

1981 CENSUS

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PAPER - 3 OF 1981

A SPECIAL PAPER ON
SCHEDULED CASTES & SCHEDULED TRIBES

GOA, DAMAN & DIU

Office of the Director of Census Operations, Goa, Daman & Diu
and Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Panaji.

PREFACE

It is for the first time that separate Primary Census Abstract (PCA) have been prepared for the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe population under the 1981 census, just on the lines of the PCA usually presented for the general population. These special PCA will also be published in the District Census Handbook of this territory. But since there is a pressing demand for census data on the SC/ST communities, especially in the context of the revised 20-point programme, this mimeograph booklet is brought out for the immediate use of the planners and administrators concerned with the development programmes. The SC/ST PCA are presented for the levels of territory, district, taluka and town only.

Panaji,

August 12, 1982

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Introductory Note

The provisional results of the 1981 census were released in March 1981, i.e. immediately after the enumeration of the population was over, as Paper 1 of 1981. Subsequently, in May, 1981, another paper called Supplement to Paper 1 of 1981 was issued. Simultaneously, a Regional Tabulation Office was set up for scrutiny of census schedules and preparation of the final population totals for different area units. This work was completed in February, 1982, and a paper called "Final Population Figures of Goa, Daman & Diu, 1981 Census" was released as Paper-2 of 1981, in June, 1982. The present publication (numbered Paper-3 of 1981) is a Special Paper on the Scheduled Caste and the Scheduled Tribe population of this territory. In fact this paper presents the Primary Census Abstract (PCA) separately for the SC population and the ST population. The PCA provides data on the total number of households, population, literate persons, main workers classified by cultivators, agricultural labourers, workers in household industry and other workers; marginal workers and non-workers. All these details are provided for the total SC/ST population as well as for the rural and urban components. Furthermore, the details are broken down by males and females also. The SC/ST PCAs are presented for the levels of union territory, district, taluka and urban town only. However, in respect of urban agglomerations, the data are presented for the constituent outgrowths also. These PCAs would be included in the District Census Handbook of this territory, printing of which is likely to take about a year. However, in order to meet the urgent need of the data users concerned with the welfare of the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes and those engaged in the relevant administrative works, this paper is being brought out as a Special Paper. This is the first time that a special PCA has been prepared separately for SC/ST on the lines of the P.C.A. for the general population.

Definition of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes:

According to the definition of the scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes given in the Constitution of India, the term 'Scheduled Castes' refers to such castes, races, tribes or parts of or groups within such castes, races or tribes as are declared to be Scheduled Castes by the President of India under Article 341 of the Constitution of India. The term 'Scheduled Tribes' means such tribes or tribal communities as are declared to be Scheduled Tribes by the President of India under Article 342 of the Constitution.

By the President's order (No.DF.1.SOT.64 dated 19/2/68) under the above Articles of the Constitution, certain castes and communities have been declared as scheduled castes and scheduled tribes for the union territory of Goa, Daman & Diu. The same are as under:-

LISTS OF SCHEDULED CASTES

Name	Synonym
1. Bhangi	Hadi
2. Chambhar . . . .	..
3. Mahar . . . .	..
4. Mahyavanshi	Vankar
5. Mang . . . .	..

LISTS OF SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name	Synonym
1. Dhodia . . . .	..
2. Dubla	Halpati, Talavia
3. Naikda	Nayaka
4. Siddi . . . .	..
5. Varli . . . .	..

It may be mentioned here that the scheduled castes can belong to the Hindu or the Sikh religion, while the scheduled tribes can belong to any religion.

Population:

The following statement gives an idea of the share of SC/ST households and population in the total households and population of the territory and its districts.

Statement-1

General population, Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes households, population and their percentage by sex.

