries								Division 5	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(387)	(388)	(389)	(390)	(391)	(392)	(393)	(394)	(395)	(396)
1	Churu District Total	2	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	1,017	213
2	Churu District Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	145	32
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	143	25
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	7
5	Churu District Urban	2	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	872	181
		Sub-Division 5.1 Construction and maintenance—Buildings								Sub-Division 5.2 Bridges and	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(411)	(412)	(413)	(414)	(415)	(416)	(417)	(418)	(419)	(420)
1	Churu District Total	521	43	..	..	196	3	325	40	29	..
2	Churu District Rural	70	4	..	..	9	3	61	1	29	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	70	4	..	..	9	3	61	1	29	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	451	39	..	..	187	..	264	39	..	..
		Sub-Division 5.4 Construction and Maintenance operations—Irrigation and other agricultural works								Sub-Division 5.5	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(435)	(436)	(437)	(438)	(439)	(440)	(441)	(442)	(443)	(444)
1	Churu District Total	8	3	..	..	8	3	..	..	27	..
2	Churu District Rural	8	3	..	..	8	3	..	..	3	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	8	3	..	..	8	3	..	..	3	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..
		Sub-Division 5.7 Sanitary Works and services—Including scavengers								Division 6	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(459)	(460)	(461)	(462)	(463)	(464)	(465)	(466)	(467)	(468)
1	Churu District Total	384	51	..	..	259	40	125	11	10,597	1,270
2	Churu District Rural	25	18	..	..	4	7	21	11	1,052	136
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	23	11	..	..	2	..	21	11	888	99
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	2	7	..	..	2	7	..	..	164	37
5	Churu District Urban	359	33	..	..	255	33	104	..	9,545	1,184

**in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions—(Contd.)**

<i>Construction and Utilities</i>						Sub-division 5·0 Construction & maintenance of works—otherwise unclassified						Serial No.		
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees			Independent Workers	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		Males	Females
(397)	(398)	(399)	(400)	(401)	(402)	(403)	(404)	(405)	(406)	(407)	(408)		(409)	(410)
..	..	536	79	481	134	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
..	..	61	13	84	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
..	..	59	6	84	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
..	..	475	66	397	115	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5

<i>Construction and maintenance—Roads, other Transport Works</i>						Sub-division 5·3 Construction and maintenance—Telegraph and Telephone Lines						Serial No.		
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees			Independent Workers	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		Males	Females
(421)	(422)	(423)	(424)	(425)	(426)	(427)	(428)	(429)	(430)	(431)	(432)		(433)	(434)
..	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
..	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
..	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5

<i>Works and Services—Electric Power and Gas supply</i>						Sub-division 5·6 Works and Services—Domestic and Industrial water supply						Serial No.		
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees			Independent Workers	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		Males	Females
(445)	(446)	(447)	(448)	(449)	(450)	(451)	(452)	(453)	(454)	(455)	(456)		(457)	(458)
..	..	27	..	..	..	48	116	..	..	17	33	31	83	1
..	..	3	..	..	..	10	7	..	..	8	..	2	7	2
..	..	3	..	..	..	10	7	..	..	8	..	2	7	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
..	..	24	..	..	..	38	109	..	..	9	33	29	76	5

<i>Commerce</i>						Sub-division 6·0 Retail trade otherwise unclassified						Serial No.		
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees			Independent Workers	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		Males	Females
(469)	(470)	(471)	(472)	(473)	(474)	(475)	(476)	(477)	(478)	(479)	(480)		(481)	(482)
1,741	5	1,236	65	7,620	1,200	3,186	554	333	..	283	42	2,570	512	1
13	..	170	19	869	117	668	97	6	..	143	17	519	80	2
10	..	152	19	726	80	579	66	6	..	127	17	446	49	3
3	..	18	..	143	37	89	31	..	..	16	..	73	31	4
1,728	5	1,086	46	6,751	1,083	2,518	457	327	..	140	25	2,051	432	5







## B. III—Employers, Employees and Independent Workers

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Sub-division 7-3 Transport by air								Sub-division	
		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females

		(579)	(580)	(581)	(582)	(583)	(584)	(585)	(586)	(587)	(588)
1	Churu District Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	737	4
2	Churu District Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	203	4
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	138	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65	4
5	Churu District Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	534	..

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Sub-division 7-6 Postal Services								Sub-division	
		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females

		(603)	(604)	(605)	(606)	(607)	(608)	(609)	(610)	(611)	(612)
1	Churu District Total	71	4	..	..	71	4	..	..	..	..
2	Churu District Rural	2	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	2	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	69	3	..	..	69	3	..	..	..	..

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Sub-division 7-9 Wireless Services								Division 8	
		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females

		(627)	(628)	(629)	(630)	(631)	(632)	(633)	(634)	(635)	(636)
1	Churu District Total	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3,048	405
2	Churu District Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	292	154
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	183	153
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	109	1
5	Churu District Urban	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2,756	251

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Sub-division 8-2 Educational Services and Research								Sub-division	
		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females

		(651)	(652)	(653)	(654)	(655)	(656)	(657)	(658)	(659)	(660)
1	Churu District Total	763	76	..	..	701	32	62	44	..	..
2	Churu District Rural	95	12	..	..	79	12	16	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	56	12	..	..	40	12	16	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	39	..	..	..	39	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	668	64	..	..	622	20	46	44	..	..

## in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions—(Contd.)

7.4 Railway transport						Sub-division 7.5 Storage and warehousing								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(589)	(590)	(591)	(592)	(593)	(594)	(595)	(596)	(597)	(598)	(599)	(600)	(601)	(602)	
..	..	737	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
..	..	203	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
..	..	138	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
..	..	65	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
..	..	534	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5

  

7.7 Telegraph Services						Sub-division 7.8 Telephone Services								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(613)	(614)	(615)	(616)	(617)	(618)	(619)	(620)	(621)	(622)	(623)	(624)	(625)	(626)	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5

  

Health, Education and Public Administration						Sub-division 8.1 Medical and other Health Services								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(637)	(638)	(639)	(640)	(641)	(642)	(643)	(644)	(645)	(646)	(647)	(648)	(649)	(650)	
2	..	2,919	261	127	144	219	119	2	..	152	19	65	100	1
..	..	268	149	24	5	31	6	..	..	23	1	8	5	2
..	..	164	148	19	5	19	6	..	..	16	1	3	5	3
..	..	104	1	5	..	12	..	..	..	7	..	5	..	4
2	..	2,651	112	103	139	188	113	2	..	129	18	57	95	5

  

8.3 Army, Navy and Air Force						Sub-division 8.4 Police (other than village watchme )								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(661)	(662)	(663)	(664)	(665)	(666)	(667)	(668)	(669)	(670)	(671)	(672)	(673)	(674)	
..	..	..	..	..	..	216	3	..	..	216	3	..	..	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	59	1	..	..	59	1	..	..	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	43	..	..	..	43	..	..	..	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	16	1	..	..	16	1	..	..	4
..	..	..	..	..	..	157	2	..	..	157	2	..	..	5

## B. III—Employers, Employees and Independent Workers:

		Sub-division 8.5 village officers and servants, including village watchmen								Sub-division 8.6	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(675)	(676)	(677)	(678)	(679)	(680)	(681)	(682)	(683)	(684)
1	Churu District Total ..	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	142	44
2	Churu District Rural ..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	31	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	111	44

  

		Sub-division 8.8 Employees of the Union Government								Sub-division 8.9	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(699)	(700)	(701)	(702)	(703)	(704)	(705)	(706)	(707)	(708)
1	Churu District Total ..	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..
2	Churu District Rural ..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	..	..

  

		Sub-division 9.0 Services otherwise unclassified								Sub-division rendered by	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(723)	(724)	(725)	(726)	(727)	(728)	(729)	(730)	(731)	(732)
1	Churu District Total ..	3,413	705	6	..	1,122	251	2,285	454	2,382	515
2	Churu District Rural ..	1,032	201	..	..	664	108	368	93	240	46
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	863	109	..	..	618	54	245	55	177	38
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	169	92	..	..	46	54	123	38	63	8
5	Churu District Urban ..	2,381	504	6	..	458	143	1,917	361	2,142	469

  

		Sub-division 9.3 Laundries and laundry services								Sub-division 9.4	
Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(747)	(748)	(749)	(750)	(751)	(752)	(753)	(754)	(755)	(756)
1	Churu District Total ..	382	14	1	..	4	13	357	1	24	10
2	Churu District Rural ..	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	358	14	1	..	4	13	353	1	24	10

## in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions—(Contd.)

Employees of Municipalities and Local Boards						Sub-division 8-7 Employees of State Governments								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(685)	(686)	(687)	(688)	(689)	(690)	(691)	(692)	(693)	(694)	(695)	(696)	(697)	(698)	
..	..	142	44	..	..	1,675	163	..	..	1,675	163	..	..	1
..	..	31	..	..	..	68	135	..	..	68	135	..	..	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	59	135	..	..	59	135	..	..	3
..	..	31	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	4
..	..	111	44	..	..	1,607	28	..	..	1,607	28	..	..	5

  

Employees of Non-Indian Governments						Division 9 Services not elsewhere specified								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(709)	(710)	(711)	(712)	(713)	(714)	(715)	(716)	(717)	(718)	(719)	(720)	(721)	(722)	
..	..	..	..	..	..	7,935	1,692	19	1	3,242	663	4,074	1,008	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,520	321	..	..	861	124	659	207	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,254	220	..	..	785	62	469	168	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	266	101	..	..	76	62	190	99	4
..	..	..	..	..	..	6,415	1,371	19	1	2,381	539	4,015	881	5

  

9-1 Domestic services (but not including services members of family households to one another)						Sub-division 9-2 Barbers and beauty shops								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(733)	(734)	(735)	(736)	(737)	(738)	(739)	(740)	(741)	(742)	(743)	(744)	(745)	(746)	
..	..	1,909	349	473	166	999	106	4	..	114	23	881	83	1
..	..	186	8	54	38	55	11	..	..	..	..	55	11	2
..	..	156	..	21	38	50	11	..	..	..	..	50	11	3
..	..	30	8	33	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	4
..	..	1,723	341	419	128	944	95	4	..	114	23	826	72	5

  

Hotels, restaurants and eating houses						Sub-division 9-5 Recreation services								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(757)	(758)	(759)	(760)	(761)	(762)	(763)	(764)	(765)	(766)	(767)	(768)	(769)	(770)	
7	..	5	9	12	1	208	88	1	..	40	8	167	80	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	72	45	..	..	..	..	72	45	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	54	45	..	..	..	..	54	45	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	4
7	..	5	9	12	1	136	43	1	..	40	8	95	35	5

## B. III—Employers, Employees and Independent Workers

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Sub-division 9'6 Legal and business services								Sub division 9'7	
		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(771)	(772)	(773)	(774)	(775)	(776)	(777)	(778)	(779)	(780)
1	Churu District Total	57	10	..	..	5	8	52	2	6	11
2	Churu District Rural	2	8	..	..	2	8	..	..	1	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	2	8	..	..	2	8	..	..	1	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	55	2	..	..	3	..	52	2	5	11

Economically

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Total persons deriving their income otherwise than through productive activities			(i) Persons living principally on income from non-agricultural property	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(795)	(796)	(797)	(798)	(799)
1	Churu District Total	1,382	956	426	117	2
2	Churu District Rural	411	242	169	1	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	234	145	89	1	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	177	97	80	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	971	714	257	116	2

**in Industries and Services by Divisions and Sub-divisions—(Concl'd.)**

Arts, letters and journalism								Sub-division 9*8 Religious, Charitable and Welfare Services								Serial No.
Employers		Employees		Independent Workers		TOTAL		Employers		Employees		Independent Workers				
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females			
(781)	(782)	(783)	(784)	(785)	(786)	(787)	(788)	(789)	(790)	(791)	(792)	(793)	(794)			
..	1	1	1	5	9	484	233	..	..	42	1	442	232	1		
..	..	1	..	..	..	114	10	..	..	8	..	106	10	2		
..	..	1	..	..	..	103	9	..	..	8	..	95	9	3		
..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1	..	..	..	..	11	1	4		
..	1	..	1	5	9	370	223	..	..	34	1	336	222	5		

**inactive persons**

(ii) Persons living principally on pensions, remittances, scholarships and funds		(iii) Inmates of Jails, asylums, alms-houses and recipients of doles		(iv) Beggars and vagrants		(v) All other persons living principally on income derived from non-productive activities		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(800)	(801)	(802)	(803)	(804)	(805)	(806)	(807)	
32	3	..	..	807	416	..	5	1
4	2	..	..	237	167	..	..	2
3	1	..	..	141	88	..	..	3
1	1	..	..	96	79	..	..	4
28	1	..	..	570	249	..	5	5



### C.—SERIES HOUSEHOLD AND AGE (SAMPLE) TABLES

*Explanatory Note:*—This series consists of the following tables:—

- C. I Household (size and composition).
- C. II Livelihood Classes by Age Groups.
- C. III Age and Civil Conditions.
- C. IV Age and Literacy.
- C. V Single Year Age Returns.

