

**Press Release**  
**Census of India 2011**  
Data on housing, amenities and assets

15<sup>th</sup> March, 2012

Director of Census Operations, Maharashtra

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**Data highlights**

- There are 3,35,69,762 census houses in Maharashtra, of which 2,98,01,063 are occupied and 37,68,699 (11.23 percent) are vacant.
- Out of all occupied census houses, 2,31,77,085 houses (77.8 percent) are used exclusively for residential and 5,42,163 (1.8 percent) census houses are used for both residential as well as for nonresidential purpose and the rest 60,81,815 (20.4 percent) census houses are used only for non-residential purpose like shops/offices, school, hospital, factory/workshop etc.
- There are total 2,38,30,580 households in Maharashtra living in 2,37,19,248 occupied census houses indicating the fact that about 1,11,332 (0.47 percent) households share common census house for their residence.

**Availability of Drinking Water Facility**

- Tap water is the main source of drinking water (67.9 percent) in Maharashtra whereas well (14.4 percent), hand pump (9.9 percent) and tube well (5.7 percent) are the other sources of drinking water.
- The proportion of households using tap water as main source of drinking water in urban is 89.1 percent and in rural it is 50.2 percent.
- Well water which constitutes about 24.3 is next main source of drinking water in rural areas whereas hand pump and tube well (6.6 percent) is the next source of drinking water in urban area.

**Source of lighting**

- In Maharashtra, electricity is the main source of lighting in 83.9 percent of households as compared to 67.3 percent at national level.
- Kerosene is the next main source of lighting, but its proportion of households is only 14.5 percent in the State against 31.4 percent at national level.
- In urban, 96.2 percent of households reported electricity as source of lighting and this figure in rural is 73.8 percent.
- Kerosene as source of lighting is reported by 3.1 percent of households in urban and the same is in rural area considerably high as 23.9 percent.

**Latrine facility**

- In Maharashtra about 46.9 percent of households do not have latrine facility within their premises whereas this figure is 53.1 percent at national level.
- Among this 46.9 percent, 34.0 percent are using open space and 12.9 percent are using public latrine. The use of public latrine appears more in Maharashtra as compared to just 3.2 at national level.

- The proportion of households having latrine facility within premises is 38.0 percent in rural and 71.3 in urban.
- Among the 53.1 percent of households having latrine facility within the premises, 43.5 households have a flush type latrine and 8.8 percent have a pit latrine.

#### **Availability of Bath room**

- There are 64.3 percent of households having bathroom (covered roof) and only 14.6 percent of households use open space (without any enclosure) whereas these figures at national level are 42.0 percent and 41.6 percent. The rest of the households have bathing facility of enclosure without roof.

#### **Drainage**

- Against 48.9 percent at national level, about 32.5 percent of households do not have any drainage system to their households in Maharashtra and major part of this (52.2 percent) is found in rural area only, whereas in urban only 8.8 percent of households do not have drainage system.
- Even out of 47.8 percent of households reported drainage system in rural, in that 39.1 percent are having open drainage and only 8.8 percent have closed drainage.
- In urban, out of 91.2 percent of households reported drainage system, 62.7 percent have closed and only 28.4 percent have open drainage.

#### **Kitchen and fuel used for cooking**

- About 72.7 percent of household in the State have kitchen in their premises against the same 61.3 percent at national level.
- Both firewood and LPG are the main source of fuel for cooking (42.6 percent and 43.4 percent respectively), but in urban LPG is used in 74.1 percent of households and firewood in 10.8 percent of households.
- On the other hand in rural area 68.9 percent of households use firewood whereas only 17.9 percent of households use LPG.
- Kerosene is the other main source of fuel for cooking reported by 6.5 percent of households where as it is 12.3 percent in urban and 1.7 percent in rural.
- Kolhapur district has a distinction in reporting highest proportion of households (12.4 percent) using cow dung cake and 9.0 percent of households using bio-gas followed by Sangli 4.8 and 2.3 percent respectively.
- About 58.8 percent have TV, 13.3 percent have computer/laptop and 69.1 percent have telephone/mobile in their households. The respective figures at national level are 47.2, 9.5 and 63.2 percent.
- The share of households having two wheelers is 24.9 percent and four wheelers is 5.9 percent and these figures at national level are 21.0 and 4.7 percent respectively.

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