U.T./District	Total Population			Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Percentage of SC/ST households to total households		Percentage of SC/ST population to total population				
	No. of house-holds	P	M	F	No. of house-holds	Population			No. of house-holds	Population			SC	ST	SC	ST
						P	M	F		P	M	F				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
GOA, DAMAN & DIU	210412	1086730	548450	538290	4993	23432	11187	11645	2093	10721	5512	5209	2.33	0.99	2.16	0.99
District Goa	195970	1007749	510152	497597	4326	20619	10542	10077	171	690	374	316	2.21	0.09	2.05	0.07
District Daman	8391	43560	24074	24486	342	1684	695	989	1891	9828	4994	4834	4.08	22.54	3.47	20.24
District Diu	6051	30421	14224	16197	225	1129	550	579	31	203	144	59	3.72	0.51	3.71	0.57

There were 4993 SC and 2093 ST households in the territory in 1981 which respectively accounted for 2.33 and 0.99 per cent of the total households. The population of SC and ST was 23,432 and 10,721 as against the total population 10,86,730. Thus, the proportion of SC population to the total population worked out to 2.16 per cent, while that of ST to 0.99 per cent. The corresponding proportions in 1971 were 1.93 per cent and 0.89 per cent. At the district level, a higher concentration of ST was noticed in Daman being 20 per cent of the district's total population. The SC population was more or less equally distributed in all the three districts.

Studying the decennial growth of the SC/ST population, it was a revelation to find that both had registered growth rates which were considerably higher than the territory's decennial growth rate for the whole population. The SC growth rate was 41.39 per cent and the ST rate was 40.07 per cent, which were each almost one and a half times higher than the territory's growth rate, 26.69 per cent, during the decade 1971-81. In absolute terms, the

SC population went up from 16514 in 1971 to 23432 in 1981, a net increase of 6918. The net increase in the population of Sr was 3067 during the same period.

Break-down of the SC population by the talukas of Goa reveals that Pernem leads the rest with 4.04 per cent of its population made up of SC, followed by Bardez (2.94 per cent), Bicholim (2.72 per cent), Mormugao (2.64 per cent), Satari (2.32 per cent), and Sanguem (2.02 per cent). The distribution of ST population was highly skewed as Daman alone accounted for as high as 91.67 per cent of the territory's total ST population. Share of ST population in other talukas was negligible. While the SC population was found in almost all the towns, no ST population was found in as many as eight towns of the territory.

The average household size (total population divided by the number of households) for the total population of the territory comes to 5.16 persons which is about normal for the country. Amongst the ST, the average household size is 5.12 persons which too can be considered normal. However, the average SC household size comes to only 4.79 which is somewhat intriguing in that the general impression is that the SC household, comprises of larger number of persons. A more full and deep probing is necessary to surface the reasons for the smaller average size of SC household in this territory.

Literacy:

The following statement shows the position of literacy among the SC and ST population as compared to the general population.

Statement-2

Literacy rates among Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes and General population by sex.

U.T./District	Total Population			Scheduled Caste Population			Scheduled Tribe Population		
	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
GOA, DAMAN & DIU	56.66	65.59	47.56	38.38	48.79	27.84	26.48	33.65	18.89
District Goa	57.25	65.99	48.29	36.19	46.58	25.32	28.55	37.97	17.41
District Daman	52.95	62.74	41.55	61.40	70.50	55.01	26.32	33.66	18.74
District Diu	44.53	56.19	34.29	44.02	63.82	25.52	27.09	22.22	38.98

The literacy rate of the population of an area is the ratio (percentage) of the literate persons to the total population of the area. For deriving the literacy rates given in this statement, the children in the age-group 0-4 are also included in the total population and hence, the rates are really the 'Crude' literacy rates.

It may be seen that 38.38 per cent of SC and 26.48 per cent of ST population were literate. Obviously the progress of literacy was very low among these two communities when compared to the literacy rate of 56.66 per cent for the general population. The literacy rates by sex show rather significant variations especially among the scheduled tribes. Only 18.89 per cent of ST females are literate, as against 27.84 per cent of SC and 47.56 per cent of total population in the territory. The literacy by districts shows that Daman and Diu were in a better position than Goa as far as the literacy among the scheduled castes was concerned. It is particularly interesting to note that the literacy among the scheduled castes in Daman district was the highest being 61.40 per cent, being even more than the literacy rate for the total population of that district (52.05 per cent) or even the total population of the territory (56.66 per cent). However, numerically the SC population in Daman is very meagre being only 1684, against the SC population of 23432 (about 15 times more than Daman) of the territory. The overall low literacy rate for the total SC population of the territory only highlights the need for raising the literacy standard among the SC population of Goa.