All these tables have been prepared on sample basis. In Table C. I nearly 1 in 1,000 households has been selected as sample from the National Register of Citizens. In other tables 10% sample has been taken from the enumeration slips pertaining to general population excluding displaced persons population.

#### C. I.—Household (Size and Composition).

*EXPLANATORY NOTE:*—This table shows for each census tract the total number of households, household population, the sample household population, and the size and composition of households in the sample household population.

The figures are arranged under two broad groups:—

- (i) Size of households.
- (ii) Composition of households.
- in (i) Households have been called:—
  - (a) "Small" if the number of inmates is 3 or less.
  - (b) "Medium" if the number of inmates is between 4 and 6.
  - (c) "Large" if the number of inmates is between 7 and 9.
  - (d) "Very large" if the number of inmates is 10 or more.
- in (ii) the inmates in a household are described under three heads:—
  - (a) Relationship to the head of the household.
  - (b) Number in broad age groups.
  - (c) Civil condition.

S. No.	Administrative Unit	Total No. of Households	Total household population			Total No. of sample households
			Persons	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1	Churu District Total	91,680	522,990	269,664	253,326	81
2	Churu District Rural	59,405	337,988	177,705	160,283	59
3	Ratangarh S. D. Rural	34,584	192,214	100,489	91,725	29
4	Rajgarh S. D. Rural	24,821	145,774	77,216	63,558	30
5	Churu District Urban	32,275	185,002	91,959	93,043	22

#### Sample households

S. No.	Administrative Unit	Sample household population	Size of households									
			Small (3 Members or less)		Medium (4-6 Members)		Large (7-9 Members)		Very large (10 Members or above)			
			Persons	Males	Females	No.	Persons	No.	Persons	No.	Persons	No.
(1)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
1	Churu District Total	422	222	200	24	52	33	158	17	129	7	83
2	Churu District Rural	277	148	129	20	41	24	116	12	90	3	30
3	Ratangarh S.D. Rural	118	59	59	14	30	10	49	4	29	1	10
4	Rajgarh S. D. Rural	159	89	70	6	11	14	67	8	61	2	20
5	Churu District Urban	145	74	71	4	11	9	42	5	39	4	53

#### Sample households

S. No.	Administrative Unit	Composition of households					
		Heads of households and their wives		Sons of heads of households	Daughters of heads of households	Other male relations of heads of households	Other female relations of heads of households
		Males	Females				
(1)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	
1	Churu District Total	75	64	103	63	44	73
2	Churu District Rural	55	45	69	43	24	41
3	Ratangarh S. D. Rural	26	23	25	20	8	16
4	Rajgarh S. D. Rural	29	22	44	23	16	25
5	Churu District Urban	20	19	34	20	20	32

#### Sample households

S. No.	Administrative Unit	Infants, non-adults and adults in households						Civil conditions					
		Infants (age less than one year)		Non-adults (age 1-20 years)		Adults (age 21 years and over)		Unmarried		Married		Widowed and Divorced	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)
1	Churu District Total	7	9	117	100	98	91	118	76	104	124	..	..
2	Churu District Rural	5	4	75	65	68	60	77	51	71	78	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. Rural	1	2	26	27	32	30	27	21	32	38	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. Rural	4	2	49	38	36	30	50	30	39	40	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	2	5	42	35	30	31	41	25	33	46	..	..







*Explanatory Note.*—This table contains the information with regard to age and civil conditions of the general population (excluding

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	SAMPLE POPULATION								
		TOTAL			Unmarried		Married		Widowed and Divorced	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
1	Churu District Total	54,097	27,506	26,591	11,413	8,700	14,354	14,999	1,739	2,892
2	Churu District Rural	35,447	18,128	17,319	9,124	6,470	7,851	8,921	1,153	1,928
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	20,798	10,570	10,228	5,306	3,656	4,717	5,234	547	1,338
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	14,649	7,558	7,091	2,818	2,814	3,134	3,687	606	590
5	Churu District Urban	18,850	9,378	9,272	2,289	2,230	6,503	6,078	586	964

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 15—24									
		TOTAL		Unmarried		Married		Widowed and Divorced		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	
1	Churu District Total	4,569	4,085	1,552	219	2,904	3,800	113	66	4,515	4,217
2	Churu District Rural	3,515	2,796	1,416	153	2,059	2,593	40	50	2,482	2,540
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	1,891	1,892	935	55	935	1,791	21	46	1,558	1,715
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	1,624	904	481	98	1,124	802	19	4	924	825
5	Churu District Urban	1,054	1,289	136	66	845	1,207	73	16	2,083	1,677

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 45—64									
		TOTAL		Unmarried		Married		Widowed and Divorced		TOTAL	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	
1	Churu District Total	2,396	2,626	77	4	1,962	1,965	357	657	1,981	1,386
2	Churu District Rural	1,048	1,148	63	3	777	754	208	391	903	834
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	772	695	41	2	623	377	108	316	561	506
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	276	453	22	1	154	377	100	75	342	328
5	Churu District Urban	1,348	1,478	14	1	1,185	1,211	149	266	1,078	552

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 75 AND OVER					
		TOTAL		Unmarried		Married	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	
1	Churu District Total	243	422	8	1	108	202
2	Churu District Rural	206	255	7	1	83	101
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	80	82	7	..	39	7
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	126	173	..	1	44	94
5	Churu District Urban	37	167	1	..	25	101



## C. IV—Age

*Explanatory Note:*—This table shows the literacy by age groups of the sample population. The figures of illiterates include those of one who can both read and write a simple letter in any script. As the figures in Col. Nos. 5 & 6 have been taken

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL POPULATION								SAMPLE	
		TOTAL			Literate		Illiterate		TOTAL		
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	Churu District Total	523,276	269,850	253,426	41,182	11,519	228,668	241,907	27,506	26,591	
2	Churu District Rural	338,174	177,791	160,383	10,175	1,306	167,816	159,077	18,128	17,319	
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	192,390	100,575	91,815	4,614	940	95,961	90,875	10,570	10,228	
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	145,734	77,216	68,568	5,561	366	71,655	68,202	7,558	7,091	
5	Churu District Urban	185,102	92,059	93,043	31,007	10,213	61,052	82,830	9,378	9,272	

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 10—14						AGE 15—24			
		TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate		TOTAL		Literate	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	Churu District Total	3,317	3,052	556	112	2,761	2,940	4,569	4,085	723	201
2	Churu District Rural	2,724	2,420	208	23	2,516	2,397	3,515	2,796	330	31
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	1,338	1,218	125	15	1,213	1,203	1,891	1,892	189	21
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	1,386	1,202	83	8	1,303	1,194	1,624	904	141	10
5	Churu District Urban	593	632	348	89	245	543	1,054	1,289	383	170

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 45—54						AGE 55—64					
		TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate		TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Churu District Total	2,396	2,626	248	57	2,148	2,569	1,981	1,386	126	21	1,855	1,365
2	Churu District Rural	1,048	1,148	97	7	951	1,141	903	834	57	3	846	831
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	772	695	60	3	712	692	561	506	35	1	526	505
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	276	453	37	4	239	449	342	328	22	2	320	326
5	Churu District Urban	1,348	1,478	151	50	1,197	1,428	1,078	552	69	18	1,009	534

## and Literacy

partially literates, *i. e.*, those who can read a simple letter in any script but cannot write one. Literate means from National Registers of citizens, they will not tally with those published in Table D. VII which is based on slips.

POPULATION				AGE 0—4				AGE 5—9				Serial No.
Literate		Illiterate		TOTAL		TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate		
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	
3,035	842	24,471	25,749	2,971	3,205	3,131	3,016	360	92	2,771	2,924	1
1,186	110	16,942	17,209	2,247	2,262	2,413	2,235	67	5	2,346	2,230	2
674	68	9,896	10,160	1,345	1,477	1,457	1,318	41	5	1,416	1,313	3
512	42	7,046	7,049	902	785	956	917	26	..	930	917	4
1,849	732	7,529	8,540	724	943	718	781	293	87	425	694	5

  

AGE 25—34				AGE 35—44				Serial No.						
Illiterate		TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate			TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)		(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)
3,846	3,884	4,515	4,217	508	293	4,007	4,014	3,585	3,719	450	149	3,135	3,570	1
3,185	2,765	2,482	2,540	207	30	2,275	2,510	2,170	2,175	185	9	1,985	2,166	2
1,702	1,871	1,558	1,715	114	17	1,444	1,698	1,338	1,092	91	6	1,247	1,086	3
1,483	894	924	825	93	13	831	812	832	1,083	94	3	738	1,080	4
661	1,119	2,033	1,677	301	173	1,732	1,504	1,415	1,544	265	140	1,150	1,404	5

  

AGE 65—74				AGE 75 & OVER				AGE NOT STATED				Serial No.						
TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate		TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate			TOTAL		Literate		Illiterate	
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)	(69)	(70)		(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)
798	863	48	4	750	859	243	422	16	3	227	419	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
420	654	24	1	396	653	208	255	11	1	195	254	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
230	233	14	..	216	233	80	82	5	..	75	82	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
190	421	10	1	180	420	126	173	6	1	120	172	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
378	209	24	3	354	206	37	167	5	2	32	166	..	..	..	..	..	..	5

## C. V—Single Year

Explanatory Note:—This table shows for the sample population, the figures by

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE										
		TOTAL			0		1		2		3	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
1	Churu District Total ..	54,097	27,506	26,591	552	610	538	490	723	840	556	602
2	Churu District Rural ..	35,447	18,128	17,319	439	388	376	365	556	597	407	402
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	20,798	10,570	10,228	289	278	164	221	312	331	282	342
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	14,649	7,558	7,091	150	110	212	144	244	266	125	60
5	Churu District Urban ..	18,650	9,378	9,272	113	222	162	125	167	243	149	200

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		11		12		13		14		15		16	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	
1	Churu District Total ..	555	516	755	661	510	533	510	431	819	731	524	414
2	Churu District Rural ..	459	401	628	530	401	420	399	335	657	542	408	256
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	126	166	320	257	245	252	198	145	403	374	184	185
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	333	235	308	273	156	168	201	190	248	168	224	71
5	Churu District Urban ..	96	115	127	131	109	113	111	96	162	189	116	158

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		24		25		26		27		28		29	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	
1	Churu District Total ..	214	190	1,014	1,017	368	196	337	292	477	644	216	114
2	Churu District Rural ..	156	111	777	775	118	69	102	128	153	132	85	92
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	60	38	491	604	68	63	63	50	84	81	13	15
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	96	73	286	171	50	6	39	78	69	51	72	77
5	Churu District Urban ..	58	79	237	242	250	127	235	164	254	512	131	22

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		37		38		39		40		41		42	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(79)	(80)	(81)	(82)	(83)	(84)	(85)	(86)	(87)	(88)	(89)	(90)	
1	Churu District Total ..	210	292	196	166	170	227	1,185	739	150	817	285	94
2	Churu District Rural ..	17	112	103	102	82	60	918	574	85	361	105	20
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	17	16	35	37	7	12	689	356	20	222	36	20
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	..	96	68	65	75	48	229	188	65	139	69	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	193	180	93	64	88	167	267	195	65	456	180	74

## Age Returns

Single Years of Age as mentioned in the slips.

