Sikkim Profile

Population size 610577
Population size (Males) 323070
Population size (Females) 287507
Population size (Rural) 456999
Population size (Urban) 153578
Population size (Rural Males) 242797
Population size (Rural Females) 214202
Population size (Urban Males) 80273
Population size (Urban Females) 73305
Population density (Total, Persons per sq km) 86
Sex ratio (Females per 1000 males) 980
Sex ratio (Rural) 882
Sex ratio (Urban) 913
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs 64111
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Males) 32761
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Females) 31350
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Rural) 49218
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Rural Urban) 14893
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Rural Males) 25061
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Rural Females) 24157
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Urban Males) 7700
Population size, 0 - 6 yrs (Urban Females) 7193

Sex ratio, 0 - 6 yrs (Females per 1000 males) 957
Sex ratio, 0 - 6 yrs (Rural) 964
Sex ratio, 0 - 6 yrs (Urban) 934
Literates, 7+ yrs 444952
Literates, 7+ yrs (Males) 251269
Literates, 7+ yrs (Females) 193683
Literates, 7+ yrs (Rural) 321930
Literates, 7+ yrs (Urban) 123022
Literates, 7+ yrs (Rural Males) 184245
Literates, 7+ yrs (Rural Females) 137685
Literates, 7+ yrs (Urban Males) 67024
Literates, 7+ yrs (Urban Females) 55998
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Persons, Per cent) 81.42
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Males, Per cent) 86.55
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Females, Per cent) 75.61
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Rural, Per cent) 78.95
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Urban, Per cent) 88.71
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Rural Males, Per cent) 84.62
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Rural Females, Per cent) 72.45
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Urban Males, Per cent) 92.35
Literacy rate, 7+ yrs (Urban Females, Per cent) 84.7

Source: Census of India 2011
Sikkim Profile

Population density
Persons per sq km

Sex ratio
Females per 1000 males

Sex ratio, 0-6 yrs
Females per 1000 males

Literates, 7+ yrs
Number

Total

Rural

Urban

Literacy rate, 7+ yrs
Percent

Total

Rural

Urban

**General Notes:**

- The figures for India and Manipur, include by sex, the estimated population, 0-6 population and literates of Paomata, Mao Maram and Purul sub-divisions of Senapati district of Manipur for Census 2001 and 2011.
- For working out density of India and the State of Jammu & Kashmir, the entire area and population of those portions of Jammu & Kashmir which are under illegal occupation of Pakistan and China have not been taken into account.
- For Census 2011, the population of “Others” has been clubbed with the “Males” for working out population, 0-6 population, literates and related rates and ratios.
- **Rural Urban Areas:** The data in the table on Provisional Population Totals are presented separately for rural and urban areas. The unit of classification in this regard is ‘town’ for urban areas and ‘village’ for rural areas. In the Census of India 2011, the definition of urban area adopted is as follows: (a) All statutory places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc. (b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously:
  i) a minimum population of 5,000;
  ii) at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and
  iii) a density of population of at least 400 per sq. km. (1,000 per sq. mile).

For identification of places which would qualify to be classified as ‘urban’ all villages, which, as per the 2001 Census had a population of 4,000 and above, a population density of 400 persons per sq. km. and having at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural activity were considered. An area is considered ‘Rural’ if it is not classified as ‘Urban’ as per the above definition.

* The area figure exclude 78,114 sq. km. under the illegal occupation of Pakistan, 5,180 sq. km. illegally handed over by Pakistan to China and 37,555 sq.km. under the illegal occupation of China in Ladakh district.

Source: Census of India 2011