CONCEPT OF WORKER 1961-1981:

Relatively more detailed information regarding economic activity of the population was collected in the 1981 census. The 'work' concept of 1961 and 1971 censuses, as opposed to the 'income' or 'economic independence' concept of the censuses prior to 1961, was however, retained in the 1981 census also. But the criterion for classification of persons as workers underwent changes. While in 1961 and 1971 censuses different approaches, viz. usual status and current status, were adopted with a reference period of one year and one week for seasonal and regular work respectively, at the 1981 census the usual status approach was adopted uniformly for all work. In the 1961 and 1971 censuses, classification as worker or non-worker was made through different criteria. In 1961 a person was qualified as a worker if he had worked regularly during the last season or if he had worked at least for a day in regular (non-seasonal) work during the preceding fortnight. At the 1971 census a person was treated as a worker only if he spent his time mainly in work or if he worked at least for a day in regular (non-seasonal) work during the preceding week.

The dichotomy of worker and non-worker of 1961 and 1971 censuses was given up at the 1981 census and instead a trichotomy as main worker, marginal worker and non-worker was adopted. For main worker the time criterion of engagement in work was the major part of the year i.e. at least 183 days in the preceding one year, while those who worked for some time during the last year but not for the major part of the year were treated as marginal workers. Those who had never worked during the last one year were considered as non-workers. This trichotomy partially permitted a comparability of 1981 census economic data with that of 1971 as well as 1961. It is expected that the term main worker of 1981 would correspond to the worker of 1971 and the main worker and marginal worker together of 1981 would correspond to the worker of 1961.

Work participation:

The statement below shows the work participation rates among the SC and ST population in comparison with the general population.

Statement-3

Work participation rates among the Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes and general population by sex in the Union Territory and its districts.

U.T./District	Work participation rates (main workers)								
	Total Population			Scheduled Caste Population			Scheduled Tribe Population		
	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
GOA, DAMAN & DIU	30.59	45.85	15.04	34.81	48.09	21.37	38.86	52.67	24.25
District Goa	30.89	46.06	15.33	36.93	49.86	23.41	50.72	63.10	36.08
District Daman	28.04	44.85	11.52	18.05	31.08	8.90	37.58	51.02	23.69
District Diu	24.98	40.11	11.69	20.99	35.64	7.08	60.59	82.64	6.78

The work participation rate is the ratio (percentage) of workers to the total population of an area.

It could be seen from the above statement that the work participation rate was the highest among the scheduled tribes, being 38.86 per cent. Even the scheduled castes had a higher work participation rate (34.81) than that of the general population (30.59). The same trend was observed in 1971 also when the work participation rate among the scheduled tribes was 40.99 per cent, among the scheduled castes 35.71 per cent, and for the general population 31.67 per cent.

At the district level also, the work participation rate was the highest among the scheduled tribes. In the district of Diu, the ST work participation was recorded as 60.59 per cent followed by Goa with 50.72 per cent. However, it may be mentioned here that these two districts accounted for only 1.89 and 6.44 per cent respectively of the territory's total scheduled tribe population. The district of Daman which accounted for 91.67 per cent of total ST population had recorded the ST work participation of only 37.58 per cent. The work participation rate among the scheduled castes was higher (36.93 per cent) than that of general population in Goa district (30.99 per cent), whereas in the districts of Daman and Diu it was lower than that of the general population. Sex-wise distribution of workers also revealed that a larger proportion of females of the SC/ST communities had to work and supplement the household incomes. About 24.25 per cent of ST and 21.37 per cent of the SC females had to undertake economic activity, as against only 15.04 per cent for the females among the total population. This, if at all, was an indirect indication of the fact that a larger work-participation rate was an economic compulsion not only for the males but also for the females of the SC/ST communities.

The following statement gives percentage distribution of workers by broad categories for the total workers as well as those belonging to the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes.