## RETURNS

4		5		6		7		8		9		10		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	
602	663	851	828	519	635	653	589	693	618	415	351	987	911	1
469	510	618	592	398	487	510	418	559	498	328	250	837	734	2
298	305	389	338	302	279	209	310	291	250	176	146	449	398	3
171	205	229	249	96	208	211	108	268	248	152	104	388	336	4
133	153	299	241	121	148	143	171	134	120	87	101	150	177	5

## RETURNS

17		18		19		20		21		22		23		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)	
329	285	510	359	252	125	1,072	1,132	224	215	433	390	192	104	1
250	170	362	238	180	46	854	841	170	191	317	278	161	133	2
108	99	176	213	58	46	525	633	98	95	207	175	66	34	3
142	71	186	25	122	..	359	208	72	96	110	103	65	89	4
79	115	148	161	72	79	188	231	54	54	116	112	61	61	5

## RETURNS

30		31		32		33		34		35		36		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)	(69)	(70)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)	(78)	
1,230	1,196	308	242	255	152	217	206	163	158	944	926	187	207	1
916	937	69	101	122	116	61	84	79	106	637	651	90	154	2
693	813	24	11	78	48	21	16	23	14	480	390	34	29	3
223	124	45	90	44	68	40	68	56	92	157	261	56	125	4
314	259	239	141	133	36	156	122	84	52	307	275	97	53	5

## RETURNS

43		44		45		46		47		48		49		Serial No.
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(91)	(92)	(93)	(94)	(95)	(96)	(97)	(98)	(99)	(100)	(101)	(102)	(103)	(104)	
131	147	127	104	458	490	80	586	167	55	122	108	211	80	1
61	99	72	72	320	354	26	27	8	2	40	65	31	34	2
13	6	7	4	259	220	15	12	8	2	9	9	5	2	3
48	93	65	68	61	134	11	15	..	..	31	56	26	32	4
70	48	55	32	138	126	54	559	159	53	82	43	180	46	5



## C. V—Single Year

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		50		51		52		53		54		55	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)		(105)	(106)	(107)	(108)	(109)	(110)	(111)	(112)	(113)	(114)	(115)	(116)
1	Churu District Total ..	855	787	123	132	138	69	108	234	134	145	312	336
2	Churu District Rural ..	531	560	22	3	35	39	3	23	29	41	183	201
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	439	423	17	3	10	4	2	18	8	2	143	110
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	95	137	5	..	25	35	1	5	21	39	40	91
5	Churu District Urban ..	321	177	101	129	103	30	105	211	105	104	129	135

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		63		64		65		66		67		68	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)		(131)	(132)	(133)	(134)	(135)	(136)	(137)	(138)	(139)	(140)	(141)	(142)
1	Churu District Total ..	113	10	112	32	200	184	62	49	62	42	59	55
2	Churu District Rural ..	21	8	45	32	116	160	2	46	14	40	24	31
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	2	1	1	1	80	69	2	1	4	1	4	1
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	22	7	44	31	36	91	..	45	10	39	30	30
5	Churu District Urban ..	89	2	67	..	84	124	60	3	48	2	35	24

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		76		77		78		79		80		81	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)		(157)	(158)	(159)	(160)	(161)	(162)	(163)	(164)	(165)	(166)	(167)	(168)
1	Churu District Total ..	7	128	2	12	11	9	..	1	79	93	..	1
2	Churu District Rural ..	7	..	2	12	11	..	..	1	69	77	..	1
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	3	..	2	..	3	..	..	1	43	35	..	1
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	4	..	..	12	8	..	..	..	26	42	..	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	..	126	..	..	..	9	..	..	10	16	..	..

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE											
		89		90		91		92		93		94	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)		(183)	(184)	(185)	(186)	(187)	(188)	(189)	(190)	(191)	(192)	(193)	(194)
1	Churu District Total ..	..	..	10	23	..	..	8	6	..	..	5	..
2	Churu District Rural ..	..	..	9	20	..	..	8	4	..	..	5	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R. ..	..	..	7	7	..	..	8	4	..	..	5	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..



## D. I.—Languages

## (i) Mother Tongue

*Explanatory Note:*—Table D. I. has been prepared in two parts D. I. (i) and D. I. (ii). D. I. (i) shows languages spoken as mother tongue together with the number of speakers split up into sexes.

Serial No.	Name of Languages (1)	CHURU DISTRICT		
		Speakers as a mother tongue		
		Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)
1	<b>Rajasthani Total</b>	<b>473,888</b>	<b>242,847</b>	<b>231,041</b>
	(a) Rajasthani	1,095	805	290
	(b) Banjari or Labani	42,863	22,999	19,864
	(c) Bikaneri	20,710	9,876	10,834
	(d) Dhundhari or Jaipuri	189	34	155
	(e) Marwari	409,001	209,128	199,875
	(f) Mewari	30	7	23
	(g) Ajmeri	..	..	..
	(h) Bagri or Shekawati	..	..	..
	(i) Harauti	..	..	..
	(j) Malwi, Rangari or Ahiri	..	..	..
	(k) Mewari-Khairari	..	..	..
	(l) Mawati	..	..	..
	(m) Dhado	..	..	..
	(n) Rathi	..	..	..
2	<b>Western Hindi Total</b>	<b>45,993</b>	<b>25,135</b>	<b>20,858</b>
	(a) Western Hindi	5	2	3
	(b) Hindi	45,154	24,850	20,304
	(c) Urdu	834	283	551
	(d) Brij Bhasha	..	..	..
3	<b>Bihari</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>1</b>
4	<b>Bengali</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>9</b>
5	<b>Eastern Pahari</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>..</b>
6	<b>Gujrati</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>39</b>
7	<b>Marathi</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>
8	<b>Punjabi</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>305</b>
9	<b>Sindhi</b>	<b>2,405</b>	<b>1,266</b>	<b>1,139</b>
10	<b>Eastern Hindi</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>6</b>
11	<b>Asiatic Languages</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>20</b>
	(a) Burmese	20	..	20
12	<b>European Languages</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>
	(a) English	4	3	1
13	<b>American Languages</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
	(a) American	..	..	..
<b>TOTAL OF ALL LANGUAGES</b>		<b>523,276</b>	<b>269,850</b>	<b>253,423</b>

## D. I (ii)—Bilingualism

*Explanatory Note:*—It shows the mother tongue and subsidiary languages most commonly spoken along with them. The mother tongue of infants has been considered to be the same as that of their mothers

## CHURU DISTRICT

Serial No.	Mother tongue	Total Speakers	Total persons returned as speaking a language Subsidiary to that shown in column No. 1	SUBSIDIARY LANGUAGES				
				Western Hindi	Rajasthani	Gujrati	Sindhi	Bengali
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	RAJASTHANI	473,888	9,781	9,166	..	33	118	332
2	Western Hindi	45,993	5,831	..	4,749	1,044	21	..
3	Bihari	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Bengali	25	9	8	..	..	..	..
5	Eastern Pahari	33	2	2	..	..	..	..
6	Gujrati	159	55	32	23	..	..	..
7	Marathi	10	10	5	5	..	..	..
8	Punjabi	732	269	151	118	..	..	..
9	Sindhi	2,405	373	234	139	..	..	..
10	Eastern Hindi	6	4	4	..	..	..	..
11	Asiatic Languages	20	15	5	..	..	..	..
12	European Languages	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	Kanjari or Sansi ( Gipsy )	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	African Languages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	American Languages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Serial No.	Mother tongue	SUBSIDIARY LANGUAGES—(Concl'd.)						
		Marathi	Punjabi	Odiya	Bihari	Madrasi	Assamese	Sanakrit
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1	RAJASTHANI	3	33	1	2	1	..	90
2	Western Hindi	..	5	..	..	..	..	7
3	Bihari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Bengali	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
5	Eastern Pahari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	Gujrati	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7	Marathi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	Punjabi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	Sindhi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	Eastern Hindi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	Asiatic Languages	..	10	..	..	..	..	..
12	European Languages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	Kanjari or Sansi ( Gipsy )	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	African Languages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	American Languages	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

## D. II—Religion

*Explanatory Note:*—This table shows the distribution of population by main religions found in this district.

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	TOTAL POPULATION			Hindus		Sikhs		Jains	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	Churu District Total	523,276	269,850	253,426	238,403	219,898	123	113	10,567	10,856
2.	Churu District Rural	338,174	177,791	160,383	170,923	153,539	10	10	1,262	1,471
3.	Ratangarh S. D. R.	192,390	100,575	91,815	96,677	88,075	..	..	1,197	1,446
4.	Rajgarh S. D. R.	145,784	77,216	68,568	74,246	65,464	10	10	65	25
5.	Churu District Urban	185,102	92,059	93,043	67,480	66,359	113	103	9,305	9,185

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Buddhists		Zoroastrians		Muslims		Christians	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1.	Churu District Total	..	..	..	..	20,719	22,730	38	29
2.	Churu District Rural	..	..	..	..	5,596	5,363	..	..
3.	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	2,701	2,294	..	..
4.	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	2,895	3,069	..	..
5.	Churu District Urban	..	..	..	..	15,123	17,367	38	29

## D. III—Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

*Explanatory Note:*—It shows the strength of the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes as notified by the Government of India. Their names etc., can be seen in Annexure "G". No area of this district has been declared as scheduled area, hence there is no return of scheduled tribes.

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes				
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females		
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
1	Churu District Total	..	..	92,636	45,895	46,791	..	..	..
2	Churu District Rural	..	..	70,463	34,755	35,708	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	..	25,723	13,324	12,399	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	44,740	21,431	23,309	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	..	..	22,223	11,140	11,083	..	..	..

## D. IV—Migrants

*Explanatory Note:*—This table gives the distribution of population enumerated in this district according to their place of birth.