Statement-4

Distribution (Percentage) of workers

Total workers/ SC and ST workers	Percentage of workers engaged in			
	C	AL	HBI	OW
Total workers	18.82	9.74	3.41	63.03
Scheduled Castes workers	4.00	10.39	22.20	63.41
Scheduled Tribes workers	11.16	32.14	5.79	50.91

The above table brings out some important salient features of the distribution of work-force amongst the scheduled communities. For example, more than 32 per cent of the ST workers were engaged in wage labour in agriculture which is known to be a low paid occupation. Amongst the SC more than 22 per cent were engaged in what is grouped as 'household industry work' which in our territory relates to low-paid jobs like basketweaving, other bamboo works shoe making and shoe repair, etc. The proportion of total workers (i.e. all workers including SC/ST workers) engaged in agriculture labour and HHI was only 10 per cent and 3 per cent respectively. On the other hand, 19 per cent of the total workers were engaged in cultivation, while this proportion amongst the SC workers was only 4 per cent and amongst ST it was 11 per cent. If we consider agricultural labour and household industry as occupations which provide relatively low returns, we find that 38 per cent of ST workers and 33 per cent of SC workers were engaged in these low paid occupations. As against this, amongst the total workers, only 13 per cent were engaged in these occupations.

Another significant fact revealed by the above table is that unlike in the rest of the country, agriculture (cultivation plus agricultural labour) forms a relatively minor occupation in this territory in the sense that it provides employment to only about 29 per cent of the labour force here as against about 70 per cent for the rest of the country. A major part of the labour-force of this territory including the labour-force belonging to the SC and ST communities is engaged in what is called as 'other work', that is in occupations other than cultivation, agriculture labour and HHI. While further detailed break-down of the group of 'other workers' by various constituent occupations is not yet available, it is believed that a major part thereof is engaged in the tertiary sector of the economy. This is also a special feature of this territory.

General limitations of data on SC/ST:

Before concluding this brief analytical note, it is important to point out the limitations of the data on scheduled castes and scheduled tribes collected in the census. Firstly, there is an area restriction i.e. the President's order specifies certain castes and tribes as scheduled castes or scheduled tribes for a particular area. For example, if a person whose caste is declared as a scheduled caste in area A but not so declared in area B, moves from area A to area B, and is enumerated there, he will not be considered as belonging to a scheduled caste in area B though he would have been so considered had he been enumerated in area A. Secondly, two persons may be following identical occupation in their respective area and may be socially classified identically, yet one person may be enumerated as belonging to a scheduled caste in one area while the other residing in another area may not be so enumerated. For example a "Chambhar" of Goa, Daman & Diu and a "Mochi" of Gujarat may be performing identical functions say shoe-making or shoe repairing in their respective area.

But if a 'Mochi' comes to Goa, Daman & Diu and is enumerated here, he will not be treated as belonging to a scheduled caste since the President's order for Goa, Daman & Diu does not specify the caste "Mochi" as a scheduled caste. These limitations have to be borne in mind while using the census data on scheduled castes and scheduled tribes.

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR

SCHEDULED CASTES

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Sl. No.	Union Territory/District/ Taluka/UA/Town.	Total Rural Urban	No. of house- holds with SC Mem- bers.	Total Scheduled Castes Population			Literates			Total Main workers (I-IX)		
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	GOA DAMAN & DIU	Total	4893	23432	11787	11645	8993	5751	3242	8156	5668	2488
		Rural	3038	14076	6983	7093	5123	3318	1805	5130	3365	1765
		Urban	1855	9356	4804	4552	3870	2433	1437	3026	2303	723
1.	District Goa	Total	4326	20619	10542	10077	7462	4910	2552	7615	5256	2359
		Rural	2639	12166	6189	5977	4101	2802	1299	4793	3113	1680
		Urban	1687	8453	4353	4100	3361	2108	1253	2822	2143	679
1.	Tiswadi Taluka	Total	466	2351	1237	1114	1018	652	366	873	594	279
		Rural	125	545	281	264	169	119	50	225	149	76
		Urban	341	1806	956	850	849	533	316	648	445	203
	Panaji Urban Agglo- meration	Urban	341	1806	956	850	849	533	316	648	445	203
	Panaji (M.C.I.)	Urban	149	706	395	311	377	250	127	245	180	65
	Out growths											
	(i) Panelim	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(ii) Chimbel	Urban	19	87	51	36	32	20	12	42	29	13
	(iii) Morambi-O-Grande (Morcos)	Urban	6	16	11	5	8	6	2	9	7	2
	(iv) Renovadi	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(v) Durgavado	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	(vi) Taleigao	Urban	90	569	284	284	211	125	86	221	133	88
	(vii) Calapor	Urban	62	345	172	173	171	103	68	106	75	31
	(viii) Cujira	Urban	4	23	14	9	13	9	4	7	6	1
	(ix) Burda	Urban	5	28	11	17	21	9	12	7	6	1
	(x) Morambi-O- Grande (Morcos)	Urban	6	33	18	15	16	11	5	11	9	2

FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

M A I N W O R K E R S									Marginal Workers						Non-Workers		
Cultivators (I)			Agricultural Labourers (II)			Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs (V(a))			Other workers (III, IV, V(b) & VI to IX)								
P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
326	221	105	847	526	321	1811	874	937	5172	4047	1125	1217	298	919	14059	5821	8238
295	197	98	782	491	291	1633	773	860	2420	1904	516	1040	234	806	7906	3334	4522
31	24	7	65	35	30	178	101	77	2752	2143	609	177	64	113	6153	2437	3716
196	148	48	825	514	311	1799	871	928	4795	3723	1072	946	272	674	12058	5014	7044
170	127	43	760	479	281	1624	770	854	2239	1737	502	796	222	574	6577	2854	3723
25	21	5	65	35	30	175	101	74	2556	1936	570	150	50	100	5481	2160	3321
11	8	3	36	17	19	69	36	33	757	533	224	35	12	23	1443	631	812
9	7	2	35	17	18	44	21	23	137	104	33	19	6	11	331	124	177
2	1	1	1	..	1	25	15	10	620	429	191	16	4	12	1142	507	635
2	1	1	1	..	1	25	15	10	620	429	191	16	4	12	1142	507	635
..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	4	239	178	61	3	1	2	458	214	244
..
..	..	..	..	..	..	7	3	4	35	26	9	..	..	..	45	22	23
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	9	6	2	..	..	..	7	4	3
..
..
..	..	..	1	..	1	2	..	2	213	133	85	1	..	1	346	151	195
2	1	1	..	..	..	3	8	..	96	56	30	5	2	3	234	95	139
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	6	1	2	..	2	14	3	6
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	6	1	..	..	..	21	5	16
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	10	9	2	5	1	4	17	8	9

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
2.	Bardez Taluka	Total	877	4525	2249	2276	2114	1316	798	1431	1009	422	
		Rural	585	2890	1429	1461	1239	786	453	927	630	297	
		Urban	292	1635	820	815	875	530	345	504	379	125	
		Mapusa (M.C.I.)	Urban	237	1360	682	678	747	445	302	413	310	103
		Calanoute (C.T.)	Urban	32	168	96	82	68	48	20	56	42	14
		Siolim (C.T.)	Urban	23	107	52	55	60	37	23	35	27	8
	3.	Pernem Taluka	Total	505	2399	1227	1172	647	466	181	943	566	377
Rural			472	2202	1126	1076	574	414	160	368	517	351	
Urban			33	197	101	96	73	52	21	75	49	26	
		Pernem (C.T.)	Urban	33	197	101	96	73	52	21	75	49	26
4.		Bicholim Taluka	Total	407	2014	1021	993	663	464	199	308	507	301
	Rural		342	1671	851	820	514	378	136	696	441	255	
	Urban		65	343	170	173	149	86	63	112	66	46	
		Bicholim (M.C.I.)	Urban	65	343	170	173	149	86	63	112	66	46
5.	Satari Taluka	Total	207	948	487	461	236	175	61	392	243	149	
		Rural	184	845	429	416	190	146	44	370	226	144	
		Urban	23	103	58	45	46	29	17	22	17	5	
		Valpoi (C.T.)	Urban	23	103	58	45	46	29	17	22	17	5
6.	Ponda Taluka	Total	295	1261	650	611	525	341	184	431	339	142	
		Rural	245	1062	545	517	444	290	154	420	287	133	
		Urban	40	199	105	94	81	51	30	61	52	9	
		Ponda (M.C.I.)	Urban	40	199	105	94	81	51	30	61	52	9