Serial No.	District, State etc., or Country where born.	ENUMERATED IN THE CHURU DISTRICT			Serial No.	District, State etc., or Country where born.	ENUMERATED IN THE CHURU DISTRICT				
		Persons	Males	Females			Persons	Males	Females		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)				
<b>A. I—Districts, within Rajasthan ..</b>				11.	Madhya Bharat ..	499	225	274			
1.	Jaipur ..	6,680	3,010	3,670	12.	Orissa ..	122	64	58		
2.	Tonk ..	..	..	..	13.	P. E. P. S. U. ..	..	..	..		
3.	Sawai Madhopur ..	..	..	..	14.	Punjab ..	2,696	1,461	1,235		
4.	Bharatpur ..	..	..	..	15.	Saurashtra ..	143	94	49		
5.	Alwar ..	175	95	80	16.	Travancore Cochin ..	..	..	..		
6.	Jhunjhunu ..	..	..	..	17.	Uttar Pradesh ..	2,121	1,133	988		
7.	Sikar ..	..	..	..	18.	Vindhya Pradesh ..	32	18	14		
8.	Bikaner ..	4,461	2,409	2,052	19.	Delhi ..	2	..	2		
9.	Churu ..	482,438	245,773	236,665	<b>Total A ..</b>			<b>521,169</b>	<b>268,649</b>	<b>252,520</b>	
10.	Ganganagar ..	6,310	4,334	1,976	<b>B.—Countries in Asia beyond India</b>						
11.	Jodhpur ..	12,248	8,381	3,867	1.	Pakistan ..	2,048	1,166	882		
12.	Barmer ..	..	..	..	2.	Nepal ..	32	32	..		
13.	Jalore ..	8	8	..	3.	Burma ..	23	..	23		
14.	Pali ..	2	1	1	<b>Total B ..</b>			<b>2,103</b>	<b>1,198</b>	<b>905</b>	
15.	Nagaur ..	1,889	859	980	<b>C.—Countries in Europe</b>						
16.	Jaisalmer ..	97	120	177	1.	England ..	4	3	1		
17.	Sirohi ..	6	..	6	2.	France ..	..	..	..		
18.	Udaipur ..	178	143	35	<b>Total C ..</b>			<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	
19.	Dungarpur ..	..	..	..	<b>D.—Countries in Africa</b>						
20.	Banswara ..	..	..	..	1.	Africa ..	..	..	..		
21.	Chittorgarh ..	..	..	..	<b>Total D ..</b>			<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
22.	Bhilwara ..	..	..	..	<b>E.—Countries in America</b>						
23.	Kotah ..	13	3	10	1.	America ..	..	..	..		
24.	Bundi ..	4	..	4	<b>Total E ..</b>			<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
25.	Jhalawar ..	..	..	..	<b>F.—Countries in Australia</b>						
<b>A. II—States in India beyond Rajasthan ..</b>				1.	Newzealand ..	..	..	..			
1.	Ajmer ..	20	12	8	<b>Total F ..</b>			<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
2.	Assam ..	178	90	88	<b>G.—At Sea</b>						
3.	West Bengal ..	147	102	45	<b>Total G ..</b>			<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	
4.	Bihar ..	66	34	32	<b>Total Returned ..</b>				<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
5.	Bombay ..	285	179	106	<b>H.—Birth place not Returned ..</b>				<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
6.	Hyderabad ..	3	2	1	<b>GRAND TOTAL OF POPULATION ..</b>				<b>523,278</b>	<b>269,850</b>	<b>253,426</b>
7.	Jammu and Kashmir ..	..	..	..							
8.	Madras ..	102	52	50							
9.	Madhya Pradesh ..	81	34	47							
10.	Mysore ..	13	13	..							

## D. V. (ii) - Displaced Persons by Livelihood Classes

*Explanatory Note:*—It shows the population of displaced persons and its distribution into livelihood classes.

Administrative Unit	AGRICULTURAL CLASSES				NON-AGRICULTURAL CLASSES				Persons (including their dependants) who derive their principal means of Livelihood from									
	I.—Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned and their dependants		II.—Cultivators of land wholly or mainly un-owned and their dependants		III.—Cultivating labourers and their dependants		IV.—Non-cultivating owners of land; agricultural rent receivers and their dependants		V.—Production other than cultivation		VI.—Commerce		VII.—Transport		VIII.—Other services and miscellaneous sources			
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
<b>Total Population of Displaced persons</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>212</b>
<b>1. Churu District Total</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>212</b>
<b>2. Churu District Rural</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<b>3. Ratangarh S. D. R.</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<b>4. Rejgarh S. D. R.</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>
<b>5. Churn District Urban</b>	<b>1,861</b>	<b>955</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>212</b>

## D. VI—Non-Indian Nationals

*Explanatory Note:*—This table shows the number of Non-Indian Nationals enumerated in this District. Displaced persons who have been declared as citizens of India are not included in this table.

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	T O T A L		Pakistani		Burmese		Nepalese		British		Persian		French		Ceyloni		African			
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
1.	Churu District Total	58	34	24	1	..	23	30	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2.	Churu District Rural	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3.	Ratangarh S. D. R.	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5.	Churu District Urban	57	33	24	..	..	23	30	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..



## D. VII—Educational

*Explanatory Note:*—It shows educational standards of population. Persons who do not come upto any of the standards literates, i. e., those who can only read but cannot write. The figures of literacy in this table have of National Registers of Citizens prepared by the enumerators. This explains the reason of

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Total			Literate			Middle School		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	Churu District Total ..	58,666	41,878	11,788	48,536	37,615	10,921	3,282	2,639	643
2	Churu District Rural ..	16,657	15,319	1,338	16,196	14,875	1,321	290	285	5
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural	5,959	5,590	369	5,675	5,317	358	181	177	4
4	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural..	10,698	9,729	969	10,521	9,558	963	109	108	1
5	Churu District Urban ..	37,009	26,559	10,450	32,340	22,740	9,600	2,992	2,354	638

## D. VII—Educational

Serial No.	Administrative Unit (1)	Teaching			Engineering			Agriculture		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)
1	Churu District Total ..	172	158	14	1	1	..	7	6	1
2	Churu District Rural ..	2	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh Sub-Division Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh Sub-Division Rural ..	2	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban ..	170	156	14	..	..	..	7	6	1

**Standards**

specified in the Table and who are literates are classified under the first category "literate". Literates do not include partially been obtained by sorting the slips while those published in the P.C.A. or Village Directory have been copied from the abstracts difference, if any.

Matriculate or S.L.C. Higher Secondary			Intermediate in Arts or Science			Degrees or Diplomas			Graduate in Arts or Science			Post-Graduate in Arts or Science			Serial No.
P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	
1,016	867	149	233	204	29	599	553	46	133	114	19	22	20	2	1
95	88	7	14	14	..	62	57	5	7	5	2	..	..	..	2
53	49	4	9	9	..	41	38	3	4	4	..	..	..	..	3
42	39	3	5	5	..	21	19	2	3	1	2	..	..	..	4
921	779	142	219	190	29	537	496	41	126	109	17	22	20	2	5

**Standards—(Concl'd.)**

Veterinary			Commerce			Legal			Medical			Others			Serial No.
P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	P.	M.	F.	
(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	
4	3	1	10	10	..	30	29	1	20	18	2	200	194	6	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	8	8	..	42	39	3	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	..	31	28	3	3
..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	2	2	..	11	11	..	4
4	3	1	10	10	..	28	27	1	12	10	2	158	155	3	5

## E—Summary Figures by Administrative Units

*Explanatory Note.*—In this table area, population, density and the distribution of population by livelihood classes are shown for the district and each Tehsil with the corresponding rural and urban break-up.

The figures of area against each unit have been entered as supplied by the District Officer. The total area of the district as supplied by the Surveyor General, India has been given against the name of the district within brackets.

There are only 2 Sub-divisions in this district. The density of 1941 has been calculated on the present area figures of the District. Density figures for tehsils have been worked out for total area of the tehsil only without rural-urban split-up because the area figures of most of the towns were not available.

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Area in sq. miles	Population				Percentage Variation		Density		
			1951			1941	1941—1951	1931—1941	1951	1941	
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons					
			(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
<b>Churu District</b>											
1	Total	6,512.4	6,581	523,276	269,850	253,426	455,128	+15.0	+24.6	80	69
2	Rural	..	..	333,174	177,791	160,333	300,860	+12.4	+18.9	..	..
3	Urban	..	..	185,102	92,059	93,043	154,268	+20.0	+37.4	..	..
<b>Ratangarh Sub-Division</b>											
4	Total	..	4,454	308,237	157,797	150,440	..	..	..	69	..
5	Rural	..	..	192,390	100,575	91,815	..	..	..	..	..
6	Urban	..	..	115,847	57,222	58,625	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Ratangarh Tehsil—</b>											
7	Total	..	655	76,241	38,519	37,722	..	..	..	116	..
8	Rural	..	..	39,680	20,605	19,075	..	..	..	..	..
9	Urban	..	..	36,561	17,914	18,647	..	..	..	..	..
10	Ratangarh Town	..	..	27,431	13,480	13,951	..	..	..	..	..
11	Rajaldesar Town	..	..	9,130	4,434	4,696	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Sardarshahr Tehsil—</b>											
12	Total	..	1,551	76,728	39,417	37,311	..	..	..	49	..
13	Rural	..	1,549	50,060	26,193	23,867	..	..	..	32	..
14	Urban	..	..	26,668	13,224	13,444	..	..	..	17,205	..
<b>Sujangarh Tehsil—</b>											
15	Total	..	1,092	103,525	52,496	51,029	..	..	..	95	..
16	Rural	..	1,075	63,239	33,125	30,114	..	..	..	59	..
17	Urban	..	..	40,286	19,371	20,915	..	..	..	1,366	..
18	Sujangarh Town	..	..	26,296	12,514	13,782	..	..	..	..	..
19	Chhapar Town	..	..	5,949	2,893	3,056	..	..	..	..	..
20	Bidsar Town	..	..	8,041	3,964	4,077	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Dungargarh Tehsil—</b>											
21	Total	..	1,156	51,743	27,365	24,378	..	..	..	45	..
22	Rural	..	1,151	39,411	20,652	18,759	..	..	..	34	..
23	Urban	..	..	12,332	6,713	5,619	..	..	..	2,466	..
<b>Rajgarh Sub-Division</b>											
24	Total	..	2,127	215,039	112,053	102,986	..	..	..	101	..
25	Rural	..	2,101	145,784	77,216	68,568	..	..	..	69	..
26	Urban	..	..	69,255	34,837	34,418	..	..	..	2,670	..
<b>Rajgarh Tehsil—</b>											
27	Total	..	845	87,198	46,178	41,020	..	..	..	103	..
28	Rural	..	844	72,202	38,416	33,786	..	..	..	86	..
29	Urban	..	..	14,996	7,762	7,234	..	..	..	22,721	..
<b>Churu Tehsil—</b>											
30	Total	..	600	83,007	42,210	40,797	..	..	..	138	..
31	Rural	..	576	38,789	20,240	18,549	..	..	..	67	..
32	Urban	..	..	44,218	21,970	22,248	..	..	..	1,815	..
33	Churu Town	..	..	40,047	20,044	20,003	..	..	..	..	..
34	Ratan nagar Town	..	..	4,171	1,926	2,245	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Taranagar Tehsil—</b>											
35	Total	..	682	44,834	23,665	21,169	..	..	..	66	..
36	Rural	..	681	34,793	18,560	16,233	..	..	..	51	..
37	Urban	..	..	10,041	5,105	4,936	..	..	..	10,914	..