14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Dr. No.
67	49	18	257	163	104	245	119	126	852	678	174	273	76	202	2816	1164	1652	2
57	41	16	214	132	82	263	96	107	453	361	92	241	66	175	1722	733	989	
10	8	2	53	31	22	42	23	19	399	317	82	37	10	27	1094	431	663	
10	8	2	40	25	15	31	17	14	332	260	72	23	9	14	924	363	561	
..	..	..	6	4	4	7	4	3	41	34	7	9	1	3	103	43	60	
..	..	..	5	2	3	4	2	2	26	23	3	5	..	5	67	25	42	
68	50	10	297	199	98	331	105	226	247	212	35	266	80	180	1196	581	615	3.
55	39	16	236	193	98	318	103	215	199	177	22	236	73	157	1104	536	568	
13	11	2	1	1	..	13	2	11	48	35	13	30	7	23	92	45	47	
13	11	2	1	1	..	13	2	11	48	35	13	30	7	23	92	45	47	
23	21	2	56	39	17	368	169	199	361	273	93	30	22	58	1126	492	634	4.
23	21	2	56	39	17	364	167	197	253	214	39	77	22	55	898	393	510	
..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	2	108	64	44	3	..	3	223	104	124	
..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	2	108	64	44	3	..	3	228	104	124	
13	12	1	26	20	6	249	126	123	104	85	19	92	19	73	464	225	239	5.
12	11	1	23	20	6	246	124	122	86	71	15	88	15	73	337	199	199	
1	1	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	13	14	4	4	4	..	77	37	40	
1	1	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	13	14	4	4	4	..	77	37	40	
2	1	1	34	22	12	176	105	71	269	211	58	44	7	37	736	304	432	6.
2	1	1	33	21	12	176	105	71	209	160	49	43	6	37	599	252	347	
..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	60	51	9	1	1	..	137	52	85	
..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	60	51	9	1	1	..	137	52	85	

1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
7. Sanguem Taluka	Total	252	1131	589	542	307	219	88	554	362	192	
	Rural	248	1068	557	511	271	196	75	530	347	183	
	Urban	14	63	32	31	36	23	13	24	15	9	
Sanguem (M.C.I.)	Urban	14	63	32	31	36	23	13	24	15	9	
8. Canacona Taluka	Total	48	208	115	93	104	67	37	60	49	11	
	Rural	42	179	96	83	87	55	32	52	42	10	
	Urban	6	29	19	10	17	12	5	8	7	1	
Chauri (M.C.I.)	Urban	6	29	19	10	17	12	5	8	7	1	
9. Quepem Taluka	Total	150	642	323	319	242	158	84	278	193	85	
	Rural	119	514	253	261	203	134	69	217	147	70	
	Urban	31	128	70	58	39	24	15	61	46	15	
Quepem (M.C.I.)	Urban	9	36	16	20	10	5	5	18	10	8	
Curchoem (C.T.)	Urban	22	92	54	38	29	19	10	43	36	7	
10. Salcete Taluka	Total	482	2541	1230	1251	1055	653	402	812	603	209	
	Rural	159	753	383	370	303	200	103	287	131	106	
	Urban	323	1788	907	881	752	453	299	525	422	103	
Marcao urban Agglomeration	Urban	233	1522	936	706	635	418	267	475	334	91	
Marcao (M.C.I.)	Urban	256	1437	743	694	598	364	234	413	341	72	
<u>Outgrowths</u>												
(i) Navelim	Urban	15	34	47	37	44	28	16	30	21	9	
(ii) Aquem	Urban	21	101	46	55	43	26	17	32	22	10	
Cuncolim (C.T.)	Urban	30	166	71	95	67	35	32	50	38	12	

14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Sr. No.
7	5	2	66	34	32	37	22	15	444	301	143	16	8	8	561	219	342	7.
7	5	2	66	34	32	34	21	13	423	287	136	15	7	8	523	203	320	
..	3	1	2	21	14	7	1	1	..	38	16	22	
..	3	1	2	21	14	7	1	1	..	38	16	22	
..	8	8	..	25	18	7	27	23	4	8	6	2	140	60	80	8.
..	8	8	..	25	18	7	19	16	3	8	6	2	119	48	71	
..	8	7	1	..	..	..	21	12	9	
..	8	7	1	..	..	..	21	12	9	
4	2	2	12	4	9	77	41	36	185	146	39	40	6	34	324	124	200	9.
4	2	2	10	4	6	68	35	33	135	106	29	40	6	34	257	100	157	
..	2	..	2	9	6	3	50	40	10	..	..	..	67	24	43	
..	2	..	2	9	6	3	7	4	3	..	..	..	18	6	12	
..	43	36	7	..	..	..	49	18	31	
1	..	1	20	7	13	205	119	86	586	477	109	50	17	33	1679	670	1009	10.
1	..	1	15	5	10	134	73	61	137	103	34	26	8	18	440	194	246	
..	5	2	3	71	46	25	449	374	75	24	9	15	1239	476	763	
..	3	1	2	53	33	20	419	350	69	16	7	11	1129	445	684	
..	3	1	2	36	24	12	374	316	58	13	6	7	1011	396	615	
..	11	8	3	19	13	6	1	..	1	53	26	27	
..	6	1	5	26	21	5	4	1	3	65	23	42	
..	2	1	1	18	13	5	30	24	6	6	2	4	110	31	79	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
11.	Mormugao Taluka	Total	537	2599	1354	1245	551	399	152	983	791	192
		Rural	118	437	239	198	107	84	23	201	146	55
		Urban	519	2162	1115	1047	444	315	129	782	645	137
	Mormugao (M.C.I.)	Urban	519	2162	1115	1047	444	315	129	782	645	137
2.	District Daman	Total	342	1684	595	909	1034	490	544	304	216	88
		Rural	286	1359	531	838	936	373	463	222	149	73
		Urban	56	315	164	151	198	117	81	82	67	15
1.	Daman Taluka	Total	342	1684	595	909	1034	490	544	304	216	88
		Rural	286	1359	531	838	936	373	463	222	149	73
		Urban	56	315	164	151	198	117	81	82	67	15
	Daman (M.C.I.)	Urban	56	315	164	151	198	117	81	82	67	15
3.	District Diu	Total	225	1129	550	579	497	351	146	237	196	41
		Rural	113	541	263	273	136	143	43	115	103	12
		Urban	112	588	287	301	311	208	103	122	93	29
1.	Diu Taluka	Total	225	1129	550	579	497	351	146	237	196	41
		Rural	113	541	263	270	186	143	43	115	103	12
		Urban	112	588	287	301	311	208	103	122	93	29
	Diu (M.C.I.)	Urban	112	588	287	301	311	208	103	122	93	29

U.A. = Urban Agglomeration.

M.C.I. = Municipal Council.

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P = Persons

M = Males

F = Females

14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Str. No.
..	..	..	3	1	2	17	11	6	953	779	104	43	19	24	1573	544	1029	11.
..	..	..	1	1	..	12	7	5	108	138	50	9	5	4	227	88	139	
..	..	..	2	..	?	5	4	1	775	541	134	34	14	20	1346	456	390	
..	..	..	2	..	2	5	4	1	775	541	134	34	14	20	1346	456	390	
111	54	57	17	7	10	11	2	9	165	153	12	231	5	226	1149	474	675	2.
106	51	55	17	7	10	8	2	6	91	89	2	231	5	226	916	377	539	
5	3	2	..	..	..	3	..	3	74	64	10	..	..	..	233	97	136	
111	54	57	17	7	10	11	2	9	165	153	12	231	5	226	1149	474	675	1.
106	51	55	17	7	10	8	2	6	91	89	2	231	5	226	916	377	539	
5	3	2	..	..	..	3	..	3	74	64	10	..	..	..	233	97	136	
5	3	2	..	..	..	3	..	3	74	64	10	..	..	..	233	97	136	
19	19	..	5	5	..	1	1	..	212	171	41	40	21	19	852	333	519	3.
19	19	..	5	5	..	1	1	..	90	78	12	13	7	6	413	153	260	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	122	93	29	27	14	13	439	180	259	
19	19	..	5	5	..	1	1	..	212	171	41	40	21	19	852	333	519	1.
19	19	..	5	5	..	1	1	..	90	78	12	13	7	6	413	153	260	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	122	93	29	27	14	13	439	180	259	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	122	93	29	27	14	13	439	180	259	