## E—Summary Figures by Administrative Units—(Contd.)

Serial No.		Administrative Unit		Livelihood Classes							
				Agricultural Classes							
				I-Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned and their dependants		II-Cultivators of land wholly or mainly unowned and their dependants		III-Cultivating labourers and their dependants		IV-Non-cultivating owners of land, agricultural rent receivers and their dependants	
(1)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)			
<b>Churu District</b>											
1	Total ..	101,064	89,490	90,719	85,135	1,620	1,456	2,012	1,897		
2	Rural ..	94,133	83,267	75,855	69,853	685	580	1,377	1,521		
3	Urban ..	6,931	6,223	14,864	15,282	935	876	435	376		
<i>Ratangarh Sub-Division</i>											
4	Total ..	33,054	29,507	74,377	69,673	1,350	1,213	1,495	1,336		
5	Rural ..	31,309	27,983	63,603	58,600	541	453	1,244	1,149		
6	Urban ..	1,745	1,524	10,774	11,073	809	760	251	187		
<i>Ratangarh Tehsil—</i>											
7	Total ..	13,123	11,779	9,869	10,233	88	75	202	229		
8	Rural ..	12,403	11,235	6,763	6,369	13	10	183	213		
9	Urban ..	720	544	3,106	3,864	75	65	19	16		
10	Ratangarh Town ..	154	137	2,181	2,852	69	58	19	16		
11	Rajaldesar Town	366	407	925	1,012	6	7	..	..		
<i>Sardarshahr Tehsil—</i>											
12	Total ..	6,758	5,945	22,234	20,986	367	391	236	176		
13	Rural ..	6,475	5,684	19,161	17,736	25	14	223	169		
14	Urban ..	283	261	3,073	3,250	342	377	13	7		
<i>Sujangarh Tehsil—</i>											
15	Total ..	7,719	6,820	27,124	25,412	824	703	886	759		
16	Rural ..	7,001	6,107	23,582	21,664	448	389	670	598		
17	Urban ..	718	713	3,542	3,748	376	314	216	161		
18	Sujangarh Town ..	150	114	2,394	2,554	37	36	10	6		
19	Chhapar Town ..	378	355	523	516	9	8	1	..		
20	Bidsar Town ..	190	164	625	678	330	270	205	155		
<i>Dungargarh Tehsil—</i>											
21	Total ..	5,454	4,963	15,150	13,042	71	44	171	172		
22	Rural ..	5,430	4,957	14,097	12,831	55	40	168	169		
23	Urban ..	24	6	1,053	211	16	4	3	3		
<i>Rajgarh Sub-Division</i>											
24	Total ..	68,010	59,983	16,342	15,462	270	243	517	561		
25	Rural ..	62,824	55,284	12,252	11,253	144	127	333	372		
26	Urban ..	5,186	4,699	4,090	4,209	126	116	184	189		
<i>Rajgarh Tehsil—</i>											
27	Total ..	39,311	34,560	1,966	1,701	20	16	218	233		
28	Rural ..	36,123	31,756	1,678	1,457	15	13	44	58		
29	Urban ..	3,188	2,804	288	244	5	3	174	175		
<i>Churu Tehsil—</i>											
30	Total ..	14,321	12,979	8,833	8,532	81	92	167	183		
31	Rural ..	12,962	11,599	6,586	6,201	45	42	157	169		
32	Urban ..	1,359	1,380	2,247	2,331	36	50	10	14		
33	Churu Town ..	611	588	2,000	2,087	32	45	1	..		
34	Ratanagar Town	748	792	247	244	4	5	9	14		
<i>Taranagar Tehsil—</i>											
35	Total ..	14,378	12,444	5,543	5,229	169	135	132	145		
36	Rural ..	13,739	11,929	3,988	3,595	84	72	132	145		
37	Urban ..	639	515	1,555	1,634	85	63	..	..		

## E—Summary Figures by Administrative Units—(Concl'd.)

		Livelihood Classes (Concl'd.)							
		Non-agricultural Classes							
		Persons (including dependants) who derive their principal means of livelihood from							
Serial No.	Administrative Unit	V—Production other than cultivation		VI—Commerce		VII—Transport		VII—Other services and miscellaneous sources	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
	(1)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
<b>Churu District</b>									
1	Total ..	15,663	15,536	24,690	25,690	2,662	2,168	31,420	32,054
2	Rural ..	648	515	1,575	1,783	361	180	2,957	2,684
3	Urban ..	15,015	15,021	23,115	23,907	2,301	1,988	28,463	29,370
<b>Ratangarh Sub-Division</b>									
4	Total ..	9,822	9,598	15,982	16,962	1,231	902	20,506	21,259
5	Rural ..	472	389	1,207	1,377	223	85	1,976	1,779
6	Urban ..	9,350	9,199	14,755	15,585	1,008	817	18,530	19,480
<b>Ratangarh Tehsil—</b>									
7	Total ..	3,803	3,499	4,202	4,194	539	410	6,693	7,303
8	Rural ..	162	170	251	323	83	24	747	731
9	Urban ..	3,641	3,329	3,951	3,871	456	386	5,946	6,572
10	Ratangarh Town ..	2,911	2,568	3,113	2,967	436	363	4,597	4,990
11	Rajaldesar Town	730	761	838	904	20	23	1,349	1,582
<b>Sardarshahr Tehsil—</b>									
12	Total ..	1,747	1,778	4,496	4,549	114	73	3,465	3,413
13	Rural ..	32	30	41	40	36	19	200	175
14	Urban ..	1,715	1,748	4,455	4,509	78	54	3,265	3,238
<b>Sujangarh Tehsil—</b>									
15	Total ..	3,501	3,775	5,150	6,084	482	356	6,801	7,120
16	Rural ..	148	107	561	636	68	8	647	605
17	Urban ..	3,353	3,668	4,598	5,448	414	348	6,154	6,515
18	Sujangarh Town ..	2,499	2,691	3,673	4,372	234	200	8,517	3,727
19	Chhapar Town ..	403	389	763	922	102	86	714	780
20	Bidasar Town ..	451	588	162	154	78	62	1,923	2,006
<b>Dungargarh Tehsil—</b>									
21	Total ..	771	536	2,105	2,135	96	63	3,547	3,423
22	Rural ..	130	82	354	378	36	34	382	268
23	Urban ..	641	454	1,751	1,757	60	29	3,165	3,155
<b>Rajgarh Sub-Division</b>									
24	Total ..	5,841	5,948	8,728	8,728	1,431	1,266	10,914	10,795
25	Rural ..	176	126	368	406	138	95	981	905
26	Urban ..	5,665	5,822	8,360	8,322	1,293	1,171	9,933	9,890
<b>Rajgarh Tehsil—</b>									
27	Total ..	606	549	1,951	2,048	354	240	1,752	1,673
28	Rural ..	32	39	203	240	92	53	229	170
29	Urban ..	574	510	1,748	1,808	262	187	1,523	1,503
<b>Churu Tehsil—</b>									
30	Total ..	4,650	4,852	5,172	5,091	1,031	992	7,955	8,076
31	Rural ..	60	39	37	36	33	35	360	428
32	Urban ..	4,590	4,813	5,135	5,055	998	957	7,595	7,648
33	Churu Town ..	4,453	4,650	4,870	4,716	988	943	7,089	6,974
34	Ratannagar Town	137	163	265	339	10	14	506	674
<b>Taranagar Tehsil—</b>									
35	Total ..	585	547	1,605	1,589	46	34	1,207	1,046
36	Rural ..	84	48	128	130	13	7	392	307
37	Urban ..	501	499	1,477	1,459	33	27	815	739

## Local Table—'KA' Infirmities

Explanatory Note:—There is only one local table (क) which shows the number of persons afflicted by the infirmities namely deaf-mutism, insanity, blindness and corrosive leprosy by age groups.

## T O T A L

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	TOTAL INFIRMITIES										
		TOTAL INFIRMITIES			Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Churu District Total	1,155	696	459	501	392	95	33	94	30	6	4
2	Churu District Rural	838	510	328	383	293	60	12	64	21	3	2
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	488	286	202	220	181	30	6	35	15	1	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	350	224	126	163	112	30	6	29	6	2	2
5	Churu District Urban	317	186	131	118	99	35	21	30	9	3	2

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE—0								AGE 1—4							
		Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor		Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	(1)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)
1	Churu District Total	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	6	2	..	2	..	1	..
2	Churu District Rural	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	4	..	..	2	..	1	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
5	Churu District Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	2	2	..	..	..	..	..

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 5—9								AGE 10—14							
		Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor		Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	(1)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)
1	Churu District Total	18	7	10	1	1	1	..	..	34	17	14	4	11	2	1	1
2	Churu District Rural	17	5	8	1	1	..	..	..	22	10	10	..	10	2	1	1
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	12	4	2	1	1	..	..	..	15	9	4	..	3	2	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	5	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	6	..	7	..	1	1
5	Churu District Urban	1	2	2	..	..	1	..	..	12	7	4	4	1	..	..	..

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	AGE 15—24							
		Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
	(1)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)
1	Churu District Total	32	17	21	4	12	7	..	2
2	Churu District Rural	29	13	16	3	10	7	..	1
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	17	6	10	1	5	4	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	12	7	6	2	5	3	..	1
5	Churu District Urban	3	4	5	1	2	..	..	1

## Local Table—'KA' Infirmities—(Contd.)

## AGE 25—34

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)
1	Churu District Total	30	19	11	6	19	4	1	..
2	Churu District Rural	20	14	6	4	11	4	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	16	12	4	2	6	4	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	4	2	2	2	5	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	10	5	5	2	8	..	1	..

## AGE 35—44

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)
1	Churu District Total	31	21	6	4	16	8	2	..
2	Churu District Rural	20	16	4	1	11	3	1	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	14	10	1	..	8	2	1	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	6	6	3	1	3	1	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	11	5	2	3	5	5	1	..

## AGE 45—54

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(69)	(70)	(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)
1	Churu District Total	50	40	10	1	10	3	..	1
2	Churu District Rural	39	23	6	1	5	2	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	24	16	2	..	2	2	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	15	7	4	1	3	..	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	11	17	4	..	5	1	..	1

## AGE 55—64

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Lepor	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(77)	(78)	(79)	(80)	(81)	(82)	(83)	(84)
1	Churu District Total	112	91	9	8	9	5	1	..
2	Churu District Rural	89	67	3	2	7	3	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	44	39	3	2	4	1	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	45	28	..	..	3	2	..	..
5	Churu District Urban	23	24	6	6	2	2	1	..

## Local Table—'KA' Infirmities—(Concl.)

AGE 65—74

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Leper	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(85)	(86)	(87)	(88)	(89)	(90)	(91)	(92)
1	<b>Churu District Total</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>	..	..	..
2	<b>Churu District Rural</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>3</b>	..	<b>5</b>	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	45	48	2	..	2	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	32	22	1	..	3	..	..	..
5	<b>Churu District Urban</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	..	..	..

AGE 75 AND OVER

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Leper	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(93)	(94)	(95)	(96)	(97)	(98)	(99)	(100)
1	<b>Churu District Total</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	..	..	..
2	<b>Churu District Rural</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>4</b>	..	<b>2</b>	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	33	32	2	..	2	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	35	36	2	..	..	..	..	..
5	<b>Churu District Urban</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	..	..	..

AGE NOT STATED

Serial No.	Administrative Unit	Blind		Deaf-Mute		Insane		Leper	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(101)	(102)	(103)	(104)	(105)	(106)	(107)	(108)
1	<b>Churu District Total</b>	..	<b>1</b>	..	..	<b>1</b>	..	..	..
2	<b>Churu District Rural</b>	..	<b>1</b>	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	Ratangarh S. D. R.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	Rajgarh S. D. R.	..	<b>1</b>	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	<b>Churu District Urban</b>	..	..	..	..	<b>1</b>	..	..	..





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## District Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations.

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This Table is prepared from the Sorter's Ticket 2. This is a sort of supplement to Economic Table B-III and provides further details of the occupational groups mentioned therein.

The Sorter's Ticket 2 was prepared in accordance with the instructions to the Sorters reproduced below:—

**1. Preparation.**—You have to prepare Sorter's Ticket 2 only if you have slips relating to any of the livelihood class V, VI, VII or VIII. You are to deal only those slips which relate to self-supporting persons. The slips relating to non-earning dependants or earning dependants would have been separated already and should not be used at this stage.

**2. First operation.**—You have first to deal the slips with reference to the principal means of livelihood recorded against question 10. Your Supervisor will give you a list of "M/L (Means of Livelihood) sub-groups"\* in the order of importance for which you have to sort. Select not more than ten Pigeon-holes and affix labels bearing the names of the "M/L sub-groups" (written out in full) as given to you. The number of M/L sub-groups given to you will generally exceed ten. You should reserve one or two Pigeon-holes for throwing slips which are not covered by the M/L sub-groups shown on the labels. You should then deal the slips with reference to the answer recorded against question 10. In doing so, put together slips containing entries which are written in either identical or very similar terms to each of the labelled "M/L sub-groups". If you are in doubt whether an entry, in any case is very similar or not to the labelled M/L sub-groups, consult the Supervisor. Finish the sorting for one set of M/L sub-groups. Then distribute the slips of one set into individual occupations. Now count the number and "enter" the name and number in columns (2) and (3) of Sorter's Ticket 2. Keep the unsorted slips separate. This completes the first stage of the first operation.

**3. First operation (succeeding stages).**—You should then take up the slips that remain to be sorted. You should deal them again for the remaining M/L sub-groups given to you in same manner as in the first operation. The operations should be repeated successively until all the slips are sorted for all the M/L sub-groups given to you. You may find slips where the M/L as recorded in question 10 does not fall under any of the sub-groups given to you. You should deal these slips separately in the manner explained above and enter the name and number in the Sorter's Ticket. This completes the first operation. You should keep separate the bundle for each M/L sub-group.

**4. Special instructions regarding non-productive means of livelihood.**—Livelihood class VIII will contain slips of persons who derive their income otherwise than through Productive activity. They include all self-supporting persons against whom the answer to question 9, Part two, is '0'. They should be treated as a distinct group, not falling under any of the prescribed divisions and sub-divisions; and sorted under the following sub-groups, viz.—

- (i) Persons living principally on income from non-agricultural property.
- (ii) Persons living principally on pensions, remittances, scholarships and funds.
- (iii) Inmates of jails, asylums, alms houses and recipients of doles.
- (iv) Beggars and vagrants.
- (v) All other persons living principally on income derived from non-productive activities.

**5. Second operation.**—For this operation the slips mentioned in Paragraph 4 are excluded. You have to deal the remaining slips with reference to the answer recorded in the second compartment of question 9. Affix labels to three Pigeon-holes, the labels being marked

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\* *List of M/L sub-groups.*—Separate lists of sub-groups should be prepared for use in sorting each of the four different livelihood classes V to VIII. These lists should be compiled on the basis of (a) scrutinizing of entries found to occur frequently in the National Register of Citizens and (b) results for trial sorting by Supervisor and Compiler-checkers.

“Employer”, “Employee” and “Independent worker”. Take the bundle for each M/L sub-group and deal them into the three Pigeon-holes. You will find “म” for “Employer”, “नो” for “Employee” and “सु” for “Independent worker” recorded in the second compartment of question 9. If you find that there is no entry you should take the order of your Supervisor. When you have completed the sorting for a M/L sub-group, you should count the number in each Pigeon-hole and enter in Columns (4) to (6) of the Sorter’s Ticket according as the Pigeon-hole relates to “Employer”, “Employee” and “Independent worker” respectively.

6. *Second operation (succeeding stages).*—You should take each of the other bundles for M/L sub-groups and deal them in the same manner as in the second operation; you should enter the result in the relevant columns of the Sorter’s Ticket.

7. *Conclusion.*—You have now completed all operations necessary for Sorter’s Ticket 2. Re-combine all the male slips and all the female slips.

If you are sorting sample slips or slips for displaced persons you should proceed to Sorter’s Ticket 3.

If you are sorting general slips you should proceed to Sorter’s Ticket 6.

After the Sorter completed the ticket and after due check by the Compiler-checker and the Supervisor, the Ticket was handed over to the tabulation clerk to fill in the Group Code numbers in column (1) of the form of Sorter’s Ticket 2 given below.—

#### Form of Sorter’s Ticket 2

Group Code Number	Full name of means of livelihood (sub-groups and occupations)	Total	Employer	Employee	Independent worker
1	2	3	4	5	6

The group code numbers were adopted from the Indian Census Economic Classification Scheme given in Part II—B of the Report.

#### Accuracy of Figures

A perusal of this Index shows incredible figures, against certain occupations. This is due to vague entries in the slips regarding the occupations contrary to instructions in some cases and entries with correct details in others. The result was that in the tabulation stage the only slips which contained correct details of occupations were sorted under the correct sub-group and its details, while those with vague entries were placed in the wider groups.

Another point to be borne in mind is that not all persons following an occupation have been shown against it in the Index, but those who followed it as a Principal means of livelihood. Thus if a Ticket Collector derived a greater part of his income from rent of agricultural or other land or building and only a small income from his service as Ticket Collector, he would not be shown as Ticket Collector.

The third point to be kept in mind is that these figures, represent only self-supporting persons and not those who are partly dependants, thus a young boy who sits at a ‘Pan shop’ and gets some pay from the shop-keeper which is not sufficient to support him, he has to depend upon his father’s income mostly. Such a man would not appear under the occupation “Service on Betal Shop”.

The last but most important defect in the figures is due to difference in the terminology prevalent in the different areas of Rajasthan describing an occupation and also partly due to want of exercise of proper care in the tabulation stage that names showing same and similar occupations have been shown as different occupations for example “Halwai’s shop” and “sweet-meat selling” have been shown as different occupations. In order, therefore, to find out the actual strength of self-supporting persons following a particular occupation as their principal means of livelihood, figures against all such occupations should be totalled.

On the whole, this Index removes the defects pointed out in the Census Tables published in the previous Census which did not show actual occupations but their groups only.

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations.

Persons deriving their income as principal means of livelihood from occupation given in column 3.

S. No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	Total of all Divisions .. ..	All Industries and Services .. ..	34,013	28,959	5,054
2	Division .. ..	0 Primary Industries not elsewhere specified .. ..	363	270	93
3	Sub-Division .. ..	0·1 Stock Raising .. ..	269	204	65
4	Total Group .. ..	0·11 Herdsmen and shepherds .. ..	137	84	53
5	Group .. ..	0·11 Cattle grazing .. ..	73	20	53
6	Group .. ..	0·11 Sheep grazing .. ..	64	64	..
7	Total Group .. ..	0·12 Breeders and keepers of cattle and buffaloes .. ..	132	120	12
8	Group .. ..	0·12 Cattle breeding .. ..	124	112	12
9	Group .. ..	0·12 Sheep and goat breeding .. ..	8	8	..
10	Sub-Division .. ..	0·2 Rearing of small animals and insects .. ..	5	5	..
11	Total Group .. ..	0·21 Poultry farmers .. ..	5	5	..
12	Group .. ..	0·21 Poultry farming .. ..	5	5	..
13	Sub-Division .. ..	0·3 Plantation Industries .. ..	57	57	..
14	Total Group .. ..	0·30 All other plantations but not including the cultivation of special crops in conjunction, with ordinary cultivation of field crops .. ..	57	57	..
15	Group .. ..	0·30 Vegetable growing .. ..	57	57	..
16	Sub-Division .. ..	0·4 Forestry and wood cutting .. ..	32	4	28
17	Total Group .. ..	0·43 Wood cutters .. ..	3	3	..
18	Group .. ..	0·43 Wood cutters .. ..	3	3	..
19	Total Group .. ..	0·44 Cowdung cake makers .. ..	2	1	1
20	Group .. ..	0·44 Cowdung cake makers .. ..	2	1	1
21	Total Group .. ..	0·40 Planting, replanting and conservation of forests ( including forest officers, rangers and guards .. ..	27	..	27
22	Group .. ..	0·40 Tree planting .. ..	27	..	27
23	Division .. ..	1 Mining and Quarrying .. ..	24	20	4
24	Sub-Division .. ..	1·5 Stone quarrying, clay and sandpits .. ..	24	20	4
25	Total Group .. ..	1·5 —Do— .. ..	24	20	4
26	Group .. ..	1·5 Workers stone quarries .. ..	24	20	4
27	Division .. ..	2 Processing and Manufacture Foodstuffs, Textiles, Leathers and Products thereof .. ..	3,827	2,793	1,634
28	Sub-Division .. ..	2·0 Food industries otherwise unclassified .. ..	71	57	14
29	Total Group .. ..	2·00 Other food industries .. ..	71	57	14
30	Group .. ..	2·00 Halwais .. ..	71	57	14
31	Sub-Division .. ..	2·1 Grains and pulses .. ..	82	74	8
32	Total Group .. ..	2·11 Hand pounders of rice and other persons engaged in manual dehusking and flour grinding .. ..	28	21	7
33	Group .. ..	2·11 Flour grinding .. ..	28	21	7
34	Total Group .. ..	2·12 Millers of cereals and pulses .. ..	51	51	..
35	Group .. ..	2·12 Flourmulling .. ..	50	50	..
36	Group .. ..	12·2 Rice industries employees .. ..	1	1	..
37	Total Group .. ..	2·13 Grain parchers and makers of blended and prepared flour and other cereal and pulse preparations .. ..	3	2	1

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Contd.)

S. No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
33	Group ..	2.13 Gram parchers .. ..	3	2	1
39	Sub-Division ..	2.2 Vegetable oil and dairy products .. ..	199	168	31
40	Total Group ..	2.21 Vegetable oil pressers and refiners .. ..	199	168	31
41	Group ..	2.21 Oil pressing .. ..	199	168	31
42	Sub-Division ..	2.3 Sugar Industries .. ..	6	6	..
43	Total Group ..	2.31 Gur manufacturers .. ..	6	6	..
44	Group ..	2.31 Sugarcane gur manufacturers .. ..	6	6	..
45	Sub-Division ..	2.4 Beverages .. ..	13	13	..
46	Total Group ..	2.43 Ice manufacturers .. ..	13	13	..
47	Group ..	2.43 Ice manufacturers .. ..	13	13	..
48	Sub-Division ..	2.5 Tobacco .. ..	218	203	15
49	Total Group ..	2.51 Manufacturer of bidis .. ..	218	203	15
50	Group ..	2.51 Bidi makers .. ..	218	203	15
51	Sub-Division ..	2.6 Cotton textiles .. ..	1,238	899	339
52	Total Group ..	2.61 Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing .. ..	9	6	3
53	Group ..	2.61 Cotton carding .. ..	9	6	3
54	Total Group ..	2.62 Cotton spinning, sizing and weaving .. ..	544	467	77
55	Group ..	2.62 Charkha spinning .. ..	5	..	5
56	Group ..	2.62 Cloth weaving .. ..	539	467	72
57	Total Group ..	2.68 Cotton dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and sponging .. ..	685	426	259
58	Group ..	2.63 Cloth dyeing .. ..	678	426	252
59	Group ..	2.63 Cloth printing .. ..	7	..	7
60	Sub-Division ..	2.7 Wearing apparel (except footwear) and made-up textile goods .. ..	763	593	170
61	Total Group ..	2.71 Tailors, milliners, dress-makers and darners .. ..	658	520	138
62	Group ..	2.71 Tailors .. ..	658	520	138
63	Total Group ..	2.72 Manufacture of hosiery, embroiderers, makers of crepe, lace and fringes .. ..	91	59	32
64	Group ..	2.72 Embroidery on linen .. ..	90	58	32
65	Group ..	2.72 Silk embroidery workers .. ..	1	1	..
66	Total Group ..	2.74 Hat makers and makers of other articles of wear from textiles .. ..	14	14	..
67	Group ..	2.74 Cap makers .. ..	14	14	..
68	Sub-Division ..	2.8 Textile Industries otherwise unclassified .. ..	16	12	4
69	Total Group ..	2.81 Jute pressing, bailing, spinning and weaving .. ..	11	11	..
70	Group ..	2.81 Jute bags makers .. ..	11	11	..
71	Total Group ..	2.82 Woollen spinning and weaving .. ..	5	1	4
72	Group ..	2.82 Workers in wool .. ..	5	1	4
73	Sub-Division ..	2.9 Leather, leather products and footwear .. ..	1,221	768	453
74	Total Group ..	2.91 Tanners and all other workers in leather .. ..	15	6	9
75	Group ..	2.91 Leather tanners .. ..	15	6	9
76	Total Group ..	2.92 Cobblers and all other makers and repairers of boots, shoes, sandals and clogs .. ..	383	228	155
77	Group ..	2.92 Leather shoe makers .. ..	33	228	155

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Contd.)