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR

SCHEDULED TRIBES

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
2. Bardez Taluka	Total	11	47	22	25	30	17	13	17	16	1	
	Rural	4	12	8	4	7	5	2	5	4	1	
	Urban	7	35	14	21	23	12	11	12	12	..	
Mapusa (M.C.I.)	Urban	7	35	14	21	23	12	11	12	12	..	
Calangute (C.T.)	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Siolim (C.T.)	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Pernem Taluka	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pernem (C.T.)	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Bicholim Taluka	Total	7	31	18	13	8	8	..	19	12	7	
	Rural	7	31	18	13	8	8	..	19	12	7	
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bicholim (M.C.I.)	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Satari Taluka	Total	1	4	4	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	
	Rural	1	4	4	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	
	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Velpoi (C.T.)	Urban	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Ponda Taluka	Total	4	18	9	9	5	2	3	8	7	1	
	Rural	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Urban	4	18	9	9	5	2	3	8	7	1	
Ponda (M.C.I.)	Urban	4	18	9	9	5	2	3	8	7	1	

14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

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00 00 00 1 1 00 1 1 00 3 2 1 00 00 00 7 4 3

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00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 8 7 1 00 00 00 10 2 8

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 8 7 1 00 00 00 10 2 8

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 8 7 1 00 00 00 10 2 8

1.	2.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
11. Mormugao Taluka	Total		20	84	41	43	35	21	14	35	25	10
	Rural		10	37	18	19	25	15	10	19	11	8
	Urban		10	47	23	24	10	6	4	16	14	2
Mormugao (M.C.I.)	Urban		10	47	23	24	10	6	4	16	14	2
2 District Daman	Total		1891	9828	4994	4834	2587	1681	906	3693	2548	1145
	Rural		1475	7753	3917	3836	2022	1293	729	3029	2022	1007
	Urban		416	2075	1077	998	565	388	177	664	526	138
1. Daman Taluka	Total		1891	9828	4994	4834	2587	1681	906	3693	2548	1145
	Rural		1475	7753	3917	3836	2022	1293	729	3029	2022	1007
	Urban		416	2075	1077	998	565	388	177	664	526	138
Daman (M.C.I.)	Urban		416	2075	1077	998	565	388	177	664	526	138
3 District Diu	Total		31	203	144	59	55	32	23	123	119	4
	Rural		15	118	96	22	30	18	12	85	85	..
	Urban		16	85	48	37	25	14	11	38	34	4
1. Diu Taluka	Total		31	203	144	59	55	32	23	123	119	4
	Rural		15	118	96	22	30	18	12	85	85	..
	Urban		16	85	48	37	25	14	11	38	34	4
Diu (M.C.I.)	Urban		16	85	48	37	25	14	11	38	34	4

U.A. = Urban Agglomeration.

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14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Sr.No.
..	35	25	10	1	1	..	48	15	33	11.
..	19	11	8	1	1	..	17	6	11	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	14	2	..	..	..	31	9	22	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	14	2	..	..	..	31	9	22	
462	312	150	1317	694	623	239	157	82	1675	1385	290	908	72	836	5227	2374	2853	2.
453	305	148	1257	656	501	234	154	80	1095	907	178	805	60	745	3919	1835	2084	
9	7	2	60	38	22	5	3	2	590	478	112	103	12	91	1308	539	769	
462	312	150	1317	694	623	239	157	82	1675	1385	290	908	72	836	5227	2374	2853	1
453	305	148	1257	656	501	234	154	80	1085	907	178	805	60	745	3919	1835	2094	
9	7	2	60	38	22	5	3	2	590	478	112	103	12	91	1308	539	769	
9	7	2	50	38	22	5	3	2	590	478	112	103	12	91	1308	539	769	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	123	119	4	5	..	5	75	25	50	3.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	85	85	..	2	..	2	31	11	20	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	34	4	3	..	3	44	14	30	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	123	119	4	5	..	5	75	25	50	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	85	85	..	2	..	2	31	11	20	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	34	4	3	..	3	44	14	30	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	34	4	3	..	3	44	14	30	