Churu District

S. No.	Code Number of Occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
78	Total Group	2-90 Makers and repairers of all other leather products	823	534	289
79	Group	2-90 Leather work	823	534	289
80	Division	3 Processing and manufacture—Metals, Chemicals and Products thereof	344	270	74
81	Sub-Division	3-0 Manufacture of metal products otherwise unclassified	303	230	73
82	Total Group	3-01 Blacksmiths and other workers in iron and makers of implements	256	200	56
83	Group	3-01 Iron work ( Blacksmiths )	256	200	56
84	Total Group	3-02 Workers in copper, brass and bell metal	33	24	9
85	Group	3-02 Brass work	33	24	9
86	Total Group	3-03 Workers in other metals	3	3	..
87	Group	3-03 Tanners	2	2	..
88	Group	3-03 Tin box makers	1	1	..
89	Total Group	3-04 Cutlers, surgical & veterinary instrument makers	11	3	8
90	Group	3-04 Knife makers	11	3	8
91	Sub-Division	3-04 Electrical machinery, apparatus, appliances and supplies	8	8	..
92	Total Group	3-40 Manufacture of electrical generating, transmission and distribution apparatus; electrical household appliances other than lights and fans; electrical equipment for motor vehicles, aircraft and railway locomotives and cars; communication equipment and related products, including radios, phonographs, electric batteries, X-ray and therapeutic apparatus; electronic tubes, etc.	8	8	..
93	Group	3-40 Workers in Power House	8	8	..
94	Sub-Division	3-5 Machinery (other than electrical machinery) including engineering workshops	29	29	..
95	Group	3-5 Machinery work	29	29	..
96	Sub-Division	3-8 Basic Industrial chemicals, Fertiliser and Power Alcohol	3	3	..
97	Total Group	3-82 Dyes, explosives and fireworks	3	3	..
98	Group	3-82 Fireworks manufacturers	3	3	..
99	Sub-Division	3-8 Manufacture of chemical products otherwise unclassified	1	..	1
100	Total Group	3-82 Soap and other washing and cleaning compounds	1	..	1
101	Group	3-82 Workers in soap factory	1	..	1
102	Division	4 Processing and manufacture-not elsewhere specified	1,904	1,667	237
103	Sub-Division	4-0 Manufacturing Industries otherwise unclassified	1,103	968	135
104	Total Group	4-02 Photographic and optical goods	2	2	..
105	Group	4-02 Spectacles repairers	2	2	..
106	Total Group	4-03 Repair and manufacture of watches and clocks	16	15	1
107	Group	4-03 Watch repairers	16	15	1
108	Total Group	4-04 Workers in precious stones, precious metals and makers of jewellery and ornaments	8	8	..
109	Group	4-04 Wire drawers	8	8	..
110	Total Group	4-00 Other miscellaneous manufacturing industries, including bone, ivory, horn, shell, etc.	1,077	943	134
111	Group	4-00 Bangle makers	219	126	93
112	Group	4-00 Wooden toy makers	42	42	..
113	Group	4-00 Gold works	812	771	41
114	Group	4-00 Plastic work	4	4	..

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Contd.)

(1)	Code Number of occupational group	(2)	Name of Occupation	(3)	Churu District		
					Persons	Males	Females
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
115	Sub-Division	..	4.2 Bricks, tiles and other structural products	.. ..	12	11	1
116	Group	..	4.2 Brick makers	.. ..	12	11	1
117	Sub-Division	..	4.4 Non-metallic mineral products	.. ..	309	242	67
118	Total Group	..	4.41 Potters and makers of earthenware	.. ..	299	232	67
119	Group	..	4.41 Potters	.. ..	299	232	67
120	Total Group	..	4.44 Makers of other glass and crystalware	.. ..	1	1	..
121	Group	..	4.44 Glass goods makers	.. ..	1	1	..
122	Total Group	..	4.40 Makers of other miscellaneous non-metallic mineral products	.. ..	9	9	..
123	Group	..	4.40 Lime stone burners	.. ..	9	9	..
124	Sub-Division	..	4.6 Wood and wood products other than furniture and fixtures	.. ..	474	441	33
125	Total Group	..	4.62 Carpenters, turners and joiners	.. ..	467	434	33
126	Group	..	4.62 Wooden work	.. ..	467	434	33
127	Total Group	..	4.64 Basket makers	.. ..	7	7	..
128	Group	..	4.64 Bamboo work	.. ..	7	7	..
129	Sub-Division	..	4.7 Furniture and fixtures	.. ..	3	3	..
130	Group	..	4.7 Wooden furniture makers	.. ..	3	3	..
131	Sub-Division	..	4.9 Printing and allied industries	.. ..	3	2	1
132	Total Group	..	4.91 Printers, lithographers, engravers	.. ..	2	2	..
133	Group	..	4.91 Printing and press work	.. ..	2	2	..
134	Total Group	..	4.92 Book-binders and stitchers	.. ..	1	..	1
135	Group	..	4.92 Book-binders	.. ..	1	..	1
136	Division	..	5 Construction and utilities	.. ..	1,230	1,017	213
137	Sub-Division	..	5.1 Construction and maintenance-Buildings	.. ..	564	521	43
138	Total Group	..	5.10 Other persons engaged in the construction or maintenance of buildings other than buildings made of bamboo or similar materials	.. ..	564	521	43
139	Group	..	5.10 Repairers of houses	.. ..	564	521	43
140	Sub-Division	..	5.2 Construction and maintenance-Roads, Bridges and other transport works	.. ..	29	29	..
141	Group	..	5.2 Railway gangmen	.. ..	29	29	..
142	Sub-Division	..	5.4 Construction and maintenance-Irrigation and other agricultural works	.. ..	11	8	3
143	Group	..	5.4 Employees in Irrigation Department	.. ..	11	8	3
144	Sub-Division	..	5.5 Works and Services-Electric and Gas supply	.. ..	27	27	..
145	Total Group	..	5.51 Electric Supply	.. ..	27	27	..
146	Group	..	5.51 Workers in power house	.. ..	27	27	..
147	Sub-Division	..	5.6 Works and Services-Domestic and industrial water supply	.. ..	164	48	116
148	Group	..	5.6 Water bearers	.. ..	164	48	116
149	Sub-Division	..	5.7 Sanitary works and services including scavengers	.. ..	435	384	51
150	Group	..	5.7 Scavengers	.. ..	434	383	51
151	Group	..	5.7 Sanitary supervisors	.. ..	1	1	..
152	Division	..	6 Commerce	.. ..	11,867	10,597	1,270
153	Sub-Division	..	6.0 Retail trade otherwise unclassified	.. ..	3,740	3,186	554

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations— (Contd.)

S. No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
154	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·01 Hawkers and Street vendors otherwise unclassified</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>..</b>
155	Group	6·01 Street vendors and hawkers	172	172	..
156	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·02 Dealers in drugs and other chemical stores</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>..</b>
157	Group	6·02 Drug sellers	13	13	..
158	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·03 Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>..</b>
159	Group	6·03 Stationery goods sellers	78	78	..
160	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·00 General store-keepers, Shop-keepers and persons employed in shops otherwise unclassified</b>	<b>3,477</b>	<b>2,923</b>	<b>554</b>
161	Group	6·00 General merchants	2,157	1,702	455
162	Group	6·00 Sellers of pedlars goods	617	542	75
163	Group	6·00 Hardware sellers	4	..	4
164	Group	6·00 Gold and silver merchants	290	289	1
165	Group	6·00 Grocers	9	9	..
166	Group	6·00 Bangle sellers	70	62	8
167	Group	6·00 Perfume sellers	1	1	..
168	Group	6·00 Electric goods sellers	1	1	..
169	Group	6·00 Filigree and lace shop	78	78	..
170	Group	6·00 Basket sellers	1	1	..
171	Group	6·00 Toy sellers	1	..	1
172	Group	6·00 Dye sellers	5	..	5
173	Group	6·00 Machinery goods sellers	18	18	..
174	Group	6·00 Stone sellers	11	11	..
175	Group	6·00 Needle sellers	4	..	4
176	Group	6·00 Weaving	122	122	..
177	Group	6·00 Furniture shop	59	59	..
178	Group	6·00 Utensil sellers	9	28	1
179	<b>Sub-Division</b>	<b>6·1 Retail trade in food stuffs (including beverages and narcotics)</b>	<b>4,539</b>	<b>4,114</b>	<b>425</b>
180	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·11 Retail dealers in grain and pulses, sweetmeats, sugar and spices, dairy products, eggs and poultry, animals for food, fodder for animals, other foodstuffs, vegetables and fruits</b>	<b>4,089</b>	<b>3,670</b>	<b>419</b>
181	Group	6·11 Milk and curd sellers	60	11	49
182	Group	6·11 Sugar and gur sellers	16	16	..
183	Group	6·11 Meat sellers	167	159	8
184	Group	6·11 Kerana merchants	832	800	32
185	Group	6·11 Fruit sellers	445	250	195
186	Group	6·11 Parched gram & ground nut sellers	6	..	6
187	Group	6·11 Ghee and oil sellers	221	107	114
188	Group	6·11 Confectioners shop	303	301	2
189	Group	6·11 Salt and chillies sellers	6	3	3
190	Group	6·11 Trade in grain	2,033	2,023	10
191	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·12 Vendors of wine, liquors, aerated waters and ice in shops</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>..</b>
192	Group	6·12 Liquor contractors	4	4	..
193	Group	6·12 Ice cream sellers	2	2	..
194	<b>Total Group</b>	<b>6·13 Retail dealers in tobacco, opium and ganja</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>..</b>



## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Contd.)

S. No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
195	Group	6.13 Tobacco dealers	1	1	..
196	Group	6.13 Ganja dealers	1	1	..
197	Group	6.13 Opium contractors	12	12	..
198	Total Group	6.15 Retail dealers in pan, bidis and cigarettes	430	424	6
199	Group	6.15 Betel shop	430	424	6
200	Sub-Division	6.2 Retail trade in fuel (including petrol)	205	120	85
201	Total Group	6.20 Retail dealers ( including hawkers and street vendors ) in firewood, charcoal, coal, cowdung and all other fuel except petroleum	205	120	85
202	Group	6.20 Firewood sellers	205	120	85
203	Sub-Division	6.3 Retail trade in textile and leather goods—Retail trade ( including hawkers and street vendors ) in piece goods, wool, cotton, silk, hair, wearing apparel, made-up textile goods, skin, leather, furs, feathers, etc.	2,239	2,156	83
204	Group	6.3 Dealers in leather	111	82	29
205	Group	6.3 Dealers in wool	124	124	..
206	Group	6.3 Cloth dealers	1,397	1,361	34
207	Group	6.3 Leather shoes dealers	11	..	11
208	Group	6.3 Jute dealers	596	587	9
209	Sub-Division	6.4 Wholesale trade in foodstuffs—Wholesale dealers in grains and pulses, sweet-meats, sugar and spices, dairy products, eggs and poultry, animals for food, fodder for animals, other foodstuffs, wholesale dealers in tobacco, opium and ganja	73	73	..
210	Group	6.4 Wholesale dealer in grain	73	73	..
211	Sub-Division	6.5 Wholesale trade in commodities other than foodstuffs	387	387	50
212	Group	6.5 Wholesale dealer in sheep and goats	39	35	4
213	Group	6.5 Wholesale dealer in cloth	89	87	2
214	Group	6.5 Wholesale dealers in cattle	255	212	43
215	Group	6.5 Wholesale dealers in camel	1	1	..
216	Group	6.5 Wholesale dealers in jute	3	2	1
217	Sub-Division	6.7 Insurance	6	..	6
218	Group	6.7 Insurance agents	6	..	6
219	Sub Division	6.8 Money lending, banking and other financial business	678	611	67
220	Group	6.8 Money lending	540	475	65
221	Group	6.8 Shop assistant	1	1	..
222	Group	6.8 Brokerage	135	135	..
223	Group	6.1 Speculation	2	..	2
224	Division	7 Transport, Storage and Communications	1,374	1,342	32
225	Sub-Division	7.1 Transport by road—Owner, managers, and employees connected with mechanically driven and other vehicles (excluding domestic servants) Palki, etc. bearers of owners, pack elephant, camel, mule, ass and bullock owners and drivers, porters and messengers, persons engaged in road transport not otherwise classified including freight transport by road, the operation of fixed facilities for road transport such toll roads, highway bridges, terminals and parking facilities	557	533	24
226	Group	7.1 Motor drivers	6	6	..
227	Group	7.1 Muleteers	16	..	16
228	Group	7.1 Camel drivers	209	209	..
229	Group	7.1 Tonga drivers	54	54	..

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Contd.)

S. No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
230	Group ..	7.1 Bullock cart drivers .. ..	153	145	8
231	Group ..	7.1 Employees in Bus service .. ..	119	119	..
232	Sub-Division ..	7.4 Railway Transport .. ..	741	737	4
233	Total Group ..	7.41 Railway employees of all kinds except those employed on construction works .. ..	741	737	4
234	Group ..	7.41 Employees in Railway .. ..	716	712	4
235	Group ..	7.41 Station Master .. ..	4	4	..
236	Group ..	7.41 Railway pointsmen .. ..	2	2	..
237	Group ..	7.41 Railway clerks .. ..	1	1	..
238	Group ..	7.41 Railway Engine drivers .. ..	4	4	..
239	Group ..	7.41 Employees on Railway station .. ..	14	14	..
240	Sub-Division ..	7.6 Postal Services .. ..	75	71	4
241	Group ..	7.6 Employees in Post Office .. ..	75	71	4
242	Sub-Division ..	7.8 Wireless services .. ..	1	1	..
243	Group ..	7.8 Wireless services .. ..	1	1	..
244	Division ..	8 Health, Education and public Administration ..	3,453	3,048	405
245	Sub-Division ..	8.1 Medical and other Health services .. ..	338	219	119
246	Total Group ..	8.11 Registered Medical Practitioners .. ..	48	47	1
247	Group ..	8.11 Doctors .. ..	48	47	1
248	Total Group ..	8.12 Vaidyas, Hakims and other persons practising medicine without being registered .. ..	55	52	3
249	Group ..	8.12 Vaidyas .. ..	55	52	3
250	Total Group ..	8.14 Midwives .. ..	100	..	100
251	Group ..	8.14 Midwives .. ..	100	..	100
252	Total Group ..	8.16 Compounders .. ..	11	10	1
253	Group ..	8.16 Compounders .. ..	11	10	1
254	Total Group ..	8.17 Nurses .. ..	2	..	2
255	Group ..	8.17 Nurses .. ..	2	..	2
256	Total Group ..	8.10 All other persons employed in hospitals or other public or private establishments rendering medical or other health services but not including scavengers or other sanitary staff. .. ..	122	110	12
257	Group ..	8.10 Employees in Dispensaries .. ..	122	110	12
258	Sub-Division ..	8.2 Educational services and Research .. ..	839	763	76
259	Total Group ..	8.22 All other professors, lecturers and teachers .. ..	666	604	62
260	Group ..	8.22 Teachers .. ..	666	604	62
261	Total Group ..	8.20 Managers, clerks and servants of educational and research institutions including libraries and museums, etc. .. ..	173	159	14
262	Group ..	8.20 Employees in Education Department .. ..	161	147	14
263	Group ..	8.20 Employees in Library .. ..	3	3	..
264	Group ..	8.20 Miscellaneous employees .. ..	9	9	..
265	Sub-Division ..	8.4 Police (other than village watchman) .. ..	219	216	3
266	Group ..	8.4 Employees Police Department .. ..	214	211	3
267	Group ..	8.4 Constables .. ..	2	2	..
268	Group ..	8.4 Police Camel Sowars .. ..	3	3	..

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Contd.)

S No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
269	Sub-Division	8.5 Village officers and servants, including village Watchmen	7	7	..
270	Group	8.5 Patwaris .. .. .	4	4	..
271	Group	8.5 Village servants .. .. .	3	3	..
272	Sub-Division	8.6 Employees of Municipalities and Local Boards (but not including persons classifiable under any other division or sub-division)	186	142	44
273	Group	8.6 Employees in Municipalities .. .. .	186	142	44
274	Sub-Division	8.7 Employees of State Governments (but not including persons classifiable under any division or sub-division)	1,838	1,675	163
275	Group	8.7 Customs out-post clerks .. .. .	2	2	..
276	Group	8.7 Government employees .. .. .	1,338	1,186	152
277	Group	8.7 Peons .. .. .	27	16	11
278	Group	8.7 Employees in Forest Department .. .. .	13	13	..
279	Group	8.7 Overseers .. .. .	2	2	..
280	Group	8.7 Employees in Tehsils .. .. .	403	403	..
281	Group	8.7 Employees in Revenue Department .. .. .	47	47	..
282	Group	8.7 Time keepers P. W. D. .. .. .	1	1	..
283	Group	8.7 Employees in Jail .. .. .	5	5	..
284	Sub-Division	8.8 Employees of the Union Government (but not including persons classifiable under any division or sub-division)	26	26	..
285	Group	8.8 Employees of Government of India .. .. .	4	4	..
286	Group	8.8 Employees in Excise Department .. .. .	22	22	..
287	Division	9 Services not elsewhere Specified .. .. .	9,627	7,935	1,692
288	Sub-Division	9.0 Services otherwise unclassified .. .. .	4,118	3,413	705
289	Group	9.9 Astrologers .. .. .	41	41	..
290	Group	9.9 Labourers .. .. .	2,714	2,251	463
291	Group	9.9 Miscellaneous services .. .. .	1,327	1,088	239
292	Group	9.9 Ornament cleaners .. .. .	9	8	1
293	Group	9.9 Contractors .. .. .	27	25	2
294	Sub-Division	9.1 Domestic Services (but not including services rendered by members of family households to one another)	2,897	2,382	515
295	Total Group	9.11 Private motor drivers and cleaners .. .. .	5	5	..
296	Group	9.11 Private motor drivers .. .. .	5	5	..
297	Total Group	9.12 Cooks .. .. .	124	16	108
298	Group	9.12 Cooks .. .. .	124	16	108
299	Total Group	9.10 Other domestic servants .. .. .	2,768	2,361	407
300	Group	9.10 Domestic servants .. .. .	2,767	2,360	407
301	Group	9.10 Servants, Superintendents residence .. .. .	1	1	..
302	Sub-Division	9.2 Barbers and beauty shops—Barbers, hair dressers and wig makers, tattooers, shampooers, bath houses .. .. .	1,105	999	106
303	Group	9.2 Barbers .. .. .	1,105	999	106
304	Sub-Division	9.3 Laundries and Laundry services—Laundries and laundry services, washing and cleaning .. .. .	376	362	14
305	Group	9.3 Washermen .. .. .	376	362	14
306	Sub-Division	9.4 Hotels, restaurants and eating houses .. .. .	34	24	10
307	Group	9.4 Employees in Hotel .. .. .	34	24	10

## Index of Non-Agricultural Occupations—(Concl'd.)

S. No.	Code Number of occupational group	Name of Occupation	Churu District		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
308	Sub-Division ..	9.5 Recreation Services—Production and distribution of motion pictures and the operation of cinemas and allied services, Managers and employees of theatres, opera companies, etc., musicians, actors, dancers, etc., conjurers acrobats, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities and wild animals, radio broad casting studios. .. ..	296	208	88
309	Group ..	9.5 Employees in cinema .. ..	39	38	1
310	Group ..	9.5 Entertainment works .. ..	17	17	..
311	Group ..	9.5 Bards .. ..	9	5	4
312	Group ..	9.5 Dancers and singers .. ..	229	146	83
313	Group ..	9.5 Snake charmers .. ..	2	2	..
314	Sub-Division ..	9.6 Legal and business services .. ..	67	57	10
315	Total Group ..	9.61 Lawyers of all kinds including quazis, law agents and mukhtiar .. ..	45	43	2
316	Group ..	9.61 Pleaders .. ..	45	43	2
317	Total Group ..	9.62 Clerks of lawyers, petition writers etc. .. ..	9	9	..
318	Group ..	9.62 Petition writers .. ..	9	9	..
319	Total Group ..	9.64 Public scribes, Stenographers, Accountants, Auditors .. ..	3	3	..
320	Group ..	9.64 Accountants .. ..	3	3	..
321	Total Group ..	9.65 Managers, clerks, servants and employees of Trade Associations, Chambers of Commercial Board of Trade, Labour organisations and similar organisation of employers and employees. .. ..	10	2	8
322	Group ..	9.65 Employees in companies .. ..	9	1	8
323	Group ..	9.65 Managers Trade Association .. ..	1	1	..
324	Sub-Division ..	9.7 Arts, letters and journalism .. ..	17	6	11
325	Total Group ..	9.71 Artists, sculptors and image makers .. ..	11	..	11
326	Group ..	9.71 Sculptors .. ..	11	..	11
327	Total Group ..	9.72 Authors, editors, Journalists and poets .. ..	6	6	..
328	Group ..	9.72 Editors .. ..	6	6	..
329	Sub-Division ..	9.8 Religious, Charitable and Welfare services .. ..	717	484	233
330	Total Group ..	9.81 Priests, Ministers, Monks, Nuns, Sadhus, Religious mendicants and other religious workers .. ..	690	457	233
331	Group ..	9.81 Worshippers .. ..	342	215	127
332	Group ..	9.81 Hereditary Household service .. ..	342	287	105
333	Group ..	9.81 Sages (Sadhus) .. ..	6	5	1
334	Total Group ..	9.82 Servants in religious edifices, burial and burning grounds, pilgrim conductors and circumcisors, etc. .. ..	19	19	..
335	Group ..	9.82 Priests (Prayer conductors) .. ..	19	19	..
336	Total Group ..	9.83 Managers and employees of organisations and institutions rendering charitable and other welfare services .. ..	8	8	..
337	Group ..	9.83 Employees in cow houses .. ..	6	6	..
338	Group ..	9.83 Servants in inns .. ..	2	2	..